

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE S3. OVERVIEW OF PRIMERS USED TO IDENTIFY THE INTEGRATION SITE FOR HUMAN REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE AND TO GENERATE LENTIVIRUSES

<i>Primer name</i>	<i>Sequence (5'-3')</i>	<i>Sequence (5'-3')</i>
Primers used to clone the junction between 5' LTR and host genomic DNA		
<i>TERT_1_F</i> and <i>LTR_TERT_1_R</i>	CAACCTTTAACGTCGGATGG	GTTTGGCCCATATTCAGCTG
<i>TERT_2_F</i> and <i>LTR_TERT_2_R</i>	TTGTACACCCTAAGCCTCCG	CATCTGTTCTTGGCCCTGAG
Primers used to clone the junction between 3' LTR and host genomic DNA		
<i>LTR_chr1_gDNA_1</i> and <i>LTR_chr1_TERT_1</i>	GTTTGAGCCAATGATGGTCAC	AGGGCCAAGAACAGATGGTC
<i>LTR_chr1_gDNA_2</i> and <i>LTR_chr1_TERT_2</i>	ATAAGCAAAAGCTGCCATCG	GACCTGAAATGACCCTGTGC
Primers used to amplify EGFP ^a		
<i>EGFP_F</i> and <i>EGFP_R</i>	ATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGAG	TGATCAGTTATCTAGATCCGGTGG
Primers used to amplify <i>mir-155</i> ^a		
<i>mir-155_F_2</i> and <i>mir-155_R_2</i>	CTGTCACTCCAGCTTTATAACCG	GTTTAAGGTTGAACATCCCAGTG

All primers were designed using Primer3 [48].

^aThe primers were synthesized with flanking *attB* sequences to allow Gateway cloning into pDONR 221 (Life Technologies). EGFP, enhanced green fluorescent protein; LTR, long-terminal repeat; TERT, telomerase reverse transcriptase.