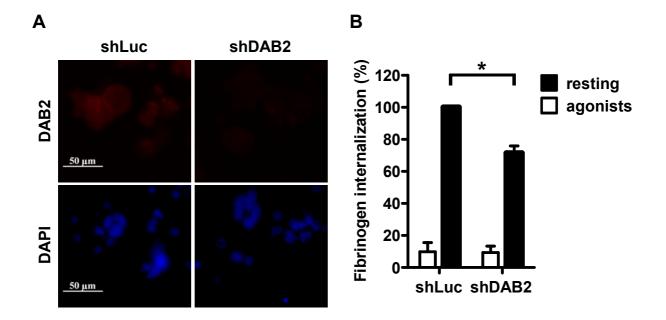
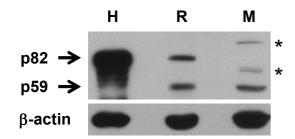


Supplementary Figure I. Dab2 is involved in the regulation of low concentrations thrombin-stimulated Akt-Ser473 phosphorylation. The washed platelets from fl/fl and -/-mice were stimulated by thrombin, collagen, U46619, and ADP at the indicated concentrations. The platelets lysates were analyzed by Western blot using anti-p-Akt (Ser473) antibody. The expression of β -actin was used for the control of equal protein loading. Representative blots of 3 independent experiments are shown.



Supplementary Figure II. Effect of lentivirus-mediated Dab2 knockdown on rat primary megakaryocyte fibrinogen uptake. **A**, The shLuc or shDAB2 lentivirus-infected rat bone marrow cell were cultured in the presence of TPO (50 ng/ml) for 3 days. Immunofluorescence staining of Dab2 was performed using the anti-Dab2 antibody followed by the Alexa Fluor 546-conjugated, goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibody. After counterstained by 4', 6-diamidino-2-phenylindole (DAPI, blue), the fluorescent images were obtained using the fluorescent microscopy (length of bar = 50 μ m). **B**, The shLuc or shDAB2 lentivirus-infected rat bone marrow cells on day 3 of culture were sedimented by gravity. The cells were then untreated or stimulated with the agonists containing ADP (12.5 μ M)/thrombin (0.0125 U/ml)/epinephrine (12.5 μ M) in the presence of Alexa Fluor 488-fibrinogen (25 μ g/ml). After staining with propidium iodide (1 mg/ml), fibrinogen internalization was determined by flow cytometry. The amount of fibrinogen internalization in the agonists-treated control cells (shLuc) was arbitrarily set as 100%. The data represent the mean \pm SEM of 3 independent experiments. *, p < 0.05.



Supplementary Figure III. Dab2 expression in different species. The expression of Dab2 in human (H), rat (R) and mouse (M) platelets was analyzed by Western blot using anti-Dab2 antibody. The expression of β -actin was used for the control of equal protein loading. The data represent of 3 independent experiments. The non-specific bands (marked as *) in the mouse platelets do not always appear in each preparation of platelet lysates.

Supplementary Table

Table I. The complete blood count of Dab2^{fl/fl} and Dab2^{-/-} mice

Table I. The complete blood count of bab2		ua	
Parameters	Unit	Dab2 ^{fl/fl} (n=6)	Dab2 ^{-/-} (n=8)
Leukocytes			
White blood cells	(K/μL)	8.2 ± 1.2	6.4 ± 0.9
Neutrophils	$(K/\mu L)$	1.2 ± 0.4	1.0 ± 0.3
Lymphocytes	$(K/\mu L)$	6.4 ± 0.8	5.2 ± 0.6
Monocytes	(K/μL)	0.4 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.1
Eosinophils	(K/μL)	0.0 ± 0.0	0.0 ± 0.0
Basophils	$(K/\mu L)$	0.0 ± 0.0	0.0 ± 0.0
Erythrocytes			
Red blood cells	$(M/\mu L)$	8.7 ± 0.2	9.0 ± 0.4
Hemoglobin	(g/dL)	11.0 ± 0.3	10.5 ± 0.5
Hematocrit	(%)	48.3 ± 1.1	49.2 ± 1.1
Mean corpuscular values	(fL)	55.8 ± 1.0	55.3 ± 1.7
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin	(pg)	6.4 ± 2.8	6.3 ± 2.3
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration	(g/dL)	11.2 ± 4.9	10.8 ± 3.9
RBC distribution width	(%)	17.3 ± 0.6	19.2 ± 0.9
Thrombocytes			
Platelets	$(K/\mu L)$	910 ± 46	872 ± 40
Mean platelet volume	(fL)	4.4 ± 0.1	4.2 ± 0.1

Unpaired Student's t test was used for all parameters analyzed. The data were presented as mean \pm standard error of the mean (SEM). None of the differences between Dab2^{fl/fl} and Dab2^{-/-} mice was statistically significant.