

**Supplemental Figure 1.** Mutations in the regulatory subunits of the RNase H2 complex partially rescue the HU hypersensitivity phenotype of *WEE1<sup>KO</sup>* plants. (A) Intron-exon organization of the *RNase H2* subunit B (*RNH2B*). Black and grey boxes represent exons and untranslated regions, respectively. The T-DNA insertion site is indicated. (**B-C**) Root growth of 7-day-old wild-type (Col-0) and *rnh2b-1*, *wee1-1*, and *rnh2b-1* wee1-1 plants grown on control medium (B) or medium supplemented with 0.75 mM HU (C). Scale bar = 0.5 cm (**D**) Intron-exon organization of the *RNase H2* subunit C (*RNH2C*). Black and grey boxes represent exons and untranslated regions, respectively. The T-DNA insertion site is indicated. (**E-F**) Root growth of 7-day-old wild-type (Col-0) and *rnh2c-1*, wee1-1, and *rnh2c-1* wee1-1 plants grown on control medium (E) or medium supplemented with 0.75 mM HU (F). Scale bar = 0.5 cm.



**Supplemental Figure 2.** The *trd1-2* mutant holds a large DNA duplication. **(A)** Whole genome sequencing indicates a potentially duplicated region in *trd1-2* (red), as seen by a 100% increase in read coverage relative to genome wide mean. **(B)** Relative expression levels of three genes within the duplicated region in 5-day-old wild-type (Col-0), *wee1-1* (w1), *trd1-2* (without genome duplication), *trd1-2 wee1-1*, and *trd1-1 wee1-1* root tips. Expression levels in wild-type were arbitrarily set to one. Data represent least square means  $\pm$  SE, normalized to wild-type levels that were arbitrarily set to one (n = 2-3, \*P value < 0.01).



**Supplemental Figure 3.** Absence of RNase H2 activates a DNA repair co-expression cluster. (A) Co-expression cluster of genes induced in absence of RNase H2 (seed genes indicated in light grey). (B) Confirmation of transcriptional induction of DNA repair genes in RNase H2 deficient plants. Relative expression levels of the indicated gene in 5-day-old wild-type (Col-0), *wee1-1*, *trd1-2* (without genome duplication), *trd1-2 wee1-1*, and *trd1-1 wee1-1* root tips. Expression levels in wild-type were arbitrarily set to one. Data represent least square means  $\pm$  SE (n = 2-3).



**Supplemental Figure 4.** Transcriptional induction of *trd1-2* differentially expressed genes by HU. Normalized counts of transcript after RNA sequencing of the indicated genes in 5-day-old *wee1-1* versus *wee1-1 trd1-2* root tips grown in the absence (-HU) or presence of HU (+HU). Expression levels in *wee1-1* plants grown under control conditions were arbitrarily set to one. Data represent mean  $\pm$  SE (n = 3).



**Supplemental Figure 5.** The *trd1-2* mutant is synthetically lethal in a *mus81-1* mutant background. (A) Root growth of 7-day-old wild-type (Col-0) and *trd1-2*, *mus81-1*, and *trd1-2 mus81-1* plants. Scale bar = 0.5 cm. (B-C) Three-week-old wild-type (B) and *trd1-2 mus81-1* (C) plants. Scale bar = 1 cm.



**Supplemental Figure 6.** Simultaneous knockout of *XRCC2* and *TRD1* rescues the HU hypersensitivity phenotype of *WEE1<sup>KO</sup>* plants completely. (A) Root growth of 15-day-old wild-type (Col-0) and *xrcc2-1*, *trd1-2*, *wee1-1*, *xrcc2-1 wee1-1*, *trd1-2 wee1-1* and *xrcc2-1 trd1-2 wee1-1* plants grown on medium supplemented with 0.75 mM HU. Scale bar = 5 cm. (B) Quantification of the root length of plants shown in (A). Data represent  $\pm$  S.D. (n > 5).



**Supplemental Figure 7.** *RNase H2* mutant plants accumulate rNMPs in DNA. (**A**) Alkaline cleavage products of genomic DNA extracted form 7-day-old wild type (Col-0), *rnah2b-1*, and *rnah2c-1* seedlings. (**B**) Densitometry plot of lanes in (A).

Sequence read	Genotype	Chromsome position	Deletion length(bp)
No. 1	trd1-2	Chr2_18615227-18615228	2
No. 2	trd1-2	Chr2_15395489-15395492	2
No. 3	trd1-2	Chr5_14232986-14232989	4
No. 4	trd1-2wee1-1	Chr4_4311376-4311377	2



**Supplemental Figure 8.** Confirmation of small base pair deletions in *RNase H2* deficient plants grown in the presence of HU. Sequencing reads of mutant loci in first versus third generation plants. Deleted base-pairs (indicated by dark circles) result in dual sequence reads. Deletions No. 2 and No. 3 in the third generation plants are homozygous.



**Supplemental Figure 9.** Number of meristematic cortex cells in wild type (Col-0) and *trd1-2* roots. Data represent mean  $\pm$ SD (n > 10).