Appendix

Questionnaire (translated) Modified and comprehensive version of previously used questionnaires [18, 19]

Q-1 In which hospital do you work? Academic Medical Center Leiden University Medical Center Onze Lieve Vrouwe Gasthuis

Q-2 What is your function in the hospital?

Intensivist ICU fellow Resident ICU nurse ICU nurse in training Other (please specify)

Q-3 What is your age?

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Q-4 Is oxygen induced lung injury a concern when placing a patient on mechanical ventilation?

YES, a major concern due to the high incidence of injury

YES, a major concern due to the severity of injury

YES, a major concern due to the high incidence and severity of injury

YES, but not a major concern

NO, it is not a concern

Q-5 In your opinion, which one of the following two situations poses a greater threat of lung injury for mechanically ventilated patients?

High FiO₂

High tidal volumes and high ventilator pressures Don't know

Q-6 In situations when maximal SaO_2 achievable is low, say 85%, or when FiO₂ requirements are high, do you assess indices of *tissue* oxygenation?

NO

YES, lactate

YES, microcirculation with OPS/SDF imaging

YES, but a different index or a combination (see other)

YES, other (please specify)

Q-7 to Q-11 pertain to young and middle-aged ARDS patients in the ICU requiring mechanical ventilation. Please assume that all ventilator settings (PEEP, airway pressure, I:E ratio, flow rates, with minimal auto-PEEP) are optimized with respect to the PaO_2/FiO_2 ratio and hemodynamic indices. Lung injury due to high FiO₂ and/or ventilator settings is minimized. There is no evidence to indicate end-organ ischemia, and hemodynamics are stable

Q-7 Independent of FiO₂, what is the minimum level of arterial oxygen saturation (SaO₂) allowable for a duration under 15 minutes?

95-100% 90-95% 85-90% 80-85% 75-80%

Q-8 Independent of FiO₂, what is the minimum level of arterial oxygen tension (PaO₂) allowable for a duration under 15 minutes?

4-7 kPa 7-10 kPa 10-13 kPa 13-16 kPa

Q-9 Independent of FiO₂, what is the minimum level of arterial oxygen saturation (SaO₂) allowable when the duration is between 24-48 hours?

95-100% 90-95% 85-90% 80-85% 75-80%

Q-10 Independent of FiO₂, what is the minimum level of arterial oxygen tension (PaO₂) allowable when the duration is between 24-48 hours?

4-7 kPa 7-10 kPa 10-13 kPa 13-16 kPa ndependent

Q-11 Independent of FiO_2 , after what duration would a stable SaO_2 of 85% begin to raise concerns?

< 2 hours 2 - 24 hours 24 - 48 hours 48 - 72 hours > 72 hours

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Q-12 to Q-31 pertain to a situation when a patient must be placed on mechanical ventilation for at least 5 days, and $FiO_2 = 50\%$ please indicate whether you would increase, decrease or not change the level of FiO_2 for each corresponding level of arterial saturation or arterial oxygen tension.

Q-12 Patient admitted to the ICU with pneumonia and ARDS. $3 - S_2O_2 = 80-85\%$ b $- 6 k P_2$

a.	$SaO_2 = 80-85\%$	D.	0 KPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-13	Patient admitted to the	ICU w	ith pneumonia and ARDS.
a.	$SaO_2 = 85-90\%$	b.	9 kPa

Increase		Increase
Decrease		Decrease
Not change		Not change
Q-14 Patient admitted to	the ICU wit	h pneumonia and ARDS.
a. $SaO_2 = 90-95\%$	b.	12 kPa
Increase		Increase
Decrease		Decrease
Not change		Not change
Q-15 Patient admitted to	the ICU wit	h pneumonia and ARDS.
a. $SaO_2 = 95-100\%$	b.	16 kPa
Increase		Increase
Decrease		Decrease
Not change		Not change

Q-16 Patient admitted to the ICU with signs of cardiac ischemia (ST-depressions in the anterior leads [max 3mm]) and pneumonia. a. $SaO_2 = 80-85\%$ b. 6 kPa

a.	$SaO_2 = 80-85\%$	D.	o kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-17 F	Patient admitted to the	ICU wit	th signs of cardiac ischemia (ST-depressions in the
anteric	or leads [max 3mm]) and	nd pneu	monia.
a.	$SaO_2 = 85-90\%$	b.	9 kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-18 F	Patient admitted to the	ICU wit	th signs of cardiac ischemia (ST-depressions in the
anterio	or leads [max 3mm]) and	nd pneu	monia.
a.	$SaO_2 = 90-95\%$	b.	12 kPa

Increase	Increase
Decrease	Decrease
Not change	Not change

Q-19 Patient admitted to the ICU with signs of cardiac ischemia (ST-depressions in the anterior leads [max 3mm]) and pneumonia.

<u> </u>	b.	$SaO_2 = 95-100\%$	b.	16 kPa
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Increase	Increase
Decrease	Decrease
Not change	Not change

Q-20 Patient admitted to the ICU with recent cerebral ischemia and one-sided hemiplegia.

a.	$SaO_2 = 80-85\%$	b.	6 kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-21 P	atient admitted to the	ICU wit	th recent cerebral ischemia and one-sided
hemipl	egia.		
a.	$SaO_2 = 85-90\%$	b.	9 kPa
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	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-22 P	atient admitted to the	ICU wit	th recent cerebral ischemia and one-sided
hemipl	egia.		
a.	$SaO_2 = 90-95\%$	b.	12 kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-23 P	atient admitted to the	ICU wit	th recent cerebral ischemia and one-sided
hemipl	egia.		
c.	$SaO_2 = 95-100\%$	b.	16 kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
0.040			
Q-24 P	atient admitted to the	ICU wit	th liver abcess and sepsis.
a.	$SaO_2 = 80-85\%$	b.	6 kPa
	Inoracco		Inorpose
	Decrease		Degraase
	Net change		Not change
O 25 D	Not change		the liver change and consis
Q-23 P	$S_{\rm PO} = 85,000$	LCU WI	
a.	$SaO_2 = 83-90\%$	D.	9 KPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
0-26 P	atient admitted to the	ICU wi	the liver abcess and sensis
× 201 h	$S_{2}O_{2} - 9O_{2}O_{5}\%$	h	12 kPa
υ.	$5uO_2 = 70^{-7570}$	υ.	12 NI U
	Increase		Increase

Decrease

Decrease

Not changeNot changeQ-27 Patient admitted to the ICU with liver abcess and sepsis. $SaO_2 = 95-100\%$ d. $SaO_2 = 95-100\%$ b.16 kPaIncreaseDecreaseNot changeNot change

Q-28 Jehovah's Witness admitted to the ICU with stable hemoglobin of 1.8 mmol/L after gastric bleeding.

a. $SaO_2 = 80-85\%$ b. 6 kPa

Increase	Increase
Decrease	Decrease
Not change	Not change

Q-29 Jehovah's Witness admitted to the ICU with stable hemoglobin of 1.8 mmol/L after gastric bleeding.

a. $SaO_2 = 85-90\%$ b. 9 kPa

	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-30 J	ehovah's Witness adm	itted to	the ICU with stable hemoglobin of 1.8 mmol/L after
gastric	bleeding.		
a.	$SaO_2 = 90-95\%$	b.	12 kPa
	Increase		Increase
	Decrease		Decrease
	Not change		Not change
Q-31 J	ehovah's Witness adm	itted to	the ICU with stable hemoglobin of 1.8 mmol/L after
gastric	bleeding.		-
a.	$SaO_2 = 95-100\%$	b.	16 kPa
	Increase		Increase

Increase	Increase
Decrease	Decrease
Not change	Not change