

# A novel tumor suppressor function of Kindlin-3 in solid cancer

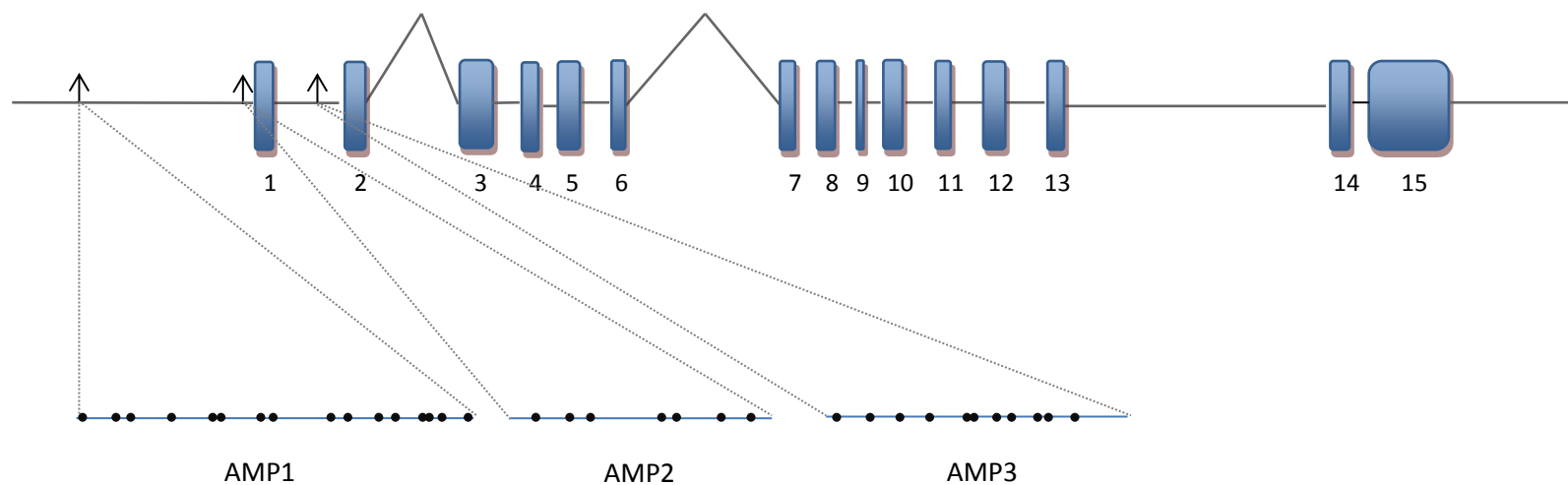
## Supplementary Methods

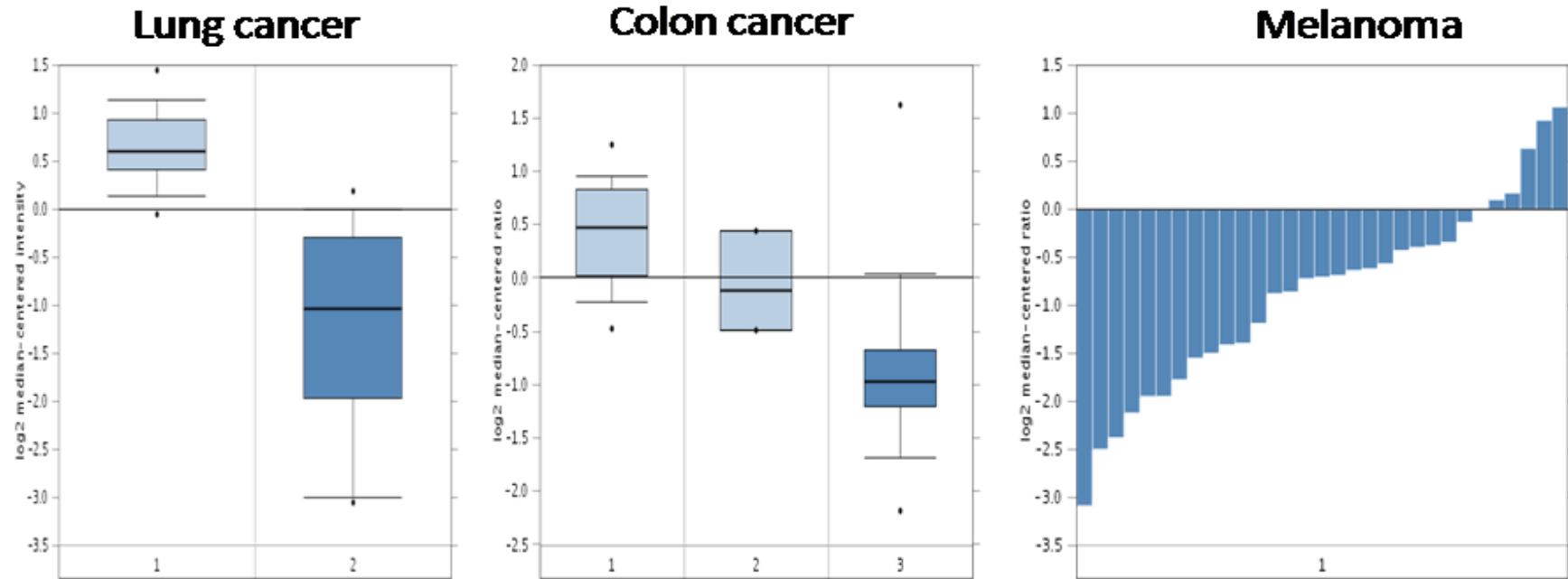
Supplementary Table 1: Real-time qPCR primers

Gene name	Primer sequences
<i>KINDLIN-1</i>	Forward : 5'-AAGCACTTGCGGATATGTACC-3'
	Reverse : 5'-TCCTCTTGGATGCCTTGTC-3'
	Probe : FAM-AGGTTGGCTAGACTCCTCACGCTCCCT-TAMRA
<i>KINDLIN-2</i>	Forward : 5'-CTCCTGAATGTTTGGTGTCTCC-3'
	Reverse : 5'-CTCATCTTGGCTTCAATTAGACTC-3'
	Probe : FAM-AGAACAAGCAGATAACAGCGAGAATCTTGGA-TAMRA
<i>KINDLIN-3</i>	Forward : 5'-GGCATCGCCAACAACC-3'
	Reverse : 5'-CACTGGCGCATGTTGC-3'
	Probe : FAM-CGACGTGGTCAAGACCTGGCGT-TAMRA
<i>PPIA</i>	Forward : 5'-GTCAACCCACCGTGTCTT-3'
	Reverse : 5'-CTGCTGTCTTTGGGACCTTGT-3'
	Probe : FAM-TGGGCCGCGTCTCCTTTGAGCT-TAMRA

**Supplementary Table 2: Bisulfite conversion and pyrosequencing:** Sequences for oligonucleotides for PCR amplification and pyrosequencing

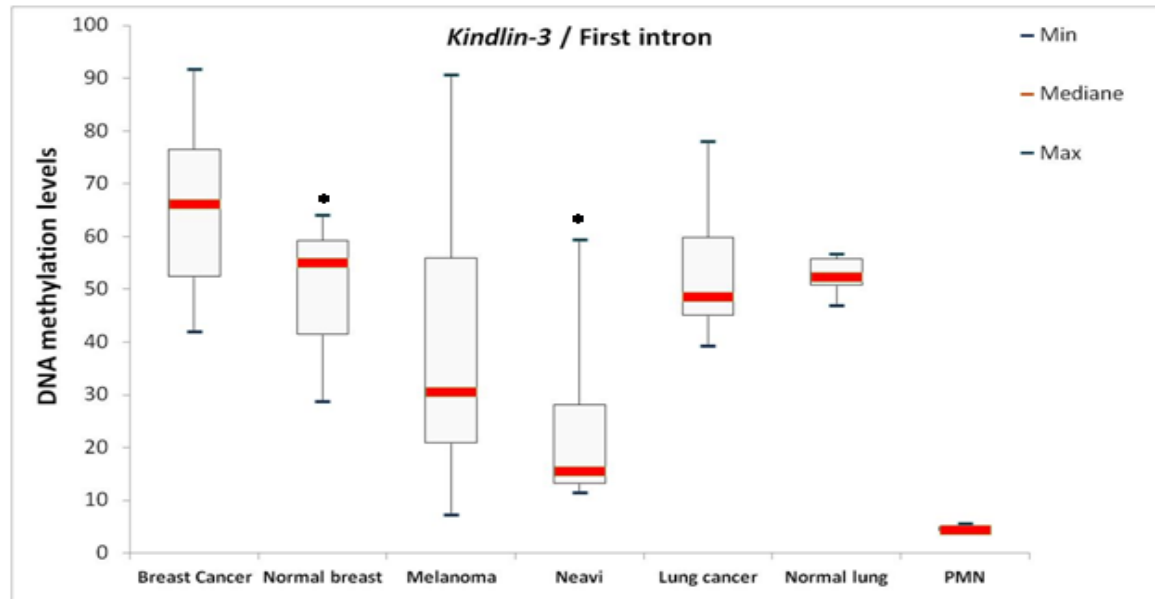
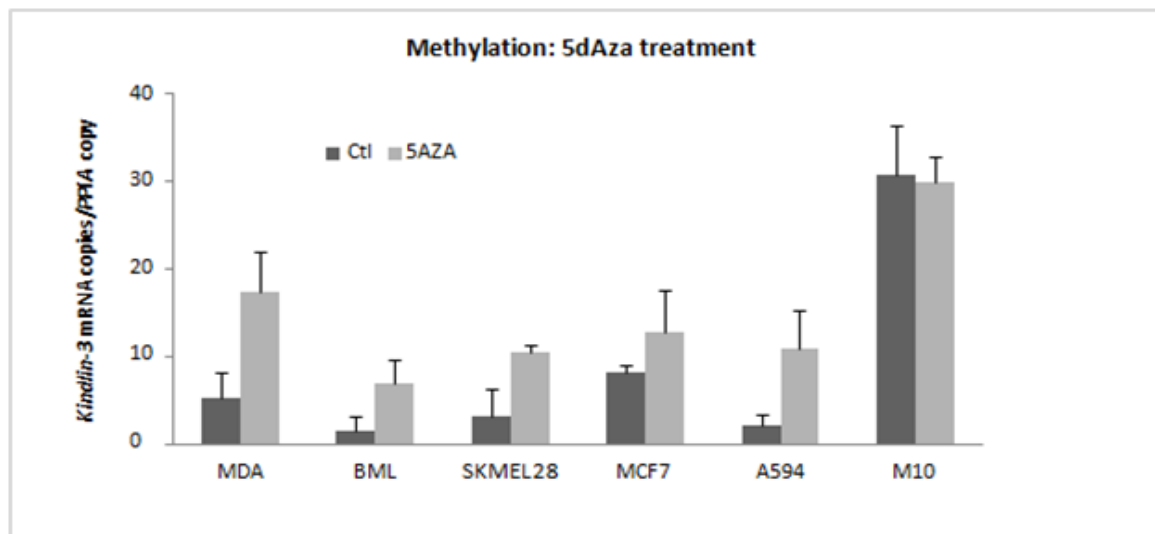
Gene	Size bp	Annealingtemp	PCR primer forward	PCR primer reverse	Pyrosequencing primer(s)	CpGs
FERMT3_AMP1 chr11: 63972739 - 63973057	319	58	GTTTAGGTTGGAGTGTAGTGG	Biotin-CCTAAATTCTCAAATAAAAACC	AGGTTGGAGTGTAGTGG TTGTTTGTATTTTTAGTAGA TTGTTTGTATTTTTAGTAGA TTAAAGTGTGGGGTTAATA	CpG 1-8 CpG 2-8 CpG 9-12 CpG 13-17
FERMT3_AMP2 chr11: 63973963 - 63974187	225	58	TTGAGTTTGTATTGAGTTTTTTTT	Biotin-ACAACCCTTACTTATACCTTATCAC	TTTTTAAATGAGGAAGG TTTGTGGGTTGGTAGTG	CpG 1-3 CpG 4-7
FERMT3_AMP3 chr11: 63974517 - 63974797	281	61	GAGTTGTGGGTTGGTATTGAGTA	Biotin-AATAAACAAACCCTAATAAACCTCC	TTGTGGGTTGGTATTGA GTTTGTAGGATGGGAG GTTGGAGAGAGAGTTTGA	CpG 1-4 CpG 4-8 CpG 9-12





**Supplementary Figure 1: *Kindlin-3* expression and regulation in human tumors**

**a.** Analysis of *Kindlin-3* gene expression in solid human tumors using the Oncomine database (lung, tumors (2) n= 91, normal (1) n= 65; colon, tumors (2, rectum and 3, Rectal Adenocarcinoma) n= 63, normal (1) n= 19; Cutaneous Melanoma (1) n=31). Oncomine™ (Compendia Bioscience, Ann Arbor, MI) was used for analysis and visualization. ([www.oncomine.com](http://www.oncomine.com)).

**a****b**

**Supplementary Figure 2: *Kindlin-3* regulation in human tumors**

**a. DNA methylation levels in the CpG island in the first intron of *Kindlin-3* (AMP3) in human normal and cancer tissues** represented by boxplots. \*,  $P < 0.05$

**b. *Kindlin-3* gene expression measured by qRT-PCR in cancer cell lines after treatment with the DNA methylation inhibitor 5-aza-2-deoxycytidine (5-dAza).** Columns, means of three independent experiments carried out in triplicate; bars refer to 95% confidence intervals; \*,  $P < 0.05$

**Supplementary movies 1 and 2:** *Kindlin-3* knockdown inhibits cell adhesion and promotes directed cell migration. Frames were taken every 3min for 24 hrs. Note that cells transfected with *Kindlin-3* shRNA migrate faster and develop abnormal stress-fiber structures exhibiting abundant filopodia (actin in red) in the direction of migration. By contrast, more control cells display a normal distribution of filamentous actin and appear to be more firmly adherent.

**Supplementary movies 3 and 4:** Control or *Kindlin-3* shRNA SKMEL28 cells were imaged during adhesion. Live cell imaging was performed with Nikon BioStation IM Live Cell Recorder. Frames were taken every 3min for 24 hrs. Note that *Kindlin-3* shRNA transfection decreased cell adhesion.