

Figure S3 Genome-wide association study (GWAS) for total β-xanthophylls content in maize grain. (A) Scatter plot of association results from a unified mixed model analysis of total β-xanthophylls and *Inkage* disequilibrium (LD) estimates (*r*²) across the *zep1* chromosome region. Negative log₁₀-transformed *P*-values (left y-axis) from a GWAS for total β-xanthophylls and *r*² values (right y-axis) are plotted against physical position (B73 RefGen_v2) for a 1.2 Mb region on chromosome 2 that encompasses *zep1*. The blue vertical lines are $-\log_{10} P$ -values for SNPs that are non-significant at 5% FDR. Triangles are the *r*² values of each SNP relative to the peak SNP (indicated in red) at 44,448,432 bp. The black horizontal dashed line indicates the $-\log_{10} P$ -value of the least statistically significant SNP at 5% FDR. The black vertical dashed lines indicate the start and stop positions of *zep1* (GRMZM2G127139). (B) Scatter plot of association results from a conditional unified mixed model analysis of total β-xanthophylls and *LD* estimates (*r*²) across the *zep1* chromosome region, as in (A). The peak SNP from the unconditional GWAS (S2_4448432; 44,448,432 bp) was included as a covariate in the unified mixed model to control for the *zep1* effect.