Clone / Line	1 st growing season	2 nd growing season	3 rd growing season					
Stem height (m)								
A	0.94 ± 0.1 (51)	1.86 ± 0.13 (44)	2.41 ± 0.12 (9)					
A1	0.77 ± 0.09 (51) ***	1.7 ± 0.09 (41) ***	2.1 ± 0.05 (9) **					
A2	0.58 ± 0.08 (51) ***	1.49 ± 0.13 (40) ***	1.93 ± 0.09 (9) **					
A5	0.88 ± 0.09 (51) ***	1.85 ± 0.15 (44)	2.4 ± 0.01 (9)					
E5382	0.84 ± 012 (51)	1.74 ± 0.1 (44)	2.08 ± 0.11 (9)					
E5382/3	0.91 ± 0.11 (43) **	1.82 ± 0.11 (35)***	2.16 ± 0.06 (9)					
Stem diameter (mm)								
A	NA	11.17 ± 0.92 (44)	12.77 ± 0.96 (9)					
A1	NA	10.05 ± 0.76 (41) ***	13.17 ± 0.92 (9)					
A2	NA	9.16 ± 1.23 (40) ***	12.8 ± 1.06 (9)					
A5	NA	11.0 ± 0.89 (44)	13.73 ± 1.22 (9)					
E5382	NA	9.36 ± 0.86 (44)	11.73 ± 0.67 (9)					
E5382/3	NA	9.62 ± 0.86 (35)	11.86 ± 0.5 (9)					
Stem height (m)								
E5396	0.14 ± 0.04 (60)	1.2 ± 0.27 (60)	NA					
E5396/4	0.04 ± 0.01 (60) ***	0.2 ± 0.11 (60) ***	NA					
Stem diameter (mm)								
E5396	3.73 ± 0.46 (60)	7.5 ± 0.87 (60)	NA					
E5396/4	2.58 ± 0.33 (60) ***	3.54 ± 0.56 (60) ***	NA					

 Table S6. The growth characteristics of silver birch non-transgenic clones and transgenic

 lines.

Clone A and E5382 and lines A1, A2, A5 and E5382/3 were taken to greenhouse in June and were in the same experimental set-up for two years, which after the number of individual silver birches per clone/line was reduced to 9. The experimental set-up for clone E5396 and transgenic line E5396/4 was started one year later in August. The growth parameters were recorded in the end of each growing season. Pairwise comparison of non-transgenic clone and transgenic line according to the independent-samples t-test, or Wilcoxon test. The number of biological replicates in parentheses.* = P < 0.05, ** = P < 0.01, *** = P < 0.001, NA = value not recorded

Clone		26 Sept.	2 Oct.	9 Oct.
/ Line	Class	%	%	%
А	А	2		
	В	55		
	С	39	16	
	D	4	84	100
A1	А	12		
	В	84	10	
	С	3	61	
	D		29	100
A2	А	73	6	
	В	27	82	2
	С		10	39
	D		2	59
A5	А			
	В	82	10	
	С	18	37	2
	D		53	98
E5382	Α			
	В	39		
	С	51	14	
	D	10	86	100
E5382/3	Α	2		
	В	28		
	С	58	2	
	D	12	98	100

Table S7. The phenology of autumn leaf senescence at the end of first growing season.

The yellowing of leaves was categorised to four classes at three dates (the 26th September, the 2nd of October, and the 9th of October). The classes were A) leaves are green; B) some yellowing leaves; C) less than 50% of leaves are yellowing; D) more than 50% of leaves are yellowing. Values represent percentages of plants falling to each class at separate dates within each clone/line.

Table S8. Relative growth rates (mg/d) of lepidopteran larvae. The leaves of silver birch (*Betula pendula*) clones (A and E5382) and lines (A1, A2, A5 and E5382/3) were offered to the larvae of *Aethalura punctulata*, *Cleora cinctaria*, *Epirrita autumnata*, and *Orthosia gothica*.

Clone		Lines			Clone	Line	
Species	-	А	A1	A2	A5	E5382	E5382/3
A. punctulata	Ι	0.26 ± 0.12 (13)	0.36 ± 0.1 (14)	0.29 ± 0.12 (15)	0.29 ± 0.07 (14)	0.32 ± 0.12 (15)	0.27 ± 0.10 (14)
	Π	0.35 ± 0.2 (14)	0.29 ± 0.12 (12)	0.32 ± 0.11 (14)	0.30 ± 0.08 (14)	0.29 ± 0.1 (14)	0.29 ± 0.1 (15)
C. cinctaria	Ι	0.42 ± 0.09 (15)	0.39 ± 0.17 (12)	0.40 ± 0.17 (14)	0.40 ± 0.12 (10)	$0.46 \pm 0.1 \ (15)$	0.49 ± 0.14 (13)
	Π	0.37 ± 0.13 (14)	0.43 ± 0.18 (11)	0.44 ± 0.15 (13)	$0.38 \pm 0.19 \ (12)$	0.35 ± 0.18 (12)	0.35 ± 0.16 (16)
E. autumnata	Ι	$0.25 \pm 0.06 \ (15)$	0.28 ± 0.1 (11)	0.27 ± 0.11 (12)	0.22 ± 0.11 (10)	0.21 ± 0.1 (12)	0.16 ± 0.12 (10)
	Π	$0.23 \pm 0.16 \ (13)$	0.26 ± 0.06 (10)	0.28 ± 0.12 (10)	0.30 ± 0.13 (11)	0.28 ± 0.13 (13)	0.18 ± 0.12 (15)
O. gothica		0.40 ± 0.27 (10)	0.46 ± 0.28 (13)	0.51 ± 0.28 (8)	0.50 ± 0.27 (12)	0.44 ± 0.3 (12)	0.50 ± 0.27 (9)

Values represent RGR mean (±SD, number of biological replicates in parentheses).