Supporting Information

Green et al. 10.1073/pnas.1321892112

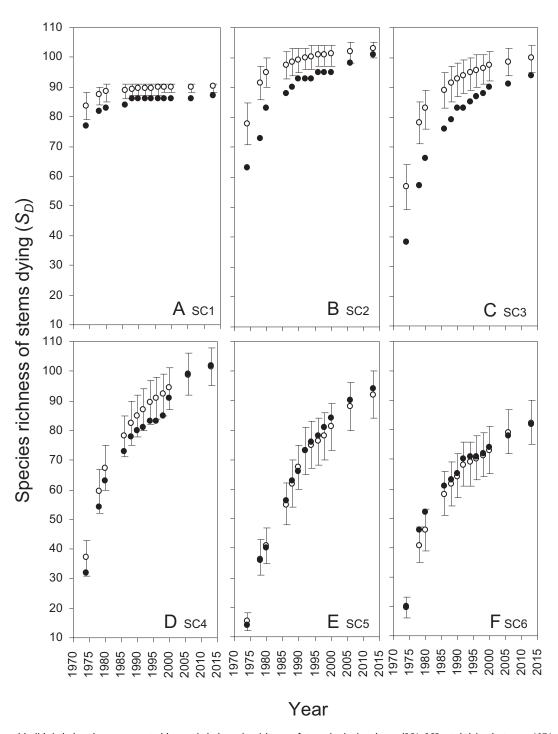


Fig. S1. Observed (solid circles) and mean expected (open circles) species richness of stems in six size classes (SC1, SC2, etc.) dying between 1971 and each of 13 mortality censuses thereafter to 2013. Mean expected species richness is plotted with 95% confidence intervals, based on 10,000 randomizations. The observed species richness of dying stems was significantly different to mean expected richness if observed richness fell outside these limits. Each panel (A–F) displays one size class.

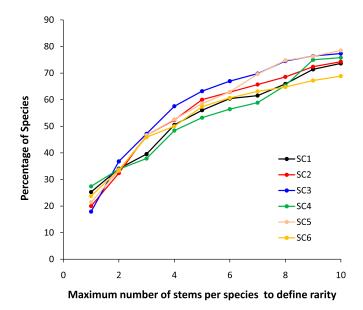


Fig. 52. The relationship between the maximum number of stems to define rarity, and the percentage of species classed as rare in each of the six size classes. When the maximum number of stems to define rarity = 1, the percentage of species in each size class with a single individual is plotted. When the maximum is 2, the percentage of species in each size class with two or fewer stems is plotted. When the maximum is 3, the percentage of species in each size class with 3 or fewer stems is plotted, etc.