## Appendix A: Minimum infection prevention supplies, by country

Table A1. Burkina Faso: facilities with minimum infection prevention supplies available (n=28)

	Hospital (n=3)	Camp health center (n=4)	Non-camp health center (n=21)
Washing station with soap	3 (100%)	3 (100%) ND* (1)	21 (100%)
Plastic sheeting	1 (50%) ND* (1)	0 ND* (1)	8 (38.1%)
Non-sterile gloves	3 (100%)	4 (100%)	21 (100%)
Sterile gloves	3 (100%)	4 (100%)	21 (100%)
Antiseptics	3 (100%)	4 (100%)	21 (100%)
Apron	3 (100%)	2 (50%)	11 (52.4%)
Autoclave (or other appropriate equipment for sterilization)	3 (100%)	2 (66.7%) ND* (1)	15 (71.4%)
Incinerator	2 (100%) ND* (1)	1 (33.3%) ND* (1)	11 (52.4%)
Sharps are separated from other waste and disposed of properly.	3 (100%)	3 (75%)	16 (80%) ND* (1)
Facilities with all minimum infection prevention supplies available	1 (50%) ND* (1)	0 ND* (1)	5 (23.8%)

<sup>\*</sup>No data

Table A2. DRC: facilities with minimum infection prevention supplies available (n=26)

	Hospital (n=1)	Health center (n=25)
Washing station with soap	1	18 (75%)
Plastic sheeting	1	8 (33.3%)
Non-sterile gloves	1	23 (95.8%)
Sterile gloves	1	19 (79.2%)
Antiseptics	1	23 (95.8%)
Apron	1	17 (70.8%)
Autoclave (or other appropriate equipment for sterilization)	1	12 (50%)
Incinerator	1	16 (64%)
Sharps are separated from other waste and disposed of properly.	1	15 (60%)
Facilities with all minimum infection prevention supplies available	1	4 (16%)

Table A3. South Sudan: facilities with minimum infection prevention supplies available (n=9)

	Hospital (n=1)	Health center (n=8)
Washing station with soap	1	5
Plastic sheeting	0	4
Non-sterile gloves	1	5
Sterile gloves	1	5
Antiseptics	1	5
Apron	1	4
Autoclave (or other appropriate equipment for sterilization)	1	5
Incinerator	1	6
Sharps are separated from other waste and disposed of properly.	1	7
Facilities with all minimum infection prevention supplies available	0	4