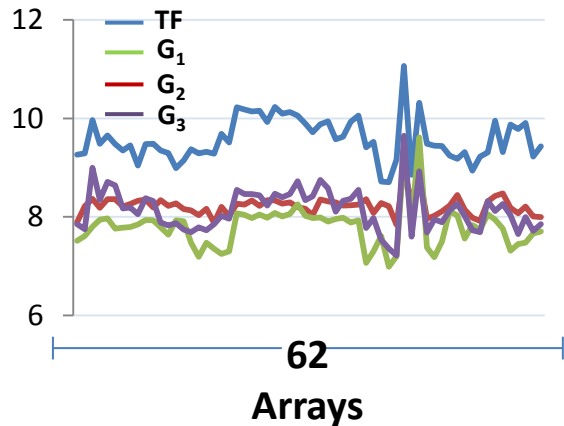
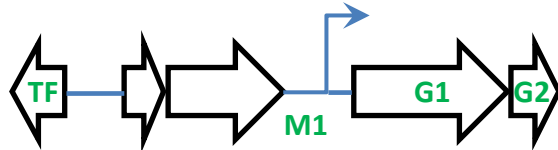


### A. Correlated expression profile



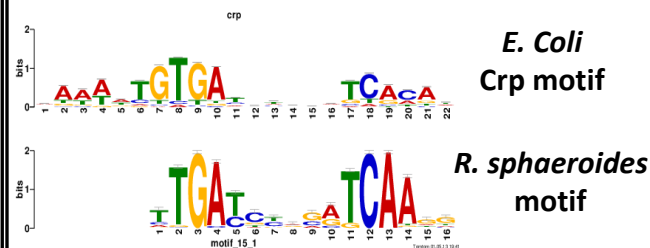
If a transcription factor (TF) is highly correlated to other genes (G) within a cluster, the TF is given a high score for that cluster.

### B. TF proximity to cluster motifs



If a transcription factor's (TF) genomic location is close to one (or more) of the motifs (M1) identified in the cluster, the TF is given a high score.

### C. Structure of DNA-binding domain (DBD)



The DBD family of each *R. sphaeroides* TF was determined by Pfam analysis. Then for each identified phylogenetically conserved motif, potential TFs are scored by comparing this motif to the *E. coli* motif of the DBD family to which a given TF belongs. TFs with high similarities get high scores.

### D. Phylogenetic correlation

Organisms	Motif occurrence correlation	TF occurrence
<i>R. sphaeroides</i> 2.4.1	1	1
<i>R. capsulatus</i>	0.5	1
<i>R. sphaeroides</i> ATCC17025	0.9	1
<i>R. denitrificans</i>	0.6	1
<i>B. japonicum</i>	0	0
<i>P. denitrificans</i>	0	0
<i>R. palustris</i>	0.5	0
<i>D. shibae</i>	0.5	1
<b>Phylogenetic correlation</b>		<b>0.76</b>

If there is a strong correlation between the occurrence of a TF and a motif across the selected genomes, then the TF gets a high score.