Likelihood function, first and second order derivatives of the logarithm likelihood in estimating r in Scenario 9 for linkage phase I and IV in clonal F1 progenies

For linkage phase I, the likelihood function and logarithm likelihood were given in Eq. S17 and S18, respectively.

$$L = \frac{n!}{n_1! \cdots n_9!} \left[\frac{1}{4} (1 - r)^2 \right]^{n_1 + n_9} \left[\frac{1}{2} r (1 - r) \right]^{n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8} \left[\frac{1}{4} r^2 \right]^{n_3 + n_7} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 - 2r + 2r^2) \right]^{n_5}$$
 (S17)

$$\log L = C + (2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9)\log(1 - r) +$$

$$(n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8)\log r + n_5\log(1 - 2r + 2r^2)$$
 (S18)

where n_1 - n_9 were observed sample sizes of the nine genotypes.

The first derivative f'(r) and the second derivative f''(r) were given in Eq. S19 and S20, respectively.

$$f'(r) = \frac{d \ln L}{dr} = \frac{n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8}{r} - \frac{2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9}{1 - r} + \frac{4r - 2}{1 - 2r + 2r^2} n_5$$
(S19)

$$f''(r) = \frac{d^2 \ln L}{d^2 r} = -\frac{n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9}{\left(1 - r\right)^2} + \frac{8r(1 - r)}{\left(1 - 2r + 2r^2\right)^2} n_5 \tag{S20}$$

For linkage phase IV, the likelihood function and logarithm likelihood were given in Eq. S21 and S22,

respectively.

$$L = \frac{n!}{n_1! \cdots n_9!} \left[\frac{1}{4} (1 - r)^2 \right]^{n_3 + n_7} \left[\frac{1}{2} r (1 - r) \right]^{n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8} \left[\frac{1}{4} r^2 \right]^{n_1 + n_9} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 - 2r + 2r^2) \right]^{n_5}$$
 (S21)

$$\log L = C + (n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8) \log(1 - r) +$$

$$(2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9) \log r + n_5 \log(1 - 2r + 2r^2)$$
(S22)

The first derivative f'(r) and the second derivative f''(r) were given in Eq. S23 and S24, respectively.

$$f'(r) = \frac{d \ln L}{dr} = \frac{2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9}{r} -$$

$$\frac{n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8}{1 - r} + \frac{4r - 2}{1 - 2r + 2r^2} n_5$$
 (S23)

$$f''(r) = \frac{d^2 \ln L}{d^2 r} = -\frac{2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9}{r^2} - \frac{2n_1 + n_2 + n_4 + n_6 + n_8 + 2n_9}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{n_2 + 2n_3 + n_4 + n_6 + 2n_7 + n_8}{\left(1 - r\right)^2} + \frac{8r(1 - r)}{\left(1 - 2r + 2r^2\right)^2} n_5 \tag{S24}$$