#### 1. Canadian Home Hemodialysis Practice Patterns Survey

1. Canadian nome nemodialysis Practice Patterns Survey
Dear Canadian Home Hemodialysis Program Director:
The purpose of this survey is to describe the Home Hemodialysis experience in Canada across several domains. It intends to capture similarities and variances in our practice patterns by centre. There are no correct and incorrect responses, and specific answers are not intended to reflect any judgement on quality of care. No individual centres will be publicly singled out. The survey is purposely not anonymous at present so that we can contact you for clarification of your answers as required. All participating physician directors will be listed in any publication. If you are not comfortable being identified, please consider filling out the survey anonymously.
We suggest that responses to many of these questions be answered in collaboration with your nursing and technical team before submitting back to us.
Thank-you again for your participation and we look forward to hearing from you.

2.	Contact Inf	ormation
	1. Please fill Name: Hospital/Program Address: City/Town:	out the following so we may contact you to clarify individual responses as rec
	Email Address: Phone Number:	

3. Program information
This section intends to capture the types of home hemodialysis being peformed in your centre
* 1. How many total ESRD patients are cared for by your centre (including all in-centre units, satellite units, peritoneal dialysis and home hemodialysis patients?
* 2. Of the ESRD dialysis population cared for by your program, how many perform conventional (thrice weekly) in-centre hemodialysis?
* 3. Of the ESRD dialysis population cared for by your centre, how many currently perform Peritoneal Dialysis?
* 4. Of the ESRD dialysis population cared for by your centre, how many currently perform in-centre nocturnal hemodialysis?
5. Of the ESRD dialysis population cared for by your centre, how many currently perform in-centre HD more than 3x/week?
* 6. Of the ESRD dialysis population cared for by your centre, how many currently perform home hemodialysis (HHD)?
7. In what year did your Home Hemodialysis Program begin?
8. In what year did your Home Hemodialysis Program begin?
* 9. Of the patients in your program performing Home Hemodialysis, how many are doing
each of the following:
Short Daily Hemodialysis (2-3 hours on 5-7 days per week)
Conventional Home Hemodialysis (3-4 hours on 3-4 days per week)
Nocturnal (Nightly) Hemodialysis (6-8 hours on 4-7 nights per week)
Nocturnal (Nightly) Every Other Night Hemodialysis
On a schedule not encompassed by the above options

### 4. Program Recruitment

e Yes	
€ No	
Elaborate as necessary	
	5
	6
	an options educator/specialist/transition coordinator for the patients
vho "parachute	e" on to dialysis unknown previously to your program?
€ Yes	
€ No	
. What percent	age of your patients with advanced CKD choose to do home HD?
€ <10%	
<b>6</b> 10-20%	
€ 20-30%	
€ 30-40%	
<b>e</b> >40%	
\ \ <b>\</b>	
. wnat percent ID?	age of patients who parachute on to dialysis ultimately perform home
€ <10%	
£ 10-20%	
£ 20-30%	
E = 1111	
£ 30-40%	
€ 30-40%	
<ul><li>€ 30-40%</li><li>€ &gt;40%</li></ul>	
€ >40%	posters in your clinical areas to advertise home HD options?
€ >40%	posters in your clinical areas to advertise home HD options?
€ >40% <b>0. Do you use</b>	posters in your clinical areas to advertise home HD options?
<ul> <li>≥40%</li> <li>Do you use  </li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	posters in your clinical areas to advertise home HD options? rogram use videos to advertise/give information about home HD
<ul> <li>≥40%</li> <li>Do you use  </li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	

2. Do you re	gularly discuss potential patients for home HD recruitment at HD rounds
e Yes	
€ No	
We do not have	e regular patient care rounds
3. Does your ansition to F	program actively try to encourage patients failing PD to consider a directions. Home HD?
€ Yes	
€ No	
describe)	5
	6

5. Program Humar	n Resource Inputs
•	s pertaining to the Human Resource Inputs directly dedicated to your Home HD program. hay be best answered in collaboration with the program manager.
1. Which of the fo	llowing best describes your program in terms of staffing?
All allied health resou	irces are strictly dedicated to the HHD program
<ul><li>Some allied health me</li><li>PD (e.g. pharmacy, techs)</li></ul>	embers are strictly Home HD program (e.g. nurses) while some are shared with other units like in-centre HD or
Our program shares a programs such as PD	all allied health resources with other programs with nurses and other team members floating between HHD and
Other (please specify)	
	5
dedicated to HHD	for those team members shared with other programs)?
Nurses	
Dialysis Technologists  Pharmacists	
Social Workers	
Dieticians	
Clerks/Unit Assistants	
Check here if Program  Manager unable to  calculate FTE's at present	
following allied he	I's per additional patient is your program supposed to resource of the ealth team members (Please estimate time dedicated to HHD program nembers that are shared with other programs)?
Nursing	
Dialysis Technologists	
Pharmacists	
Social Workers	

Dieticians

Clerks/Unit Assistants
Check here if Program
Manager unable to
calculate ideal FTE's

4. Which of the following best describes your Home HD program in terms of
nephrologist coverage?
1 nephrologist is responsible for all patients in the HHD program
A small grop of nephrologists interested in HHD are responsible for all the patients in the program
Nephrologists follow their own patients transitioning on to the HHD program
Other Arrangement for Nephrologist Coverage
5
5. Which of the following best describes your Home HD program in terms of nursing coverage?
Primary Nursing Model (Nurses train and subsequently follow their own patients the majority of the time).
Shared Nursing Model (Nurses train and follow multiple patients with a collective shared responsibility for all patients).
Primary Duties Model (Some nurses always train, some always do follow-up visits and clinics)
Other (please specify)
5
6. Which of the following duties does your dialysis technologist perform? (Check ALL that apply)
Assessment of patient for suitability (Technical Component)
€ home assessment
E Technical teaching of patient during training
E Set-up of equipment in patient's home
€ Servicing of HD machine
Servicing of water treatment equipment
On-Call to patients for technical issues (Daily)
On-Call to patients for technical issues (24-hour)
Water sampling for testing
Monitoring of water sample test results
Other (please specify)
5

### 6. Program Equipment

This section asks questions of the equipment used in your Home HD program. This section is likely best answered in collaboration with your technology team.

1	. What type of delivery system (machine) does your program currently have in use?
(	Check ALL that apply in your program)

€	Fresenius
ē	Gambro
ē	Bellco (BHC Medical)
ē	Mix of different machines (Specify Below)
€	Different machines depending on modality (conventional vs. nocturnal - Specify Below))
Othe	er (please specify)
	5
	6

### 2. Which of the following best describes your Home NOCTURNAL HD patients who use AV fistulas (check all that apply)?

	5
Othe	er (please specify)
ê	A mix of patients use single needle technique depending on prescribing physician
Ē	PATIENTS WITH ACCESS ISSUES use single needle technique
ê	PATIENTS WHO ARE ALONE are required to use single needle technique
ê	The MINORITY use single needle technique
Ē	The MAJORITY use single needle technique as per program policy

### 3. Which of the following best describes your Home NOCTURNAL HD patients who use AV GRAFTS (check all that apply)?

€	The MAJORITY use single needle technique as per program policy
É	The MINORITY use single needle technique
ē	PATIENTS WHO ARE ALONE are required to use single needle technique
€	PATIENTS WITH ACCESS ISSUES use single needle technique
€	A mix of patients use single needle technique depending on prescribing physician

We have no AV Graft patients in our program

	nd service calls?
Primarily Manufacturer (through service contract)	
Primarily In house (program) technologists	
€ Manufacturer for some issues, Program Technologists for others	
Other (please specify)	
	5
	6
5. Do all patients use a Reverse Osmosis system?	
€ Yes	
€ No	
€ Depends on Water Testing	
Other (please specify)	
	5
	6
6. Do all patients use a De-Ionizer (DI)?	
€ Yes	
€ No	
Depends on Water Testing	
Other (please specify)	
	5
	6
7. Do all patients use a UV light?	
€ Yes	
€ No	
Depends on Water Testing	
© Depends on Water Testing  Other (please specify)	
	5

€	Yes
é	No
ē	Depends on Water Testing
Othe	er (please specify)
	5
	6
). C	Does the program provide/reimburse patients for, a weigh scale?
ê	Yes
ē	No
10.	Does the program provide a centrifuge?
ê	Yes
é	No
ê	Only Out of Town Patients
É	Sometimes (Explain Below)
Why	
,	5
	6
11.	Does your program re-distribute unopened, unused patient supplies from someon
	o no longer needs them?
ê	Yes
ê	No
If ye	es (please specify)
	5
	6

12. Does your program use "wetness" detectors?	
Around access cannulation sites	
€ On floor beside dialysis machine	
None of the above	
Other (please specify)	
	5
	6

vval	er for Home Hemodialysis
	oes the renal program reimburse patients for additional utility expenses for home (check all that apply)?
ē	Yes
Ē	No
Ē	A fixed monthly stipend is provided (may or may not cover the entire cost)
ê	The program provides a letter to patients to write-off their additional utility expenses
If no.	, how much do you tell patients it will cost?
	5
	<u>6</u>
2. H	lave patients in your program used well water?
€	Yes
Ē	No
If YE	S: How many litres/minute do you a require a well to be able to deliver? Any other considerations/precautions?
If YE	S: How many litres/minute do you a require a well to be able to deliver? Any other considerations/precautions?
	5
	lave patients in your program used surface water?
	5
3. H	lave patients in your program used surface water?
3. H	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)
3. H	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No
3. H	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)
3. H  © Othe  4. Is	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  5  5  5  6 there a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check
3. H  © Othe  4. Is	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  Sthere a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check that apply):
3. H  © Othe  4. Is ALL	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  Sthere a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check that apply):  Microbial Contamination
3. H  © Othe  A. Is ALL	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  s there a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check that apply):  Microbial Contamination  Endotoxin Units
3. H  © Othe  A. Is ALL  © ©	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  5 there a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check that apply):  Microbial Contamination  Endotoxin Units  Organics/Inorganics
3. H  Othe  ALL  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  sthere a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (check that apply):  Microbial Contamination  Endotoxin Units  Organics/Inorganics  None of These
3. H  Othe  ALL  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	lave patients in your program used surface water?  Yes  No  r (please specify)  Sthere a person in your program designated to regularly test for the following (checks that apply):  Microbial Contamination  Endotoxin Units  Organics/Inorganics

). V	ho is responsible for drawing water samples for the above testing?
€	Patients
€	Dialysis Technologists
Ē	Equipment Manufacturer (i.e. outsourced)
Othe	(please specify)
	5
	hat is the maximum visible microbial count that you allow in your product water for e hemodialysis
é	No Specification
É	<50 CFU/mL
ê	<100 CFU/mL
é	<150 CFU/mL
é	<200 CFU/mL
'. V	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?
′. V	
'. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?
'. W or €	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification
'. W or ∣ €	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL
or le	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL
7. W	hat is the maximum endotoxin concentration that you allow in your product water nome hemodialysis?  No specification  < 0.25 EU/mL  < 0.50 EU/mL  < 1.00 EU/mL

### 8. Vascular Access

* 1. What is the preferred choice of access for your HHD patients? (Check ONE)	
No "Preferred Access Type"	
€ AV Fistula	
© Central Venous Catheter	
$^\star$ 2. Does the ABSENCE of preferred vascular access type preclude initiation of HHD?	
€ Yes	
€ No	
$^{\star}$ 3. Does the ABSENCE of preferred vascular access DELAY initiation of HHD (e.g. delay training until an AVF matures)	
€ Yes	
€ No	
© Sometimes	
$^\star$ 4. For AVF patients, what percentage are currently useing the BUTTONHOLE cannulation technique (vs. the ROPE LADDER technique)	
€ 0	
€ 1-20	
€ 21-40	
€ 41-60	
€ 61-80	
€ 81-99	
€ 100	

€	1 Set (2 Sites)
ê	1.5 sets (3 Sites)
ê	2 Sets (4 Sites)
€	3 Sets (6 Sites)
ê	Buttonholes not routinely used
	r (please specify)
	5
	6
3. H	ave you had to bring patients back to establish new buttonholes?
€	Yes
€	No
Othe	r (please specify)
	5
	5
7 W	6
	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vend
Catl	6
Catl €	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Venc heter? (Check all that apply)
Catl	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vencheter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)
Catl	Which of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vencheter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked  None of our patients use any special connectology
Catl	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked
Catl	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked  None of our patients use any special connectology  r (please specify)
Catl	Which of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked None of our patients use any special connectology  r (please specify)  or Central Venous Catheter patients, which solution is ROUTINELY instilled into the
Catl	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked  None of our patients use any special connectology  r (please specify)
Catl	Which of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked None of our patients use any special connectology  r (please specify)  or Central Venous Catheter patients, which solution is ROUTINELY instilled into the
Catle Cothe	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked  None of our patients use any special connectology  or (please specify)  for Central Venous Catheter patients, which solution is ROUTINELY instilled into the clamps are not locked into the connector of the
Catle  Cothe  Cothe  Cothe  Cothe  Cothe	/hich of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked None of our patients use any special connectology  or (please specify)  or Central Venous Catheter patients, which solution is ROUTINELY instilled into the lumen between runs?  Saline
Catl  ©  ©  Othe  CVC  ©  ©  ©	Which of the following statements apply to your HHD patients using a Central Vence heter? (Check all that apply)  All patients routinely use connecting safety devices (e.g. lockboxes)  All patients routinely use TEGO-type (or similar style) connectors to prevent air embolism in the event clamps are not locked  None of our patients use any special connectology  (please specify)  To Central Venous Catheter patients, which solution is ROUTINELY instilled into the clamps are not locked  Saline  Heparin

Not Applicable (We never train > 3 days per week)  Cither (please specify)  10. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique?  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique)  12. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  13. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  14. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  15. Steel  Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Cither (please specify)  16. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  17. Ves  No		f your program trains >3 days a week, and a patient has a new AV fistula (never used ore), do you modify your training regimen to accommodate that?
Other (please specify)  10. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique?  Tellon/SuperCath/Angiocath Steel Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  Tellon/SuperCath/Angiocath Steel Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?	€	Yes
Other (please specify)  10. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique?  Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath Steel Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)	€	No
10. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique? © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's? © Yes	€	Not/Applicable (We never train > 3 days per week)
10. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients that are using rope ladder technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique? © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's? © Yes	Othe	er (please specify)
Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath  Steel  Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath  Steel  Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  Yes		5 6
© Steel  © Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)  Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath  © Steel  © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  © Yes		
Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath Steel Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  Yes	€	Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath
Other (please specify)  11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's? © Yes	€	Steel
11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  © Yes	€	Not applicable (no one is using rope ladder technique)
11. What type of needles does your program routinely use for AVF patients using buttonhole technique?  © Teflon/SuperCath/Angiocath © Steel © Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  © Yes	Othe	er (please specify)
outtonhole technique?		5
outtonhole technique?		6
Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)  Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?  Yes		
Other (please specify)  12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?   Yes	€	Steel
12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?	€	Not applicable (No one is using buttonhole technique)
12. Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?	Othe	er (please specify)
€ Yes		5
	12.	Does your program require special safety engineered needles for AVF's?
€ No	€	Yes
	ē	No

13.	How often are AVF/AVG access flow measurement done for HHD patients?
é	Never
é	More often than once per month
é	Every 2 to 3 months
é	More than every 3 months
é	Depends on the clinical situation

9. Training New Patients
This section asks about routine training practices in your program
$^\star$ 1. How many days per week does your program typically train a new patient?
€ 3
€ 4
€ 5
€ 6
$^{\star}$ 2. How many hours per training day does the patient spend in the training unit on a typical day?
€ <3
€ 4
€ 5
€ 6
€ 7
€ 8 or more
$^{f \star}$ 3. What is the median number of weeks a patient trains for in your program
€ <4
€ 5-6
€ 7-8
€ 9-10
€ >10
Other (please specify)
6

4. Which	of the following best describes nurse ratios during typical patient training?
€ 1:1 thro	ughout training
e 2 patien	nts: 1 nurse throughout training
€ 1:1 for s	some aspects of training, 2:1 for others
No typic	cal model defined
Other (please	specify)
	5
* 5. During	the first patient run at home, who is present? (check ALL that apply)
Nurse	
€ Technol	logist
€ Both Nu	urse and Technologist
Nobody	, Patient typically runs alone
€ Variable	e, depending on location of patient
	nany total days are typically allocated for re-training using an AVF or AVG when not make initially trained for HHD using a CVC?
€ 1-3	
€ 4-6	
€ 7-9	
€ >10	
None (C	Other arrangements made- list below)
Other (please	
	5

7. Which of the following teaching/training tools does your program use? (Check ALL
that apply)
(Self) Program-generated training manual
€ Industry-Generated training manual (e.g. Fresenius)
(Self) Program-generated Teaching Videos
€ Industry-Generated Training Videos
Other (please specify)
5
6

10. Dialysis Presc	ription				
This section asks question	s of typical prescriptions of patients in your program				
1. For Home HD p	1. For Home HD patients doing CONVENTIONAL (THRICE WEEKLY) HEMODIALYSIS,				
-	ne standard initial concentrations of the following constituents:				
• Na					
К					
HCO3					
Acetate (0 if not used)					
Ca					
Mg					
Glucose					
High or Low Flux Dialyzer					
What is routine Qb?					
What is routine Qd?					
2 For natients dia	alyzing using a Nocturnal (3-6 nights per week) protocol please				
	I standard dialysate concentrations of the following constituents.				
Na					
K					
HCO3					
Acetate (0 if not used)					
Ca					
Mg					
Glucose					
High or Low Flux Dialyzer					
What is routine Qb?					
What is routine Qd?					
0					
	alyzing using a SDHD protocol please indicate the initial standard				
dialysate concen	trations of the following constituents				
Na					
К					
HCO3					
Acetate (0 if not used)					
Ca					
Mg					
Glucose					
High or Low Flux dialyzer					
What is routine Qb?					
What is routine Qd?					

€ Routinely
€ Occasionally
€ Never
5. Does your program use some sort of Blood Volume Monitoring technique on HHD patients?
E Yes, on most or all patients (Including nocturnal and extended hours patients)
€ Never
€ Occasionally
Conventional HD/SDHD patients only
6. Which of the following does your program routinely do when the desired net ultrafiltration (UF) is zero:
Set the machine for a UF of zero.
Administer a Normal Saline bolus and set the dialysis machine for an hourly UF rate to remove the bolus volume on that HD session
Administer a continuous infusion of saline and set the dialysis machine for a UF rate to continuously remove the infused saline
Other (please specify)
5
6
7. What is the routine heparin anticoagulation for HHD (starting dose, Bolus Units/Hourly Infusion rate)

11. Ho	11. Home Requirements				
	This section is comprised of questions regarding home requirements and renovations to start a patient on home hemodialysis in your program. This section may be best answered in collaboration with your technical team.				
* 1. V	Who is responsible for performing a technical assessment of homes for patients				
wis	wishing to enter your home hemodialysis program?				
ê	Completely Outsourced to 3rd Party Vendors (e.g. Fresenius, Gambro, etc)				
é	Technologist dedicated to your home hemodialysis program				
é	Combination of Program Technologist with outsourcing of some tasks (e.g. plumber)				
é	Other (please specify)				

2. Do nurses routinely perform home assessments in addition to your technical assessments?



3. Who is responsible for performing required RENOVATIONS to patients' homes for patients starting HHD?

	6
	5
Othe	er (please specify)
Ē	Some tasks outsourced (e.g. plumbing), some tasks done by program technologists
Ē	Technologist dedicated to your home hemodialysis program
ē	Completely Outsourced to 3rd Party Vendors

€	We have one (or more) technologists that only service the home hemodialysis program
€	We have one or more technologists that support both the home and in-centre programs (i.e. no dedicated support personnel)
€	Technologists are completely outsourced
ê	Other (please specify)
	5
	Vhat is the average per patient cost to your program for home assessment and ovations with each new start?
ē	< \$1000
Ē	\$1000 - \$1499
ē	\$ 1500 - \$ 1999
ē	\$2000 - \$ 2499
ê	> \$2500
Ē	Program does not cover costs
on	nment
	<u>5</u>
	6
at	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys
at e	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)
at e	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)
at é é	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)  Source of water is a tank
at e e	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)  Source of water is a tank  Source of water is surface water
at e e e e	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)  Source of water is a tank  Source of water is surface water  Water QUALITY was substandard (i.e. impurities)
at e e e e	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialys ient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)  Source of water is a tank  Source of water is surface water  Water QUALITY was substandard (i.e. impurities)  PLUMBING (e.g. water pressure, piping, drains) was substandard and/or not modifiable
	For which of the following would your currently deny accepting a home hemodialystient on to your program from a WATER perspective? (Check ALL that apply)  Source of water is a well (i.e. separate from municipal water supply)  Source of water is a tank  Source of water is surface water  Water QUALITY was substandard (i.e. impurities)  PLUMBING (e.g. water pressure, piping, drains) was substandard and/or not modifiable  Program would not pay for necessary PLUMBING modifications

	No reliable, municipal electrical source (e.g. reliance on generator power)
ē	Housing electical system (e.g. wiring, breakers) substandard and/or not modifiable
ē	Program would not pay for necessary ELECTRICAL modifications
Other	r (please specify)
	5
	oes your program cover costs for additional water treatment equipment? (check that apply)
É	Water Softener
É	Iron Filter
ê	UV light
ê	No additional water treatment equipment covered
Other	r (please specify)
	5
mov	oes your program pay for home renovations for a patient more than once (ie if the ye)?  Yes
ê	No
RVs	Does your program provide a service that allows patients to dialyze in s/Cottages?
ê	No
If woo	s, who pays for this service?
ii yes	

ALI	cepted and successfully maintained in your home hemodialysis program? (Check Light that apply)
ê	Rural location (>100 km from your centre)
ê	Non-municipal Water Source (Tank or Well)
ē	Inadequate Septic System
É	Small Total Living Area
ē	No municipal electrical source (e.g. generator power)
Othe	er (please specify)
	5
12.	Do you require that home patients have an assistant? (Check all that apply)
ē	For all patients
ê	For selected patients
ê	For all doing nightly dialysis
ê	Not required at all
13.	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)
13.	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants  er (please specify)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants  er (please specify)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants  er (please specify)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants  er (please specify)
13. ass	If you require assistants for some or all of your patients, which best describes the sistants? (Check all that apply)  Family or living companions only  Paid assistants (paid by program)  Paid assistants (paid by 3rd party insurance)  Unpaid volunteer assistants  Privately paid assistants  er (please specify)

Training for that assistant require any additional training besides home HD training?  Yes  No  If yes, please elaborate  15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use  For all overnight dialysis runs  For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	If yes, please elaborate  If yes, please ela	al
E Yes  No  If yes, please elaborate  IS. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all initially, then selected patients For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  IG. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	No  If yes, please elaborate  IS. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  IG. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
E Yes  No  If yes, please elaborate  IS. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all initially, then selected patients For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  IG. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	No  If yes, please elaborate  IS. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  IG. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
If yes, please elaborate  IS. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  IG. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	If yes, please elaborate    15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?   All patients must use     For all overnight dialysis runs     For all initially, then selected patients     Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)     Never use remote monitoring     Other (please specify)     16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?     More frequently than every 2 weeks     Every 2 weeks     Every 3 to 4 weeks	
If yes, please elaborate    15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?   All patients must use     For all overnight dialysis runs     For all initially, then selected patients     Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)     Never use remote monitoring     Other (please specify)     16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?     More frequently than every 2 weeks     Every 3 to 4 weeks	If yes, please elaborate  15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?    All patients must use  For all overnight dialysis runs  For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?    All patients must use  For all overnight dialysis runs  For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	15. Which of the following best describes your program's use of remote monitoring?  All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	
All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  I.G. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	All patients must use For all overnight dialysis runs For all initially, then selected patients Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion) Never use remote monitoring Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients? More frequently than every 2 weeks Every 2 weeks Every 3 to 4 weeks	<b>)</b>
For all overnight dialysis runs  For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	For all overnight dialysis runs  For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	For all initially, then selected patients  Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	Selected patients only (e.g. without a companion)  Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	Never use remote monitoring  Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	Other (please specify)  16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	16. How often are dialysis supplies sent to patients?  More frequently than every 2 weeks  Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
<ul> <li>More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>€ More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>€ More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 2 weeks</li> <li>Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>€ More frequently than every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 2 weeks</li> <li>€ Every 3 to 4 weeks</li> </ul>	
Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	Every 2 weeks  Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Every 3 to 4 weeks	Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Every 3 to 4 weeks	Every 3 to 4 weeks	
Other (please specify)	Other (please specify)	
Cantal (piecase speedily)	Callet (piecase specify)	
		?

#### 12. Patient Follow-up Schedule

This section of the survey asks questions on how patients are typically followed up after they are performing independent hemodialysis at home

## \* 1. Which of the following best describes the structure of your home hemodialysis follow-up clinics?

ê	ionow-up chinics:					
	Home Hemodialysis Follow-up Clinic? Are we supposed to have those?					
ê	Physician-Only Clinic					
é	Home HD Nurse-Only Clinic					
é	Physician and Nurse-Only Clinic					
é	Multidisciplinary Allied Health Clinic (MD, Nurse, Dietician, Pharmacy, Social Work, or some combination of these)					
Othe	er (please specify)					
	5					
2. V	2. Which of the following best describes your clinic model?					
	which of the following best describes your clime moder:					
Ē	Dedicated HHD only clinic					
é é						
	Dedicated HHD only clinic					
ê	Dedicated HHD only clinic  Combined HHD/PD clinic					
ê	Dedicated HHD only clinic  Combined HHD/PD clinic  Combined HHD/PD/pre-dialysis clinic					
ê	Dedicated HHD only clinic  Combined HHD/PD clinic  Combined HHD/PD/pre-dialysis clinic					

	Weekly
ê	Every 2-3 Weeks
ê	Monthly
€	Every 2 Months
ê	Every 3 Months
ê	> Every 3 Months
ê	Some Combination of Above in Graduated Format
ê	Every Patient is Different (no fixed schedule)
Othe	er (please specify)  5
10	How often are TYPICAL, STABLE patients brought in for clinic visits after the first 3 nths of hemodialysis at home?  Monthly
ē	
e	
	Every 2-4 Months  Every 5-9 months
ê	Every 5-9 months
ê	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months
6	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually
6 6 6	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)
6 6 6	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually
e e	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)  er (please specify)
e e	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)  er (please specify)
e e e o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)  er (please specify)  How often does your program hold a home hemodialysis clinic?
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)  er (please specify)  How often does your program hold a home hemodialysis clinic?  Weekly
	Every 5-9 months  Every 10-12 months  Annually  Every Patient is Different (No Fixed Schedule)  er (please specify)  How often does your program hold a home hemodialysis clinic?  Weekly  Every 2 Weeks

e Yes				
€ No				
Not applicable				
7. How often do nur	ses perform h	nome visits for establisl	hed patients or	n the HHD
orogram?	<b>-</b>			
€ Never				
€ Only for first 1-2 runs at h	ome			
For first 1-2 runs, then sub	osequently at a fixed s	schedule		
For first 1-2 runs, then on	an as-needed, ad hoc	basis		
Other (please specify)				
	5			
patients at the state for each row)		nel are available to retui	visits? (Chec	k ALL that appl
patients at the state for each row)	d hours for pa	Weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	ovisits? (Check	k ALL that appl
patients at the state for each row)	d hours for page Regular Workday Hours (Mon-Fri)	S Weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight	k ALL that appl  Weekends  €
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist  HHD Nurse Technologist (Either	d hours for pa	Weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	ovisits? (Check	k ALL that appl
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist  HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)	d hours for pa	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pat	d hours for pa	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pateraining" or "technic	d hours for pa	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pate training" or "technic	d hours for page Regular Workday Hours (Mon-Fri)	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pattraining" or "technice  Never  Once in the first year, the	d hours for page Regular Workday Hours (Mon-Fri)	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pattraining" or "technice"  Never  Once in the first year, the	d hours for page of the control of t	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are patteraining" or "technice"  Never  Once in the first year, the Yearly Only if there is an event/or	d hours for page of the page o	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©
patients at the state for each row)  Nephrologist HHD Nurse Technologist (Either Program or Out-sourced)  9. How often are pate training" or "technic  Never  Once in the first year, the	d hours for page of the page o	weekday Evenings (Mon-Fri)	Overnight  ©  ©  ©	Weekends  ©  ©

10. W	Which best describes your NOCTURNAL patients in terms o	f obtaining their
blood	odwork?	

	CBC	Calcium, Phosphate	Urea and/or Creatinine	Potassium
PRE-dialysis (only)	€	é	€	e
POST-dialysis (only)	€	É	ê	€
PRE and POST-dialysis	€	É	É	€

#### 11. How do HHD patients get their bloodwork drawn?

6	Most patients draw their own	including spinning their own I	blood at home with a	centrifuge when required

Most patients go into their local lab to get bloodwork drawn

Drawn at the time of clinic visit

Other (please specify)



# 12. Which best describes your HHD program in terms of routine bloodwork SCHEDULE (not including special circumstances like acute illness, losing a set-up, etc...)?

	WEEKLY when starting, then MONTHLY	BIWEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ONLY BEFORE CLINICS	ONLY AS NECESSARY
NOCTURNAL HHD patients	€	€	€	€	€	€
CONVENTIONAL HHD patients	€	€	é	€	é	€
SHORT DAILY HHD patients	€	6	É	é	€	é
Other (please specify)						
				5		

13. When patients are assessed in the HHD clinic, is there a standard checklist of items to be addressed every visit?

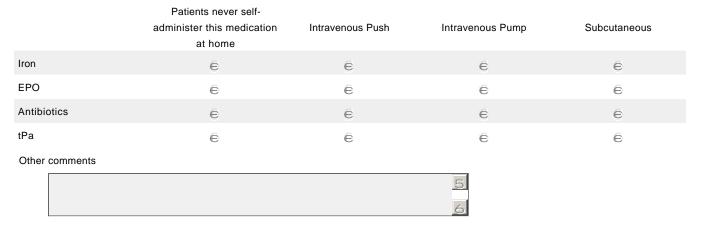
6	Yes

€ No

12	Med	ications	

This section primarily deals with how patients administer medications at home

1. How do your HHD patients typically administer the following medications (Check all that apply)?



2. What medications are paid for by the HHD program (check all that apply)?

ê	Intravenous iron
ê	Еро
ē	Intravenous antibiotics
ē	tPA
ê	Phosphate binders
ê	Calcium spike
ê	Phosphate spike
ê	Cinacalcet
Othe	er (please specify)

3. Do patients in your HHD program with central venous catheters have a 1st dose of antibiotics at home to be given with the first sign of infection?

6	Yes

€ No

4. Which best describes how your program handles anti-hypertensive medications once
more frequent HHD is started?
Weaning of medications by protocol
Weaning of certain medications by protocol (e.g. continue beta blockers or ACE/ARB's in some patients)
Patients given weaning parameters on a case by case basis (ad hoc)
Other (please specify)
5
_6
5. After how many weeks of initially performing frequent HHD is the patient's blood pressure evaluated to determine of medication dose adjustment is necessary
Weekly until stable BP on minimal medication
Every 2 Weeks
Every 4 Weeks
Every 8 Weeks
€ On case by case basis
Only at Clinic Visits
Other (please specify)
5
6
6. How does your program deal with phosphate binders once frequent dialysis is started?
Weaning by fixed protocol on weekly basis (i.e. check Ca/PO4 weekly and wean according to lab values)
Weaning by protocol on monthly basis (i.e. check Ca/PO4 monthly and wean according to lab values)
€ Weaning schedule on ad hoc basis
Other (please specify)
5
6

$\in$	1
é	2
é	3
é	4
É	4-8
é	>8
Othe	r (please specify)
	5
	Which best describes how your program deals with phosphate balance for frequent D patients?  Adjust binders/additives based solely on pre-HD phosphate
é	Adjust binders/additives based on a combination of pre and post-HD phosphate
	er (please specify)
	5

G	1	N	on-	$\Delta d$	her	ont.	Pati	ents

This section pertains to how your program deals with the "non-adherent" patient.

1. Has non-adherence been an issue in your HHD program	n in the following domains?
(check ALL that apply)	

Not performing HD/RO machine maintenance
Not following direct instructions of on-call personnel
Missing Clinic Visits
Not Taking Prescribed Medications
Skipping Bloodwork
Unreachable by Telephone
Skipping Treatments
Refusing home visits
er (please specify)
5
6

2. Does your HHD program have a written policy for how to deal with the non adherent patient?



3. Do you believe that patients deemed competent to perform HHD and make medical decisions are allowed to make "bad" choices?

ż	6	Yes	If a	patient is co	mnetent	thev	are	entitled	to mak	e decisions	which	clinicians	mav	/ deem	"unsafe'
6	_	100	II a	patient is co	IIIPELEIIL	, uicy	aıc	enulueu	ıu illar	e uecisions	O WILLICIT	Ullillicialis	IIIa	ueeiii	ulisale

No, These patients are the clinician's ultimate responsibility and likely should be removed from the HHD program

4. Have you ever removed a patient (against their wishes) from your program for non-adherence?						
€ Yes						
€ No						
5. Which of the following patients would you consider removing from your HHD program (against their wishes)?						
Misses 25% of their standard bloodwork						
Misses 50% of their standard bloodwork						
Misses 75% of their standard bloodwork						
Never does bloodwork (>12 months)						
We would not remove a patient for this issue						
6. Which of the following patient would you consider removing from your program?						
Never attends follow-up visits						
€ Misses 50% of follow-up visits						
€ Misses 75% of follow-up visits						
We would not remove a patient for this issue						
7. Which of the following patients would you consider removing from your program?						
€ Misses 25% of machine/RO maintenance						
€ Misses 50% of machine/RO maintenance						
€ Misses 75% of machine/RO maintenance						
Misses all of machine/RO maintenance						
We would not remove a patient for this issue						
8. Which of the following patients would you consider removing from your program re: Water Sampling/Testing?						
Misses 25% of routine water sampling/testing						
Misses 50% of routine water sampling/testing						
Misses 75% of routine water sampling/testing						
Misses all of routine water sampling/testing						
Our program performs this function on behalf of patients						
We would not remove a patient from the program for this issue						

		6						
1. Are service logs (i.e.	records of patient tur	s) linked to HHD pr	ogram funding?					
€ Yes								
€ No								

15. Anything we missed?						
If there are any domains of HHD practice that we have missed you would like to comment on, please do so here.						
1. Comments						
5						
6						