

Table. Relationship between physical activity, endurance time, and exertional dyspnea. Pearson correlation for change from baseline in mean daily step count, mean duration of at least moderate activity (>3 metabolic equivalents), endurance time during constant work rate cycle ergometry to symptom limitation at 75% of the maximum work rate and exertional dyspnea at isotime across the study (aclidinium treatment period only; ITT population).

		Observations ^a	Correlation	P-value
Change from baseline in daily step count ^b	Change from baseline in endurance time (s)	85	0.109	0.319
	Change from baseline in duration of at least moderate activity (min) ^b	85	0.694	<0.0001
Change from baseline in duration of at least moderate activity (min/day) ^b	Change from baseline in endurance time (s)	85	0.022	0.844
Change from baseline in endurance time (s)	Change from baseline in exertional dyspnea at isotime	109	-0.489	<0.0001

^aNumber of observations used to calculate the correlation.

^bPatients with ≥ 5 days with data.

ITT, intent-to-treat.