

Figure S6. Genetics and integration characteristics of Int*/Int transgene shuffling.

Figure S6 Genetics and integration characteristics of Int*/Int transgene shuffling. (A) Crossing scheme to shuffle pJFRC2 between two autosomal landing sites. In this example, wild-type integrase is supplied by an X-linked transgene (Bischof et al. 2007). The movement of pJFRC19 from attP40 (donor on II) to ZH-86Fb (receiver on III) was followed using the transgene's mini-white marker. Flies in the F2 generation that carried mini-white and CyO carried candidate shuffle events; genetic mapping and PCR were used to confirm the presence of pJFRC19 at the receiver site. (B) Molecular characterization of selected shuffle candidates. Top – Genomic PCR confirmed the presence of GFP in five shuffle candidates (C1-C5). P1 corresponds to the maternal G0 genotype, w; attP40[pJFRC19(w+)]; ZH86Fb[attP(RFP+)]. P2 corresponds to the paternal G0 genotype, w; wg^{Sp}/CyO; ZH86Fb[hs-Int*, attL]. Middle – Genomic PCR detected Int* in three shuffle candidates. Int* was not detected in candidate C1, since pJFRC19 shuffled into the receiver landing site (marked by 3xP3-DsRed). Int* was detected in C2, C4, and C5. This indicates that pJFRC19 re-integrated on the hs-Int* chromosome, which is corroborated by the absence of DsRed expression in these flies. The attL sequence downstream of hs-Int* (see Figure S1A) presented a potential re-integration target due to the relaxed integration site specificity of Int*. The re-integration site of candidate C3 was not determined, though the lack of DsRed strongly suggests this was off-target. Bottom – PCR control with rp49. (C) Wild-type Int enforces canonical attP x attB recombination during transgene shuffling: Flies were scored for the presence of the ZH-86Fb landing site marker 3xP3-DsRed to distinguish re-integration at the receiver site from off-target integration (see panel B). When Int* provided both excisionase and integrase activities, half of the recovered candidates lacked DsRed, indicating re-integration at a site other than the receiver site. In contrast, in the presence of wild-type