# Appendix 1

Part 1: Demographic data
Please tick the correct box:
1. Grade: F1□ F2□
2. Sex: Male □ Female□
3. Current rotation:
Medicine□ Surgery□ Other□(please specify)
("Other" category: if your rotation does not have ward rounds, then please consider
your last rotation where ward rounds were available and mention if this was a medica
or surgical rotation in brackets)
Part 2: Characteristics of ward rounds (WRs)
Please answer the following questions:
1. On how many consultant/SpR-led WR per week do you take part?
2. What is the average duration of a WR (in mins)?
3. How much time on average do you spend with each patient on the WR (in mins)?

	None	Small	Moderate	Significant
		amount	amount	amount
4. How much time during an average WR is devoted to				
teaching (both formal and informal)?				
5. WRs contribute in how much of your <u>total learning</u> ?				
6. How much time during the WR is spent on <u>routine</u>				
administrative tasks (such as, organising investigations,				
finding forms, completing paperwork etc)?				

- 7. Do you regard the WR in your hospital as: (please circle)
  - a. A ward round with no teaching at all, focusing on service only
  - $b. \quad \hbox{A ward round which incorporates some teaching into service provision} \\$
  - c. a mixture of both

#### 8. Please tick the relevant box:

	Never	On few	On some	On most	On every
		WRs	WRs	WRs	WR
I have opportunities to ask questions					
The consultant/SpR asks me					
questions					
I present patients on the WR					
I learn something new on the WR					

I receive feedback on my			
performance			

#### **Part 3: Learning opportunities**

Please rate (1=not at all beneficial, 5=extremely beneficial) how beneficial WRs are in teaching you the following skills by ticking the relevant box:

Skills learnt	1 (=not beneficial)	2	3	4	5 (=extremely beneficial)
Conveying medical knowledge					
History taking					
Physical examination					
Diagnostic investigations					
Patient management					
Communication skills					
Time management					
Record keeping					
Teamworking					
Presentation skills					
Leadership skills					
Ethical principles					
Approach towards patients					

Please rank the following learning events in terms of their educational value (1=most useful, 6= less useful):

Learning event	Rank
Reading textbooks	

Ward round	
Reading journals	
Lectures/presentations (such as Grand Round, weekly Foundation	
Programme mandatory teaching etc)	
Online educational resources (such as BMJ learning, Pastest,	
Onexamination etc)	
Conferences	

# Part 4: Obstacles to effective learning

Which of the following factors are making learning on WRs problematic? (please tick the relevant box)

Factor	1 (=strongly	2	3	4	5 (=strongly
	disagree)				agree)
Lack of time					
Large number of patients					
Interruptions (eg bleeps/ having					
to leave the WR to organise					
investigations or find forms etc)					
Lack of interest from seniors					
Bedside crowding					
Patient factors (eg compliance,					
meal times, not being available)					
Ward environment ( eg busy,					
noisy)					
Team structure					
Over-reliance on technology					
Other					

### Part 5: Areas for improvement

Please make 3 suggestions to improve the quality of the teaching or	n wks:
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- 1)
- 2)
- 3)

### Part 6: Characteristics of successful ward rounds

Please rate the following factors in terms of their importance in making WRs an educationally valuable experience for you: (please tick the relevant box)

Factor	Examples	1	2	3	4	5
		(=strongly				(=strongly
		disagree)				agree)
Learning	The consultant/ SpR is:					
atmosphere	-approachable					
	-Ethusiastic towards teaching					
	-Gives you feedback					
	-not in a rush					
Clinical	The consultant/ SpR:					
Teaching	-Is a role model					
	-Shares his/her thought					
	processes					
	-Sets aside time to teach					
	-Discusses relevant evidence-					
	based studies/literature					

	-Looks holistically at the		
	patient		
Teaching style	The consultant/ SpR:		
	-Asks questions		
	-Demonstrates key physical		
	findings		
	-Creates succinct teaching		
	points		
	-Allows trainee involvement		
	(eg to ask questions/present		
	cases)		
Communicating	The consultant/ SpR:		
expectations	-States what is expected of		
	trainees during the WR		
	-Allows team some		
	independence in decision		
	making		
	-Sets feasible teaching and		
	learning goals		
Team	The consultant/ SpR:		
management	-Conducts WRs in an		
	organised, efficient and		
	timely fashion		
	-Can maintain interest in all		
	members of the team		
	-Has a consistent, coherent		
	plan of care		