QUESTIONS FOR OBSERVATIONAL STUDY DESIGN

COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE FOR STATISTICS

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These questions and criteria are focused on study design and best practices to enhance reproducibility of science and have been developed for use in study planning activities. The intended audience includes scientists, branch chiefs, and quality assurance managers for guidance in preparing and reviewing QAPPs and research protocols.

1. Study Overview

- a. What is the research problem?
- b. What is (are) the study objective(s)?
- c. What are the research questions that will be answered to address the objective(s)?
- d. What is the <u>population</u> of interest, and how does the study of this population address the research questions?

2. Study Design and Data Elements

- a. What type of study is planned (e.g., <u>pilot study</u>, <u>exploratory study</u>, or <u>confirmatory study</u>)?
- b. What is the study design (e.g., cross-sectional, case-control, time-course, prospective)?
- c. Does the study propose the use of existing data? *If Yes*
 - i. What is the source of existing data?
 - ii. What was the purpose and scope of the original study?
 - iii. How does the proposed use of the existing data deviate from the purpose and scope of the original study?
 - iv. What is the justification for a new analysis of the existing data?
- d. What is the <u>unit of analysis</u> (i.e., population sample)?
 - i. What is the <u>sampling method</u> (e.g., convenience, random, stratified, cluster)?
 - ii. How will the sampling method be considered in the statistical analysis (e.g., sample weighting)?
 - iii. Can statistical results based on the unit of analysis be extrapolated to the population of interest?
- e. What are the <u>units of observation</u> (i.e., measurement variables)?
 - i. What primary variables (i.e., the key <u>dependent variables</u> and <u>independent variables</u>) are included in this study?
 - ii. What <u>covariates</u> will be examined?
 - iii. What is the <u>variable type</u> (e.g., continuous, categorical) and <u>measurement unit</u> (e.g., milligrams per liter) for each primary variable and covariate?
 - iv. What are the methods for evaluating and transforming data distributions?

3. Statistical Analyses

- a. Is a statistical analysis plan included?
- b. What <u>statistical analyses</u> will be performed?
 - i. What <u>statistical parameters</u> will be estimated (e.g., mean, standard deviation, regression coefficient)?
 - ii. What statistical relationships (between measurement variables) will be quantified?

- iii. What <u>statistical hypotheses</u> will be tested and what <u>hypothesis tests</u> will be performed?
- iv. What are the assumptions behind the statistical analyses (e.g., normal distribution)?
- v. What software and procedures (e.g., SAS/Proc GLM, R-Chemometrics) will be used?
- vi. How will <u>statistical models</u> be constructed and evaluated, and what is the method for selecting between competing models?
- vii. How will <u>uncertainty</u> be quantified and reported?
- viii. How will the results of statistical analyses be interpreted with respect to the research questions?
- ix. How will the results of statistical analyses be presented (i.e., types of equations, tables and figures)?

4. Sample Size

- a. Will a <u>power analysis</u> be performed?
 - If Yes
 - i. How will the power analysis be performed?
 - ii. What are the assumptions for the power analysis and why are they necessary?
 - iii. What is considered acceptable power for the study?
 - iv. What is the pre-specified effect size and why was this chosen?
 - v. How does the <u>sample size</u> support the power level and effect size?
 - vi. For which variables will repeated measurements be collected?
 - vii. How will the number of repeated measures and the correlation among them be taken into account in the power analysis?
 - If No
 - i. Why is a power analysis not applicable to the proposed study?

5. Bias

- a. What are the potential sources of bias (e.g., <u>sampling bias</u>, <u>measurement bias</u>)?
 - i. How will bias be identified?
 - ii. What approaches will be used to minimize or eliminate this bias?
- b. What will be done to avoid <u>reporting bias</u> and <u>publication bias</u>?

6. Data Inclusion/Exclusion

- a. What are <u>data inclusion</u> and <u>data exclusion</u> criteria?
- b. What are the proposed methods for detecting and treating <u>outliers</u> and spurious values?

7. Data Analysis Considerations

- a. How will missing data be coded in the data set and treated in statistical analyses?
- b. How will covariates be evaluated as <u>confounders</u> or <u>effect modifiers</u>/interactions?
- c. How will values below a <u>detection limit/quantitation limit</u> be represented?
- d. Are negative measurement data possible (e.g., as a result of background correction if applicable) and how will these data be used?

8. Multiple Comparisons

- a. Will <u>multiple test correction</u> (i.e., an adjustment for <u>multiple comparisons</u>) be performed?
 - i. If yes, what method will be used?
 - ii. If no, what is the explanation for not performing a multiple test correction?
- b. Will <u>subsets</u> of the population sample be extracted for further testing? If yes, which subsets and for what purpose?

9. Data Management and Sharing

- a. How will the data be archived (e.g., laboratory notebooks, digital backups)?
- b. For data stored in digital-only format, what steps will be taken to ensure that the data are accessible using non-proprietary or open-source software?
- c. What database will be used and why?

Additional Resources (note that material in Wikipedia is not peer-reviewed)

Keywords	Links
confirmatory	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Confirmatory_trial
study	
confounders	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Confounding
	http://sphweb.bumc.bu.edu/otlt/MPH-Modules/BS/BS704-EP713_Confounding-
	EM/BS704-EP713_Confounding-EM_print.html
covariates	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Covariate
data inclusion/	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inclusion_and_exclusion_criteria
exclusion	
dependent	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dependent_and_independent_variables
variables	
detection limit	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Detection_limit
distributions	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Probability_distribution
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Normal_distribution
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Log-normal_distribution
effect	http://www.ams.ac.ir/AIM/NEWPUB/12/15/9/0014.pdf
modifiers	
effect size	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Effect_size
exploratory	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exploratory_research
study	
hypothesis tests	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_hypothesis_testing
independent	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dependent_and_independent_variables
variables	
measurement	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Information_bias_(epidemiology)
bias	http://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlepdf/1997/an/a704789d
measurement	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Units_of_measurement
unit	
missing data	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Missing_data
	http://www.stat.columbia.edu/~gelman/arm/missing.pdf
multiple	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multiple_comparisons_problem
comparisons	
multiple test	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multiple_comparisons_problem
correction	http://udel.edu/~mcdonald/statmultcomp.html
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/False_discovery_rate
outliers	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Outlier
pilot study	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pilot_experiment
	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3081994/
population	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_population
power	http://www.ma.utexas.edu/users/mks/statmistakes/power.html
	http://udel.edu/~mcdonald/statsampsize.html
	http://www.stat.columbia.edu/~gelman/stuff_for_blog/chap20.pdf

power analysis	http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/seminars/Intro_power/default.htm
	http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/gpower/indepsamps.htm
	http://www.gpower.hhu.de/en.html
	http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/dae/
publication	http://www.ma.utexas.edu/users/mks/statmistakes/filedrawer.html
bias	
quantitation	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2556583/
limit	
reporting bias	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reporting_bias
sample size	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sample_size
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_power#Software_for_Power_and_Sample_Size_Cal
	culations
sampling bias	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Biased_sample
sampling	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sampling (statistics)
method	
statistical	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistics
analyses	
statistical	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_hypothesis_testing
hypotheses	
statistical	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_model
models	
statistical	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_parameter
parameters	
statistical	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Correlation_and_dependence
relationships	
study design	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Study_design
subsets	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_population
uncertainty	http://webpages.ursinus.edu/lriley/ref/unc/unc.html
unit of analysis	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unit_of_analysis
unit of	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unit_of_observation
observation	
variable type	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Statistical_data_type
weighting	http://www.applied-survey-methods.com/weight.html