# THE LANCET Oncology

## Supplementary appendix

This appendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed. We post it as supplied by the authors.

Supplement to: Bradley JD, Paulus R, Komaki R, et al. Standard-dose versus high-dose conformal radiotherapy with concurrent and consolidation carboplatin plus paclitaxel with or without cetuximab for patients with stage IIIA or IIIB non-small-cell lung cancer (RTOG 0617): a randomised, two-by-two factorial phase 3 study. *Lancet Oncol* 2015; published online Jan 16. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(14)71207-0.

#### Appendices

#### Appendix 1: Normal tissue dose-volume guidelines within protocol document (section 6 of protocol)

- 6.5 Critical Structures Normal tissue constraints shall be prioritized in the following order for treatment planning: 1=spinal cord, 2=lungs, 3=esophagus, 4=brachial plexus, and 5=heart
- 6.5.1 Spinal Cord: The spinal cord dose limitation is the highest priority dose constraint and thus must be met irrespective of other constraints. Total "direct" plus "scatter" dose to the spinal cord must not exceed 50.5 Gy.
- 6.5.2 Lungs: The dose-volume constraint to the lungs is the second highest priority and must be met, except if it conflicts with the cord dose constraints. The volume of both lungs that receive more than 20 Gy (the V20) should not exceed 37% of the total. Alternatively, the mean lung dose should optimally be □ 20 Gy. (By total lung volume we mean the total lung minus the CTV).

If either of these constraints is exceeded, several solutions can be entertained. First, one might increase the weighting of AP / PA treatments by one and reduce the obliques. This can be done as long as the cord dose (above), which takes precedence, is not exceeded. Second, one can reduce the CTV to the minimum range suggested above.

Third, one can try to reduce the PTV by using respiratory gating techniques. If after all attempts to decrease the V20 to below 37%, the V20 value still exceeds this limit, the patient should be treated to the dose on the arm to which they were randomized.

- 6.5.3 Esophagus: The mean dose to the esophagus is optimally kept below 34 Gy.[47] This is not an absolute requirement, but is strongly recommended unless other, more critical constraints force the situation. The V60 (% volume of esophagus exceeding 60 Gy) should be calculated for each patient.
- 6.5.4 Heart: The following limits are recommended: 60Gy to <1/3, 45 Gy to <2/3, and 40 Gy to <100% of the heart.

#### **Appendix 2: Protocol Compliance Definitions**

#### Credentialing process for enrolling institutions

- Completion of a facility questionnaire (<u>http://atc.wustl.edu</u>).
- o Completion of baseline physics questionnaire for 3DCRT, IMRT, or both (http://atc.wustl.edu).
- o Completion of Dry Run Submission to Image-guided Therapy Center
- o For IMRT, Completion of phantom irradiation (http://rpc.mdanderson.org/rpc/).

#### • Radiation Therapy

Contouring: Normal contours (consisting of ipsilateral lung, contralateral lung, spinal cord, heart, esophagus, brachial plexus and skin) were scored individually for each patient. Scores assigned to each were per protocol, minor corrections requested, or major corrections/unevaluable. Contours scored as per protocol or minor were termed 'acceptable variations'. Major

deviations/unevaluable' normal tissue contours reflected judgment by the reviewer that the dose volume histograms for a specific normal tissue were unevaluable.

- o Dose
  - Per protocol: 95% of the PTV is covered by the prescription dose. Maximum dose is < 120% of prescription dose.</li>
  - Acceptable Variation: 90% < 95% of the PTV is covered by the prescription dose. The maximum dose is 120%-125% of the prescription dose.
  - Unacceptable Deviation: Exceeding any of the Acceptable Variation limits.

#### • Systemic Therapy

 Evaluation is based on dose and treatment delays. The overall evaluation is the worst criteria met in either protocol dose or treatment delays. For example, a dose of 85-115% but treatment delays
2 weeks would be considered an Unacceptable Deviation.

#### **Per Protocol:**

- Protocol Dose:
  - o 85-115%
    - $\circ$  < 85%, due to protocol-specified dose modifications
- Treatment Delays
  - o No delays
  - $\circ \leq 1$  week, regardless of reason
  - $\circ$  > 1 week, due to protocol-specified reasons

#### Acceptable variation:

- Protocol Dose:
  - $\circ$  70 < 85%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons
  - Treatment Delays
    - $\circ$  >1  $\leq$  2 week delay, due to non-protocol-specified reasons

#### Unacceptable deviation:

•

- Protocol Dose:
  - $\circ$  < 70%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons
  - o >115%
  - Wrong drug/agent given
- Treatment Delays:
  - $\circ$  > 2 weeks, due to non-protocol-specified reasons
  - No delay when delay required by protocol

#### Appendix 3a Radiation Therapy Review By Radiation Dose

	Standard Dose: 60 Gy (n=217)	High Dose: 74 Gy (n=207)	Total (n=424)
	(11-217)	(11-207)	(11-727)
Overall RT Review	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
Per Protocol	180 (82.9%)	153 (73.9%)	333 (78.5%)
Acceptable Variation#	4 (1.8%)	11 (5.3%)	15 (3.5%)
Unacceptable Deviation	16 (7.4%)	25 (12.1%)	41 (9.7%)
Incomplete RT - Death during RT	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
Incomplete RT - Progression	0 (0.0%)	2 (1.0%)	2 (0.5%)
Incomplete RT - Refusal	3 (1.4%)	8 (3.9%)	11 (2.6%)
No RT Given	6 (2.8%)	4 (1.9%)	10 (2.4%)
Not Evaluable	7 (3.2%)	3 (1.4%)	10 (2.4%)
p-value*	0.02	5 (1.470)	10 (2.470)
-			
RT Dose, Fractionation	(n=217)	(n=206)	(n=423)
Not applicable	2 (0.9%)	2 (1.0%)	4 (0.9%)
Per protocol	200 (92.2%)	179 (86.9%)	379 (89.6%)
Acceptable variation#	1 (0.5%)	7 (3.4%)	8 (1.9%)
Unacceptable variation	7 (3.2%)	14 (6.8%)	21 (5.0%)
Not evaluable	7 (3.2%)	4 (1.9%)	11 (2.6%)
p-value*	0.08		
Clapsed Days	(n=217)	(n=206)	(n=423)
Not applicable	2(0.9%)	2 (1.0%)	(1-425) 4 (0.9%)
Per protocol	195 (89.9%)	171 (83.0%)	366 (86.5%)
Acceptable variation#	5 (2.3%)	13 (6.3%)	18 (4.3%)
Unacceptable variation	8 (3.7%)	16 (7.8%)	24 (5.7%)
Not evaluable	7 (3.2%)	4 (1.9%)	11 (2.6%)
p-value*	0.04	4(1.970)	11 (2.070)
p-value	0.04		
V/OAR Contouring Overall Score	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
Not applicable	2 (0.9%)	3 (1.4%)	5 (1.2%)
Per protocol	180 (82.9%)	158 (76.3%)	338 (79.7%)
Acceptable variation#	13 (6.0%)	20 (9.7%)	33 (7.8%)
Unacceptable variation	14 (6.5%)	23 (11.1%)	37 (8.7%)
Not evaluable	8 (3.7%)	3 (1.4%)	11 (2.6%)
p-value*	0.09	· · ·	× ,
TV Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n-408)
GTV Contour Per protocol	(1=208) 192 (92.3%)	(li=200) 179 (89.5%)	(n=408) 371 (90.9%)
Per protocol			
Acceptable variation#	7 (3.4%)	9 (4.5%)	16 (3.9%) 21 (5.1%)
Unacceptable variation	9 (4.3%)	12 (6.0%)	21 (5.1%)
p-value*	0.32		
TV Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	193 (92.8%)	172 (86.0%)	365 (89.5%)
Acceptable variation#	6 (2.9%)	7 (3.5%)	13 (3.2%)
Unacceptable variation	8 (3.8%)	20 (10.0%)	28 (6.9%)
Not evaluable	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
p-value*	0.03		

	Standard Dose: 60 Gy	High Dose: 74 Gy	Total
	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
Ipsilateral Lung Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	202 (97.1%)	192 (96.0%)	394 (96.6%)
Acceptable variation#	5 (2.4%)	7 (3.5%)	12 (2.9%)
Unacceptable variation	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
p-value*	0.54		
Contralateral Lung Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	202 (97.1%)	189 (94.5%)	391 (95.8%)
Acceptable variation#	5 (2.4%)	8 (4.0%)	13 (3.2%)
Unacceptable variation	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
Not evaluable	0 (0.0%)	2 (1.0%)	2 (0.5%)
p-value*	0.19		
Spinal Cord Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	206 (99.0%)	198 (99.0%)	404 (99.0%)
Acceptable variation#	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)
Not evaluable	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.5%)	3 (0.7%)
p-value*	0.97		
Heart Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	163 (78.4%)	145 (72.5%)	308 (75.5%)
Acceptable variation#	43 (20.7%)	52 (26.0%)	95 (23.3%)
Unacceptable variation	2 (1.0%)	2 (1.0%)	4 (1.0%)
Not evaluable	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)
p-value*	0.17	1 (0.570)	1 (0.270)
-			
Esophagus Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	207 (99.5%)	197 (98.5%)	404 (99.0%)
Acceptable variation#	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)
Unacceptable variation	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)
Not evaluable	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
p-value*	0.30		
Brachial Plexus Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	192 (92.3%)	171 (85.5%)	363 (89.0%)
Acceptable variation#	11 (5.3%)	22 (11.0%)	33 (8.1%)
Unacceptable variation	4 (1.9%)	6 (3.0%)	10 (2.5%)
Not evaluable	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	2 (0.5%)
p-value*	0.03	()	
Skin Contour	(n=208)	(n=200)	(n=408)
Per protocol	205 (98.6%)	197 (98.5%)	402 (98.5%)
Not evaluable	3 (1.4%)	3 (1.5%)	6 (1.5%)
p-value*	0.96	5 (1.570)	0 (1.570)
TV DVA Score	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
Per protocol	196 (90.3%)	179 (86.5%)	375 (88.4%)
Acceptable variation#	5 (2.3%)	7 (3.4%)	12 (2.8%)
Unacceptable variation	7 (3.2%)	15 (7.2%)	22 (5.2%)
Not evaluable	9 (4.1%)	6 (2.9%)	15 (3.5%)

#### Appendix 3a Radiation Therapy Review By Radiation Dose

#### Appendix 3a Radiation Therapy Review By Radiation Dose

	Standard Dose: 60 Gy	High Dose: 74 Gy	Total
	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
p-value*	0.22		
DAR DVA Score	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=424)
Per protocol	192 (88.5%)	172 (83.1%)	364 (85.8%)
Acceptable variation#	1 (0.5%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)
Unacceptable variation	15 (6.9%)	29 (14.0%)	44 (10.4%)
Not evaluable	9 (4.1%)	6 (2.9%)	15 (3.5%)
p-value*	0.11		

\*p-value from chi-square test comparing Per Protocol vs. everything else

TV=tumor volume; OAR=organs at risk; GTV=gross tumor volume; PTV=planning target volume; DVA=dose volume analysis

#See Appendix 10 for definitions of variations.

#### Appendix 3b Systemic Therapy Review Paclitaxel and Carboplatin

	Standard Dose:	High Dose: 74		
	60 Gy	Gy	Cetuximab	No Cetuximab
	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=237)	(n=228)
Concurrent				
Overall review	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=237)	(n=228)
Per Protocol	192 (88.5%)	175 (84.5%)	198 (83.5%)	203 (89.0%)
Acceptable Variation	14 (6.5%)	12 (5.8%)	19 (8.0%)	10 (4.4%)
Unacceptable Deviation	7 (3.2%)	12 (5.8%)	12 (5.1%)	10 (4.4%)
Not Evaluable	4 (1.8%)	8 (3.9%)	8 (3.4%)	5 (2.2%)
Dose	(n=213)	(n=199)	(n=229)	(n=223)
85-115%	148 (69.5%)	146 (73.4%)	159 (69.4%)	166 (74.4%)
<85%, due to protocol-specified reasons	45 (21.1%)	38 (19.1%)	46 (20.1%)	40 (17.9%)
70 - < 85%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	14 (6.6%)	7 (3.5%)	16 (7.0%)	8 (3.6%)
< 70%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	5 (2.3%)	5 (2.5%)	5 (2.2%)	7 (3.1%)
> 115%	1 (0.5%)	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.3%)	2 (0.9%)
Treatment delays	(n=213)	(n=199)	(n=229)	(n=223)
No delays	188 (88.3%)	164 (82.4%)	202 (88.2%)	188 (84.3%)
<= 1 week	17 (8.0%)	21 (10.6%)	15 (6.6%)	22 (9.9%)
> 1 week, due to protocol-specified reasons	8 (3.8%)	12 (6.0%)	12 (5.2%)	10 (4.5%)
>= 2 weeks, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	0 (0.0%)	2 (1.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (1.3%)
Consolidation				
Overall review	(n=216)	(n=207)	(n=237)	(n=227)
Per Protocol	151 (69.9%)	133 (64.3%)	159 (67.1%)	153 (67.4%)
Acceptable Variation	11 (5.1%)	11 (5.3%)	9 (3.8%)	15 (6.6%)
Unacceptable Deviation	23 (10.6%)	18 (8.7%)	25 (10.5%)	17 (7.5%)
Not Evaluable	31 (14.4%)	45 (21.7%)	44 (18.6%)	42 (18.5%)

#### Appendix 3b Systemic Therapy Review Paclitaxel and Carboplatin

	Standard Dose:	High Dose: 74		
	60 Gy	Gy	Cetuximab	No Cetuximab
	(n=217)	(n=207)	(n=237)	(n=228)
Dose	(n=184)	(n=161)	(n=193)	(n=183)
85-115%	131 (71.2%)	112 (69.6%)	126 (65.3%)	137 (74.9%)
<85%, due to protocol-specified reasons	28 (15.2%)	28 (17.4%)	42 (21.8%)	23 (12.6%)
70 - $< 85\%$ , due to non-protocol-specified reasons	9 (4.9%)	6 (3.7%)	8 (4.1%)	8 (4.4%)
< 70%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	14 (7.6%)	12 (7.5%)	15 (7.8%)	12 (6.6%)
> 115%	2 (1.1%)	3 (1.9%)	2 (1.0%)	3 (1.6%)
Treatment delays	(n=183)	(n=161)	(n=192)	(n=183)
No delays	135 (73.8%)	118 (73.3%)	143 (74.5%)	136 (74.3%)
<= 1 week	23 (12.6%)	23 (14.3%)	23 (12.0%)	22 (12.0%)
> 1 week, due to protocol-specified reasons	16 (8.7%)	15 (9.3%)	19 (9.9%)	18 (9.8%)
> 1 - 2 week delay, due to non-protocol specified reasons	4 (2.2%)	2 (1.2%)	2 (1.0%)	3 (1.6%)
>= 2 weeks, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	5 (2.7%)	3 (1.9%)	5 (2.6%)	4 (2.2%)

#### Appendix 3c Systemic Therapy Review Cetuximab

	Arm C: 60 Gy +	Arm D: 74 Gy +	
	Cetuximab	Cetuximab	Total
	(n=137)	(n=100)	(n=237)
Concurrent			
Overall review	(	(	(-227)
	(n=137)	(n=100)	(n=237)
Per Protocol	131 (95.6%)	90 (90.0%)	221 (93.2%)
Acceptable Variation	2 (1.5%)	3 (3.0%)	5 (2.1%)
Unacceptable Deviation	2 (1.5%)	3 (3.0%)	5 (2.1%)
Not Evaluable	2 (1.5%)	4 (4.0%)	6 (2.5%)
Dose	(n=135)	(n=96)	(n=231)
85-115%	110 (81.5%)	78 (81.3%)	188 (81.4%)
<85%, due to protocol-specified reasons	22 (16.3%)	17 (17.7%)	39 (16.9%)
$70 - \langle 85\% \rangle$ , due to non-protocol-specified reasons	1 (0.7%)	1 (1.0%)	2 (0.9%)
< 70%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	2 (1.5%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.9%)
Treatment delays	(n=135)	(n=96)	(n=231)
No delays	118 (87.4%)	86 (89.6%)	204 (88.3%)
<= 1 week	10 (7.4%)	6 (6.3%)	16 (6.9%)
> 1 week, due to protocol-specified reasons	7 (5.2%)	4 (4.2%)	11 (4.8%)
Consolidation			
Overall review	(n=137)	(n=99)	(n=236)
Per Protocol	107 (78.1%)	73 (73.7%)	180 (76.3%)
Acceptable Variation	5 (3.6%)	4 (4.0%)	9 (3.8%)
Unacceptable Deviation	6 (4.4%)	3 (3.0%)	9 (3.8%)
Not Evaluable	19 (13.9%)	19 (19.2%)	38 (16.1%)
Not Evaluable	17 (15.770)	1) (1).2/0)	50 (10.170)

#### Appendix 3c Systemic Therapy Review Cetuximab

	Arm C: 60 Gy + Arm D: 74 Gy +				
	Cetuximab Cetuximab		Total		
	(n=137)	(n=100)	(n=237)		
Dose	(n=118)	(n=80)	(n=198)		
85-115%	73 (61.9%)	45 (56.3%)	118 (59.6%)		
<85%, due to protocol-specified reasons	38 (32.2%)	30 (37.5%)	68 (34.3%)		
70 - $< 85\%$ , due to non-protocol-specified reasons	2 (1.7%)	2 (2.5%)	4 (2.0%)		
< 70%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	5 (4.2%)	3 (3.8%)	8 (4.0%)		
Treatment delays	(n=118)	(n=80)	(n=198)		
No delays	79 (66.9%)	56 (70.0%)	135 (68.2%)		
<= 1 week	14 (11.9%)	12 (15.0%)	26 (13.1%)		
> 1 week, due to protocol-specified reasons	22 (18.6%)	8 (10.0%)	30 (15.2%)		
> 1 - 2 week delay, due to non-protocol specified reasons	1 (0.8%)	1 (1.3%)	2 (1.0%)		
>= 2 weeks, due to non-protocol-specified reasons	2 (1.7%)	3 (3.8%)	5 (2.5%)		

#### **Appendix 4: Additional Statistical Methods**

- Interim analyses
  - Three interim safety analyses were incorporated using Flemming's method<sup>1</sup> after 20, 40, and 80 evaluable patients per arm were accrued and followed for at least 90 days from the start of treatment. A rate of 40% or greater was considered too excessive with a maximum significance level of 0.05.
  - Three interim efficacy analyses of each endpoint were planned to be performed at 85, 170, and 255 deaths. At each planned interim analysis, the 1-sided p-value from the tests for assessing treatment efficacy and futility with respect to overall survival were compared to nominal significance levels. Haybittle-Peto boundaries were used for efficacy<sup>2,3</sup> and Freidlin-Korn methodologies<sup>4</sup> were used for the alternative hypothesis.
- Endpoints were defined as follows:
  - Overall survival
    - An event was death due to any cause.
    - Corresponding outcome time was the time from date of randomization until date of death or last date known alive.
  - Progression-free survival
    - An event was progression of disease or death due to any cause, whichever occurred first.
      - Corresponding outcome time was time from date of randomization until date of progression, date of death, or in the absence of progression and death, the last date known alive.
  - Local failure
    - An event was local failure.
    - Death without local failure was considered as a competing risk.
    - Corresponding outcome time was the time from date of randomization until date of local failure, or in the absence of local failure, the date of death or last date known alive.
  - o Distant metastasis
    - An event was development of distant metastasis.
    - Death without development of distant metastasis was considered as a competing risk.
    - Corresponding outcome time was the time from date of randomization until date of distant failure, or in the absence of distant failure, the date of death or last date known alive.
- Endpoints of toxicity and outcome, including local failure and cause of death determinations, were based on institutional reporting, without central review monitoring.
- Follow-up evaluations were to be performed every 3 months for the first year, every 4 months for year 2, every 6 months for years 3-5, then annually. Routine follow-up evaluations included assessment of vital signs, Zubrod performance status, and any adverse events. CT scans were to be done every 6 months for the first two years, and then annually. Pulmonary functioning was evaluated at 6 months and then 1 year following completion of therapy.
  - 1. O'Brien PC, Fleming TR. A multiple testing procedure for clinical trials. *Biometrics* 1979;35:549-556.
  - 2. Haybittle JL. Repeated assessments of results in clinical trials of cancer treatment. *Brit J Radiol* 1971;44(526):793-797.
  - 3. Peto R, Pike MC, Armitage P, et al. Design and analysis of randomized clinical trials requiring prolonged observation of each patient. *British Journal of Cancer* 1976;34:585-612.
  - 4. Freidlin B., Korn EL. A comment on futility monitoring. Controlled Clinical Trials 2002;23:355-66.

By Arm						
	Arm A: 60 Gy (n=151)	Arm B: 74 Gy (n=107)	Arm C: 60 Gy + Cetuximab (n=137)	Arm D: 74 Gy + Cetuximab (n=100)		
GTV volume (cc)	(n=105)	(n=78)	(n=98)	(n=75)		
Mean	123.1	117.8	117.5	135.5		
Median	92.8	117.8	92.9	75.3		
Min - Max	5.9 - 552.8	13.2 - 492.9	4.6 - 485.9	8.6 - 735.8		
Q1 - Q3	41.7 - 170.8	55.3 - 151.3	51.4 - 151.8	39.1 - 177.6		
ITV volume (cc)	(n=53)	(n=36)	(n=53)	(n=34)		
Mean	153.3	136.4	153.9	141.3		
Median	98.1	108.0	92.7	92.2		
Min - Max	41.9 - 1192.4	23.8 - 634.2	4.9 - 960.6	12.9 - 537.7		
Q1 - Q3	69.6 - 166.2	82.3 - 166.9	51.7 - 207.5	60.0 - 185.0		
PTV volume (cc)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=96)		
Mean	535.4	510.1	491.5	509.6		
Median	481.2	477.5	432.1	429.0		
Min - Max	138.5 - 2232.3	100.6 - 1836.4	99.0 - 1851.2	164.2 - 1427.3		
Q1 - Q3	334.5 - 642.1	303.0 - 607.2	302.5 - 598.3	307.0 - 643.8		
Maximum dose to PTV (Gy)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=96)		
Mean	66.45	79.71	66.07	79.66		
Median	66.50	81.70	66.65	81.30		
Min - Max	6.60 - 81.30	42.10 - 88.80	9.70 - 78.90	27.80 - 92.30		
Q1 - Q3	48.20 - 55.60	54.80 - 65.60	47.40 - 55.30	49.95 - 65.95		
Lung V5 (%)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=96)		
Mean	58.3	58.9	57.1	57.1		
Median	57.9	58.3	56.7	57.8		
Min - Max	5.6 - 95.2	16.2 - 97.9	18.8 - 92.1	24.6 - 97.7		
Q1 - Q3	2668.2 - 3965.1	2899.2 - 4281.2	2653.7 - 4029.2	2795.0 - 3744.8		
Lung V20 (%)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=96)		
Mean	28.7	31.1	28.1	30.7		
Median	29.0	32.4	28.4	30.9		
Min - Max	0.0 - 47.6	8.4 - 50.3	0.0 - 71.6	10.9 - 55.5		
Q1 - Q3	24.7 - 34.8	26.9 - 35.7	23.0 - 33.8	25.3 - 35.1		
Mean lung dose (Gy)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=96)		
Mean	16.6	19.0	16.1	18.9		
Median	16.5	19.9	16.5	19.3		
Min - Max	1.9 - 26.5	4.8 - 29.9	3.2 - 43.1	6.8 - 32.2		
Q1 - Q3	14.2 - 19.5	16.7 - 21.3	13.1 - 19.1	16.3 - 22.1		
Heart V5 (%)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=94)		
Mean	50.4	45.3	45.3	46.4		
Median	50.4	38.1	42.2	49.3		
Min - Max	0.0 - 100.0	0.0 - 100.0	0.0 - 100.0	0.0 - 100.0		

#### Appendix 5 Dose Volume Data By Arm

Dose Volume Data By Arm							
	Arm A: 60 Gy (n=151)	Arm B: 74 Gy (n=107)	Arm C: 60 Gy + Cetuximab (n=137)	Arm D: 74 Gy + Cetuximab (n=100)			
Q1 - Q3	23.3 - 77.2	20.7 - 70.1	18.9 - 67.3	20.7 - 66.0			
Heart V30 (%)	(n=143)	(n=105)	(n=130)	(n=94)			
Mean	20.0	21.6	15.8	21.6			
Median	14.3	12.7	11.5	15.8			
Min - Max	0.0 - 94.6	0.0 - 90.7	0.0 - 94.6	0.0 - 85.4			
Q1 - Q3	2.4 - 29.3	4.6 - 35.5	1.9 - 22.8	5.9 - 34.9			
Esophagus V20 (%)	(n=142)	(n=105)	(n=129)	(n=95)			
Mean	44.3	48.9	47.8	48.9			
Median	44.5	48.3	48.6	46.9			
Min - Max	0.0 - 78.9	10.5 - 92.7	0.0 - 80.8	16.4 - 82.5			
Q1 - Q3	35.7 - 56.0	39.2 - 55.6	40.4 - 59.3	40.1 - 55.8			
Esophagus V60 (%)	(n=142)	(n=105)	(n=129)	(n=95)			
Mean	13.8	25.5	16.1	25.2			
Median	11.7	25.4	15.5	24.7			
$\frac{\text{Min - Max}}{\text{Q1 - Q3}}$	0.0 - 65.6	0.0 - 62.7	0.0 - 56.8	0.0 - 55.1			
	1.6 - 22.6	12.2 - 38.4	3.0 - 25.7	17.4 - 35.3			

#### Appendix 5 Dose Volume Data By Arm

Q1=Quartile 1, Q3=Quartile 3

#### Appendix 6 RT Endpoint: Multivariate Cox Model of Overall Survival (n=407)

Covariate	Comparison	Dead/Total RL	Dead/Total Group 2	HR (95% CI)	p-value*
<b>N</b> 11 1 <b>1</b>	-	101/200	•		-
Radiation Level	Standard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose	121/208	136/199	1.34 (1.04, 1.73)	0.0213
Maximum related	Maximum grade $< 3$ (RL) vs.	210/349	47/58	1.54 (1.11, 2.15)	0.0102
esophagitis/dysphagia	Maximum grade $\geq 3$				
grade	C				
Volume of PTV	Continuous	257/407		1.000 (1.000, 1.001)	0.0729
Heart V5	Continuous	257/407		1.007 (1.002, 1.011)	0.0035
Zubrod PS	0 (RL) vs. 1	151/240	106/167	1.14 (0.89, 1.47)	0.3045
PET Staging	No (RL) vs. Yes	30/39	227/368	0.77 (0.52, 1.13)	0.1766
Gender	Male (RL) vs. Female	153/240	104/167	0.97 (0.74, 1.26)	0.7975
Histology	Non-squamous (RL) vs. Squamous	146/228	111/179	1.01 (0.78, 1.31)	0.9380
Smoking History	Non-smoker/former light smoker	39/60			
	(RL) vs.				
	Former heavy/current smoker vs.	206/328		1.14 (0.80, 1.63)	0.4617
	Unknown	12/19		1.44 (0.74, 2.80)	0.2776

RL = reference level, HR = hazard ratio, CI = confidence interval

\*Two-sided log-rank p-value

17 patients are missing dose-volume and/or smoking history information and are excluded from this model

Appendix 7
Cetuximab Endpoint: Multivariate Cox Model of Overall Survival
( <b>n</b> =442)

		Dead/Total		
Comparison	RL	Group 2	HR (95% CI)	p-value*
Standard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose	144/258	125/184	1.31 (1.02, 1.67)	0.0325
Cetuximab (RL) vs. No Cetuximab	134/224	135/218	1.05 (0.82, 1.34)	0.7013
Maximum grade < 3 (RL) vs.	219/378	50/64	1.50 (1.09, 2.07)	0.0128
Maximum grade $\geq 3$				
Continuous	269/442		1.000 (1.000, 1.001)	0.1563
Continuous	269/442		1.006 (1.001, 1.010)	0.0086
0 (RL) vs. 1	155/251	114/191	1.09 (0.86, 1.40)	0.4699
No (RL) vs. Yes	29/40	240/402	0.76 (0.51, 1.12)	0.1684
Male (RL) vs. Female	166/264	103/178	0.92 (0.71, 1.19)	0.5067
Non-squamous (RL) vs. Squamous	148/247	121/195	1.07 (0.84, 1.38)	0.5804
Non-smoker/former light smoker	37/63			
(RL) vs.				
Former heavy/current smoker vs.	215/356		1.20 (0.84, 1.72)	0.3213
Unknown	17/23		2.28 (1.26, 4.12)	0.0064
	Cetuximab (RL) vs. No Cetuximab Maximum grade $< 3$ (RL) vs. Maximum grade $\geq 3$ Continuous O (RL) vs. 1 No (RL) vs. Yes Male (RL) vs. Female Non-squamous (RL) vs. Squamous Non-smoker/former light smoker (RL) vs. Former heavy/current smoker vs.	ComparisonRLStandard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose $144/258$ Cetuximab (RL) vs. No Cetuximab $134/224$ Maximum grade < 3 (RL) vs.	ComparisonRLGroup 2Standard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose $144/258$ $125/184$ Cetuximab (RL) vs. No Cetuximab $134/224$ $135/218$ Maximum grade < 3 (RL) vs.	ComparisonRLGroup 2HR (95% CI)Standard Dose (RL) vs. High Dose $144/258$ $125/184$ $1.31 (1.02, 1.67)$ Cetuximab (RL) vs. No Cetuximab $134/224$ $135/218$ $1.05 (0.82, 1.34)$ Maximum grade < 3 (RL) vs.

 $\overline{RL}$  = reference level, HR = hazard ratio, CI = confidence interval

\*Two-sided log-rank p-value

23 patients are missing dose-volume and/or smoking history information and are excluded from this model

	Physician RT Rev	view: Per Protocol	90% of PTV Covered	l by ≥95% of RX Dose
Overall Survival	60 Gy (RL)	74 Gy	60 Gy (RL)	74 Gy
Dead/Total	103/180	102/153	117/201	121/181
1 Year (95% CI)	81.0% (74.5, 86.1)	73.6% (65.8, 79.9)	80.9% (74.8, 85.8)	72.2% (65.0, 78.1)
2 Year (95% CI)	58.4% (50.8, 65.2)	45.5% (37.3, 53.2)	58.6% (51.3, 65.1)	44.9% (37.4, 52.0)
Median (months) (95% CI)	28.8 (24.1, 40.4)	20.4 (18.0, 25.9)	28.7 (24.2, 39.5)	20.6 (18.0, 25.9)
HR (95% CI)	1.40 (1.0	06, 1.84)	1.40 (1.	08, 1.81)
p-value (log-rank, two-sided)	0.0	178	0.0	099
Local Failure	60 Gy (RL)	74 Gy	60 Gy (RL)	74 Gy
Fail/Total	66/180	64/153	72/201	75/181
1 Year (95% CI)	16.2% (11.2, 22.0)	25.7% (19.1, 32.9)	16.1% (11.3, 21.5)	24.5% (18.5, 31.0)
2 Year (95% CI)	30.4% (23.7, 37.2)	39.0% (31.2, 46.8)	30.4% (24.1, 36.9)	39.2% (32.0, 46.3)
HR (95% CI)	1.25 (0.8	39, 1.76)	1.26 (0.	92, 1.74)
p-value (Gray, two-sided)	0.1	902	0.1	482
HR=hazard ratio, RL=referent leve	el, CI=confidence interva	ıl		

Covariate	Comparison	HR (95% CI)	p-value*
Radiation therapy (RT) dose	60 Gy (RL) vs 74 Gy	1.52 (1.10, 2.12)	0.0122
Cetuximab	No cetuximab (RL) vs. Cetuximab	1.07 (0.76, 1.52)	0.6971
Interaction	RT dose/Cetuximab interaction	0.81 (0.50, 1.32)	0.3984
HR=hazard ratio, RL=referent level,	CI=confidence interval		
*log-rank test, two-sided			

### Appendix 9: Interaction of RT Dose and Cetuximab on Overall Survival

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	-				n B: 74 (n=107) Grade	)		Ar		) $Gy + (n=137)$ Grade	·	nab	Arı		4 Gy + (n=100 Grade	/	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	0	3	4	0	0	3	4	3	1	0	7	6	3	2	0	5	3	5	1	0
Allergic rhinitis	1	0	0	0	0	1	-+	0	0	0	1	0	0	$\overset{2}{0}$	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hypersensitivity	0	3	4	0	0	2	3	3	1	0	6	6	3	2	0	5	3	5	1	0
AUDITORY/EAR	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ear disorder	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hearing loss	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tinnitus	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLOOD/BONE MARROW	12	23	50	28	0	14	23	23	24	0	5	20	36	37	0	4	11	35	27	0
Blood disorder	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
CD4 lymphocytes decreased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haptoglobin decreased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hemoglobin decreased	46	31	10	2	0	23	32	6	2	0	30	28	13	0	0	22	23	6	1	0
Hemolysis	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Leukopenia	17	22	37	5	0	9	19	28	5	0	10	19	27	15	0	3	14	29	8	0
Lymphopenia	1	9	20	12	0	1	4	16	6	0	0	4	18	11	0	2	2	12	2	0
Neutrophil count decreased	7	18	20	16	0	8	14	14	14	0	6	13	26	30	0	2	11	24	22	0
Platelet count decreased	37	10	8	2	0	24	12	4	4	0	27	11	8	3	0	20	8	10	6	0
CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	3	2	0	0	0	1	7	4	1	0	3	3	4	0	0	1	6	2	1	0
Arrhythmia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Arrhythmia supraventricular	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atrial fibrillation	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Atrial flutter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Atrial tachycardia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Palpitations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Premature ventricular contractions	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sinus arrhythmia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade					m B: 74 (n=107) Grade	)		Ar		) Gy + ( (n=137) Grade		nab	Ar		4 Gy + (n=100 Grade	/	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sinus tachycardia	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0
Supraventricular tachycardia	0	0	Õ	Ő	Ő	Ő	0	1	ů 0	Õ	0	0	Õ	Õ	Ő	0	1	0	1	Ő
Syncope vasovagal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Õ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ventricular tachycardia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
CARDIAC GENERAL	5	5	6	3	0	2	2	3	0	0	4	11	6	0	0	3	8	3	0	0
Cardiac disorder	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Cardiopulmonary arrest	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hypertension	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hypotension	5	2	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	5	8	5	0	0	2	6	3	0	0
Myocardial ischemia	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pericardial effusion	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Pericarditis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COAGULATION	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coagulopathy	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INR increased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thrombotic microangiopathy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	54	55	15	2	0	32	41	13	2	0	27	57	25	1	0	22	41	27	0	0
Chills	7	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0
Fatigue	49	47	13	1	0	30	38	8	1	0	26	50	18	1	0	26	35	21	0	0
Fever	6	3	2	1	0	12	1	1	1	0	20	3	4	0	0	17	4	2	0	0
General symptom	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Insomnia	10	5	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	5	0	3	0	0	8	4	0	0	0
Sweating	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Weight loss	34	16	0	0	0	22	18	5	0	0	35	22	3	0	0	22	23	8	0	0
DEATH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Disease progression	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	-				n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar		Gy + G (n=137) Grade		nab	Ar		4  Gy + 9 (n=100) Grade		nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sudden death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	54	37	2	0	0	32	27	4	0	0	35	68	22	0	0	21	52	17	0	0
Acne	7	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	47	49	12	0	0	20	39	9	0	0
Alopecia	26	19	0	0	0	16	16	0	0	0	19	9	0	0	0	21	10	0	0	0
Bruising	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Decubitus ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dermatitis radiation	32	9	1	0	0	21	13	2	0	0	25	16	2	0	0	26	10	3	0	0
Dry skin	13	4	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	34	16	2	0	0	27	11	0	0	0
Erythema multiforme	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Fat atrophy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Flushing	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hand-and-foot syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Injection site reaction	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nail disorder	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	3	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0
Photosensitivity	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pruritus	18	2	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	35	11	2	0	0	17	6	0	0	0
Radiation recall reaction	12	4	0	0	0	9	6	4	0	0	14	18	1	0	0	8	7	4	0	0
(dermatologic)																				
Rash desquamating	6	3	1	0	0	8	3	0	0	0	20	16	5	0	0	15	13	4	0	0
Skin disorder	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
Skin hyperpigmentation	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Skin hypopigmentation	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skin ulceration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Telangiectasia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Thermal burn	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Urticaria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ENDOCRINE	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Glucose intolerance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot flashes	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	)				n B: 74 (n=107) Grade	-		Arı		) Gy + ( (n=137) Grade		nab	Ar		4 Gy + 9 (n=100) Grade		nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Hypothyroidism	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GASTROINTESTINAL	44	54	29	1	0	19	42	27	0	1	24	63	28	3	0	19	35	37	4	1
Abdominal distension	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Acquired tracheo-esophageal	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fistula																				
Anorexia	16	16	7	0	0	13	12	6	0	0	23	19	7	1	0	17	20	10	0	1
Appendicitis perforated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Colitis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Colonic fistula	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Constipation	29	7	0	0	0	14	5	1	0	0	30	8	2	0	0	19	11	2	0	0
Dehydration	6	5	12	0	0	0	5	7	0	0	2	19	16	2	0	0	9	15	1	0
Diarrhea	19	2	4	0	0	11	1	1	0	0	26	6	3	0	0	12	8	8	0	0
Dry mouth	5	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Duodenal ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Dyspepsia	13	6	0	0	0	8	4	1	0	0	19	9	1	0	0	13	7	1	0	0
Dysphagia	31	35	4	0	0	14	25	11	0	0	35	29	5	0	0	24	20	13	1	0
Ear, nose and throat examination	4	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
abnormal																				
Endoscopy small intestine abnormal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Esophageal mucositis	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Esophageal perforation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Esophageal stenosis	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	0
Esophageal ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Esophagitis	23	36	11	0	0	12	31	16	0	0	10	41	8	1	0	10	25	19	0	1
Esophagoscopy abnormal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Flatulence	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gastic fistula	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gastric mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gastric ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	)				n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar	m C: 60	Gy + (n=137) Grade	)	nab	An		4 Gy + (n=100 Grade	/	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Gastritis	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Gastro-intestinal fistula	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gastrointestinal disorder	2	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Laryngoscopy abnormal	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mucositis oral	11	2	0	0	0	7	1	1	0	0	16	10	1	0	0	11	6	0	0	0
Nausea	48	12	8	0	0	34	8	3	0	0	33	21	6	0	0	26	13	9	0	0
Periodontal disease	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Pharyngeal examination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
abnormal																				
Pharyngeal mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Salivary gland disorder	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Taste alteration	8	2	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	15	2	0	0	0	8	5	0	0	0
Tooth disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vomiting	17	7	4	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	15	15	3	0	0	7	10	7	0	0
HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDING	15	1	1	0	0	8	0	2	1	0	15	0	1	1	1	14	0	0	0	1
Bronchial hemorrhage	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Bronchopulmonary hemorrhage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Gastric hemorrhage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage nasal	8	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	0
Lower gastrointestinal	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
hemorrhage																				
Petechiae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pharyngeal hemorrhage	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pulmonary hemorrhage	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	1
Respiratory tract hemorrhage	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
HEPATOBILIARY/PANCREAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hepatic failure	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	)				m B: 74 (n=107) Grade	-		Ar		Gy + G (n=137) Grade	)	nab	An		4 Gy + 9 (n=100 Grade	)	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
INFECTION	1	13	15	1	0	1	9	10	1	0	1	8	16	3	1	0	7	9	2	1
Bronchitis [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronchitis [with unknown ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Catheter related infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Catheter related infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Device related infection [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Endocarditis infective [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Endocarditis infective [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Esophageal infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Febrile neutropenia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	5	3	1	0	0	2	1	0
Gingival infection [with Grade 3- 4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Gingival infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Infection [other]	1	1	0	0	0	1	6	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Infectious colitis [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Laryngitis [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mucosal infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Mucosal infection [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151 Grade	)				n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar		) Gy + ( (n=137) Grade	)	nab	Ar		4 Gy + 9 (n=100) Grade		nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Nail infection [with normal or	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grade 1-2 ANC]																				
Opportunistic infection	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Penile infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Peritoneal infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pharyngitis [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Phlebitis infective [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pleural infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pneumonia [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pneumonia [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	4	8	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	0
Pneumonia [with unknown ANC]	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	1	2	0	1
Sepsis [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sepsis [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Sepsis [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sinusitis [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sinusitis [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skin infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Soft tissue infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade	-				m B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar		G(n=137) Grade	)	nab	Ar		4 Gy + 9 (n=100 Grade	)	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Upper aerodigestive tract infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Upper respiratory infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Upper respiratory infection [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Urinary tract infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Urinary tract infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Urinary tract infection [with unknown ANC]	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wound infection [with Grade 3-4 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Wound infection [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wound infection [with unknown ANC]	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LYMPHATICS	7	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Edema limbs	6	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Localized edema [head and neck]	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lymphatic disorder	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
METABOLIC/LABORATORY	37	16	14	3	0	22	7	15	4	0	34	23	28	4	0	28	18	19	1	0
Alanine aminotransferase increased	13	0	1	0	0	7	2	1	1	0	10	0	1	0	0	12	3	0	0	0
Alkaline phosphatase increased Amylase increased	5 0	1 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	7 0	2 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10 1	0 1	1 0	0 0	0 0	10 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151 Grade					n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Arı	m C: 60	Gy +	)	nab	Arı		4 Gy + (n=100 Grade	)	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Aspartate aminotransferase	6	3	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	12	3	0	0	0
increased																				
Blood bicarbonate decreased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Creatinine increased	6	1	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Gamma-glutamyltransferase	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
increased																				
Hemoglobinuria	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hyperbilirubinemia	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Hypercalcemia	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hyperglycemia	11	10	7	0	0	6	5	3	1	0	11	7	5	0	0	7	7	1	0	0
Hyperkalemia	7	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Hypermagnesemia	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hypernatremia	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Hypertriglyceridemia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hyperuricemia	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hypoalbuminemia	11	11	0	0	0	6	9	1	0	0	15	14	0	0	0	12	12	3	0	0
Hypocalcemia	16	6	0	0	0	8	6	0	1	0	21	7	0	1	0	10	4	0	0	0
Hypoglycemia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hypokalemia	12	0	4	1	0	8	0	6	0	0	28	0	8	1	0	14	0	9	1	0
Hypomagnesemia	15	1	0	0	0	11	1	0	1	0	39	20	7	2	0	33	12	5	0	0
Hyponatremia	20	0	5	1	0	14	0	8	0	0	22	0	8	0	0	19	1	5	0	0
Hypophosphatemia	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Laboratory test abnormal	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Proteinuria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUSCULOSKELETAL/SOFT TISSUE	9	6	2	0	0	4	3	2	0	0	5	4	3	0	0	4	7	3	0	0
Arthritis	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fibrosis deep connective tissue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fracture	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Joint disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade					n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar		Gy + G (n=137) Grade		mab	Ar		Grade	Cetuxir )	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Muscle weakness	4	3	2	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	2	5	3	0	0
Muscle weakness lower limb	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Muscle weakness right-sided	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Muscle weakness trunk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Muscle weakness upper limb	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Musculoskeletal disorder	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Osteoporosis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Superficial soft tissue fibrosis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEUROLOGY	41	25	5	0	0	30	12	4	0	0	22	22	11	1	0	24	16	5	1	0
Agitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anxiety	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Ataxia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cognitive disturbance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Confusion	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Depressed level of consciousness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Depression	4	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Dizziness	11	4	2	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	13	3	0	0	0	4	2	0	1	0
Leukoencephalopathy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Memory impairment	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Neurological disorder NOS	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Peripheral motor neuropathy	4	5	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
Peripheral sensory neuropathy	37	15	2	0	0	27	9	3	0	0	23	19	5	0	0	23	11	5	0	0
Speech disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syncope	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Tremor	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
OCULAR/VISUAL	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0
Conjunctival disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Diplopia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dry eye syndrome	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category			n A: 60 (n=151) Grade					n B: 74 (n=107 Grade	)		Ar		) Gy + ( (n=137) Grade		nab	Arı		Grade	,	nab
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Eye disorder	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Flashing vision	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Vision blurred	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Watering eyes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAIN	26	33	10	0	0	22	23	8	0	0	27	30	10	0	0	22	22	5	0	0
Abdominal pain	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	1	2	1	0	0
Back pain	1	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Bone pain	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Breast pain	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buttock pain	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cardiac pain	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Chest pain	4	9	4	0	0	4	4	3	0	0	4	4	2	0	0	5	3	0	0	0
Chest wall pain	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	0
Esophageal pain	3	4	2	0	0	4	10	4	0	0	4	6	1	0	0	5	4	2	0	0
Gastrointestinal pain	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Headache	10	2	1	0	0	5	2	1	0	0	12	6	1	0	0	9	6	1	0	0
Joint pain	12	5	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0
Laryngeal pain	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lip pain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Myalgia	8	5	2	0	0	7	4	1	0	0	4	4	1	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
Neck pain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Neuralgia	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Oral pain	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pain [NOS]	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
Pain [other]	4	2	1	0	0	3	4	1	0	0	5	1	2	0	0	6	1	1	0	0
Pain in extremity	5	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Pain of skin	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Pericardial pain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Pharyngolaryngeal pain	5	5	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	3	2	3	0	0	4	1	1	0	0
Sinus pain	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Category	Arm A: 60 Gy (n=151) Grade					Arm B: 74 Gy (n=107) Grade				Arm C: 60 Gy + Cetuximab (n=137) Grade				Arm D: 74 Gy + Cetuximab (n=100) Grade				nab		
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	33	32	24	4	1	33	21	16	1	2	33	23	25	3	2	17	23	16	4	0
Adult respiratory distress syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Atelectasis	2	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Bronchial fistula	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Bronchial obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Bronchospasm	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Carbon monoxide diffusing capacity decreased	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Cough	35	19	6	0	0	30	8	5	0	0	36	10	2	0	0	19	13	6	0	0
Dyspnea	29	15	17	3	0	25	11	8	0	0	22	17	9	2	1	17	14	10	0	0
Forced expiratory volume	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
decreased																				
Hiccough	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Нурохіа	0	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0
Laryngeal edema	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pleural effusion	6	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	3	1	1	0	0
Pneumonitis	7	16	6	1	1	4	10	2	1	0	2	8	10	0	1	1	11	5	1	0
Pneumothorax	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pulmonary fibrosis	11	3	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	7	2	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	0
Respiratory disorder	1	0	3	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	0	2	3	1	1	1	0	0	3	0
Tracheal fistula	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Voice alteration	7	4	1	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0
RENAL/GENITOURINARY	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0
Cystitis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Renal failure	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Urinary frequency	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Urinary retention	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

			n A: 60 (n=151)	)				m B: 74 (n=107	)		Ar		O Gy + Q (n=137)	)	nab	Ar		4  Gy + 9 (n=100)		nab
Category			Grade					Grade					Grade					Grade		
Term	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Urogenital disorder	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Erectile dysfunction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Irregular menstruation	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Libido decreased	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYNDROMES	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Cytokine release syndrome	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flu-like symptoms	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ill-defined disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
VASCULAR	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	2	1	4	1
Phlebitis superficial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thrombosis	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	4	1
Vascular access complication	Õ	1	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Õ	1	Õ	0	0
Vascular disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
PENDING CLARIFICATION OF TERM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

Includes adverse events where relationship to protocol treatment is missing.

Adverse events were graded with CTCAE version 3.0.

## Appendix 11: Grade 5 Adverse Events

Assigned			Relationship	Days from Start of	Days from End of
Treatment	Category	Term	to Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
Arm A: 60 Gy	<sup>2</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Dyspnea	Unlikely	130	46
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Death	Unlikely	172	89
	<sup>3</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Pneumonitis	Possibly	176	91
	<sup>3</sup> Hemorrhage/bleeding	Pulmonary hemorrhage	Unrelated	114	28
Arm B: 74 Gy	<sup>2</sup> Vascular	Thrombosis	Unlikely	103	33
	<sup>2</sup> Infection	Pneumonia [with unknown ANC]	Unrelated	627	508
	<sup>1</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Respiratory disorder	Probably	775	677
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Disease progression	Unlikely	62	7
	<sup>1</sup> Vascular	Thrombosis	Unrelated	88	33
	<sup>1</sup> Gastrointestinal	Acquired tracheo-esophageal fistula	Definitely	710	612
	<sup>1</sup> Infection	Pneumonia [with normal or Grade 1-2 ANC]	Unlikely	83	40
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Sudden death	Unlikely	105	7
	<sup>1</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Respiratory disorder	Possibly	115	10
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Disease progression	Possibly	216	158
Arm C: 60 Gy + Cetuximab	<sup>1</sup> Death	Sudden death	Possibly	109	11
	<sup>1</sup> Hemorrhage/bleeding	Pulmonary hemorrhage	Unlikely	30	1
	<sup>1</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Pneumonitis	Probably	159	54
	<sup>1</sup> Vascular	Thrombosis	Probably	120	15
	<sup>1</sup> Cardiac general	Myocardial ischemia	Unlikely	98	0
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Sudden death	Unrelated	54	4
	<sup>1</sup> Death	Death	Unrelated	65	12
	<sup>3</sup> Hemorrhage/bleeding	Respiratory tract hemorrhage	Probably	67	4
	<sup>3</sup> Infection	Febrile neutropenia	Definitely	85	7
	<sup>3</sup> Pulmonary/upper respiratory	Respiratory disorder	Probably	65	15
Arm D: 74 Gy + Cetuximab	<sup>1</sup> Vascular	Thrombosis	Probably	95	43
	<sup>1</sup> Cardiac arrhythmia	Supraventricular tachycardia	Unlikely	204	85
	<sup>1</sup> Hemorrhage/bleeding	Esophageal hemorrhage	Unrelated	680	568
	<sup>1</sup> Infection	Sepsis [with normal or Grade 1- 2 ANC]	Unlikely	438	326
	<sup>1</sup> Infection	Pneumonia [with unknown ANC]	Probably	131	19
	<sup>1</sup> Cardiac general	Cardiac disorder	Unrelated	415	303
	<sup>1</sup> Vascular	Thrombosis	Unlikely	14	1
	<sup>1</sup> Hemorrhage/bleeding	Pulmonary hemorrhage	Possibly	56	1
	<sup>1</sup> Gastrointestinal	Esophagitis	Probably	193	116
	<sup>1</sup> Death*	Death	Unrelated		

<sup>1</sup>Included in both RT and cetuximab endpoint analyses <sup>2</sup>Included in only RT endpoint analysis <sup>3</sup>Included in only cetuximab endpoint analysis \*Patient received no protocol treatment

Participatir	ig Institutions	
Institution	Principal Investigator	Accrual to RTOG 0617
University of Texas Southwestern Medical School	Nedzi, Lucien Alexander	18
The Regional Cancer Center	Figura, Andrew T.	16
Christiana Care Health Services, Inc. CCOP	Raben, Adam	15
St. Joseph Mercy Hospital	Narayan, Samir	14
The Ottawa Hospital Regional Cancer Centre	Morgan, Scott Carlyle	12
Washington University	Michalski, Jeff M.	12
Kansas City CCOP	Gaur, Rakesh	11
Northeast Radiation Oncology Center	Peters, Christopher Albert	9
Princess Margaret Hospital	Sun, Alexander Y.	9
Emory University	Beitler, Jonathan J.	8
SUNY Upstate Medical University	Bogart, Jeffrey Alan	8
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Suh, John H.	7
Penrose Cancer Center, Penrose-St. Francis Health Services	Peddada, Anuj V.	7
UCSD – University of California, San Diego	Mell, Loren K.	7
Cancer Care Manitoba Foundation	Leylek, Ahmet	6
Geisinger Medical Center CCOP	Gergel, Thomas James	6
Greenville Health System Cancer Institute-Eastside	Giguere, Jeffrey	6
Northern Indiana Cancer Research Consortium CCOP	Tran, Binh Nguyen	6
Radiological Associates of Sacramento	Jones, Christopher U.	6
Stanford University Medical Center	Le, Quynh-Thu Xuan	6
University of California San Francisco	Roach, Mack	6
University of Texas-MD Anderson Cancer Center	Komaki, Ritsuko R.	6
CON – Cancer Center of Putnam	Johnson, Douglas W.	5
Mayo Clinic in Arizona	Wong, William Wailing	5
McGill University	Souhami, Luis	5
Memorial Sloan Kettering of Rockville Center	Gewanter, Richard M	5
Mount Sinai Comprehensive Cancer Center CCOP	Berk, Lawrence B.	5
St. Lukes Hospital	Deb, Nimisha	5
St. Mary Mercy Hospital	Narayan, Samir	5
The Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia	Showalter, Timothy Norman	5
Thomas Jefferson University Hospital	Werner-Wasik, Maria	5
University of California Davis Medical Center	Valicenti, Richard K.	5
Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center	Urbanic, James John	5
Abington Memorial Hospital	Pinover, Wayne H.	4
Albert Einstein Medical Center	Zeitzer, Kenneth Lee	4
Altru Cancer Center	Seeger, Grant	4
	•	4
Billings Clinic Cancer Center	Schallenkamp, John M.	4
Flower Hospital	Mowat, Rex	
Lankenau Hospital	DeNittis, Albert S.	4
Mayo Clinic Scottsdale	Schild, Steven	4
Northern Rockies Radiation Oncology Center	Schallenkamp, John	4
Ochsner Clinic CCOP	Scroggins, Troy Gene	4
Presbyterian Hospital	Roof, Kevin	4
Reading Hospital	Yuen, Albert	4
St. Vincent Regional Cancer Center CCOP	Leenstra, James L.	4
Tom Baker Cancer Centre	Balogh, Alexander G.	4
USON-Raleigh Hematology Oncology Associates	Reilly, John Francis	4

Participating Institutions								
Accrual to RTOG 0617								
4								
4								
4								
4								
4								
4								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
3								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								
2								

Participating Institutions								
Institution	Principal Investigator	Accrual to RTOG 0617						
Missouri Baptist Medical Center	Lyss, Alan	2						
Piedmont Hospital	Nowlan, Adam Wayne	2						
Renown Regional Medical Center	Hardacre, Michael Chandler	2						
Saint Elizabeth Regional Medical Center	Yiee, Kevin	2						
Saint Francis Medical Center	Le-Lindqwister, Nguyet Anh	2						
Siteman Cancer Center/Barnes Jewish St. Peters Hospital	Hall-Daniels, Lannis Elese	2						
St. Agnes Healthcare	Hudes, Richard S.	2						
JSON-Fort Worth	Sorgen, Stephen D.	2						
University of Chicago	Chmura, Steven J.	2						
University of Colorado Denver	Rabinovitch, Rachel Abrams	2						
Jniversity of Kansas Cancer Center-North	Kumar, Parvesh	2						
Jniversity of Maryland Medical Systems	Suntharalingam, Mohan	2						
Warren Cancer Research Foundation-Oklahoma CCO		2						
Wellmont Holston Valley Medical Center	Shipstone, Asheesh	2						
Adena Regional Medical Center	Becker, Mark J.	1						
Allegheny General Hospital	Parda, David S.							
Atlanta VA Medical Center		1						
	Edelman, Scott							
Aultman Hospital	Olson, Laird E.	1						
Bay Medical Center	Murshed, Hasan	1						
Broward General Medical Center	Lieberfarb, Marshal Evan	1						
Center for Cancer Care @ Goshen Health System	Wheeler, James A.	1						
Champlain Valley Physicians Hospital Medical Center		1						
Community Cancer Center	Le-Lindqwister, Nguyet A.	1						
Concord Hospital Payson Center for Cancer Care	Metcalfe, Su K.	1						
D.N. Greenwald	Clapper, Wingate F.	1						
Door County Cancer Center	Leenstra, James	1						
Evanston Hospital Corp	Hensing, Thomas A.	1						
Fairview Ridges Hospital	Sperduto, Paul W.	1						
Fox Chase Cancer Center	Galloway, Thomas J.	1						
Geisinger Wyoming Valley Medical Center	Gergel, Thomas James	1						
Genesys Regional Medical Center	Kim, Haesook Song	1						
Harold Alfond Center for Cancer Care	Hertler, Andrew	1						
Hillcrest Hospital Cancer Center	Suh, John H.	1						
CON – Baptist Medical Center South	Johnson, Douglas	1						
CON – Flagler Cancer Center	Johnson, Douglas W.	1						
CON – Southside Cancer Center	Johnson, Douglas W.	1						
ndiana University Health Methodist Hospital	Johnstone, Peter A.S.	1						
owa Methodist Medical Center	Behrens, Robert J.	1						
ames Graham Brown Cancer Ctr at University of Louisville	Woo, Shiao Y.	1						
oe Arrington Cancer Research & Treatment Center	Anderson, Paul J.	1						
ohn H. Stroger, Jr. Hospital of Cook County MBCCOP	Thakrar, Harish V.	1						
Kaiser Permanente Northern California-Oakland	Lampenfeld, Myles E.	1						
Kaiser Permanente Northern California-Rohnert Park	Parthasarathy, Anand	1						
		-						
Kaiser Permanente Northern California-Roseville	Peng, Bihai	1						

Participati	ng Institutions	
Institution	Principal Investigator	Accrual to RTOG 0617
Lancaster General Hospital	Singapuri, Kishor	1
Mary Bird Perkins Cancer Center	Lo, Kenneth K.	1
Mayo Clinic Health System Eau Claire Hospital, Inc.	Past, Larry Robert	1
Medical University of South Carolina	Jenrette, Joseph M.	1
Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center	Lee, Nancy Y.	1
Mercy Cancer Center at St. Ann	Mowat, Rex B.	1
Meritcare Hospital	Steen, Preston	1
Nevada Cancer Research Foundation CCOP	Meoz, Raul T.	1
Northwestern Ontario Regional Cancer Centre	Gulavita, Sunil Premial Pushpakumar	1
Penn State University and The Milton S. Hershey Medical Ctr	Wagner, Henry	1
Pocono Cancer Center	Greenberg, Michael J.	1
Poudre Valley Hospital Radiation Oncology	Petit, Joshua Henry	1
Regions Radiation Therapy	Sperduto, Paul W.	1
Riverside Methodist Hospital	Becker, Mark J.	1
Rochester Methodist Hospital	Oliver, Kenneth	1
Roseville Radiation Oncology Center	Jones, Christopher	1
Sacred Heart Hospital	Krentel, Rod G.	1
Sanford Cancer Center	Tschetter, Loren K.	1
St Luke's-Roosevelt Hospital Center	Chadha, Manjeet	1
St. Charles Mercy Hospital	Mowat, Rex B.	1
		1
St. Francis Hospital/Stormont-Vail Hospital	Petrik, Edwin Leo	
St. Johns Hospital & Medical Center St. Luke's Mountain States Tumor Institute (MSTI) Γwin Falls	Narayan, Samir Smith, Charles E.	1 1
St. Mary's Hospital Medical Center	Leenstra, James	1
St. Mary's Regional Medical Center	Tay, Jonathan S.	1
Swedish Medical Center	Tenny, Claire	1
Thedacare Cancer Institute	Ray, Michael Edward	1
JMDNJ-New Jersey Medical School	Motwani, Sabin B.	1
JSON- Texas Oncology Longview Cancer Center	Taylor, Bernard W.	1
USON- Texas Oncology Dongview Cancer Center USON- Texas Oncology Odessa	Kaczor, Joseph	
USON- Texas Oncology Odessa USON- Texas Oncology-Denton	Morton, Jeffery Douglas	1 1
	Kavadi, Vivek S.	
JSON- Texas Oncology-Sugar Land		1
JSON-Williamette Valley Cancer Center	Wendland, Merideth Michele Murphy	1
University of Cincinnati	Redmond, Kevin Patrick	1
Jniversity of Florida Health Science Center	Nichols, Romaine Charles	1
Jniversity of Kansas Cancer Center - Southwest	Kumar, Parvesh	1
Jniversity of Kansas Cancer Center-South	Kumar, Parvesh	1
Jniversity of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center	Herman, Terence S.	1
University of Pennsylvania Medical Center	Freedman, Gary Mitchel	1
University of Texas at San Antonio	Eng, Tony Yuen Lung	1
University of Vermont	Wallace, Harold James	1
Utah Valley Regional Medical Center	Blair, Tarlton Jay	1
Washington Cancer Institute	Randolph-Jackson, Pamela D.	1
Waukesha Memorial Hospital	Clapper, Wingate F.	1
Wayne State University-Karmanos Cancer Institute	Kim, Harold E.	1

Institution	Principal Investigator	Accrual to RTOG 0617
Wentworth-Douglass Hospital	Becht, James D	1
Wheaton Franciscan Cancer Care-All Saints	Taylor, James H.	1

#### **Appendix 13 – Permitted Dose Modifications**

#### • Radiation Therapy

- Interruptions in treatment were permitted for
  - Grade 4 dysphagia, odynophagia, or esophagitis
  - Grade 4 hematologic toxicities resulting in chemotherapy delays/modifications
  - Decline in Zubrod performance status to 2, 3, or 4

#### • Systemic Therapy

Dose Levels of Paclitaxel, Carboplatin, and Cetuximab								
	Starting Dose	Dose Level -1	Dose Level -2					
Concurrent The	erapy <sup>a</sup>							
Paclitaxel	$45 \text{ mg/m}^2$	NA	NA					
Carboplatin	AUC=2	NA	NA					
<b>Consolidation</b> T	<b>`herapy</b> <sup>b</sup>							
Paclitaxel	$200 \text{ mg/m}^2$	$150 \text{ mg/m}^2$	NA					
Carboplatin	AUC=6	AUC=4.5	NA					
Cetuximab Dose	e Levels (post loading o	lose)						
Cetuximab	$250 \text{ mg/m}^2$	$200 \text{ mg/m}^2$	150 mg/m <sup>2</sup>					
<sup>a</sup> Een concument	thereases needitorial and	carbonlatin dosas wara n	at to be adjusted					

<sup>a</sup> For concurrent therapy, paclitaxel and carboplatin doses were not to be adjusted. <sup>b</sup> For consolidation therapy, dose reductions of paclitaxel and carboplatin below the

For consolidation therapy, dose reductions of paclitaxel and carboplatin below the -1 dose level were not allowed. Dose reductions for cetuximab were not allowed below the -2 dose level.

#### • Cetuximab

- If cetuximab was omitted for more than 4 consecutive infusions, then cetuximab was to be discontinued.
- Dose modifications
  - Infusion reactions
    - Grade 1 to 2: Permanent reduction by 50% in the infusion rate.
    - o Grade 3 or 4: Permanently discontinue cetuximab
  - Isolated drug fever
    - Initially reduce infusion rate by 50%
    - o If persistent, permanently reduce infusion rate by 50%
  - Dermatologic Toxicity

Cetuximab l	Cetuximab Dose Modification Guidelines for Dermatologic Toxicity								
Grade 3 Acneform Rash	Cetuximab	Outcome	Cetuximab Dose Mod						
1 <sup>st</sup> occurrence	Delay infusion 1-2 wks	Improvement	Continue at 250 mg/m <sup>2</sup>						
		No improvement	Discontinue cetuximab						
2 <sup>nd</sup> occurrence	Delay infusion 1-2 wks	Improvement	Reduce *Dose Level -1						
		No improvement	Discontinue cetuximab						

3 <sup>rd</sup> occurrent	ce Dela 1-2 v	y infusion vks	Improvement	Reduce *Dose Level -2
			No improvement	Discontinue cetuximab
4 <sup>th</sup> occurrent		ontinue ximab		

#### Paclitaxel/Carboplatin 0

•

#### **Concurrent Therapy**

- If paclitaxel or carboplatin was held for more than 2 weeks, then the applicable • drug would be held permanently for the duration of concurrent therapy
- Renal toxicity •
  - 0 Carboplatin doses were to be recalculated when serum creatinine increased by 10%.
  - Hematologic Toxicity

Toxicity	Paclitaxel Dose	Carboplatin Dose at
NCI CTCAE Grade	At Start of Subsequent	Start of Subsequent
(CTCAE v3.0)	Cycles of Therapy <sup>a</sup>	Cycles of Therapy <sup>a</sup>
Neutropenia		
1 (1500-1999/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level
2 (1000-1499/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level
3 (500-999/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
$4 (< 500/mm^3)$	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
Neutropenic fever	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
Thrombocytopenia		
$1 (< LLN-75,000/mm^3)$	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level
2 (50,000- 74,999/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
3 (25,000- 49,999/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
$4 \ (< 25,000 / \text{mm}^3)$	Hold therapy	Hold therapy
Other Hematologic	There will be no dose mo	difications for changes
toxicities	in leukopenia or lymphop	penia.

<sup>a</sup>Dose levels were relative to the starting dose in the previous cycle. For concurrent therapy, paclitaxel and carboplatin doses were not to be adjusted.

Non-Hematologic Toxicity •

Worst Toxicity	Paclitaxel Dose	Carboplatin Dose
NCI CTCAE Grade	At Start of Subsequent	At Start of Subsequent
(CTCAE v3.0) <sup>a</sup>	Cycles of Therapy <sup>a</sup>	Cycles of Therapy <sup>b</sup>
Nail changes		
(paronychia)		
Grade 2	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level
Neuropathy		
≤ Grade 1	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level
Grade 2	Hold therapy until Grade	Maintain dose level
	$\leq$ 1; restart at full dose <sup>e</sup>	
Grade 3	Discontinue therapy	Maintain dose level
Other non-hematologic		
toxicities <sup>c</sup>		
≥ Grade 3	Hold treatment until	Hold treatment until
	≤ Grade 2	≤ Grade 2

- a. For  $\leq$  CTCAE Grade 2 non-hematologic toxicity not described above, excluding neuropathy, maintain dose level of all study. For neuropathy, sites were to follow the guidelines listed above.
- b. Dose levels were relative to the starting dose in the previous cycle. For concurrent therapy, paclitaxel and carboplatin doses were not to be adjusted.
- c. With the exception of allergic/hypersensitivity or cytokine release reaction, acne-like rash (rash/desquamation), anorexia, and viral infections.

#### Consolidation Therapy

- If paclitaxel or carboplatin was held for more than 2 weeks, then the applicable drug would be held permanently for the duration of consolidation therapy
- Renal toxicity
  - Carboplatin doses were to be recalculated when serum creatinine increased by 10%.
- Hematologic toxicity

Toxicity	Paclitaxel Dose	Carboplatin Dose at Start of	
NCI CTCAE Grade	At Start of Subsequent	Subsequent Cycles of	
(CTCAE v3.0)	Cycles of Therapy <sup>a</sup>	<b>Therapy</b> <sup>a</sup>	
Neutropenia			
$1 (1500-1999/\text{mm}^3)$	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level	
$2(1000-1499/\text{mm}^3)$	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	
	level if fully recovered in 1	level if fully recovered in 1	
	week. If not, decrease by 1	week. If not, decrease by 1	
	dose level when $\geq 1,500 \text{ mm}^3$	dose level when $\geq 1,500 \text{ mm}^3$	
3 (500-999/mm <sup>3</sup> )	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	
	level if fully recovered in 1	level if fully recovered in 1	
	week. If not, decrease by 1	week. If not, decrease by 1	
	dose level when $\geq 1,500 \text{ mm}^3$	dose level when $\geq 1,500 \text{ mm}^3$	
$4 \ (< 500 / \text{mm}^3)$	Hold therapy and decrease by	Hold therapy and decrease by	
	1 dose level when $\geq 1,500$	1 dose level when $\geq 1,500$	
	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Neutropenic fever	Hold therapy and decrease by	Hold therapy and decrease by	
	1 dose level when $\geq 1,500$	1 dose level when $\geq 1,500$	
	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Thrombocytopenia			
$1 (\geq 75,000/\text{mm}^3)$	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level	
2 (50,000 - 74,999/	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	
mm <sup>3</sup> )	level if fully recovered in 1	level if fully recovered in 1	
	week. If not, decrease by 1	week. If not, decrease by 1	
	dose level when $\geq 75,000$	dose level when $\geq 75,000$	
	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	
3 (25,000- 49,999/	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	Hold therapy. Maintain dose	
mm <sup>3</sup> )	level if fully recovered in 1	level if fully recovered in 1	
	week. If not, decrease by 1	week. If not, decrease by 1	
	dose level when $\geq$ 75,000	dose level when $\geq 75,000$	
2	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	
4 (< 25,000/mm <sup>3</sup> )		Hold therapy and decrease by	
	1 dose level when $\geq$ 75,000	1 dose level when $\geq$ 75,000	
	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Other Hematologic	There will be no dose modifica	ations for changes in	
toxicities	leukopenia or lymphopenia.		

<sup>a</sup>Dose levels were relative to the worst toxicities in the previous cycle. For consolidation therapy, dose reductions of paclitaxel and carboplatin below the -1 dose level were not allowed.

• Non-hematologic toxicity

Worst Toxicity	Paclitaxel Dose	Carboplatin Dose	
NCI CTCAE Grade	At Start of Subsequent	At Start of Subsequent	
(CTCAE v3.0) <sup>a, c</sup>	<b>Cycles of Therapy</b> <sup>b</sup>	<b>Cycles of Therapy</b> <sup>b</sup>	
Nail changes			
(paronychia)			
Grade 2	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level	
Neuropathy			
≤ Grade 1	Maintain dose level	Maintain dose level	
Grade 2	Hold therapy until Grade $\leq$	Maintain dose level	
	1; restart at full dose		
Grade 3	Discontinue therapy	Maintain dose level	
Other non-hematologic			
toxicities			
Grade 3	Hold treatment until $\leq$	Hold treatment until ≤	
	Grade 2	Grade 2	

a. For ≤ CTCAE Grade 2 non-hematologic toxicity not described above, excluding neuropathy, maintain dose level of all study drugs. For neuropathy, sites were to follow the guidelines above.

- b. Dose levels were relative to the worst toxicities in the previous cycle.
- c. With the exception of allergic/hypersensitivity reaction, acne-like rash (rash/desquamation), anorexia, and viral infections. When a chemotherapy dose reduction was required during consolidation, re-escalation of the chemotherapy dose was not allowed for subsequent doses during that specific course.