



## CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial\*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
<b>Title and abstract</b>			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	<u>Title</u>
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	<u>Abstract</u>
<b>Introduction</b>			
Background and objectives	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	<u>Intro</u>
	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	<u>Intro</u>
<b>Methods</b>			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	<u>Methods</u>
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	<u>NA</u>
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	<u>Methods</u>
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	<u>Methods</u>
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	<u>Methods</u>
	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	<u>Methods</u>
Sample size	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	<u>NA</u>
	7a	How sample size was determined	<u>Methods</u>
Randomisation:	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	<u>NA</u>
	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	<u>Methods</u>
Sequence generation	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	<u>methods</u>
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	<u>Methods</u>
	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	<u>Methods</u>
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those	<u>NA</u>

	assessing outcomes) and how	
11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	NA
12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	Methods
12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	NA
<b>Results</b>		
13a	Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)	Fig 1
13b	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	Fig 1 Results
14a	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	Methods
14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	NA
14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	Results
15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	Results
16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	Results
17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	Results
17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	NA
18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	NA
19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	NA
<b>Discussion</b>		
20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	Discussion
21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Discussion
22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	Discussion
<b>Other information</b>		
23	Registration number and name of trial registry	Abstract
24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	Supporting S1
25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	

\*We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see [www.consort-statement.org](http://www.consort-statement.org).