# S2 Data. Characteristics of responders in ARV users (per protocol cohort: n = 61)

Responders were defined as those participants with a change in pain score (between baseline and week six of intervention) of two or more points on the 11-point NRS when administered amitriptyline compared to when they were admnistered placebo.

Number of responders = 26 (42%)

#### Dose of amitriptyline

Median (IQR) dose in mg

Non-responder 50 (25 - 50) Responder 50 (25 - 75)

Wilcoxon rank sum test: Dose by Responder W = 369, p-value = 0.18

#### Order of interventions

(AP: Amitriptyline then Placebo, PA: Placebo then Amitriptyline)

Order
AP PA
Non-responder 17 18
Responder 12 14

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Order p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 1.1 (0.35 to 3.44)

#### Age

Mean (SD) age in years

Non-responder 41.0 (7.51) Responder 42.9 (7.28)

Welch Two Sample t-test: Age by Responder t = -1.00, df = 53, p-value = 0.32

#### Sex

Female
No Yes
Non-responder 9 26
Responder 7 19

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Female p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.9 (0.26 to 3.55)

#### **CD4 T-cell count**

Median (IQR) CD4 T-cell count

Non-responder 195 (125 to 260) Responder 247 (123 to 321)

Wilcoxon rank sum test: CD4 by Responder

W = 371; p-value = 0.41

# Ever used stavudine (D4T: stavudine)

D4T ever No Yes Non-responder 11 24 Responder 6 20

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and D4T ever p-value = 0.596; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 1.5 (0.42 to 5.94)

#### **Employment**

Employed No Yes
Non-responder 1 34
Responder 0 26

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Employed p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95%CI) = inf (0.02 to inf)

#### **Education**

(≥ 9 years of education)

Education ≥ 9 years

No Yes Non-responder 8 24 Responder 12 14

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Education ≥ 9 years p-value = 0.106; Odds ratio (95%CI) = 0.4 (0.11 to 1.35)

#### Symptoms: burning

Burning
No Yes
Non-responder 6 29
Responder 6 20

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Burning p-value = 0.75; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.7 (0.16 to 3.01)

#### Symptoms: painful cold

Painful cold
No Yes
Non-responder 2 33
Responder 3 23

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Painful cold p-value = 0.64; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.47 (0.04 to 4.45)

# Symptoms: electric shocks

Electric shocks
No Yes
Non-responder 11 24
Responder 4 22

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Electric shocks p-value = 0.23; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 2.48 (0.62 to 12.30)

#### Symptoms: tingling

Tingling
No Yes
Non-responder 4 31
Responder 1 25

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Tingling p-value = 0.38; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 3.2 (0.29 to 164.96)

#### Symptoms: pins and needles

Pins and needles
No Yes
Non-responder 2 33
Responder 1 25

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Pins and needles p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 1.5 (0.07 to 92.86)

#### Symptoms: numbness

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Numbness} \\ \text{No} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{Non-responder} & 2 & 33 \\ \text{Responder} & 1 & 25 \\ \end{array}$ 

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Numbness p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 1.5 (0.07 to 92.86)

#### Symptoms: itching

No Yes
Non-responder 6 29
Responder 10 16

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Itching p-value = 0.1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.3 (0.08 to 1.25)

## Signs: touch hypoaesthesia

Touch hypoaesthesia

No Yes
Non-responder 33 2
Responder 24 2

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Touch hypoaesthesia p-value = 1; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 1.4 (0.09 to 20.11)

#### Signs: pin-prick hypoaesthesia

Pin.prick.hypoesthesia

No Yes Non-responder 11 24 Responder 15 11

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Pin-prick hypoaesthesia p-value = 0.066; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.3 (0.10 to 1.09)

### Signs: brush allodynia

Brush allodynia

Non-responder 25 10 Responder 20 6

Fisher's Exact Test: Responder and Brush.allodynia p-value = 0.77; Odds ratio (95% CI) = 0.8 (0.19 to 2.77)