Cell, Volume 126 Supplemental Data Tertiary Contacts Distant from the Active Site Prime a Ribozyme for Catalysis Monika Martick and William G. Scott

Additional materials are available at the authors' website:

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Figure S1. Activity of the Full-Length Hammerhead Ribozyme Construct

(A) 14% polyacrylamide gel electrophoretic assay of hammerhead ribozyme substrate cleavage as a function of time. The data shown are for the hammerhead RNA sequence used in the crystallographic experiments (Figure 1C in the main text). Capital S denotes substrate alone, and the zero time point was obtained before addition of magnesium.

(B) Plot of the fraction of substrate cleaved over time. The cleavage assays was performed under conditions similar to those published previously for the *Schistosoma* ribozyme (Canny et al., 2004). At pH 5.6 and in 10mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, the construct used for crystallization cleaves at a rate of about 0.65 min<sup>-1</sup>, which is comparable to that of the wild type sequence (Canny et al., 2004, Supplementary Information). Furthermore, this construct cleaves to about 90 percent completion, or over 1.3 times more completely than what has been observed with the wild-type *Schistosoma* ribozyme sequence (Osborne et al., 2005, Canny et al., 2004).

The single turnover assay conditions were as follows: Cleavage assays were performed in the similar conditions as assayed previously (Canny et al., 2004), except that the all-ribose enzyme was >50 fold in excess of the all-ribose 5'-labeled substrate. The enzyme concentration was 16.5 $\mu$ M. The crystallographic construct assay conditions were 50mM MES pH5.6, 100mM NaCl, 0.1mM EDTA, 10mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>. Prior to adding MgCl<sub>2</sub> the enzyme and substrate (in the assay solution) were heated at 95° for 2 minutes, then allowed to equilibrate at 27° for 5 minutes. At this point a sample was taken out and designated as the zero time point. The reaction was initiated by adding the MgCl<sub>2</sub> and the subsequent time point samples were collected.

Table S1. Br MAD Data Processing Statistics for Doubly Brominated Full-Length Hammerhead Ribozyme Crystals

MAD Data Set:	<b>Peak</b> $\lambda$ :	0.919377 Å	Inflection $\lambda$ :	$0.920070~{ m \AA}$	Remote $\lambda$ :	0.926608 Å
	<u>Overall</u>	Outer Shell	<u>Overall</u>	<u>Outer Shell</u>	<u>Overall</u>	Outer Shell
Low resolution limit (Å)	55.73	2.32	55.81	2.32	55.73	2.32
High resolution limit (Å)	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.041	0.217	0.045	0.241	0.048	0.267
$R_{meas}$ (within I+/I-)	0.055	0.295	0.060	0.325	0.065	0.360
$R_{meas}$ (all I+ & I-)	0.060	0.293	0.061	0.330	0.062	0.355
$R_{pim}$ (within I+/I-)	0.036	0.197	0.040	0.217	0.043	0.240
$\mathbf{R}_{pim}$ (all I+ & I-)	0.029	0.144	0.030	0.162	0.030	0.175
Fractional partial bias	-0.029	-0.123	-0.031	-0.147	-0.042	-0.165
Total number of observations	38654	5732	38974	5742	38131	5677
Total number unique reflections	9625	1410	9692	1418	9611	1415
$Mean((I)/\sigma(I))$	16.9	4.9	16.6	4.5	15.2	4.0
Completeness	99.2	100.0	99.3	99.8	99.2	99.7
Multiplicity	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Anomalous completeness	98.4	98.9	98.3	97.9	97.9	98.1
Anomalous multiplicity	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0
Data rejection cutoff	$0.0 \sigma$	$0.0 \sigma$	$0.0 \sigma$	$0.0 \sigma$	$0.0 \sigma$	$0.0 \sigma$
DelAnom correlation between half-sets	0.193	-0.009	0.082	0.024	-0.135	-0.074
Mid-Slope of Anom Normal Probability	1.186	na	1.105	na	0.934	na

Spacegroup: C2 Cell: a = 49.6Å b = 69.1Å c = 60.1Å  $\alpha$  = 90°  $\beta$  = 112°  $\gamma$  = 90°

## Table S2. MAD Phasing and Refinement Statistics

MAD Phasing: CNS (max. likelihood)			
Resolution limits: 55 - 2.2 Å	centrics	acentrics	all
generalized Cullis R-value	N/A	0.7655	$0.76\overline{55}$
Kraut R-value	0.0079	0.0357	0.0349
std of lack-of-closure	5.5495	5.5785	5.5748
std of lack-of-isomorphism	0.1133	1.2237	1.1973
Figure of Merit	0.4197	0.4029	0.4031
Phasing Power	1.5020	1.2586	1.2647
<b>Refinement:</b> Refmac (max. likelihood)			
Model error:			
Resolution limits (Å)	55.7 - 2.2		
Number of reflections (working set)	8688		
Number of RNA atoms (no hydrogens)	1347		
Number of water molecules	72		
Number of $Mg^{2+}$	0		
Percentage observed	99.08		
Percentage of free reflections	9.716		
Overall R factor	0.191		
Free R factor	0.241		
Overall correlation coefficient	0.957		
Free correlation coefficient	0.935		
Coordinate error based on free R factor (Å)	0.222		
Overall figure of merit	0.810		
Mean Temperature Factor $(Å^2)$	45.49		
Bestraint type	restraints	rmsd	weight $(\sigma)$
$\frac{1}{\text{rmsd bond lengths }}$	<u>1503</u>	0.009	$\frac{\text{weight}(0)}{0.021}$
rmsd bond angles (°)	2331	1 676	3 000
chiral centers $(Å^3)$	312	0.076	0.200
rmsd planar angles (Å)	649	0.017	0.200 0.020
van der Waals repulsions (Å)	572	0.001	0.020 0.200
van der Waals torsions (Å)	912	0.100 0.277	0.200
H-bond restraints (Å)	100	0.161	0.200
crystal packing van der Waals (Å)	44	0.127	0.200
crystal packing H-hond restraints (Å)	тт 0	0.164	0.200
$\sigma$ chain bond $\beta$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	2111	$1\ 204$	3 000
$\sigma$ chain angle $\beta$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	2331	1.628	4.500

Data were processed using MOSFLM and CCP4. The crystal structure was phased to 2.2 Å resolution using Br peak and inflection point data within the crystallographic software suite CNS. Solvent flattening and simulated annealing molecular dynamics were also performed within CNS. Model building was performed in O. The final refinement was carried out using REFMAC and COOT.

## Substrate strand **Enzyme strand** Sequential Canonical Sequential Canonical numbering numbering numbering numbering 5' 5' 5' 5' G-1 G-16.5 GDP-1 GDP-2.10 G-2.9 G-2 G-16.4 G-2 A-3 A-2.8 C-3 C-16.3 G-4 G-16.2 U-4 U-2.7 U-5 U-16.1 G-5 G-B1.1 C-6 C-17 U-6 U-B1.2 C-7 C-1.1 A-7 A-B1.3 U-8 U-1.2 C-8 C-B1.4 G-9 G-1.3 U-9 U-2.6 G-10 G-1.4 A-10 U-2.5 U-11 U-1.5 C-11 C-2.4 A-12 A-1.6 C-12 C-2.3 U-13 U-B1.5 A-13 G-2.2 C-B1.6 G-2.1 C-14 G-14 C-B1.7 C-3 C-15 C-15 U-4 A-B1.8 U-16 A-16 A-17 A-1.7 G-17 G-5 U-1.8 U-18 A-18 A-6 C-1.9 U-7 C-19 U-19 dC-20 dC-1.10 G-8 G-20 3' 3' A-21 A-9 G-22 G-10.1 U-23 U-10.2 C-10.3 **C-24** 5' 3' C-25 C-10.4 C-26 C-L2.1 Stem I A-27 A-L2.2 A-28 A-L2.3 A-29 A-L2.4 U-30 U-L2.5 пю AB A-31 A-L2.6 C<sup>L1</sup>OD-G-32 G-11.4 -0-0-A G G-33 G-11.3 U Stem II G С Stem I G A-34 A-11.2 U G C-35 C-11.1 <sup>11.1</sup> C - G<sup>10.1</sup> <sup>12</sup>G⊲−-A<sup>9</sup> G-36 G-12 13 A-13 A-37 14 A-38 A-14 - 3 16.1 <sub>8</sub>Ġ 15.1 A U₄ A-15.1 A-39 $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{5}}$ **A**<sub>6</sub> U С – G Uridine C-40 C-15.2 Stem III G-C turn G-41 G-15.3 **C** – **G**

## Table S3. Sequential and Canonical Numbering Schemes for the Enzyme and Substrate Strands

The sequential and canonical numbering schemes for the enzyme and substrate strands are provided for convenient translation.

C – G

5'

3'

C-42

C-43

3'

C-15.4

C-15.5

3'