

1 **Supporting Table 1:** Field sites at the Montezuma National Wildlife Refuge, Savannah NY for
2 soil collection.

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Site	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Plant species present in non-invaded area
CC	Carcross	43°04'56.624'' N	76°42'38.241'' W	<i>P. a. americanus,</i> <i>Ph. arundinacea,</i> <i>Eupatorium maculatum,</i> <i>Lythrum salicaria,</i> <i>Spartina pectinata,</i> <i>Typha sp.,</i> <i>Solanum dulcamera,</i> <i>Carex lacustris,</i> <i>Apocynum cannabinum,</i> <i>Vitus riparius</i>
EP	Eagle Point	43°10'16.123'' N	76°47'34.704'' W	
RR	Railroad	43° 3'22.98" N	76°42'37.46" W	
RT	Rt 31	43° 0'58.87" N	76°42'0.19" W	

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6 **Supporting Table 2:** Reported plant host ranges of *Pythium* species isolated from *P. australis*-
 7 invaded and non-invaded soils.

<i>Pythium</i> species	Host range (plant families)	References
<i>Py. adhaerens</i>	Chenopodiaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Fabaceae, Poaceae	(Sparrow 1932)
<i>Py. angustatum</i>	Poaceae	(Sparrow 1932)
<i>Py. aquatile</i>	Brassicaceae, Solanaceae	(Robertson 1973; Uzuhashi <i>et al.</i> 2008)
<i>Py. arrhenomanes</i>	Poaceae	(Vanterpool 1942; Sprague 1950)
<i>Py. attrantheridium</i>	Fabaceae, Poaceae, Rosaceae, Umbelliferae	(Allain-Boule <i>et al.</i> 2004; Packer & Clay 2004; Broders <i>et al.</i> 2007; Reinhart <i>et al.</i> 2010b)
<i>Py. carolinianum</i>	Malvaceae, Proteaceae, Haloragaceae, Rosaceae, Pinaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Amaranthaceae	(Bazan De Segura 1970; Watanabe, Hashimoto & Sato 1977; Bernhardt & Duniway 1984; Watanabe 1988; Abdelzaher & Elnaghy 1998)
<i>Py. chondricola</i>	None known	(Paul 2004)
<i>Py. citrinum</i>	None known	(Nzungize <i>et al.</i> 2011)
<i>Py. conidiophorum</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Py. contiguum</i>	None known	(Raftoyannis & Dick 2006)
<i>Py. deliense</i>	Poaceae, Fabaceae, Solanaceae, Amaranthaceae	(Vestberg 1990; Raftoyannis & Dick 2006)
<i>Py. dissimile</i>	Poaceae, Fabaceae, Solanaceae, Amaranthaceae	
<i>Py. dissotocum</i>	Very broad	(Spencer 2004a)
<i>Py. echinulatum</i>	Poaceae, Rosaceae, Fabaceae	(Watanabe, Hashimoto & Sato 1977; Braun 1995; Higginbotham, Paulitz & Kidwell 2004; Broders <i>et al.</i> 2007)
<i>Py. heterothallicum</i>	Caprifoliaceae, Chenopodiaceae, Fabaceae, Geraniaceae, Poaceae, Rosaceae	(Spencer 2004b)
<i>Py. hypogynum</i>	Poaceae	(Middleton 1941)
<i>Py. inflatum</i>	Poaceae, Fabaceae, Solanaceae	(Robertson 1973; Broders <i>et al.</i> 2007; Van Buyten & Hofte 2013)
<i>Py. intermedium</i>	Rosaceae, Umbelliferae, Brassicaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Onaceae	(Long & Cooke 1969; Stanghellini <i>et al.</i> 1988; Mazzola <i>et al.</i> 2002; Hermansen <i>et al.</i> 2007; Suffert & Guibert 2007)
<i>Py. irregularare</i>	Very broad	(Spencer 2004c; Farr & Rossman 2014)
<i>Py. kashmirensse</i>	None known	
<i>Py. litorale</i>	Cucurbitaceae, Rosaceae	(Tewoldemedhin <i>et al.</i> 2011; Parkunan & Ji 2013)
<i>Py. marsipium</i>	None known	
<i>Py. monospermum</i>	Poaceae, Solanaceae	(Sprague 1950; Robertson 1973)
<i>Py. oopapillum</i>	Very broad	(Bala <i>et al.</i> 2010)
<i>Py. parvum</i>	None known	
<i>Py. perplexum</i>	Myrtaceae	(Mwanza & Kellas 1987)
<i>Py. phragmitis</i>	Poaceae	(Nechwatal, Wielgoss & Mendgen 2005)
<i>Py. pleroticum</i>	Zingiberaceae	(Dohroo, Bhardwaj & Shyam

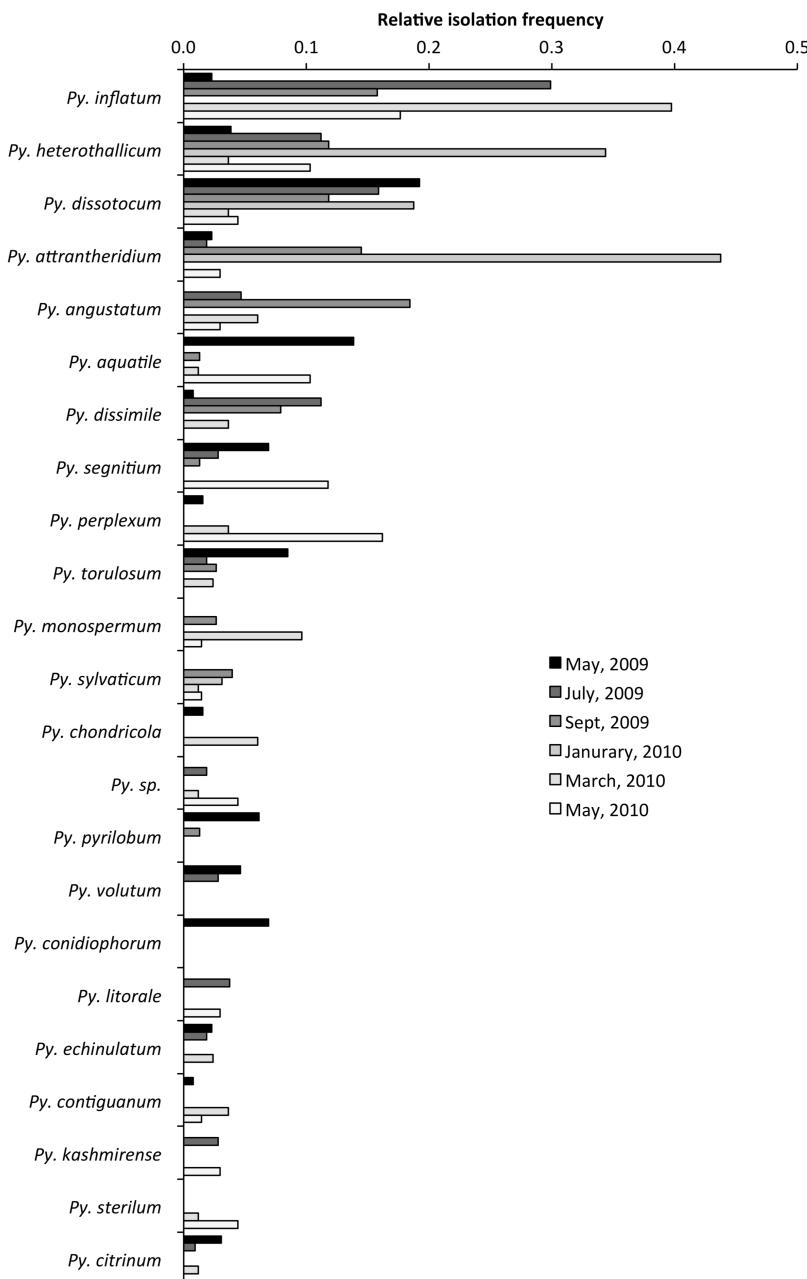
<i>Py. pyriliobum</i>	Poaceae, Myrtaceae, Annonaceae	1987) (Ward & Shipton 1984; Cother & Gilbert 1993; Abad, Shew & Lucas 1994; Linde, Kemp & Wingfield 1994)
<i>Py. radiosum</i>	None known	
<i>Py. rhizo-oryzae</i>	None known	(Bala, Gautam & Paul 2006)
<i>Py. segnitium</i>	None known	
<i>Py. sylvaticum</i>	Very broad	(Spencer 2004d)
<i>Py. torulosum</i>	Very broad	
<i>Py. volutum</i>	Poaceae	(Sprague 1950; Kerns & Tredway 2008)

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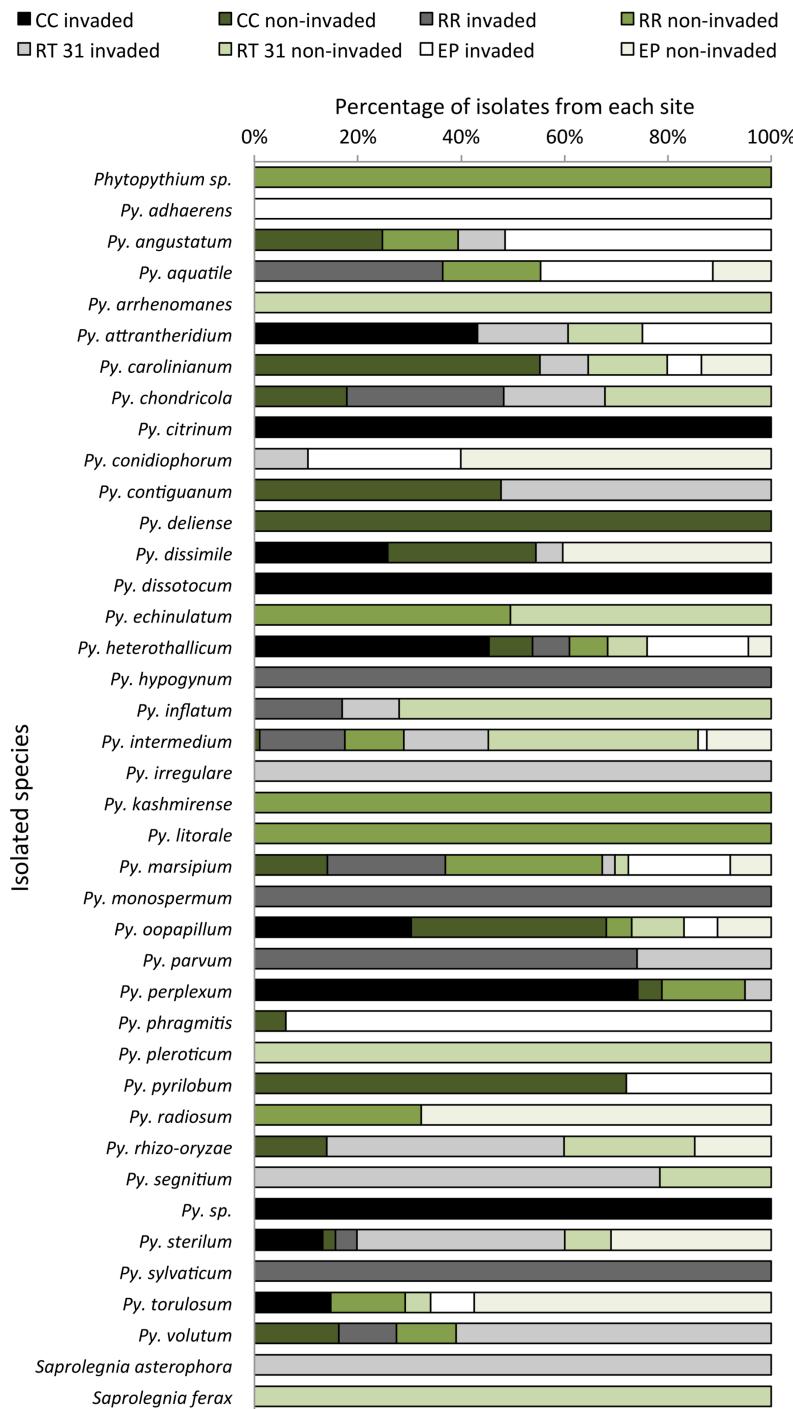
105 **Supporting Figure 1:** Twenty-five most frequently isolated oomycete species recovered from *P.*
106 *australis*-invaded and non-invaded soils at different sampling dates. Isolation frequency reflects
107 the number of isolates of a given species obtained at a particular sampling time relative to the
108 total number of isolates recovered at that sampling time.



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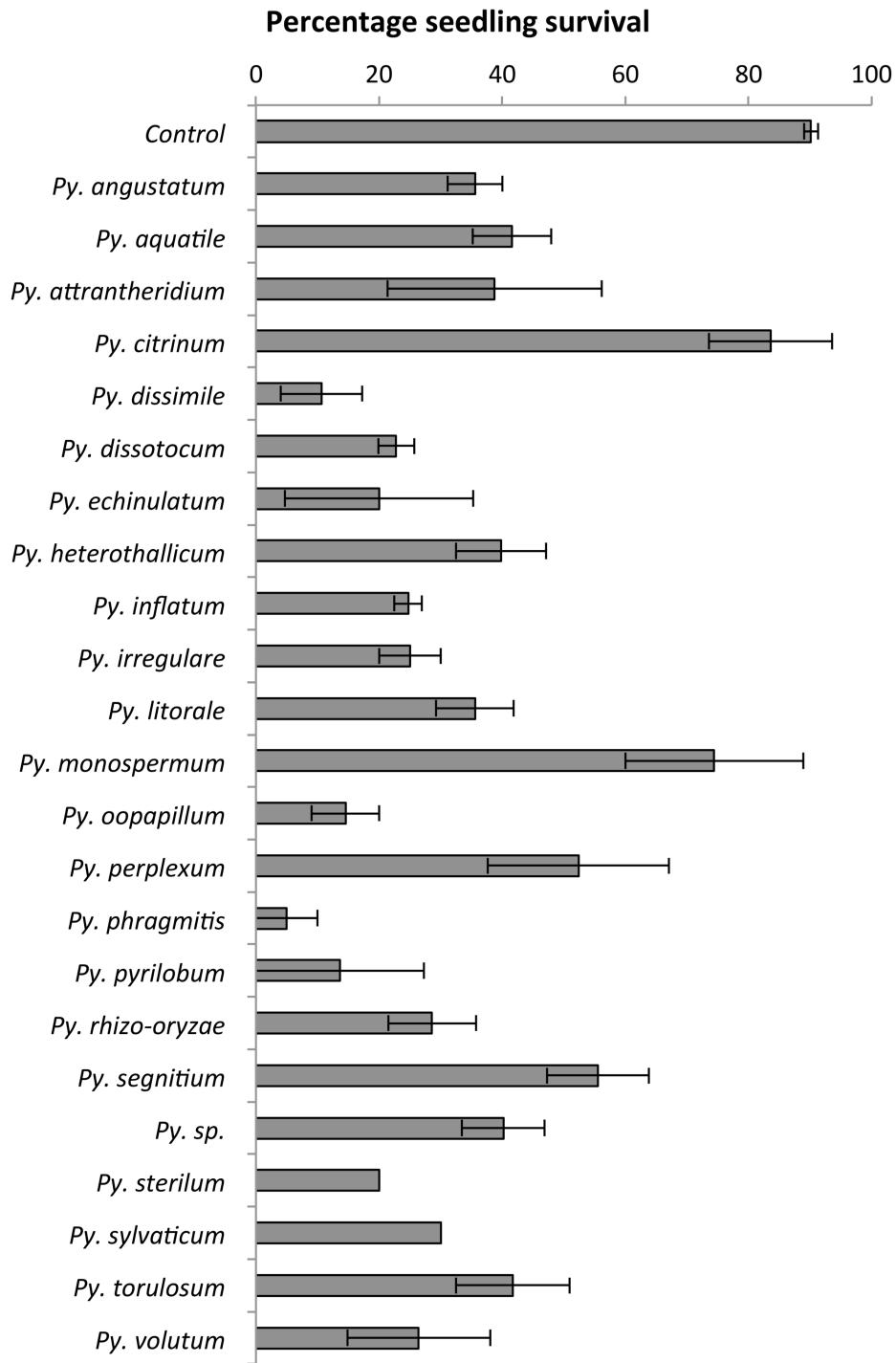
110 **Supporting Figure 2:** Distribution of oomycete species across sampling sites.

111 Isolation frequency reflects the number of isolates of a given species obtained at a
112 particular site relative to the total number of isolates recovered from that site.



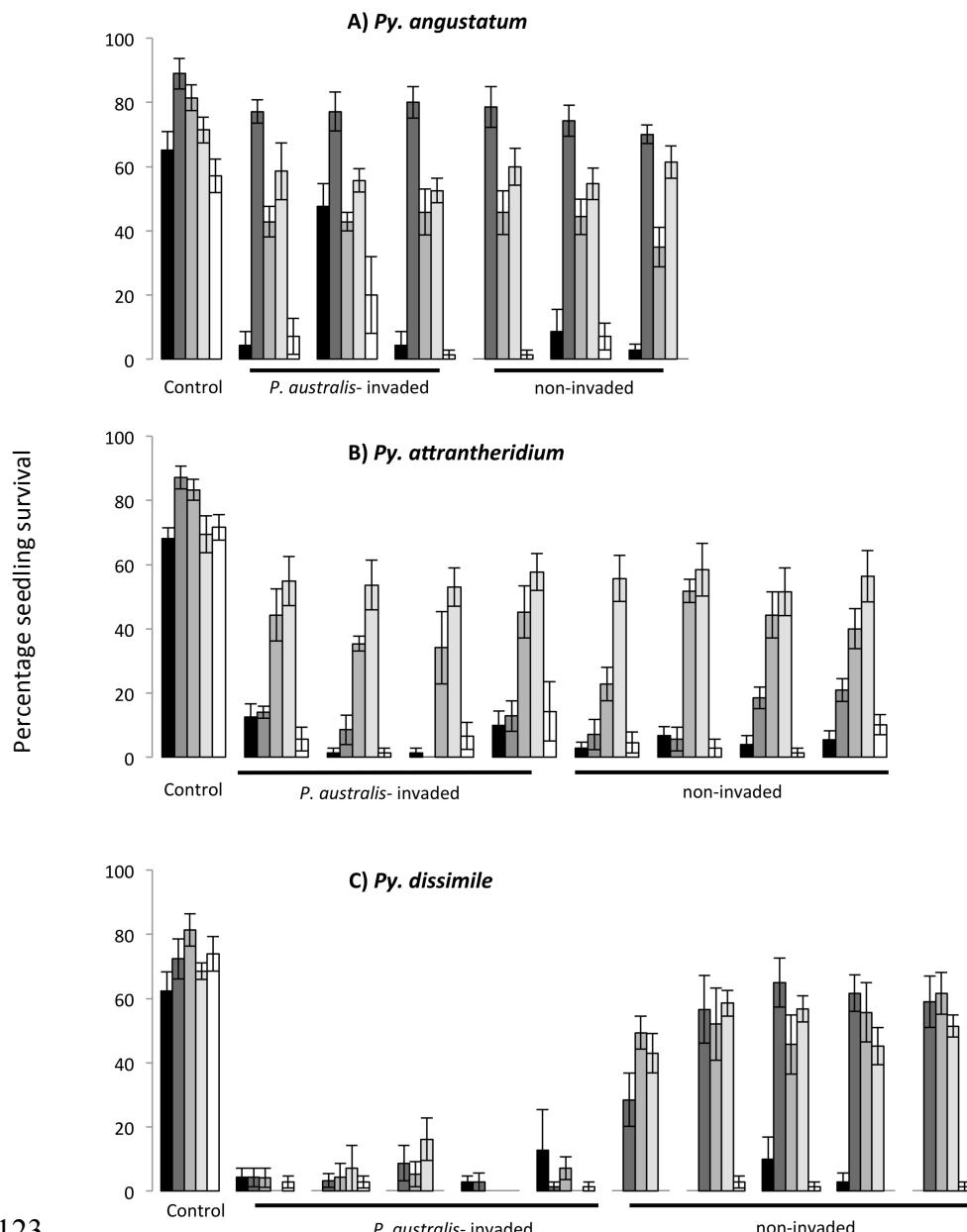
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114 **Supporting Figure 3:** Overall seedling survival following inoculation by a single isolate
115 of a given *Pythium* species. Error bars indicate standard error of seedling survival.

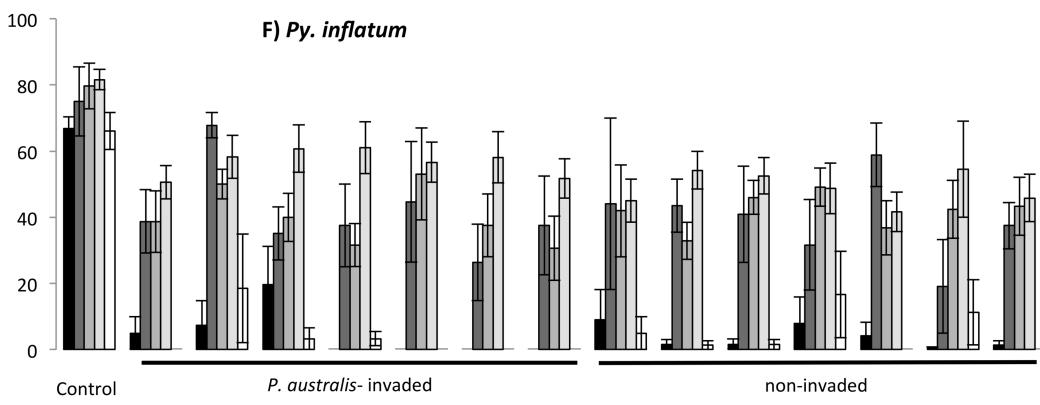
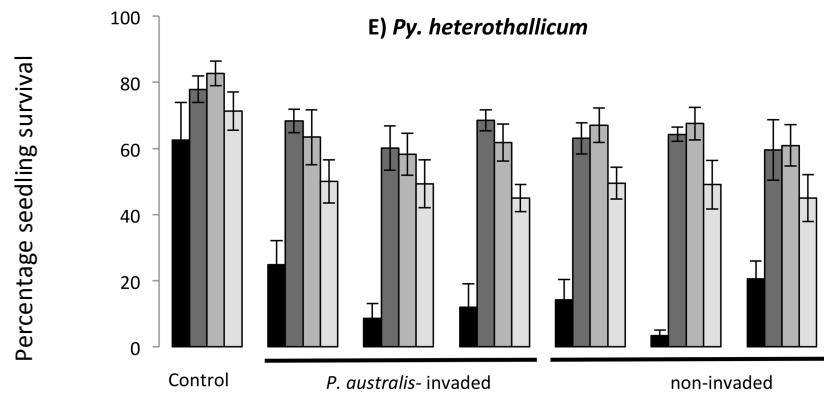
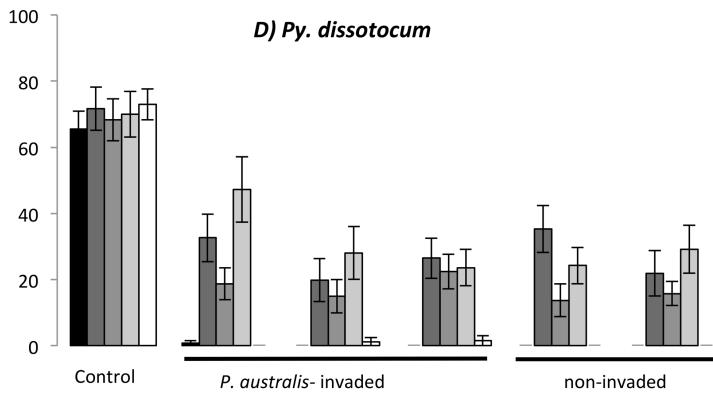


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117 **Supporting Figure 4:** Percent seedling survival of *E. glandulosum* (black bars), *P.*
 118 *australis* (dark grey bars), *P. a. americanus* (medium grey bars), *M. glomerata* (light grey
 119 bars) and *L. salicaria* (white bars) following inoculation with isolates recovered from *P.*
 120 *australis*-invaded and non-invaded soils. *Py. dissimile* (A), *Py. attrantheridium* (B), *Py.*
 121 *angustatum* (C), *Py. heterothallicum* (D), *Py. dissotocum* (E), *Py. inflatum* (F). Error bars
 122 indicate standard errors from the mean of seedling survival.



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125