Clinical and biological significance of *de novo* CD5⁺ diffuse large B-cell lymphoma in western countries

Supplementary Material



Supplemental Figure 1: (**A-B**) CD5 expression was correlated with upregulated *CD5* mRNA levels, in both GCB and ABC subtypes. (**C-D**) CD10 expression in CD5⁺ and CD5⁻ patients. (**E**) CXCR4 expression in CD5⁺ and CD5⁻ DLBCL patients. (**F-I**) The prognostic impact of CD5⁺ was significant in nodal DLBCL but not in extranodal DLBCL. (**J-O**) CD5 expression did not correlate with *REL*, *RELA*, *NFKB1*, *NFKB2*, *RELB*, or *STAT3* mRNA levels. (**I-J**) Bcl-2 overexpression was correlated with decreased SSBP2 mRNA and protein levels in ABC-DLBCL but not in GCB-DLBCL.

Prediction legend

Upregulated in CD5⁺ DLBCL

Predicted activation in CD5⁺ DLBCL

Predicted inhibition in CD5⁺ DLBCL

(1) Increased Levels of Red Blood Cells, Hematological System Development and Function, Hematopoiesis



(4) Gene Expression, Cellular Movement, Nervous System Development and Function



(5) Cellular Development, Cellular Growth and Proliferation, Hematological System Development and Function



(3) Nervous System Development and Function, Tissue Morphology, Neurological Disease



(6) Cancer, Hematological Disease, Immunological Disease





(2) Humoral Immune Response, Protein

Synthesis, Cell Morphology

Predicted Relationships

Leads to activation

Leads to inhibition

Findings inconsistent with state of downstream molecules



Supplemental Figure 3: Associated networks and pathways showing connections for the CD5 signatures in ABC-DLBCL generated by the IPA software (<u>http://www.qiagen.com/ingenuity</u>).