1 **Supporting Information**

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3	Chromosomal integrations into the target genes of the E. coli K12 MG1655 flagellar region 2
4	(motA (motAi), motB (motBi), flhD (flhDi), flhE (flhEi), cheW (cheWi), cheY (cheYi), and
5	cheZ (cheZi)) verified by PCR with flanking primers. Wt (wild type), +i (integrated DNA
6	fragment). HyperLadder 1kb (Bioline) has been used as the molecular weight marker.
7	(TIFF)
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9	S2 Fig. Growth rates of the engineered E. coli strains with integrations in the flagellar
10	region 2.
11	Growth rates (measured as absorbance over time with the microplate reader) of the engineered
12	strains with integrations in the investigated target loci of the flagellar region 2 (motA (motAi),
13	motB (motBi), flhD (flhDi), flhE (flhEi), cheW (cheWi), cheY (cheYi), and cheZ (cheZi))
14	compared to the E. coli K12 MG1655 wild type (wt). Values represent averages and standard
15	errors from three independent replicates. Raw absorbance plate reader data are shown in the
16	S2 Table.
17	
18	S3 Fig. Integrations into the E. coli flagellar region 3b do not negatively impact growth.
19	Microplate reader ((Fluostar Omega) absorbance measurement of the growth of the
20	engineered strains with integrations into the target loci of the E. coli K12 MG1655 flagellar
21	region 3b (fliE (fliEi), fliF (fliFi), fliG (fliGi), fliJ (fliJi), fliK (fliKi), fliL (fliLi), fliM (fliMi),

S1 Fig. Verification of chromosomal integrations into the *E. coli* flagellar region 2.

22 fliP (fliPi), and fliR (fliRi)). The figure shows means and standard errors from three 23 experiments.

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1 S4 Fig. GFP fluorescence measurement of the *E. coli* flagellar region 2 integrations.

2 Figure shows verification of the integration of the genetic circuit Repr-ts-1 into the target loci 3 of the flagellar region 2 (motA (motAi), motB (motBi), flhD (flhDi), flhE (flhEi), cheW 4 (cheWi), cheY (cheYi), and cheZ (cheZi)) by quantification of the GFP fluorescence over time 5 with the Fluostar Omega fluorimeter. Temperature shift to 42 °C (grey dashed line) after 3 hours of growth at 30 °C led to the expression of GFP in the E. coli strains harbouring 6 7 integrations in the target loci. Fluorescence signal saturated the fluorimeter detector (260000) 8 after 5 hours of growth in the control strain without the repressor (wt + GFP). Wt (E. coli K12 9 MG1655 wild type). Values represent averages and standard errors from three independent 10 experiments.

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12 S5 Fig. GFP fluorescence measurement of the *E. coli* flagellar region 3b integrations.

13 Chromosomal integrations of the genetic circuit Repr-ts-1 into the target loci of the E. coli 14 K12 MG1655 flagellar region 3b (fliE (fliEi), fliF (fliFi), fliG (fliGi), fliJ (fliJi), fliK (fliKi), 15 fliL (fliLi), fliM (fliMi), fliP (fliPi), and fliR (fliRi)) were confirmed by measuring GFP 16 fluorescence over time employing microplate reader (Fluostar Omega). The temperature shift 17 from 30 °C to 42 °C (grey dashed line) after 3 hours of growth triggered Repr-ts-1 controlled 18 GFP expression in the engineered strains with the chromosomal integrations in the target loci 19 of the flagellar region 3b. GFP fluorescence was off the chart (260000) after 5 hours of 20 growth in the positive control strain (wt + GFP). Wt (E. coli K12 MG1655 wild type). fliEi, 21 Fi, Gi, Ji, Ki, Li, Mi, Pi, Ri (engineered E. coli K12 MG1655 strains with chromosomal 22 integrations in the analysed genes of the flagellar region 3b harbouring pR promoter 23 controlled GFP-expressing plasmid). wt + GFP (positive control strain harbouring pR 24 promoter controlled GFP-expressing plasmid without the integrated the Repr-ts-1-bourne 25 repressor).

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1 S6 Fig. mCherry fluorescence quantitation of the *E. coli* flagellar region 2 integrations.

2 Figure depicts confirmation of the integration of the genetic circuit into the target sites of the 3 flagellar region 2 (motA (motAi), motB (motBi), flhD (flhDi), flhE (flhEi), cheW (cheWi), 4 cheY (cheYi), and cheZ (cheZi)) by measuring the mCherry fluorescence with the Fluostar 5 Omega fluorimeter. Temperature shift to 42 °C (grey dashed line) after 3 hours of growth at 6 30 °C led to the expression of mCherry in the E. coli with integrations in the target sites. 7 Fluorescence signal saturated the fluorimeter detector after 5 hours of growth in the control 8 strain without the repressor (wt + mCherry). Wt (E. coli K12 MG1655 wild type). Values 9 represent averages and standard errors from three replicates.

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11 S7 Fig. mCherry fluorescence quantitation of the *E. coli* flagellar region 3b integrations.

12 Integrations into the target sites of the E. coli K12 MG1655 flagellar region 3b (fliE (fliEi), 13 fliF (fliFi), fliG (fliGi), fliJ (fliJi), fliK (fliKi), fliL (fliLi), fliM (fliMi), fliP (fliPi), and fliR 14 (fliRi)) were confirmed by measuring mCherry fluorescence over time with the microplate 15 reader (Fluostar Omega). The temperature shift from 30 °C to 42 °C (grey dashed line) after 3 16 hours of growth triggered expression of the red fluorescent protein mCherry in the strains 17 with integrations in the target sites of the flagellar region 3b. mCherry fluorescence was off 18 the chart after 5 hours of growth in the positive control strain (wt + mCherry). Wt (E. coli 19 K12 MG1655 wild type). fliEi, Fi, Gi, Ji, Ki, Li, Mi, Pi, Ri (E. coli K12 MG1655 with 20 integrations in the analysed loci of the flagellar region 3b harbouring plasmid pSB1A1(mCh). 21 wt + mCherry (positive control strain harbouring pSB1A1(mCh) without the integrated Repr-22 ts-1 repressor).

S1 Fig.

Flagellar region 2

	motA	otAi moti		Bi flhDi		che	Yi	cheWi		cheZi		flhEi	
kb	wt ·	+i wt	+i	wt	+i	wt	+i	wt	+i	wt	+i	wt	+i
4	1	1			10		1	-	-	-		1	
3 =	目 4	# 8	-	8	-	80	=	5	-			8	-
1.5	2	12		8	-	12		2		~		-	
0.8	2.	122	- 3	a		8_		=_	. 3	=		=	
04		-	8 3				-				-		
	ALC: 11	100				300.				-		-	

Flagellar region 3b



S2 Fig.



S3 Fig.







S4 Fig.



S5 Fig.



S6 Fig.



S7 Fig.

