

**Supporting Information: AEM-00563-15**

**Wastewater analysis indicates that genetically diverse astroviruses, including strains belonging to novel clades MLB and VA, are circulating within Japanese populations.**

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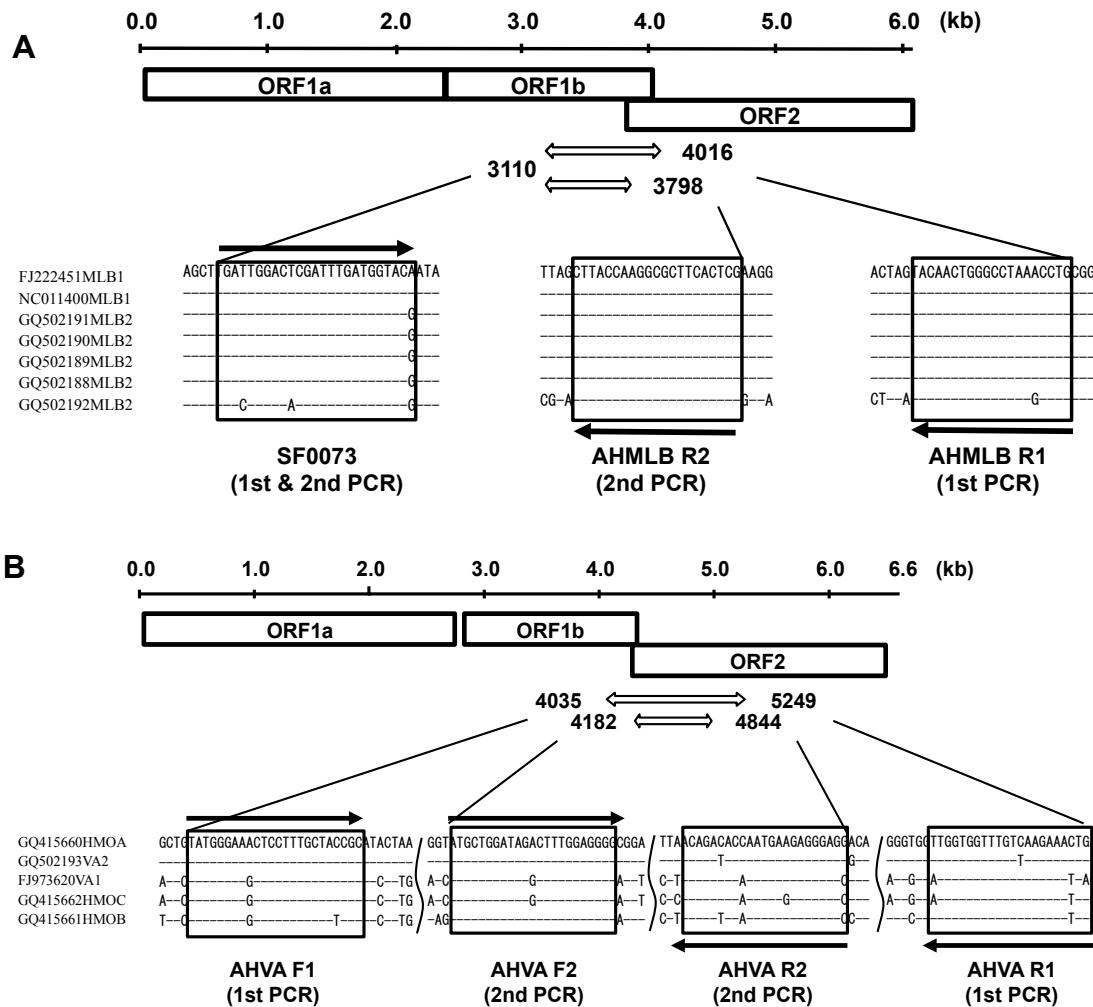
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**Running title:** Detection of astroviruses in wastewater

## SUPPORTING FIGURES



**Fig. S1** Alignment of nucleotide sequences of partial ORF1b–ORF2 junction region of MLB- and VA(HMO)-AstV genotypes (Fig. S1 A and B, respectively). Primer binding sites (SF0073, AHMLB R1, and AHMLB R2 for MLB-AstVs and AHVA F1, AHVA F2, AHVA R1, and AHVA R2 for VA- AstVs) are indicated with arrows. Numbers indicate nucleotide positions corresponding to MLB-AstV-1 and VA-AstV-1 (GenBank accession number: FJ222451 and FJ973620, respectively).

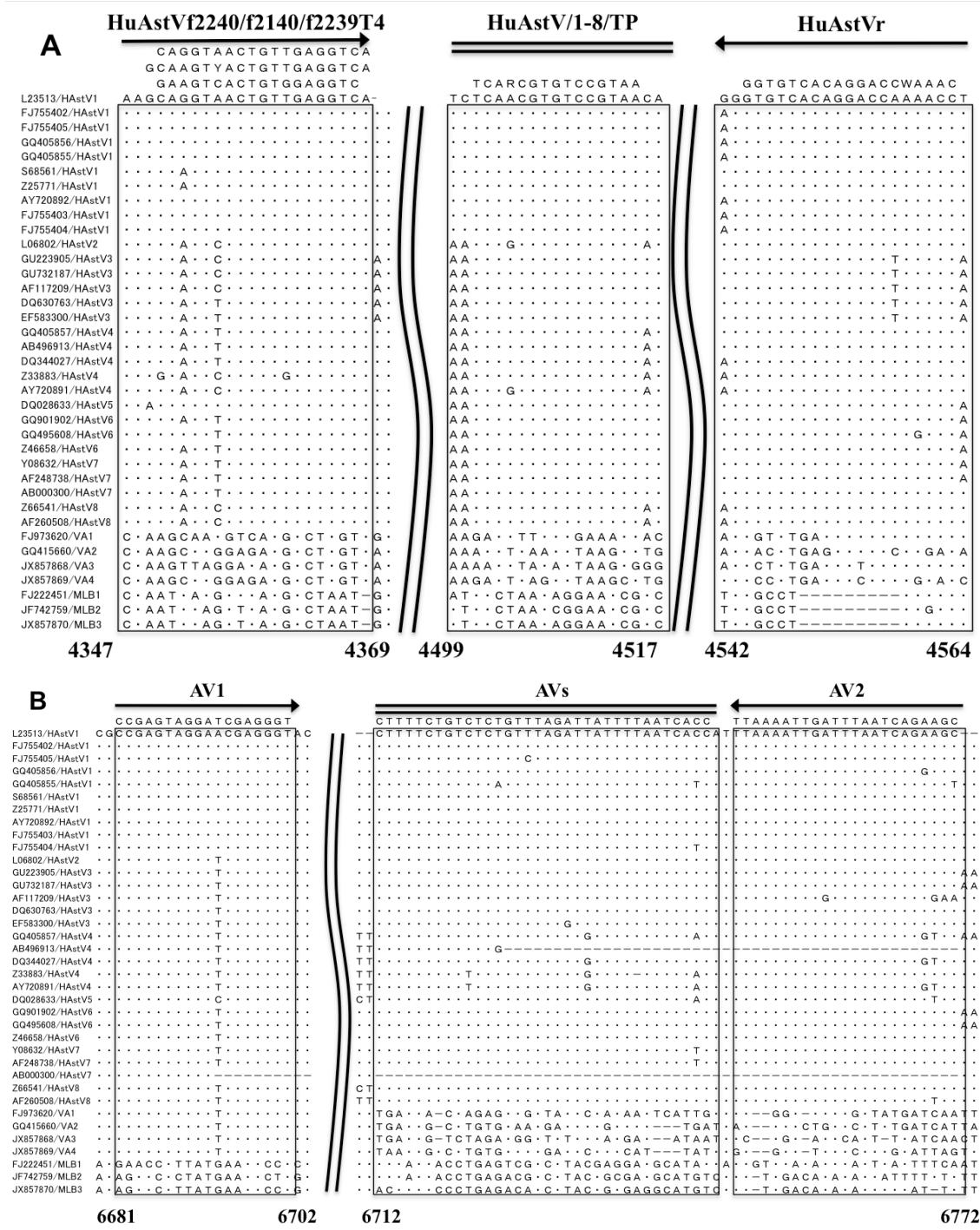
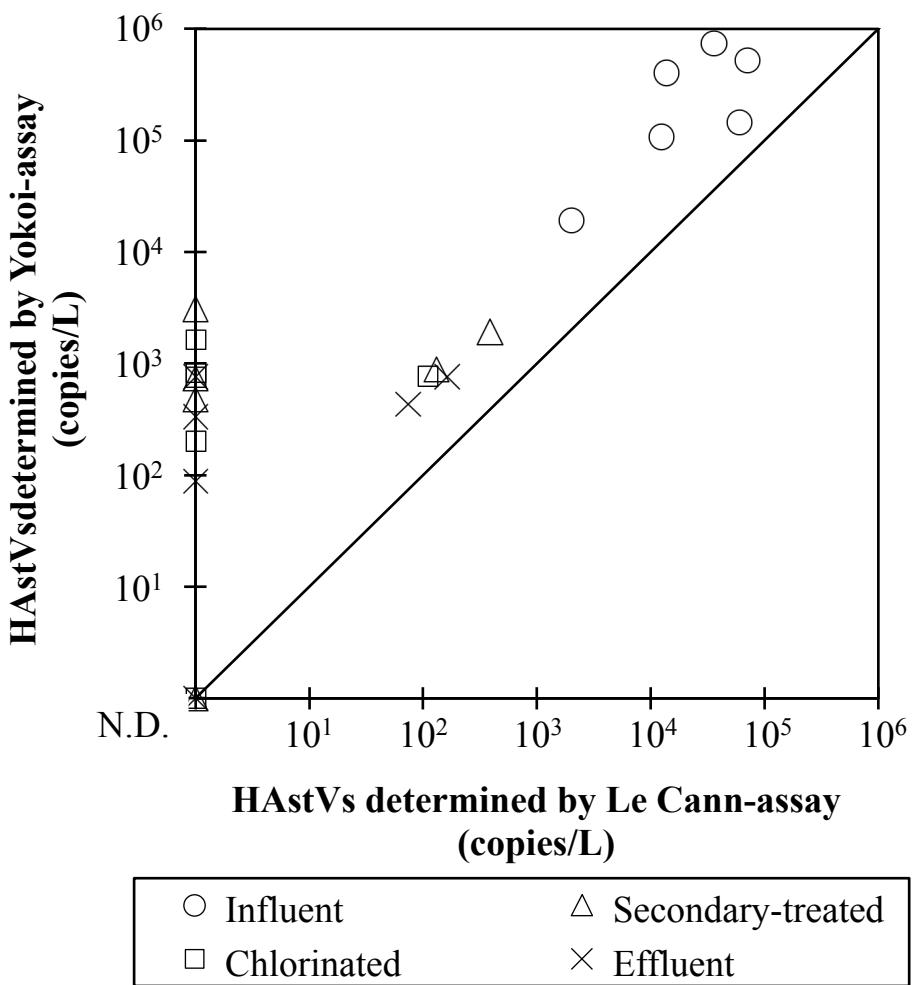


FIG. S2. Primers and TaqMan probe designed by Yokoi and Kitahashi (1) (A) and Le Cann et al. (2) (B) targeting the 5'- end and the 3'-end of ORF 2 region, respectively. Alignment of HAstV nucleotide sequences including complete ORF 2 region in GenBank database are selected and shown. Numbers shown at the bottom of the figures indicate nucleotide positions corresponding to HAstV-1 Oxford strain (GenBank accession number: L23513).



**Fig. S3** Comparison of HAstVs concentrations in wastewater samples determined by RT-qPCR assays targeting the 5'-end of ORF2 (Yokoi-assay: Yokoi and Kitahashi, 2009 (1)) to the 3'-end of ORF2 (Le Cann-assay: Le Cann et al., 2002 (2)). “N.D.” on x and y axes indicates “not detected”.

## SUPPORTING TABLE

**TABLE S1** Description of the WWTP investigated.

Service population (person)	781,000
Treatment capacity (m <sup>3</sup> /day)	450,000
Hydraulic retention time (h)	9.3
Biochemical oxygen demand in the influent (mg/L)	220
Biochemical oxygen demand in the effluent (mg/L)	1

**TABLE S2** Recovery efficiency of spiked MNV by RT-qPCR (%).

<b>Month (2007-2008)</b>	<b>Influent</b>	<b>Secondary-treated</b>	<b>Chlorinated</b>	<b>Effluent</b>
<b>October</b>	102	62	65	100
<b>December</b>	130	52	54	137
<b>November</b>	127	59	46	85
<b>January</b>	110	60	30	49
<b>February</b>	119	49	64	57
<b>March</b>	99	87	52	71

## REFERENCES

1. **Yokoi, H., and T. Kitahashi.** 2009. Astrovirus RNA Detection Using Real-Time Reverse Transcription-Polymerase Chain Reaction. *J. Jpn. Assoc. Inf. Dis.* **83(2)**:120-126. [in Japanese]
2. **Le Cann, P., S. Ranariaona, S. Monpoeho, F. Le Guyader, and V. Ferré.** 2004. Quantification of human astroviruses in sewage using real-time RT-PCR. *Res Microbiol.* **155(1)**:11-15.