Significant Expansion of the REST/NRSF Cistrome in Human versus Mouse Embryonic Stem Cells: Potential Implications for Neural Development

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SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Supplemental Figures

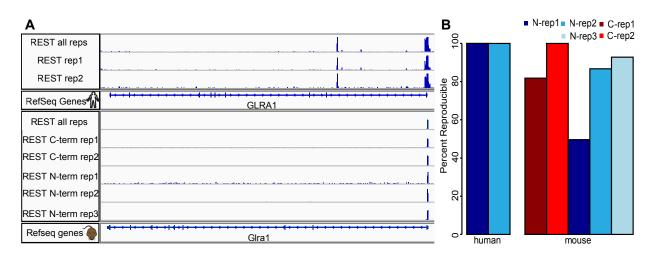


Figure S1. Reproducibility of REST binding across replicates. (A) Pileup of REST ChIP-seq reads across replicate REST ChIP-seq samples in hESCs and mESCs at *GLRA1/Glra1*. The top track is from pooled data and the bottoms are individual experiments. (B) Percentage of final peaks that was also called in each of the ChIP-seq replicate samples. "N" and "C" replicates (reps) indicate data from antibodies recognizing N- or C-terminal domain of REST protein, respectively.

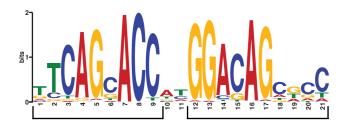


Figure S2. RE1 motif identified in all hESC ChIP-seq peaks. Lines demarcate left and right half sites of the motif.

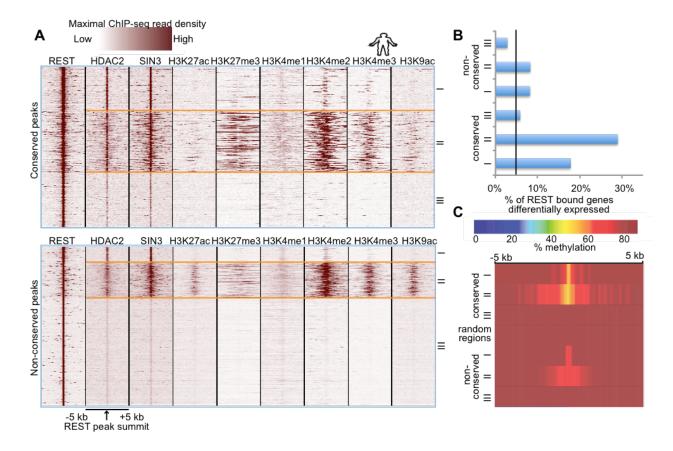


Figure S3. Human REST cistrome association with DNA hypomethylation and differential gene expression. (A) Heatmaps of maximal read coverages in 50 bp bins from -5 kb to 5kb of the hESC REST peak summits at conserved (top) and non-conserved (bottom) REST peaks. (B) Percentages of genes up-regulated in hESCs upon REST KD. The differential expression for human genes was complied from REST KD in non-ESCs as no REST KD/KO expression data were available from hESCs for the current analysis. For human data we compiled a list of upregulated genes from four REST KD experiments: two HEK293 (80, 81), an MCF10a (81) and an T47D (81) experiment. See Table S7 for a complete list of upregulated genes across all human and mouse REST KD/KO experiments. The black line marks % of up-regulated genes at the genome-wide level. (C) Profiles of CpG methylation percentage at REST peaks and flanking regions.

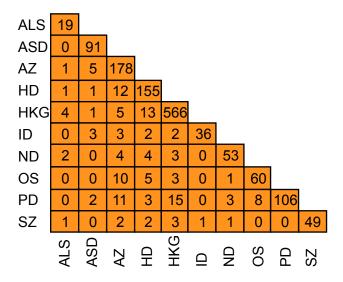


Figure S4. Overlap of gene sets used for disease-associated analysis.

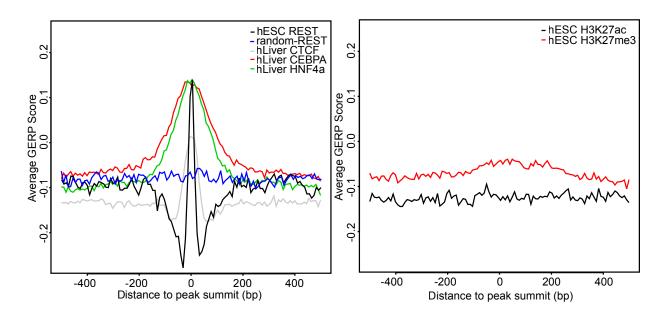


Figure S5. GERP scores at regions bound by selected TFs and or enriched with selected HMs. Y-axis shows the averaged GERP score from GERP++ base-wise scores (46) averaged over all peaks, from -500 bp to 500 bp of the peak summits. The HNF4α, CEBPA, and CTCF peaks were called from human liver ChIP-seq data, while the histone modifications were from hESCs.

Supplemental Tables

Table S1. List of accession numbers and total reads of the ChIP-seq and expression datasets.

See separate Excel file.

Table S2. List of all REST peaks identified in hESCs and mESCs, their relationship to genes, and their conservation. See separate Excel file.

Table S3. % of human and mouse, conserved and non-conserved REST peaks with RE1 motifs.

			human			mouse
	human	human	non-	mouse	mouse	non-
	all	conserved	conserved	all	conserved	conserved
cRE1	58.4%	81.4%	53.4%	66.6%	80.9%	61.2%
ncRE1	3.4%	5.4%	2.9%	4.0%	6.3%	2.9%
half site	33.6%	12.9%	37.8%	28.4%	12.7%	34.7%
noRE1	4.7%	0.3%	5.9%	0.9%	0.1%	1.3%
promoter	15.6%	28.7%	13.3%	18.4%	30.0%	13.3%
exon	5.9%	9.0%	5.4%	7.4%	7.5%	7.4%
intron	37.1%	32.4%	37.9%	35.0%	31.3%	36.6%
distal	20.6%	16.9%	21.3%	23.0%	17.3%	25.5%
intergenic	20.7%	13.1%	22.1%	16.2%	14.0%	17.2%

Table S4. Numbers and percentages of alignable and conserved peaks by different methods.

See separate Excel file.

Table S5. Percentages and Enrichments REST peaks colocalized with TFs and HMs.

Percent of	Fold	Percent of	Fold
REST	Enrichment	REST	Enrichment
peaks with	over	peaks with	over
TF/HM,	random	TF/HM,	random
human	regions,	mouse	regions,

		human		mouse
		Transcripti	on Factors	
COREST	N/A	N/A	3.4%	69.00
LSD1	N/A	N/A	4.7%	32.50
KDM5B	0.1%	0.00	0.7%	14.50
SUZ12	0.3%	3.14	0.9%	8.75
HDAC6	6.8%	3.91	N/A	N/A
EZH2	0.6%	4.18	0.6%	12.00
SOX2	2.6%	4.91	2.4%	7.14
KLF4	0.2%	7.50	5.8%	0.00
CTCF	6.5%	10.82	5.2%	21.50
POL2	4.0%	12.04	1.5%	15.50
TAF1	4.5%	13.81	0.2%	3.33
MYC	0.9%	18.75	0.4%	0.00
OCT4	0.5%	19.00	2.0%	11.57
BRG1	7.9%	25.04	0.5%	7.00
NANOG	0.7%	61.00	2.6%	7.07
HDAC1	N/A	N/A	20.7%	9.24
P300	2.0%	18.67	10.1%	14.75
HDAC2	31.3%	6.65	31.8%	6.69
SIN3	19.3%	83.21	12.6%	258.00
		Histone Mo	odifications	1
H3K9me3	3.6%	0.57	5.8%	0.93
H3K36me3	5.0%	0.71	11.9%	1.26
H2A.Z	18.2%	2.23	3.3%	1.80
H3K4me1	33.2%	3.37	37.5%	2.82
H3K27ac	13.9%	3.39	14.8%	2.67
H3K9ac	15.4%	4.36	24.4%	3.25
H3K27me3	15.3%	4.61	14.2%	3.21
H3K4me2	26.2%	4.80	30.7%	4.70
H3K4me3	19.0%	5.85	22.2%	6.16

Table S6. Numbers and percentages of REST peaks in the three types.

	Number of peaks			Percent		
	type I	type II	type III	type I	type II	type III
human all	1,047	1,974	5,178	12.8%	24.1%	63.2%
human conserved	345	483	424	27.6%	38.6%	33.9%
human non- conserved	549	1,320	3,906	9.5%	22.9%	67.6%
mouse all	521	1,170	2,416	12.7%	28.5%	58.8%
mouse conserved	348	479	420	27.9%	38.4%	33.7%
mouse non- conserved	108	574	1,688	4.6%	24.2%	71.2%

Table S7. List of all mouse and human upregulated genes in REST depletion and the citations.

See separate Excel file.

Table S8. List of all disease associated genes and the data sources.

See separate Excel file.

Table S9.List of disease associated genes with a peak in both and human-specific REST peak.

Diseases/ Pathways	Peak in both species	Human specific peak
AD	ACTA1,APBA2,CACNA1D,CACNB4,CHRM2,CHRM4,CTNNA2,FZD4,KLC1,LEF1,MAPK 10,MAPK11,MMP24,PCSK1,PCSK2,PRKCB,PRKCE,PRKCG,PRKCZ,PVRL1,TCF7L1,T RPC7,WNT2B	ACTG2,ADAM10,APBB1,APP,CACNA1C,CA CNB2,CHRM1,CHRM3,DVL3,ERBB4,ERN2, GSK3B,LRP1B,LRP2,LRP5,LRP6,MAPK14, MAPK8,MAPKAPK2,MLLT4,MMP23B,NCST N,NOTCH1,PCSK6,PKN3,PRKCA,PRKCD,P SEN2,TCF7L2,TRIM2,WNT3,WNT4,WNT7A, WNT8A
ALS	NEFH	ALS2,ERBB4,FUS,SETX,VAPB
ASD	ADCYAP1,AGAP1,AUTS2,CUX1,DCX,DLX5,GLRA1,GLRA2,GLRA3,GRM8,KCNN3,NRCAM,NRXN1,OMG,PRKCB,RELN,REST,SLC6A11	ADAM23,ADRA2A,CACNA1C,CADPS2,DDC ,FYN,GABRB1,GABRG1,GABRR2,GRPR,ID 2,LARGE,LRRN3,MBP,NCAM1,NLGN4X,PE NK,PTEN,SCN2B,SLC1A6,SLC6A1,SYPL1, TSC1
HD	ACTA1,BDNF,DLG4,DNAH7,DYNLL2,GRIK2 ,GRIK3,GRIK4,GRIN1,GRIN2A,GRIN2C,GR IN3A,KALRN,MAPK10,MAP3K9,TAF4,TP73, TUBB3,VAT1L	ACTG2,AP2A2,ARL4C,ARPC5L,CAPN13,C REBBP,DNAH17,DNAH5,DNAH6,DNAH9,D YNC1I1,DYNC2H1,EP300,FOS,GRIN2B,GRI N2D,HTT,MAP3K11,MAPK8,RHOJ,TP63,TU BB2A,TUBB6
НКС	AP2S1,CALM1,ELAVL3,EXTL3,GABARAPL 2,GRM4,ID3,KIFC3,LMO1,LTBP4,MAPK8IP 1,PSMB2,RPL11,RPL17,RPL38,RPLP1,SR M,TACC1,YWHAQ	ADAM15,ARHGEF7,ATF4,CALM2,CENPB,C HIT1,CIZ1,CNTN1,COL6A1,COPE,COX7A2 L,DAXX,EIF4A2,ENTPD6,FUS,GM2A,GNAI2 ,GP2,H2AFY,H6PD,HADHA,HLA- C,HPCAL1,HSBP1,JAK1,LDHA,LGALS9,MA P3K11,MAPKAPK2,MC2R,MIF,MYH9,NCL,N UDT3,NXF1,PFDN1,PGK1,PHGDH,PLXNB2 ,POLR2A,POLR2L,PSMA7,PSMB7,PTDSS1, PTMA,RPL10,RPL32,RPS14,RPS16,RPS2, SDC3,SLC25A3,SLC6A7,SPAG7,ST5,TAGL N,TALDO1,TCOF1,TIMM44,TKT,UQCRC1,Z FP36L1
ID	CTNND2	CLN8,IL1RAPL1,PDHX
ND	APLP1,BDNF,BSN,CDK5R2,ESR1,FGF14,N EFH,PRKCG,SLC1A1,SYP,WFS1	BCHE,BCL2,BCL2L1,CASP7,CDK5,CDK5R 1,FGF2,GRB2,INSR,SGK1
os	MAPK10,MAPK11	BCL2,DUSP4,DUSP6,DUSP7,MAP2K6,MAP 3K4,MAPK14,MAPK8,MAPKAPK2,MAX,STA T1,STYX
PD	ATP1A3,DBH,FBXW11,MAPK10,MAPK11,P ARK2,SRC,TOR2A,TPH2,TTBK1,YWHAQ	BTRC,FRK,FYN,MAPK14,MAPK8,PARK7,P LD2,PSMA7,PSMB7,SEPT4,SLC6A3,SNCAI P,TTBK2
SZ	ANKHD1,DAO,DRD3,NPAS3,NRG1,PPP3C A,RTN4R,SPTBN4,SYN2	APOL2,ATF4,CCDC141,DISC1,ERBB4,PDE 4B,PDLIM5,PLXNA2,PPP1R1B,SYNE1,TNF