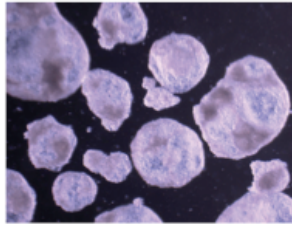
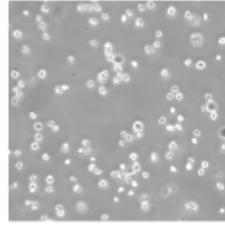


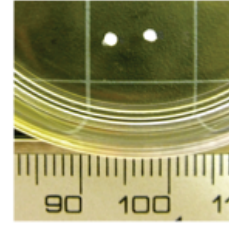
hESCs



embryoid bodies



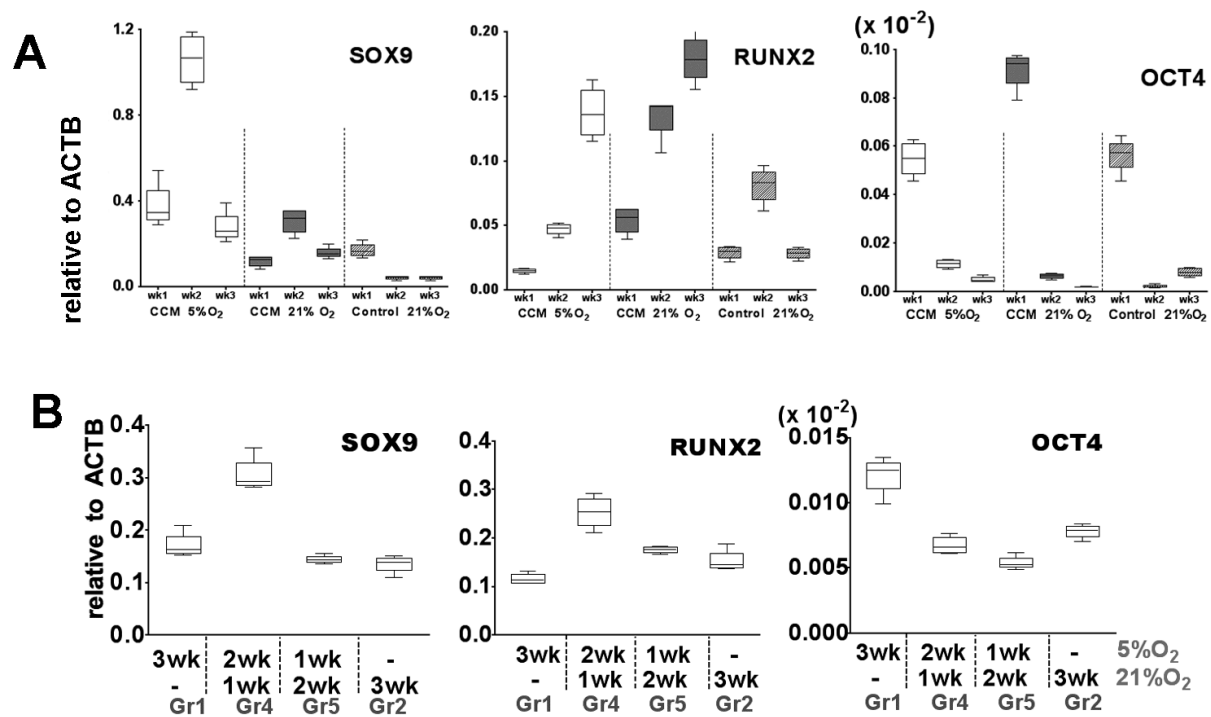
dissociated EBs



pellets

1 expansion	2 induction			3 Pellet formation					
<p>Expand hESCs for down stream experiment</p> <p>Consistent source of hESCs (passage 30)</p>	EB1	EB2	EB3	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6
	<p>Recapitulate the differentiation of ESCs into a variety of cell types <i>in vitro</i></p> <p>Study synergistic effects of morphogenetic factors and hypoxia on differentiation of hESCs toward precursor cells of chondrocytes</p>	<p>Cartilage tissue development</p> <p>Three-dimensional pellet culture to recapitulate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> condensation of precartilaginous mesenchyme, commitment to the chondrogenic lineage and differentiation into chondroblasts and eventually into chondrocytes. <p>Kawakami, Y et. al. (2006) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol</p>							

Supplemental Figure 1. The overview of study hESCs line H9 were expanded from p.28 to p.30 and kept in liquid N₂ as stock until use. Embryoid bodies were induced using hypoxia and secreted soluble factors from primary chondrocytes. After 3 weeks of induction, EBs were dissociated into single cells and formed chondrogenic pellets for 6 weeks.



Supplemental Figure 2. Gene expression in EBs cultured in conditioned medium (CCM) under hypoxic conditions. Results are presented as a boxplot. The boundary of the box closet to zero indicates 25th percentile, a line within the box marks the median, and the boundary of the box farthest from zero indicate 75th percentile. **(A)** Real-time PCR showed expression profiles of transcription factors and extracellular matrix over 3 weeks time course of EB induction (study 1). **(B)** EBs were cultured in CCM with different exposure periods of 5% O₂ for 3 weeks (study 2). Gene expression levels were normalized with *ACTB*.