Hypoxia-induced autophagy mediates cisplatin resistance in lung cancer cells

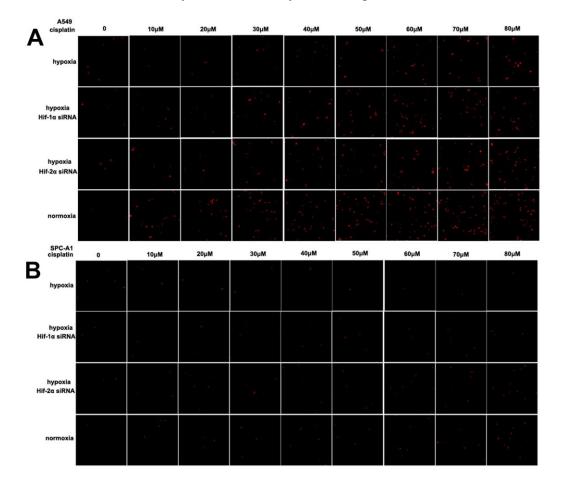
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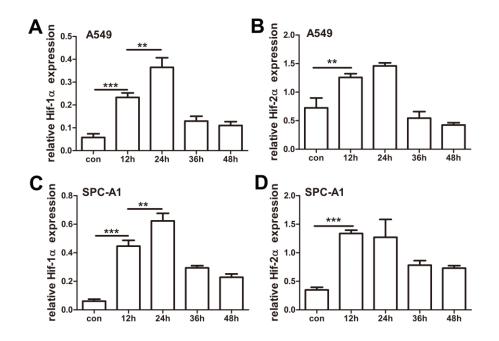
<sup>1</sup> The authors contributed equally to this work.

## \* Corresponding authors:

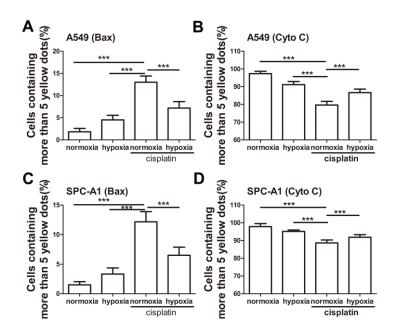
Rong-Yu Liu, Department of Pulmonary, Anhui Geriatric Institute, the First Affiliated Hospital of Anhui Medical University, Jixi Road 218, Hefei 230022, Anhui, P.R. China. Tel: +86-551-62922809; Fax: +86-551-62922342. E-mail address: rongyuliu@163.com Supplementary Figure. 1: Hypoxia reduced chemosensitivity of lung cancer cells to cisplatin. Lung cancer cell lines A549 (A) and SPC-A1 (B) were incubated under normoxia (21%O<sub>2</sub>) and hypoxia (1%O<sub>2</sub>) condition with various concentrations of cisplatin for 24 h in the presence or absence of Hif-1 $\alpha$  or Hif-2 $\alpha$  siRNA. At the end of the treatment, cell viability was assessed by PI staining.



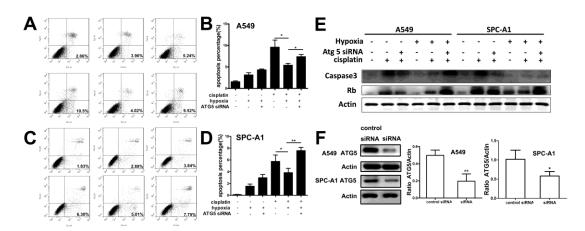
Supplementary Figure. 2: Quantitative analysis of the expression of Hif-1 $\alpha$  and Hif-2 $\alpha$  at various time points incubated with 1% O<sub>2</sub>. (A) Relative expression of Hif-1 $\alpha$  in A549 cells. (B) Relative expression of Hif-2 $\alpha$  in A549 cells. (C) Relative expression of Hif-1 $\alpha$  in SPC-A1 cells. (D) Relative expression of Hif-2 $\alpha$  in SPC-A1 cells. The results were shown as means  $\pm$  SD of four independent experiments. \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001.



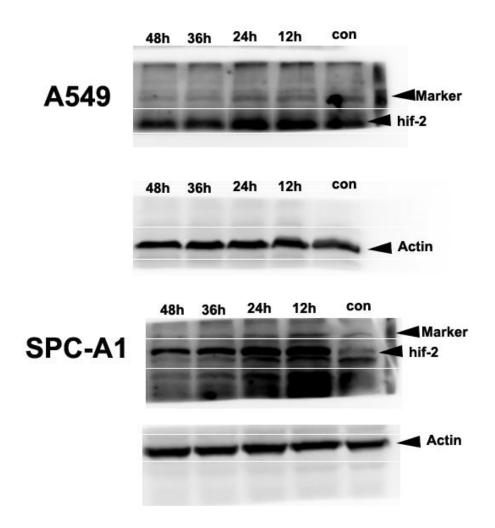
Supplementary Figure. 3: Quantitative analysis of Bax translocation and Cyto C release. A549 and SPC-A1 cells were treated as described, then cells were immunostained by Bax or Cyto C antibody following MitoTracker staining. The percentage of cells containing more than 5 yellow dots (which means colocalization) was counted. (A, B) The percentage of cells containing more than 5 yellow dots in the A549 cells (when cells were labeled by Bax or Cyto C and MitoTracker). (C, D) The percentage of cells containing more than 5 yellow dots in the SPC-A1 cells (when cells were labeled by Bax or Cyto C and MitoTracker). (C, D) The percentage of cells containing more than 5 yellow dots in the SPC-A1 cells (when cells were labeled by Bax or Cyto C and MitoTracker). The results were shown as means  $\pm$  SD of three independent experiments. \*\*\**p*<0.001.



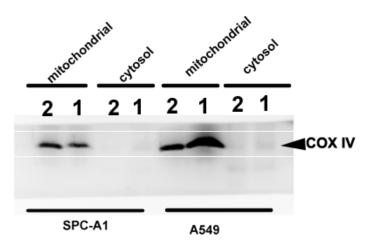
Supplementary Figure. 4: ATG5 siRNA completely abolished the effect of hypoxia on cisplatin-induced apoptosis. A549 (A and B) and SPC-A1 (C and D) cells were treated with or without cisplatin for 12h under normoxia or hypoxia, followed by Annexin-V/PI staining and FACS analysis. Cells represented early apoptosis (Annexin-V<sup>+</sup>/PI<sup>-</sup>) were calculated (B and D). (E) The expression of activated-caspase-3 and Rb were detected by western blot. (F) The knockdown efficiency of ATG5 siRNA in the A549 and SPC-A1 cells. Each band was quantified using densitometry. Data were shown as the means  $\pm$  SD. \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01.All studies were representative of at least three independent experiments. Blot images were cropped for comparison.



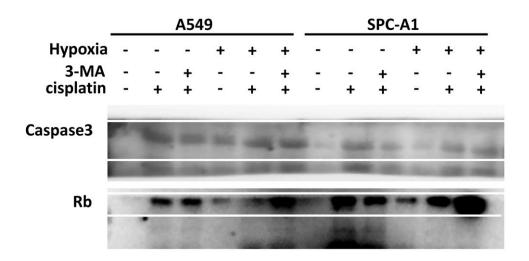
**Raw blots for Fig. 1E** 



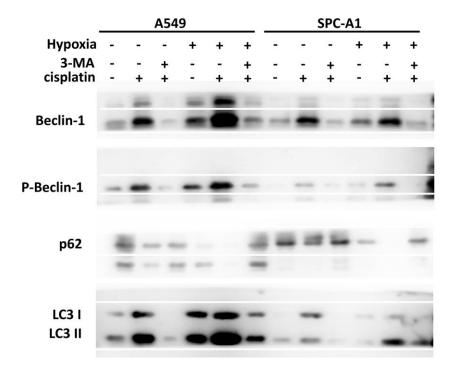
Raw blots for Fig. 2A



## **Raw blots for Fig. 4E**



## Raw blots for Fig. 8A



## Raw blots for Fig. 9A

