



Figure S6 Relationship between base substitution mutation rate per effective genome size per generation and effective population size (N_e) in five multicellular eukaryotes (red), seven unicellular eukaryotes (black), and eight prokaryotes (blue; *B. cenocepacia* – green) (SUNG *et al.* 2012). The log-linear regression is highly significant ($r^2=0.85$, $p<0.0001$, $df=19$).