APPENDIX

The disease free equilibrium points of the model are as follow $S_H = \frac{\lambda_h N_H}{\mu_h}, S_E = \frac{\mu_m K_E(a - (s + \mu_e))}{as}, S_M = \frac{K_E(a - (s + \mu_e))}{a}.$

The reproduction number R_0 can be obtained using the method introduced by van den Driessche (2002). We write the system of differential equations as $\psi = f - v$ where

$$\boldsymbol{\psi} = \begin{bmatrix} I_H \\ I_E \\ L_M \\ I_M \end{bmatrix} , f = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{x_1 b b_h I_M S_H}{N_H} \\ a(1 - \frac{S_E + I_E}{K_E}) \gamma I_M \\ \frac{x_2 b b_m S_M I_H}{N_H} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, v = \begin{bmatrix} (\mu_h + r) I_H \\ (\mu_e + s) I_E \\ (\mu_m + c) L_M \\ -c L_M - s I_E + \mu_m I_M \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

The jacobian matrices F and V, associated with f and v, respectively, at the disease free equilibrium are:

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & x_1 b b_h \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a \gamma (1 - \frac{S_E}{K_E}) \\ x_2 b b_m \frac{N_M}{N_H} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_h + r & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \mu_e + s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \mu_m + c & 0 \\ 0 & -s & -c & \mu_m \end{bmatrix},$$
 (2)

and the next generation matrix $G = FV^{-1}$ is:

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{x_2 b b_m c}{(\mu_m + c) \mu_m} & \frac{x_1 b b_h}{\mu_m} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{a \gamma (K_E - S_E) c}{K_E (\mu_m + c) \mu_m} & \frac{a \gamma (K_E - S_E)}{K_E \mu_m} \\ \frac{\mu_m + c}{\mu_h + r} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$
(3)

 R_0 is then the spectral radius of the next generation matrix, $R_0 = \rho(G)$, the largest eigenvalue of G.

Thus

$$R_0 = \frac{\alpha}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{\alpha^2}{4} + \beta},\tag{4}$$

where

$$\alpha = a \left(1 - \frac{N_E}{K_E} \right) \frac{sr}{(\mu_e + s)\mu_m}$$
$$\beta = \frac{x_1 x_2 b^2 b_h b_m N_m c}{\mu_m N_h (\mu_m + e)(\mu_h + r)}.$$

Note that β is the basic reproduction number proposed by MacDonald (1952).

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