Electronic Supplementary Material Appendix S2. Checklist for the risk-of-bias assessment

Study objective	
1	Positive, if the study had a clearly defined objective and the main purpose was to investigate injury occurrence in runners.
Study population	
2	Positive, if the main features of the study population are described (sampling frame and demographic characteristics: gender, age and BMI).
3	Positive, if the participation rate is at least 80%, or if the participation rate is 60-80% and the non-response is not selective (data shown).
4	Positive, if the participation rate of the included subjects at main moment of follow-up is at least 80% or if the non-response is not selective (data shown).
Assessment of the outcome	
5	Positive, if the time period on which the injury proportion was based is defined or the injury incidence was expressed in terms of exposure.
6	Method for assessing injury status: physical examination (+); self-reported: specific questions relating to symptoms/disease/use of body chart (+), self-reported: single question (-).
7	Positive, when the definition of injury was defined.
8	Positive, if the recall period was less than or equal to a month.