Supplemental Information

RE-IIBP Methylates H3K79 and Induces MEIS1-mediated Apoptosis via H2BK120

Ubiquitination by RNF20

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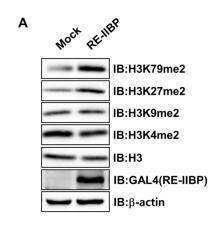
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Name	Sequence (5'- to -3')	Purpose
pMEIS1(-1345/+238)-F	GGTACCCGCTGGAGAAAGAGCTAGT	promoter-luc
pMEIS1(-1345/+238)-R	AAGCTTGCTCCGTTTCCAAGACA	
shMMSET sense	CCGGGGGCATTGTTCAAGCAGAAGACTCGAGTCTTCTGCTTGAACAATGCCCTTTTTG	shRNA
shMMSET anti-sense	AATTCAAAAAGGGCATTGTTCAAGCAGAAGACTCGAGTCTTCTGCTTGAACAATGCCC	
shDOTL1 sense	CCGGCGCCAACACGAGTGTTATATTCTCGAGAATATAACACTCGTGTTGGCGTTTTTG	shRNA
shDOTL1 anti-sense	AATTCAAAAACGCCAACACGAGTGTTATATTCTCGAGAATATAACACTCGTGTTGGCG	
shREIIBP#1 sense	CCGGCGGAAAGCCAAGTTCACCTTTCTCGAGAAAGGTGAACTTGGCTTTCCGTTTTTG	shRNA
shREIIBP#1 anti-sense	AATTCAAAAACGGAAAGCCAAGTTCACCTTTCTCGGAAAGGTGAACTTGGCTTTCCG	
shREIIBP#2 sense	CCGGCCCAGAAAGAGCTTGGATATTCTCGAGAATATCCAAGCTCTTTCTGGGTTTTTG	shRNA
shREIIBP#2 anti-sense	AATTCAAAAACCCAGAAAGAGCTTGGATATTCTCGAGAATATCCAAGCTCTTTCTGGG	
MEIS1 promoter F	TTCAAGAGAGTCGGCTTTGG	ChIP
MEIS1 promoter R	GTCGCGTCTTACACAATGC	
MEIS1 disital F	TGAATGGTCCCCTAAGCACA	ChIP
MEIS1 disital R	AGGGAGCAGCAAGTGGTCTT	
MEIS1-F	CAAGGTGATGGCTTGGACAA	RT-PCR
MEIS1-R	CTCCGGGCATTAATAAACCAA	
DOT1L-F	CGCCCTGTCCCTGCACCTGC	RT-PCR
DOT1L-R	GCTCACTGGCAGCCGGCCTG	
HSPA1A-F	AGGACATCAGCCAGAACAAG	RT-PCR
HSPA1A-R	GTAGAAGTCGATGCCCTCAA	
SGK1-F	GGAAACTCAATCTGGGTGTG	RT-PCR
SGK1-R	CTGCTTCATGAAAGCTGGAT	
JMJD6-F	GAACTGGGATTCACATCGAC	RT-PCR
JMJD6-R	TCGGGTCACTTTGATGAGTT	
USP36-F	GCAGTGAGCACACGTATGAG	RT-PCR
USP36-R	ATTGAGAAAGCAGGTGTTGC	
WDR6-F	GGTCCACTCCTTTACACACG	RT-PCR
WDR6-R	CTAGCATGGTGGTGAGATCC	

Table S1. Primer pair in this study



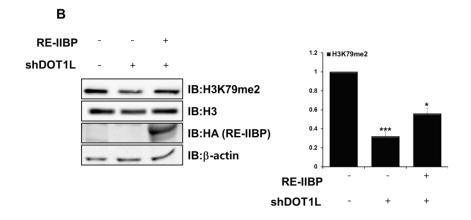


Figure S1. RE-IIBP has H3K79 methylation activity.

(a), HMTase activity was screened in RE-IIBP overexpressed 293T cells. Cells were lysed and immunoblotted with anti-H3K79me2, anti-H3K27me2, anti-H3K9me2, anti-H3K4me2 and anti-GAL4 antibodies. β -actin and H3 were used as loading controls. (b), Immunoblot analysis shows the relative methylation levels of H3K79 in DOT1L stably knocked-down and RE-IIBP rescued 293T cells. The methylation levels were normalized to H3 (left), and the relative expression level of H3K79me2 was quantified (right). Results are shown as means \pm SDs n = 3; *p < 0.05, ***p < 0.001.

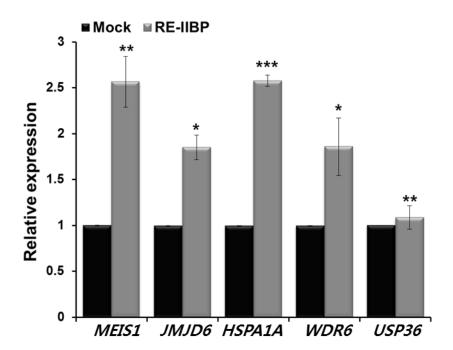


Figure S2. Screening of selected RE-IIBP target genes

(a), *MEIS1*, *JMJD6*, *HSPA1A*, *WDR6* and *USP36* mRNA levels were analyzed using real-time PCR in RE-IIBP overexpressed 293T cells. Each PCR primers used are presented in supplementary table S1. Results are shown as means \pm SDs, n = 3; *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, **** p < 0.001

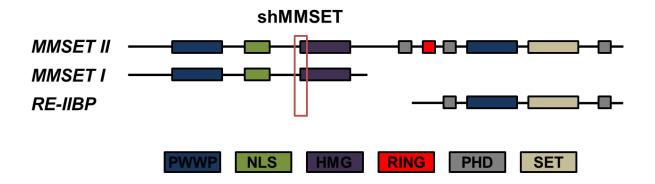


Figure S3. Protein domains of MMSET/WHSC1 isoform RE-IIBP

Schematic representation of *MMSETI*, *MMSETII*, and *RE-IIBP* domains. shMMSET RNA target regions are shown in the box.

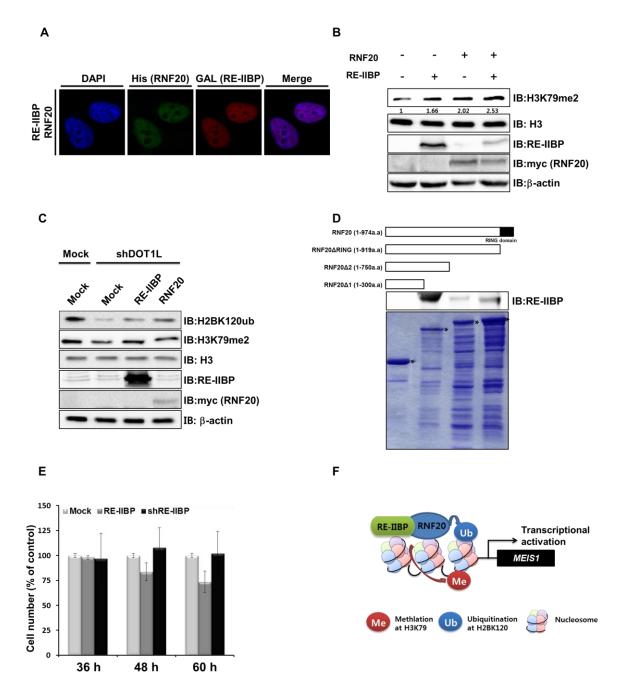


Figure S4

Figure S4. RE-IIBP-mediated H3K79 methylation is dependent on H2BK120 ubiquitination by RNF20

(a), 293T cells transiently transfected with RE-IIBP and RNF20 were fixed, permeabilized, and immunostained with anti-His and anti-GAL antibodies. Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. (b), H3K79me2 levels were analyzed in RE-IIBP and RNF20 transfected 293T cells. Cells were lysed or used for histone purification assay. Each extracts were immunoblotted with anti-H3K79me2, anti-RE-IIBP and anti-myc (RNF20) antibodies. βactin and H3 were used as a loading control. (c), DOT1L stably knocked-down 293T cells were transfected with RE-IIBP and RNF20. Cells were lysed or used for histone purification assay. Each extracts were immunoblotted with indicated antibody. (d), RE-IIBP overexpressed 293T lysates were incubated with GST-RNF20 and GST-RNF20 deletion constructs. Associated proteins were eluted, resolved by SDS-PAGE, and immunblotted with anti-RE-IIBP antibody. The amounts of full-length RNF20 and RNF20 deletion constructs were determined by Coomassie staining. (e), Cell survival was determined by the cell counting assay. Cells were transfected with RE-IIBP and shRE-IIBP for 36, 48, and 60 h, respectively. (f), Model for regulation of MEIS1 transcription through H3K79 methylation activity of RE-IIB