e-Table 1A Clinical and demographic characteristics of patients with fixed dystonia

| Onset age | Disease Duration (years) | Mode of onset | Preceding event | Findings | The Burke-Fahn-Marsden rating score for dystonia-Movement section* | Comorbidities | Response to botulinum toxin |
|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| 30 | 11 | Acute | Pelvic surgery | Both feet in turned and plantar flexed | 18 | Joint hypermobility, urinary dysfunction, menstrual irregularity, anxiety | Immediate with partial remission |
| 24 | 6 | Acute | Hip surgery and fall during recovery | Right hip internal rotation with plantar flexed and inversion at foot | 8 | Joint hypermobility, urinary dysfunction, menstrual irregularity, anxiety | Immediate with partial remission |
| 32 | 8 | Acute | Right Foot injury | Right foot inversion and plantar flexion | 7 | Hypermobility, urinary dysfunction, depression | Immediate with partial remission |
| 36 | 10 | Acute | Long standing right sesmoid bone fracture, immobilized | Right foot inversion and plantar flexion | 8 | Panic disorder | Immediate with partial remission |
| 45 | 1 | Acute | Left foot injury | Left foot inversion | 7 | Urinary dysfunction | Immediate with partial remission |
| 38 | 4 | Acute | Left foot trauma | Left foot plantar flexion and slight eversion | 7 | None | Not injected till the time of evaluation |
| 46 | 1 | Acute | Right foot injury | Right foot plantar flexion and inversion | 9 | None | Not injected till the time of evaluation |
| 35 | 14 | Acute | Pelvic surgery | Fixed posture of right hand and right leg | 8 | Migraine, fibromyalgia and restless leg syndrome | Immediate with partial remission |
| 38 | 6 | Acute | Right foot injury | Right foot plantar flexion and inversion | 9 | None | Immediate with partial remission |

(*Reference Burke RE et al. Neurology. 1985;35:73-77)

e-Table 1B Clinical and demographic characteristics of patients with acquired dystonia

| Onset age (years) | Disease Duration (years) | Mode of onset | Preceding event | Findings | The Burke-Fahn-Marsden rating score for dystonia- Movement section* | Comorbidities | Response to botulinum toxin |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|---|---|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 15 | 9 | Progressive | Stroke (lesion in the right lentiform nucleus) | Left hand dystonia | 8 | None | Poor |
| Birth | 66 | Progressive | Cerebral Paralysis | Left hemi dystonia | 16 | None | No response |
| 14 | 4 | Progressive | Stroke (lesion in the left lentiform nucleus) | Right foot dystonia | 7 | None | Poor |
| 54 | 4 | Progressive | Significant cervical canal stenosis with 2 level decompression | Dystonic posturing affecting the right arm, particularly the hand. Some abnormal posturing present in the right leg. | 8 | None | Poor |
| Birth | 57 | Progressive | Cerebral Paralysis | Right hemidystonia | 12 | None | Poor |
| 1 | 43 | Progressive | Encephalitic illness | Right hemidystonia | 12 | None | Poor |
| 39 | 27 | Progressive | lumbar surgery to "remove a spur" | Left foot dystonia | 7 | None | Poor |
| Birth | 22 | Progressive | Left cerebellar hypoplasia | Left hemidystonia | 12 | None | Poor |
| Birth | 21 | Progressive | Cerebral Paralysis | Left hemidystonia | 14 | None | Good |

(*Reference Burke RE et al. Neurology. 1985;35:73-77)