

## Supplementary Information

### A New Antibiotic with Potent Activity Targets MscL

*Irene Iscla<sup>1</sup>, Robin Wray<sup>1</sup>, Paul Blount<sup>1\*</sup>, Jonah Larkins-Ford<sup>2</sup>, Annie L Conery<sup>2</sup>,  
Frederick M Ausubel<sup>2</sup>, Soumya Ramu<sup>3</sup>, Angela Kavanagh<sup>3</sup>, Johnny X Huang<sup>3</sup>,  
Mark A Blaskovich<sup>3</sup>, Matthew A Cooper<sup>3</sup>, Andres Obregon-Henao<sup>4</sup>, Ian Orme<sup>4</sup>,  
Edwin S Tjandra<sup>5</sup>, Uwe H Stroehler<sup>6</sup>, Melissa H Brown<sup>6</sup>, Cindy Macardle<sup>7</sup>, Nick van Holst<sup>7</sup>,  
Chee Ling Tong<sup>8</sup>, Ashley D Slattery<sup>8</sup>, Christopher T Gibson<sup>8</sup>, Colin L Raston<sup>8</sup>  
and Ramiz A Boulos<sup>8\*</sup>*

<sup>1</sup> Department of Physiology, UT Southwestern Med Ctr, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd, Dallas,  
TX 75390-9040.

Paul.blount@UTSouthwestern.edu

<sup>2</sup> Department of Molecular Biology, Massachusetts General Hospital, Simches CPZN7808,  
185 Cambridge St, Boston, MA 02114

<sup>3</sup> Institute for Molecular Bioscience, University of Queensland, St Lucia, Qld 4072, Australia.

<sup>4</sup> Department of Microbiology, Immunology, and Pathology, Colorado State University, Fort  
Collins, CO 80523-1682.

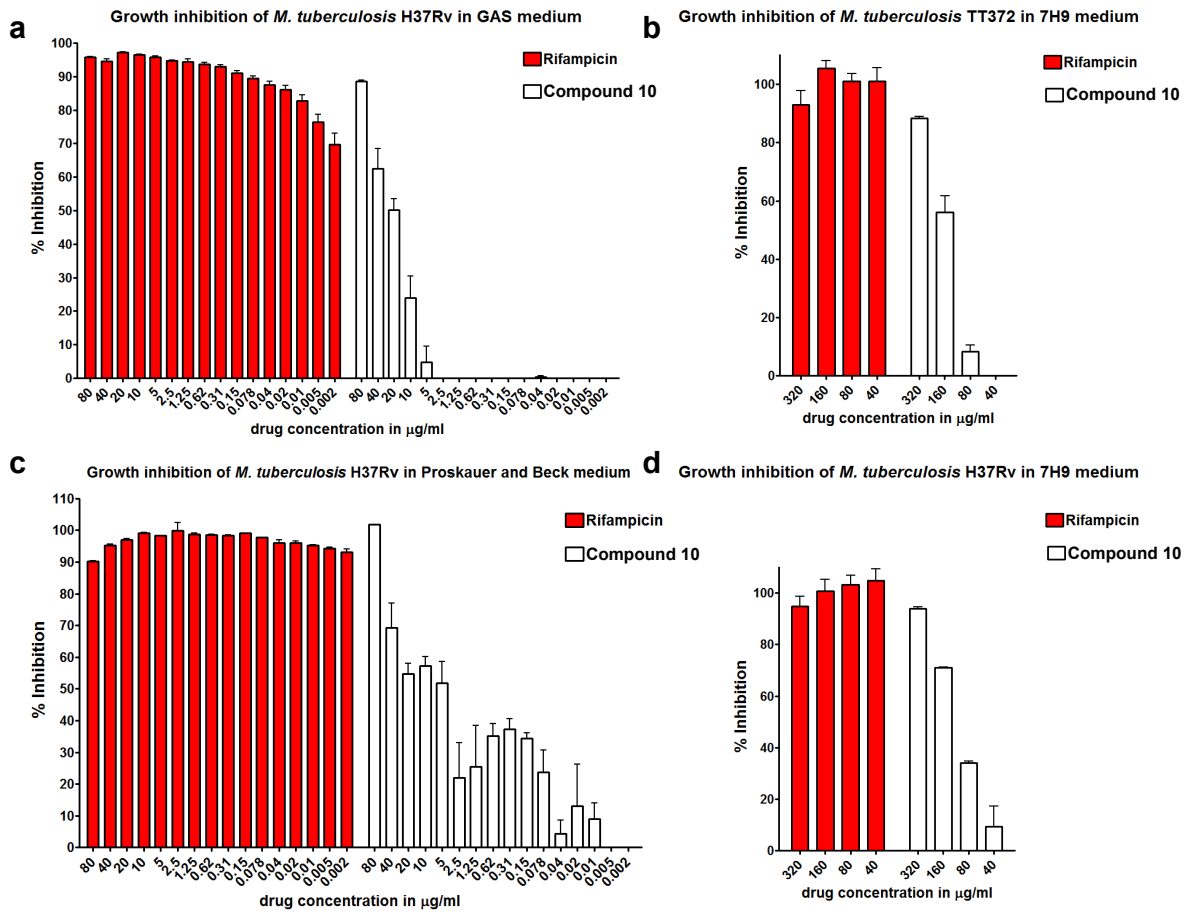
<sup>5</sup> School of Animal Biology, The University of Western Australia, Crawley, WA 6009  
Australia.

<sup>6</sup> School of Biological Sciences, Flinders University, Bedford Park, SA 5042 Australia.

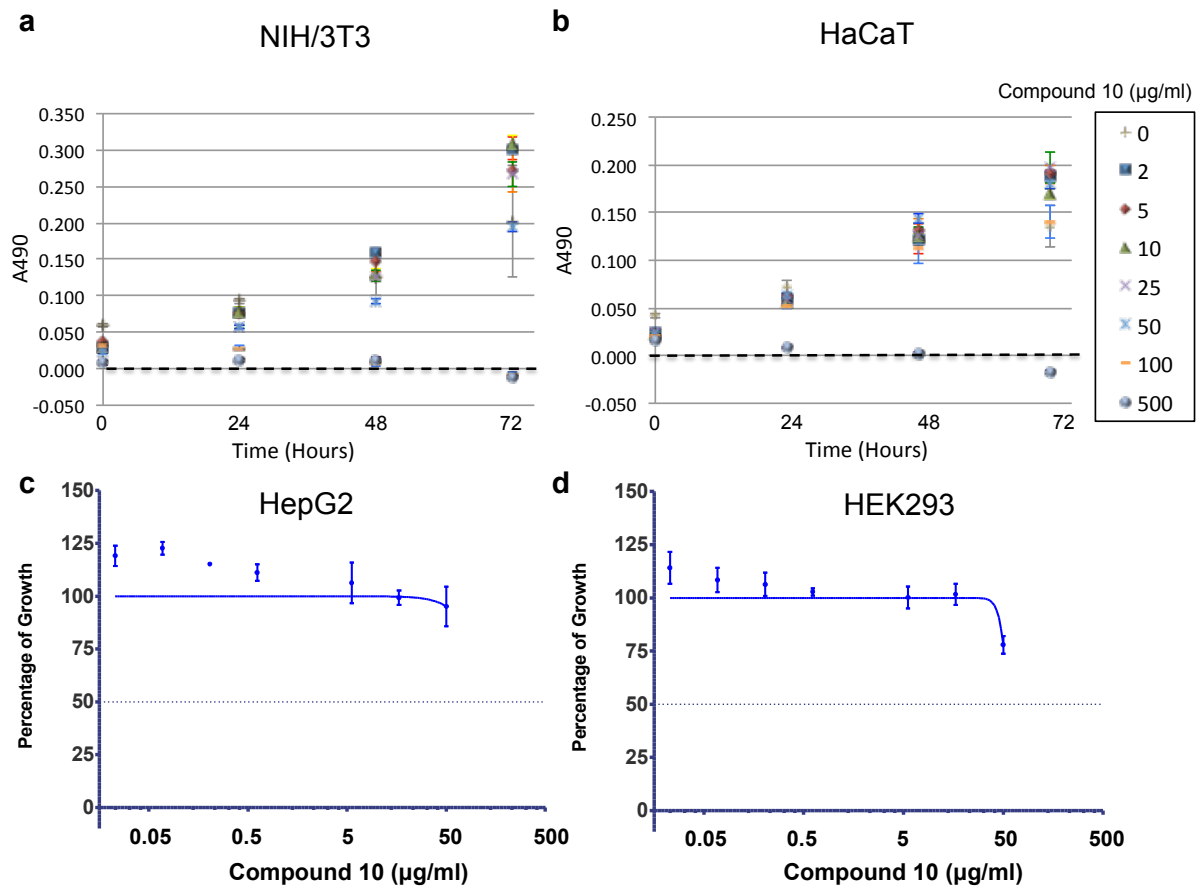
<sup>7</sup> Flinders Medical Science and Technology, Immunology, Allergy and Arthritis, Flinders  
University, Bedford Park, SA 5042 Australia.

<sup>8</sup> Centre for NanoScale Science and Technology, School of Chemical and Physical Sciences,  
Flinders University, Bedford Park, SA. 5042 Australia.

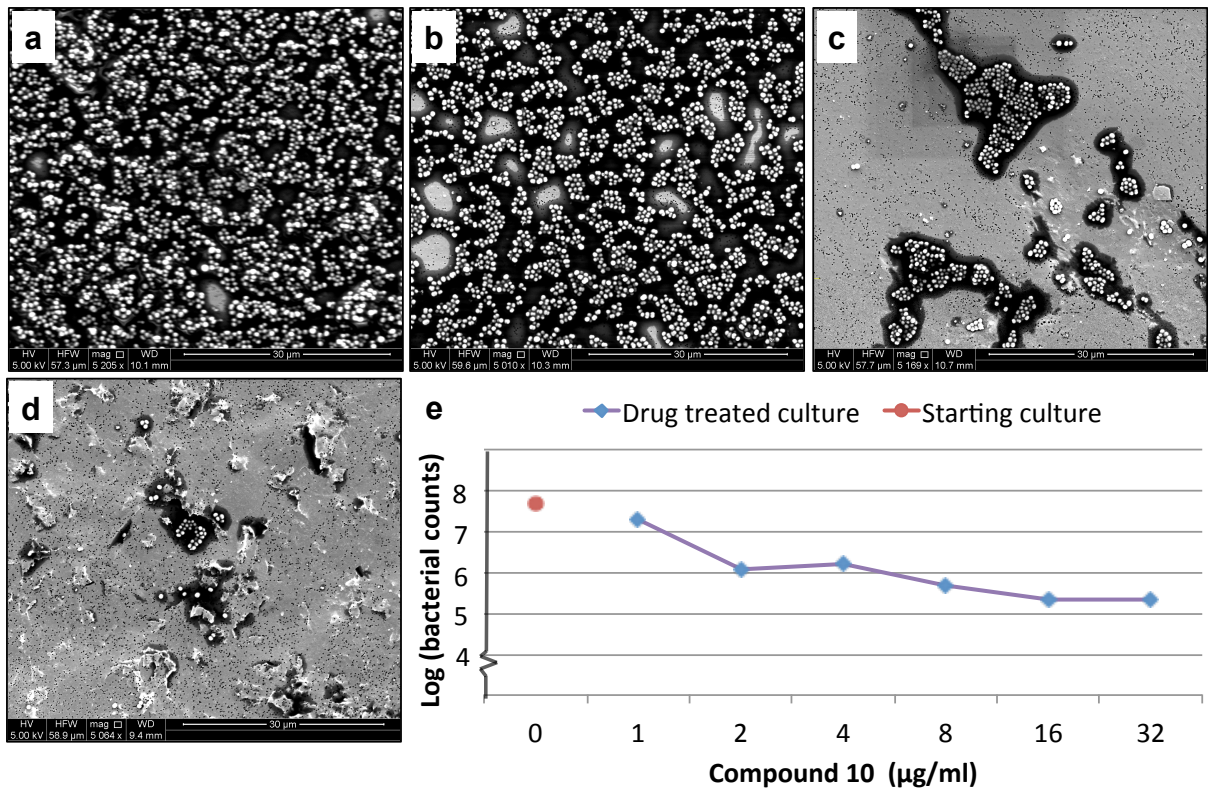
ramiz.boulos@flinders.edu.au



**Fig. S1** | Comparison of efficacy of **10** and Rifampicin against multi-drug resistance *M. tuberculosis* H37RV (a, c and d) and TT372 strains (b). The 7H9 medium contains OADC (oleic acid, albumin, dextrose and catalase), which is needed for the growth of the bacteria. GAS medium has a final pH of 6.6 and the Proskauer and Beck medium has a final pH of 7.4.



**Fig. S2** | Cytotoxicity studies of Ramizol<sup>®</sup>. (a) Cytotoxicity in NIH/3T3 fibroblasts and (b) immortalised keratinocytes (HaCaT). (c) Cytotoxicity in hepatocellular carcinoma (HepG2 ATCC HB-8065) and (d) human embryonic kidney cells (HEK293 ATCC CRL-1573). Statistical differences in cell viability were observed between NIH/3T3 fibroblasts in the presence of **10** at 2 µg/mL and 500 µg/mL after 72 hrs compared to the control ( $p=0.0256$ ,  $n=3$  Student *t*-test). Statistical differences were observed between HaCaT cells in the presence of **10** at 500 µg/mL after 72 hrs compared to the control ( $p=0.0256$ ,  $n=3$  Student *t*-test unpaired).



**Fig. S3** | SEM images of *S. aureus* (ATCC 29213) treated with **10** at (a) 0.5xMIC (0.5 µg/mL), (b) 1xMIC (1.0 µg/mL), (c) 2xMIC (2.0 µg/mL) and (d) 1xMBC (32.0 µg/mL). Images were taken at approximately x5000 magnification. Scale bar is 30 µm. (e) *In-vitro* efficacy of **10** against *S. aureus* showing a 2-fold decrease at 16-32 µg/mL compared to the starting culture. Untreated *S. aureus* and cultures treated with 0.5 µg/mL showed log (CFU/mL) > 9.

**Table S1 | Autodock parameters used**

<b>Description</b>	<b>Value</b>
Number of runs	256
Number of points	56 50 50
Grid Centre	4.0, -0.5353, 0.2711
<b>Energy profile calculation</b>	
Number of runs	30
Number of points	56 40 40
<b>Common parameters for all dockings</b>	
tran0 (initial coordinates)	random
quat0 (initial quaternion)	random
ndihe (number of initial torsions)	depends on ligand
dihe0 (initial torsions)	random
non-hydrogen torsional coeff	0.3113
tstep (translation step/Å)	2.0
qstep (quaternion step/deg)	50.0
dstep (torsion step/deg)	50.0
trnf (trans reduction factor/cycle)	1
quarf (quat reduction factor/cycle)	1
dihrf (tors reduction factor/cycle)	1
e0max (max. allowable initial energy, max. number of retries)	10000
<b>Lamarckian Genetic Algorithm (LGA) parameters</b>	
ga_pop_size (number of individuals in population)	50
ga_num_evals (maximum number of energy evaluations)	250000
ga_num_generations (maximum number of generations)	27000
ga_elitism (num. of top individuals that automatically survive)	1
ga_mutation_rate (rate of gene mutation)	0.02
ga_crossover_rate (rate of crossover)	0.80
ga_window_size (num. of generations for picking worst individual)	10
ga_cauchy_alpha (~mean of Cauchy distribution for gene mutation)	0
ga_cauchy_beta (~variance of Cauchy distribution for gene mutation)	1

**Table S2 | Spatial dimensions of Eco-MscL versus spatial dimensions between  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  hydrogen atoms in the ligands.** The distance between the H atoms are as follows  $\alpha$ - $\gamma$  >  $\beta$ - $\gamma$  >  $\alpha$ - $\beta$ .

	$\alpha$ - $\beta$	$\beta$ - $\gamma$	$\alpha$ - $\gamma$	$\alpha$ $\beta$ $\gamma$	$\beta$ $\alpha$ $\gamma$	$\alpha$ $\gamma$ $\beta$	Lowest Docking Energy (kcal/mol)
	(Å)			(Degrees)			
<b>Spatial description of Eco-MscL</b>	6.32	9.60	14.47	129.57	20.37	30.06	
<b>Ligand</b>							
<b>1</b>	7.11	7.78	12.91	120.20	31.39	28.42	-9.89
<b>2</b>	6.23	6.41	6.76	64.67	59.00	56.34	-10.43
<b>3</b>	9.73	10.33	10.83	65.29	60.02	54.69	-5.96
<b>4</b>	7.23	9.95	12.71	94.13	51.31	34.57	-8.40
<b>5</b>	9.52	10.30	11.14	68.22	59.22	52.56	-8.21
<b>6</b>	5.22	8.40	9.67	87.21	60.16	32.63	-7.56
<b>7</b>	2.43	10.13	10.26	96.23	80.13	13.64	-7.62