## From lithotroph- to organotroph-dominant: directional shift of microbial community in sulphidic tailings during phytostabilization

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Running title: Microbial communities in sulphidic tailings

Subject Category: Microbial population and community ecology

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Treatment name	Top soil addition	Plant status	Watering
Tailings only	No topsoil was added initially	No plants	Salt on surface
Tailings + plants			Irrigation
Tailings + Woodchips	Surfaced with local topsoil (gravelly/siliceous soil) 10-15 cm thick No topsoil was added initially	Surviving plants include 2 x Ptilotus, 3x Acacia chisolmii, 1 x Acacia ligulata No plants	Salt on surface
Tailings + Woodchips + plants	No topsoil was added initially	4 x Ptilotus plants, 2 x Acacia chisolmii plants alive	Drip-irrigation was not uniformly distributed

Supplementary Table 1 Additional information of the treatments sampled in this study



Supplementary Figure 1 Rarefaction curve of OTUs recovered from the Mount Isa Pb-Zn-Cu tailings



Supplementary Figure 2 A phylogenetic tree of 16S rRNA gene sequences recovered from the 24 tailings samples in this study. The tree was constructed using the neighbour-joining method. Only representative OTUs were shown in this tree. The taxonomic groups are delineated on the right. Scale bar stands for 0.05 changes per site



Supplementary Figure 3 Biplots of the principal component analysis (PCA) at the treatment level showing the correlation of genera with PCA axes. The PCA axes differentiate the tailings samples according to their microbial composition



Supplementary Figure 4 Correlation matrices for: Environmental variables (upper-left,  $67 \times 67$ ), biological variables (upper-right,  $33 \times 33$ ), cross-correlation Environmental \_ biological variables (bottom). Increasing values are translated into colours from blue (negative correlation) to red (positive correlation)



Supplementary Figure 5 Abundance of prominent toxic elements (Pb, n = 52; As, n = 38; Zn, n = 54) in Pb-Zn mine tailings from worldwide. Data was from a Tailings Property Database constructed by our group (available for free upon request)