Charytan et al, AJKD, "Cause of Death in Patients With Diabetic CKD Enrolled in the Trial to Reduce Cardiovascular Events With Aranesp Therapy (TREAT)"

Table S3—Cause-specific cumulative incidence of mortality according to baseline eGFR estimated with the 4-variable non-IDMS traceable MDRD formula

Type of Death	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Р
(N=806)	1.03 - 24.56	24.57 - 31.62	31.67 - 39.94	40.03 - 135.3	Value
,	mL/min/1.73 m ²	mL/min/1.73 m ²	mL/min/1.73 m ²	mL/min/1.73 m ²	
	(N=1009)	(N=1009)	(N=1011)	(N=1006)	
Overall	28.7%	22.5%	18.9%	18.8%	<0.001
	(25.5 - 32.0)	(19.6 - 25.5)	(16.2 - 21.7)	(16.0 - 21.7)	
CV Death	14.3%	12.0%	11.6%	10.1%	0.002
	(11.9 – 16.8)	(9.8 - 14.3)	(9.5 - 14.1)	(8.1 – 12.5)	
Fatal MI	2.1%	1.8%	1.1%	1.0%	0.057
	(1.3 - 3.3)	(1.0 - 3.0)	(0.6 - 1.9)	(0.5 - 1.8)	
Fatal Stroke	1.2%	1.4%	1.0%	0.8%	0.086
	(0.7 - 2.2)	(0.8 - 2.4)	(0.5 - 1.8)	(0.3 - 1.6)	
Presumed CV Death	1.8%	1.5%	1.8%	1.2%	0.23
	(1.1 - 2.9)	(0.8 - 2.6)	(1.0 - 3.0)	(0.6 - 2.1)	
Pump Failure	2.3%	1.7%	1.5%	2.2%	0.55
	(1.5 - 3.5)	(1.0 - 2.7)	(0.8 - 2.6)	(1.2 - 3.6)	
CV Other	0.5%	0.9%	0.7%	0.8%	0.55
	(0.2 - 1.3)	(0.4 - 1.8)	(0.3 - 1.6)	(0.3 - 1.5)	
Presumed Sudden Death	1.2%	0.9%	1.4%	0.6%	0.51
	(0.6 - 2.0)	(0.4 - 1.8)	(0.7 - 2.5)	(0.2 - 1.3)	
Definite Sudden Death	5.1%	3.7%	4.1%	3.7%	0.096
	(3.7 - 6.8)	(2.5 - 5.2)	(2.9 - 5.7)	(2.5 - 5.4)	
Definite or Presumed	6.2%	4.6%	5.5%	4.3%	0.07
Sudden Death	(4.7 - 8.1)	(3.2 - 6.2)	(4.0 - 7.3)	(3.0 - 6.0)	
Non-CV Death	12.1%	8.8%	6.4%	6.7%	<0.001
	(9.9 - 14.6)	(6.9 - 10.9)	(4.8 - 8.2)	(5.1 – 8.7)	
Infection	4.7%	2.8%	2.0%	1.6%	<0.001
	(3.4 - 6.4)	(1.9 - 4.1)	(1.1 - 3.2)	(0.9 - 2.8)	
Malignancy	1.8%	2.2%	1.4%	1.9%	0.67
	(1.0 - 3.0)	(1.3 - 3.4)	(0.7 - 2.4)	(1.1 - 3.1)	
Other	3.8%	2.7%	2.2%	2.7%	0.13
	(2.6 - 5.3)	(1.7 - 4.0)	(1.4 - 3.4)	(1.7 - 3.9)	
Renal	1.8%	1.0%	0.8%	0.5%	0.011
	(1.0 - 3.1)	(0.5 - 2.0)	(0.4 - 1.7)	(0.1 - 1.5)	
Non CV/Non-Renal Death	10.3%	7.8%	5.5%	6.2%	<0.001
	(8.3 - 12.6)	(6.0 - 9.7)	(4.1 - 7.3)	(4.7 - 8.1)	
Unknown	2.4%	1.7%	0.8%	1.9%	0.29
	(1.4 - 3.7)	(1.0 - 2.9)	(0.4 - 1.7)	(1.1 – 3.1)	

Estimated cumulative incidence rates at 3 years are provided. P value for trend test refers to risk of death across all patient follow-up for each cause of death across eGFR quartiles. Renal deaths defined as refusal of dialysis, or death in the setting of acute kidney injury or from direct complications of uremia, dialysis, or renal procedure. Other deaths include suicide and deaths from pulmonary, hepatobiliary, gastrointestinal, procedural, and accidental causes.