

## Sequotyping

Sequotyping was performed according to Leung *et al* [41] with minor modifications: the PCR reaction comprised 12.5  $\mu$ l 1X KAPA Taq Ready Mix<sup>®</sup> (KAPA Biosystems, Boston, MA), 1  $\mu$ l of primer mix (Table 2), 2  $\mu$ l gDNA (diluted 1:10), 8.5  $\mu$ l nuclease/RNase-free H<sub>2</sub>O (Applied Biosystems) in a final volume of 25  $\mu$ l. Thermal cycling consisted of an initial denaturation at 95°C for 5 min, followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 30 s, annealing at 65°C for 30 s, and extension at 72°C 90 s employing an Applied Biosystems<sup>®</sup> 2720 Thermal Cycler (Applied Biosystems). PCR products were separated by electrophoresis in 1.5% agarose gel (SeaKem LE Agarose; Lonza, Rocklnd, ME) for 45 min at 80 V in a 1X Tris-acetate EDTA buffer. Ethidium bromide-stained DNA products were visualized under UV illumination and sized by using a 1-kb DNA molecular size marker (HyperLadder<sup>®</sup> 1kb; Bioline).

Table 2: Sequotyping assay PCR reaction mix for 80 reactions

Reagent (initial concentration)	1 Reaction ( $\mu$ l)	X80 Reactions ( $\mu$ l)	Final Concentration
2x Mastermix	12.5	1000	1X
Cps Primer_F 10 uM	1	80	400nM
Cps Primer_R 10 uM	1	80	400nM
dH2O	8.5	680	
DNA	2		
total	25	2000	