

**Supplementary Fig. 1.** APOL1-induced LMP. Intracellular localization of 10 kDa- and 4 kDa- dextran beads in untreated (Ctrl) and 10 µg ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1-treated *T. brucei* (90 min incubation). The same exposure time was applied to all panels.



**Supplementary Fig. 2.** Intracellular localization of the rAPOL1-BODIPY conjugate in *T. b. brucei* and *T. b. gambiense*. (**a**) SDS-PAGE analysis of the BODIPY-conjugated rAPOL1, after synthesis or after isolation from trypanosomes following incubation for 90 min in the presence of the cysteine protease inhibitor FMK-024. (**b**) Intracellular localization of the rAPOL1-BODIPY conjugate. The mitotracker reveals the mitochondrion independently of membrane depolarization (bars=1 μm).



**Supplementary Fig. 3.** Expression and subcellular localization of *Tb*EndoG under different conditions. (**a**) *TbEndoG* down-regulation after *TbEndoG* RNAi induction by doxycycline (Dox), as measured by qRT-PCR (error bars represent s.e.m.; 3 replicates; n=3), Western blotting and immunofluorescence (in representative cells) (bars=2  $\mu$ m). (**b**) Intracellular localization of *Tb*EndoG in *T. brucei*, untreated (Ctrl) or treated with 30% NHS (representative examples). The mitotracker identifies the mitochondrion, and the Hoechst dye labels the nucleus and kinetoplast DNA (large and small blue dot, respectively) (bars=2  $\mu$ m).





**Supplementary Fig. 4.** Expression of *Tb*KIFC1. (a) *TbKIFC1* down-regulation as measured in the RNAi cell line transfected or not with recoded gene constructs (addWT, wild-type gene; addT577N and addK94/97A, mutant genes), using qRT-PCR (error bars represent s.e.m.; 3 replicates; n=3) and immunofluorescence (in representative cells; bars=2  $\mu$ m) after Dox induction (1 day). (b) Immunodetection of *Tb*KIFC1 using endocytosed 10 kDa dextran beads to visualize the endocytic compartment (representative example; bars=2  $\mu$ m).



**Supplementary Fig. 5.** rAPOL1-triggered LMP and MMP in control (Ctrl) and Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi cells (1 day) (representative examples; bars=2  $\mu$ m). (a) Intracellular localization of 4 and 10 kDa dextran beads in Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi cells treated for 1 h with 10  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1. (b) TMRE staining of the mitochondrial membrane in control (Ctrl) and Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi cells treated or not for 1 h with 10  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1. (c) Intracellular localization of the BODIPY conjugate of rAPOL1 incubated for 1 h with the *TbKIFC1* RNAi cell line after Dox induction.



**Supplementary Fig. 6.** Duolink ligation proximity assay<sup>18</sup> between *Tb*KIFC1 and rAPOL1 in control and Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi cells (1 day) transfected or not with recoded addback gene construct, and treated or not for 1 h with 10  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1 (representative examples; bars=2  $\mu$ m). The mitotracker was used to localize the mitochondrion.



**Supplementary Fig. 7.** A trypanosomal mitofusin-like protein encoded by the Tb927.7.2410 gene (UniProt reference Q57XN3), termed *TbMFNL* in this work. (a) Phylogenic tree of mitofusin-related proteins (numbers on nodes indicate posterior probabilities; UniProt nomenclature: *Np*NOSP7= B2IZD3; *Sc*FZO1= P54861; *Hs*MFN1 = Q8IWA4; *Hs*MFN2 = O95140; *Tb*DLP1 = Q582R3; *Tb*DLP2 = Q582Q9; *Cm*DNM1 = M1VAR7; *Sc*DNM1 = Q6FJH5; *Hs*DNM1 = Q05193; *Sc*MGM1 = P32266; *Hs*OPA1 = O60313; *At*ARC5 = Q84N64; *Ec*YjdA = B7M8L9). (b) Sequence and structure comparison between *Tb*MFNL and human mitofusin 1 (*Hs*MFN1) and OPA 1 (*Hs*OPA1). E-values of BLAST are indicated between the GTPase domains. MTS=mitochondrial targeting sequence; CC=coiled-coil region; TM=transmembrane span. (c) *TbMFNL* down-regulation by Dox-induced RNAi as measured by qRT-PCR (error bars represent s.e.m.; 3 replicates; n=3).





**Supplementary Fig. 8.** Components and pathways not playing a major role in APOL1-mediated LMP and MMP. (a) Involvement of reactive oxygen species in APOL1-induced trypanolysis. Measurement of oxidative stress in cells either treated with 10  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1 for 1 h or with 10  $\mu$ M H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> for 10 min, using flow cytometry after cellular staining with the general oxidative stress fluorescent indicator H<sub>2</sub>DCFDA or the mitochondrial superoxide fluorescent indicator MitoSOX (mfi= mean fluorescent intensity of 10,000 cells; error bars represent s.e.m.; 3 replicates; n=3). (b) Detection of plasma membrane pores using propidium iodide (PI; 668 Da) during trypanolysis by rAPOL1 (bars=2 µm). Trypanosomes immobilized on agarose were incubated for 3 h with 10 µg ml<sup>-1</sup> rAPOL1, then a time-laps sequence of 1 h was captured every 20 sec with 10 µg ml<sup>-1</sup> PI. Frames were selected during the cell death event.



**Supplementary Fig. 9.** Components and pathways not playing a major role in APOL1-mediated LMP and MMP. Effect of *TbSTOML* RNAi induction for 2 days by Dox and effect of *TbAIF* KO on trypanolysis by rAPOL1 after overnight incubation (error bars represent s.e.m.; 3 replicates; n=10 and 12 for *Tb*STOML and *Tb*AIF respectively).



**Supplementary Fig. 10.** Lack of *Tb*KIFC1 involvement in the intracellular composition or trafficking of lipids. (**a**) Fatty acid composition of control (Ctrl) and Dox-induced *Tb*KIFC1 RNAi cells (1 day) transfected or not with recoded addback gene construct (TL, NL and PL designate total lipid, neutral lipid and polar lipid fractions respectively). (**b**) Sphingolipid and cholesterol turnover in control (Ctrl) and Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi cells (1 day), as measured by chase experiments after trypanosome incubation with 2  $\mu$ M BODIPY® FL C5-Ceramide or 0.5  $\mu$ M Top Fluor cholesterol. Panels at the top show the fluorescence of representative cells (bar=2  $\mu$ m), and panels at the bottom show representative mfi kinetics of 10,000 cells/time point (n=3).





Suppl. Fig. 2a

Suppl. Fig. 3a

Supplementary Fig. 11. Full images of the blots whose sections are shown in the Figures.

Cell	No addition	Chloroquine	Bafilomycin	
Ctrl	18.7 ± 3.1	3.9 ± 1.1	3.8 ± 0.5	
+ Dox	17.0 ± 0.7	$4.9 \pm 0.4$	3.8 ± 0.1	
+ Dox  + addWT	17.3 ± 1.5	4.4 ±0.1	3.6 ± 0.2	

**Supplementary Table 1.** Involvement of *Tb*KIFC1 in endosomal pH. Effect of Dox-induced *TbKIFC1* RNAi (1 day) on the accumulation of [<sup>14</sup>C] methylamine, determined as previously described<sup>8</sup> (error bars represent s.e.m.; 4 replicates; n=1 except in control (Ctrl) cells where n=5). The accumulation ratio measured in the presence of chloroquine (0.3 mM) or bafilomycin (0.32  $\mu$ M) was used as an indication of probe accumulation in response to the pH gradient across the plasma membrane, since under these conditions the pH gradient across acidic intracellular organelles (endosomal/lysosomal compartments) was abolished.

name	accession	E-value	% Ctrl o/n	p-value of o/n	% mRNA	in mito-
	number		resistance	resistance	level	chondrial
			at 1 µg ml <sup>-1</sup>	at 1 µg ml <sup>-1</sup>	(Dox d2)	proteome
			rAPOL1	rAPOL1		(ref. 48)
<i>Tb</i> DLP	Tb927.3.4720 &	2.10 <sup>-153</sup> to	00.2		25.5	yes
	Tb927.3.4760	ScDNM1p	90.2	0.9875		
<i>Tb</i> PHB 1-2	Tb927.8.4810 &	2.10 <sup>-78</sup> & 3.10 <sup>-73</sup> to	96.8		17.4 &	VAS
	Tb927.10.4310	ScPHB2p	30.0	- 0.0000	57.8	ycs
ThSTOM	Tb927 5 520	3.10 <sup>-78</sup> to	165.0	< 0.0001	41.2	ves
	7.5027.0.020	HsSTOML2	100.0			,
	Tb927 10 14510	9.10 <sup>-62</sup> to	158.0	0 1134	17.3	ves
/20211	70027.10.11010	ScSEY1p	100.0	0.1101	17.0	,00
	Tb927 8 560	6.10 <sup>-9</sup> to	115 7		52 1	ves
	10021.0.000	ScGEM1p	110.1	0.9393	02.1	,
<i>Tb</i> LDK	Tb11.01.0670	6.10 <sup>-38</sup> to <i>Hs</i> SIK3	105.2	0.9922	39.6	no
<i>Tb</i> AIF	Tb927.7.4310	2.10 <sup>-5</sup> to ScAlF1p	227.5	< 0.0001	0 (KO)	yes

**Supplementary Table 2.** Effect on APOL1-induced trypanolysis, of downregulation of genes supposedly involved in intracellular lipid trafficking or apoptosis. Six top lines: lipid trafficking (*Tb*DLP, Dynamin related protein<sup>41</sup>; *Tb*PHB, Prohibitin<sup>42</sup>; *Tb*STOML, Stomatin-like protein<sup>43</sup>; *Tb*SEY1, ER Dynamin-like GTPase<sup>44</sup>; *Tb*MIRO, ER mitochondria encounter structure (ERMES) complex GTPase<sup>45</sup>; *Tb*LDK, Lipid droplets kinase<sup>46</sup>). Bottom line: apoptosis (Apoptosis Inducing Factor (AIF)<sup>47</sup>.

## **Supplementary References**

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