Supporting Information: Social Feedback and the Emergence of Rank in Animal Society

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S3 Text. Definitions of W(n) and T(n).

As in the main text, we defined the weighted rank aggression as

$$W(2) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} \Delta(i,k)}{\sum_{i,j,k;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk}}$$
(1)

where we write \emptyset to indicate the restriction to distinct values of i, j, and k. Higher orders can be defined in a similar fashion, so that

$$W(3) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k,l;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl} \Delta(i,l)}{\sum_{i,j,k,l,m;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl}},$$
(2)

and

$$W(4) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k,l,m;\emptyset} d_{ij}d_{jk}d_{kl}d_{lm}\Delta(i,m)}{\sum_{i,j,k,l,m;\emptyset} d_{ij}d_{jk}d_{kl}d_{lm}},$$
(3)

and so forth, always restricting to non overlapping choices for the indices.

Similarly, the transitivity is defined as

$$T(2) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} (d_{ik} - \bar{d}_{i;j}) / \bar{d}_{i;j}}{\sum_{i,j,k;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk}},$$
(4)

where $\bar{d}_{i;j}$ is the average aggression directed by *i* against individuals other than *j*. We exclude *j* from this average so as not to induce a spurious correlation. and higher orders can be defined as

$$T(3) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k,l;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl} (d_{il} - \bar{d}_{i;j}) / \bar{d}_{i;j}}{\sum_{i,j,k,l;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl}},$$
(5)

and

$$T(4) = \frac{\sum_{i,j,k,l,m;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl} d_{lm} (d_{im} - \bar{d}_{i;j}) / \bar{d}_{i;j}}{\sum_{i,j,k,l,m;\emptyset} d_{ij} d_{jk} d_{kl} d_{lm}},$$
(6)

and so forth, always restricting to non overlapping choices for the indices.