

Supplementary Material

Title

Genetic diversity and evolutionary insights of respiratory syncytial virus A ON1 genotype: global and local transmission dynamics.

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Table S1. RSV-A ON1 G-gene sequences used in the study.

Country	Strain Identifier	Accession Number	G-gene Sequences (length 330bp)						G-gene Sequences (length 696bp)					
			Number of sequences collected during season (October to September)				Total sequences		Number of sequences collected during season (October to September)				Total sequences	
			2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014			2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014		
Canada	ON, C, E, H, I	JN257693, JN257694, KP321974-KP322010, KR871317-KR871349	10	50			60		10	1			11	
China	BJ, GZ	KC461212, KC461213, KC559442, KC559440, KM586845, KM586834			5		5			5		5		
Croatia	HR	KF057865, KF057866, KF057867			2		2					0		
Cuba	CU2011	KC754738, KC754743, KC677857-KC677877, KC283043, KC283044	8	12			20		8	12		20		
Germany	HD, WUE	KJ710364-KJ710420, JX912355-JX912364		10	29		39					0		
India	NIV	KF246639, KF246640, KC731482, KF246641, KF246638	1	4			5		1	4		5		
Italy	RM, AN	JX988439 to JX988452, KC858199-KC858257		14	52		66					0		
Japan	AH, AS, Chiba, Kanagawa, Yamaguchi, Yokohama	AB761609, AB761610, AB761611 AB754590, AB698559, AB808757-AB808780		13	16		29			4		4		
Kenya	KEN	KF587911-KF588014		28	49		77		28	49		77		
Korea	GM	JX627336		1			1		1			1		
Latvia	LV	KF030154		1			1					0		
Malaysia	MY	JX256871		1			1					0		
Panama	PAN	KF300973-KF301018	13	9			22		13	9		22		
Paraguay	Py	KM508823, KM508824, KM508825, KM508826			4		4			4		4		
Peru	PER	KJ627264, KJ627347		1			1		1			1		
Philippines	ONP, BPH	AB846656, AB846657, AB846655, AB846651, AB846652, AB846653			6		6			6		6		
South Africa	SA, RXH	KC476744, KC476745, JX885730-JX885737		10			10		2			2		
Spain	MAD, VH	KF915227-KF915265, KM402618-KM402671			25	53	78			25	53	78		
Thailand	CU2011	KC342406, KC342413, KC342419, KC342434, KC342441	3	2			5		3	2		5		
USA	LA2, TX	KJ890469-KJ890479, KM042382-KM042392, KJ672424-KJ672480		3	48		51			40		40		
Total sequences used in the current study			27	155	248	53	483		27	56	145	53	281	
Total countries covered in the current analysis			3	15	11	1	20		3	8	8	1	15	

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Table S2. Exact geographical area of collected specimens from each country.

Country (specimen collection period)	Province/City/Hospital/Surveillance systems	Reference
Canada (2010-2012)	Ontario	1
China (2012-2013)	Beijing, Chongqing, Shanghai	2-4
Croatia (2012-2013)	Exact location not available	Unpublished
Cuba (2011-2013)	Exact location not available	Unpublished
Cyprus (2012-2013)	Nicosia	5
Germany (2011-2013)	Bavaria, Heidelberg	6-7
India (2010-2012)	Pune	8
Italy (2011-2013)	Rome, Ancona	9
Japan (2011-2013)	Fukui, Chiba, Tochigi, Yamaguchi, Kanagawa	10-11
Kenya (2011-2012)	Kilifi	12
South Korea (2011-2012)	ARI-NET and KINRESS	13
Latvia (2011-2012)	Riga	14
Malaysia (2011-2012)	Kuala Lumpur	15
Panama (2010-2012)	Exact location not available	Unpublished [#]
Paraguay (2012-2013)	Exact location not available	Unpublished [#]
Peru (2011-2012)	Lima	Unpublished [#]
Philippines (2012-2013)	Palawan, Puerto Princesa	Unpublished [#]
South Africa (2011-2012)	Cape Town, Gauteng Province, KwaZulu-Natal Province, Mpumalanga Province, and North-West Province, Pretoria	16-17
Spain (2012-2014)	Catalonia	18
Thailand (2010-2011)	Bangkok and Khon Kaen provinces	19
USA (2011-2013)	Texas, Tennessee	20

[#] RSV-A ON1 G-gene sequences are directly submitted to NCBI Genbank. G-gene sequences from Cyprus are not available in NCBI Genbank.

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Table S3. Estimated mean evolutionary rates, and basic reproductive number (R_0) of RSV-A ON1 G-gene sequences[#] by country.

Country (number of sequences)	Coalescent Method	Mean Evolutionary Rate (substitutions/site/year)				R_0	
		x10 ⁻³	95% BCI Lower	95% BCI Upper	Mean	95% BCI Lower	95% BCI Upper
		Mean					
Canada (n=60)	Exponential Growth	3.12	1.0x10 ⁻³	5.6x10 ⁻³	1.03	1.007	1.07
Germany (n=39)	Exponential Growth	5.5	1.8x10 ⁻³	8.9x10 ⁻³	1.04	1.008	1.08
Italy (n=66)	Exponential Growth	4.04	1.4x10 ⁻⁴	8.9x10 ⁻³	1.01	0.99	1.03
Japan (n=29)	Exponential Growth	6.6	5.7x10 ⁻⁴	1.5x10 ⁻²	1.01	1.0	1.03
Kenya (n=77)	Exponential Growth	2.23	7.7x10 ⁻⁴	3.9x10 ⁻³	1.003	1.004	1.01
Spain (n=78)	Exponential Growth	1.56	4.3x10 ⁻⁴	2.9x10 ⁻³	1.005	0.99	1.01
Panama (n=22)	Exponential Growth	2.97	4.8x10 ⁻⁴	5.6x10 ⁻³	1.02	1.0	1.04
USA (n=51)	Exponential Growth	1.9	4.7x10 ⁻⁴	3.7x10 ⁻³	1.01	1.0009	1.02

BCI: Bayesian credible intervals, R_0 : Basic reproduction number

Second hypervariable region of G-gene (330bp length).

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Table S4. R_0 values quantified for infectious diseases using genetic data and incidence data

Pathogen	Genetic data	Number of sequences	R_0 from sequences (95% BCI)	R_0 range from incidence data
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	G-gene (Set G330)	483	1.017 (1.012-1.022) [#]	1.2-2.1 ¹
	G-gene (Set ON)	60	1.030 (1.007-1.07) [#]	
Pandemic 2009 H1N1	Hemagglutinin	23	1.2 ²	1.4 - 1.6 ²
Pandemic 2009 H1N1	whole genome	100 ^{##}	1.12 (1.07 - 1.16) ³	1.3 - 1.7 ²⁻⁴
Hepatitis C virus subtype 1a	E1, NS5	34, 59	2.93 ⁵	1.2 ⁶
Hepatitis C virus subtype 1b	E1, NS5	76, 53	2.67 ⁵	
Hepatitis C virus subtype 4	E1, NS5	22, 18	1.68 ⁵	
Hepatitis C virus subtype 6	E1, NS5	23, 40	1.21 ⁵	
2014 Ebola virus (EBOV)	whole genome	72	1.65 - 2.18 ⁷	1.51-2.53 ⁸
Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERSCoV)	whole genome	10	1.21 (1.08 - 1.40) ⁹	0.42-0.80 ¹⁰
Epizootic Rabies virus	concatenated G, N and non-coding regions	-	1.02-1.16 ¹¹	1.66-2.33 ¹²
Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) - SPA-type t008	whole genome	30	1.24-1.34 ¹³	0.60-1.0 ¹⁴

Specific to RSV-A ON1 genotype from the current study

First two months of pandemic

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Table S5. Parameter estimates, dN/dS, values of log-likelihood (l), positively selected sites, and likelihood ratio tests (LRT) in the C-terminal hypervariable region of G-gene of RSV-A ON1 genotype viruses circulating globally (2010-2014), and Ontario, Canada (2010-2012).

Model	Parameter estimates	Mean dN/dS	Log-likelihood (l)	Positively selected sites (PSS)	Model comparison ($2\Delta l$, d.f, p)
Global (set G330)					
M1a	$\omega_0=0.0$, $\omega_1=1.00$ $p_0=0.26$, ($p_1=0.74$)	0.73	-1371.540	not allowed	M1a vs. M2a : 9.26, d.f = 2 p = 0.009
M2a	$\omega_0=0.0$, $\omega_1=1.00$ $\omega_2=2.93$ $p_0=0.28$, $p_1=0.42$ ($p_2=0.29$)	1.29	-1366.909	Twenty PSS listed in Table S4	
M7	$p=0.013$ $q=0.005$	0.66	-1372.025	not allowed	M7 vs. M8 : 10.06, d.f = 2, p = 0.006
M8	$p_0=0.75$, ($p_1=0.25$) $p=0.02$, $q=0.006$ $\omega=3.24$	1.30	-1366.991	Forty one listed in Table S4	
Ontario (set ON)					
M1a	$\omega_0=0.0$, $\omega_1=1.00$ $p_0=0.35$ ($p_1=0.65$)	0.65	-638.162	not allowed	M1a vs. M2a : 6.44, d.f = 2 p = 0.03
M2a	$\omega_0=0.33$, $\omega_1=1.0$ $\omega_2=6.42$ $p_0=0.85$, $p_1=0$ ($p_2=0.15$)	1.23	-634.939	Five PSS listed in Table S4	
M7	$p=0.045$, $q=0.022$	0.67	-638.171	not allowed	M7 vs. M8 : 6.45, d.f = 2, p = 0.02
M8	$p_0=0.85$, ($p_1=0.15$) $p=16.2$, $q=32.05$ $\omega=6.43$	1.23	-634.942	Twelve PSS listed in Table S4	

Neutral models (M1a, and M7) were compared with their respective alternative (selection) models (M2a and M8), which allow $\omega > 1$. Model comparison can be calculated using $2\Delta l = 2(l_1 - l_0)$, where l_1 = LRT of alternative model; and l_0 = LRT of null model. Proportion of PSS and their corresponding ω -values in M2a and M8 models are in bolded italics. ON67-1210A (accession number: JN257693) was used as reference strain in both analyses.

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Table S6. List of positively selected sites predicted by PAML (reference strain: ON67-1210A)

Type of dataset	CODEML model (AA [#])	PSS using Bayes Empirical Bayes (BEB) analysis		
		p>50% to p<70% (mean dN/dS ± S.E.)	p>70% to p<90% (mean dN/dS ± S.E.)	p>90% (mean dN/dS ± S.E.)
Ontario (set ON)	M2a (5)	Y273 (3.9 ± 3.4) Y280 (3.8 ± 3.4) L310 (3.7 ± 3.2)	T306 (5.8 ± 3.1)	V303 (6.6 ± 2.6)
	M8 (12)	V225 (3.5 ± 3.1) T241 (3.4 ± 3.1) Y273 (3.9 ± 3.2) L274 (3.7 ± 3.0) Y280 (3.8 ± 3.2) L289 (3.5 ± 3.1) Y304 (3.4 ± 3.1) L310 (4.0 ± 3.0) Q312 (3.4 ± 3.1) T319 (3.4 ± 3.1)	T306 (5.6 ± 2.9)	V303 (6.2 ± 2.6)
Global (set G330)	M2a (20)	L226 (2.1 ± 1.3) T231 (2.1 ± 1.3) T245 (2.3 ± 1.5) T246 (2.0 ± 1.3) T248 (2.5 ± 1.3) N250 (2.2 ± 1.2) E262 (2.4 ± 1.3) Y273 (2.2 ± 1.4) L289 (2.0 ± 1.3) T306 (2.0 ± 1.3) L310 (2.2 ± 1.1)	G232 (2.7 ± 1.2) L247 (3.1 ± 1.5) H266 (2.6 ± 1.4) L274 (2.6 ± 1.2) H290 (2.6 ± 1.4) T319 (2.8 ± 1.4)	V225 (3.3 ± 1.4) V303 (3.2 ± 1.4) N318 (3.2 ± 1.4)
	M8 (41)	P217 (1.8 ± 1.1) K223 (1.7 ± 1.1) L226 (2.0 ± 1.2) T231 (2.1 ± 1.2) K233 (1.7 ± 1.1) T235 (1.7 ± 1.1) T246 (2.1 ± 1.2) L248 (2.0 ± 1.2) S250 (1.9 ± 1.2) H258 (1.9 ± 1.2) S260 (1.9 ± 1.2) S275 (1.8 ± 1.0) S283 (1.9 ± 1.2) L289 (2.0 ± 1.1) T292 (1.7 ± 1.1) T293 (1.8 ± 1.1) S294 (1.9 ± 1.2) G296 (1.9 ± 1.1) L298 (1.6 ± 1.0) T306 (2.0 ± 1.1) S307 (1.9 ± 1.1) E308 (1.7 ± 1.1) S313 (1.8 ± 1.1) L314 (1.8 ± 1.1) S317 (1.9 ± 1.1)	T245 (2.3 ± 1.2) T249 (2.4 ± 1.1) N251 (2.3 ± 1.1) E262 (2.5 ± 1.1) H266 (2.5 ± 1.1) G272 (2.5 ± 1.1) Y273 (2.2 ± 1.1) H290 (2.5 ± 1.1) L310 (2.3 ± 1.0) T319 (2.6 ± 1.0)	V225 (2.8 ± 0.9) G232 (2.7 ± 0.9) L247 (2.7 ± 1.0) L274 (2.6 ± 0.9) Y304 (2.8 ± 0.9) N318 (2.8 ± 0.9)

PSS: Positively selected sites, S.E.: Square root of the variance.

#AA: Total number of amino acids with posterior probability greater than 50%

ON67-1210A (accession number: JN257693) was used as reference strain in both analyses.