

S1 Table: Patterns of reported alcohol use using the Time Line Follow Back Calendar among young people who report alcohol use in the past 60 days in northern Tanzania

Variables	Responses	Secondary school students ²		College and university students ²		Employed in local industries ³		Casual labourers ³	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Sample	N ¹	9	20	41	72	14	41	13	81
Time line followback calendar 60 days	Events-median &IQR	2[1-2]	4[2-7]	1[1-5]	5[2-8]	1[1-3]	4[2-6]	6[4-10]	6[3-10]
	Drinks in 60 days-median &IQR	2.5[1.3-9.0]	20.0[3.5-49.0]	6[2-36]	39.8[12-62.6]	0.8[0.3-12.0]	21.0[6.0-44.0]	18.0[8.0-30.0]	40.8[12.5-73.6]
	Drinks in 30 days-median&IQR	1.3[0.6-4.5]	10.0[1.8-24.5]	3[1-18]	19.9[6-31.3]	0.4[0.2-6.0]	10.5[3.0-22.0]	9.0[4.0-15.0]	20.4[6.2-36.8]
	Drinks per event-median&IQR	1.3[1.3-4.5]	4.0[2.2-6.0]	4.2[2.0-6.0]	7.5[4.9-9.8]	1.0[0.3-4.0]	6.0[3.5-8.3]	3.3[1.0-4.0]	6.8[2.8-9.4]
	Days drinking in a month-median	1[1-1]	2[1-4]	1[1-3]	2[1-4]	1[1-2]	2[1-3]	3[2-5]	3[2-5]
	Heavy episodic drinking ⁴ (% , 95%CI)	7.5[0-25.4]	26.7[0.0-33.0]	26.3[14.9-55.0]	71.2[51.0-91.1]	7.1[0.0-25.0]	51.2[36.7-66.7]	7.7[0.0-8.3]	56.8[47.8-71.2]

. ¹Actual number of respondents without sampling weights applied. ²Median are weighted estimates. ³Median without sampling weights applied. ⁴Heavy episodic drinking is defined as average of 6 or more standard drinks in a drinking occasion