

Supporting Information

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1.0 Experimental Section

1.1 General Considerations

All experiments were performed in anhydrous conditions under an atmosphere of dry argon using flame-dried glassware. Solvents were dried by a Grubbs-type solvent purification system. Hexanes and pentanes were degassed with argon for 10 minutes prior to use. Unless otherwise noted, all other reagents were obtained from commercial sources and used as received. ^1H Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded at 400, 500 or 600 MHz. Data is presented as follows: chemical shift (in ppm on the δ scale relative to δH 7.26 for the residual protons in CDCl_3 or δH 7.16 for the residual protons in C_6D_6), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constant (J/Hz), integration. Coupling constants were taken directly from the spectra and are uncorrected. ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded at 75, 100, 125 or 150 MHz, and all chemical shift values are reported in ppm on the δ scale, with an internal reference of δC 77.0 for CDCl_3 or δC 128.39 for C_6D_6 . Mass spectral determinations were carried out using APCI, ESI, or NSI as ionization source. Melting points are uncorrected. Infrared spectral data are reported in units of cm^{-1} . Analytical TLC was performed on glass-backed silica gel F254 plates (EMD Chemicals). Visualization of developed plates was performed by fluorescence quenching or by staining with aqueous potassium permanganate (KMnO_4) or phosphomolybdic acid (PMA) in ethanol stain followed by heating. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 \AA (230-400 mesh) according to the literature procedure described by Still.¹ Optical rotations were measured on a Jasco P-2000 polarimeter. Analytical chromatographies, using isopropanol/hexane as gradient, were measured on a Varian Prostar instrument. $\text{Rh}_2(\text{S-BTPCP})_4$, $\text{Rh}_2(\text{S-PTAD})_4$, and $\text{Rh}_2(\text{S-DOSP})_4$ were

lyophilized prior to use using an SP VirTis BenchTop K freeze-dryer and were stored in a desiccator over Drierite™. Methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazobut-3-enoate², (Z)-methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate³ and (((4E)-hexa-2,4-dien-3-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane⁴ were prepared according to published literature procedures.

1.2 General procedures

Diene synthesis

To a round-bottom flask was added the ketone starting material (1.00 equiv), anhydrous DCM (0.2 M) and Et₃N (1.40 equiv). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Once cool, TBSOTf (1.15 equiv) was slowly added (over 1 minute). The reaction was allowed to stir overnight and gradually warm to room temperature. The reaction can be monitored by TLC using Al₂O₃ as the stationary phase. The reaction was stopped by diluting with pentane followed by saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was transferred to a separation funnel and the two layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (2 times) and the organic layers were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using 99:1 pentane/Et₃N as eluent to provide pure products.

Procedure A

Enantioselective regioisomeric [4 + 3] cycloaddition

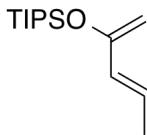
To a round-bottom flask was added the corresponding diene (1.51 mmol, 5.00 equiv), pentane (3.5 mL), and Rh₂(S-BTPCP)₄ (5.3 mg, 0.0030 mmol 0.010 equiv). A solution of methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazobut-3-enoate (77.0 mg, 0.30, mmol, 1.00 equiv) in pentane (3.5 mL) was added by syringe pump over 1 h. Once the addition was complete, the reaction was allowed to stir at 23 °C for 0.5 h. The reaction was stopped by concentration under reduced pressure and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to provide pure products.

Procedure B

Enantioselective regioisomeric [4 + 3] cycloaddition

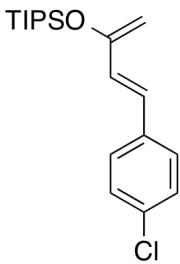
To a round-bottom flask was added the corresponding diene (0.187 mmol, 1.00 equiv), hexanes (2.0 mL), ad Rh₂(S-BTPCP)₄ (3.3 mg, 0.00187 mmol 0.010 equiv). The reaction vessel was equipped with a water-cooled reflux condenser and heated to reflux. A solution of (Z)-methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate (101 mg, 0.374 mmol, 2.00 equiv) in hexanes (2.0 mL) was added by syringe pump over 1 h. Once the addition was complete, the reaction was allowed to stir at reflux for 0.5 h. The reaction was stopped by concentration under reduced pressure and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to provide pure products.

2.0 Procedures and Characterization



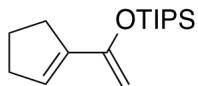
(E)-triisopropyl(penta-1,3-dien-2-yloxy)silane:

Derived from (*E*)-pent-3-en-2-one (10.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to provide the corresponding diene (2.5 g, 86% yield). $R_f = 0.8$ (100% hexanes); ^1H NMR (600 MHz; C_6D_6) δ 6.37 (dq, 1H, $J = 13.8, 6.6$ Hz), 5.99 (dd, $J = 15, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.39 (s, 1H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 1.71 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.31-1.26 (m, 3H), 1.24 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 18H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 156.2, 130.3, 126.5, 93.1, 18.7, 17.9, 13.6; IR (neat): 2944, 2892, 2866, 1586, 1317; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 241.1988 [($\text{M}+\text{H}$)⁺ requires 241.1982].



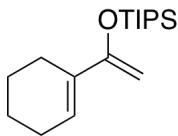
(E)-((4-(4-chlorophenyl)buta-1,3-dien-2-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane:

Derived from (*E*)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-2-one (5.69 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to provide the corresponding diene (1.87 g, 97% yield). $R_f = 0.7$ (100% hexanes); ^1H NMR (600 MHz; C_6D_6) δ 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d, $J = 15$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 1.37-1.34 (m, 3H), 1.29 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 18H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 155.8, 135.8, 133.6, 129.1, 128.4, 128.3, 127.7, 96.4, 18.4, 13.2; IR (neat): 2943, 2891, 2865, 1321; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 337.1748 [($\text{M}+\text{H}$)⁺ requires 337.1749].



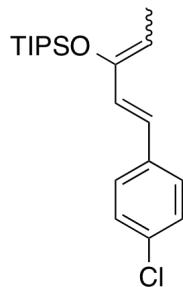
((1-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane:

Derived from 1-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethan-1-one (9.08 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to provide the corresponding diene (2.4 g, 99% yield). $R_f = 0.8$ (100% hexanes); ^1H NMR (600 MHz; C_6D_6) δ 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.38 (s, 1H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 2.14-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.29 (m, 2H), 1.76 (p, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.27-1.19 (m, 3H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 18H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 155.2, 142.1, 129, 92, 33.6, 32.9, 24.3, 18.7, 13.6; IR (neat): 2943, 2892, 2866, 1012; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 267.2143 [(M+H) $^+$ requires 267.2138].



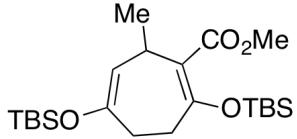
((1-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane:

Derived from 1-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethan-1-one (7.78 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to provide the corresponding diene (2.0 g, 94% yield). $R_f = 0.8$ (100% hexanes); ^1H NMR (600 MHz; C_6D_6) δ 6.59 (t, 1H, $J = 4.2$ Hz), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 1H), 2.15-2.12 (m, 2H), 2.06-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.22 (m, 3H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 18H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 157.7, 134.1, 125.7, 89.9, 26.4, 26.1, 25.7, 23.4, 22.8, 18.6; IR (neat): 2928, 2857, 1256; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 281.2293 [(M+H) $^+$ requires 281.2295].



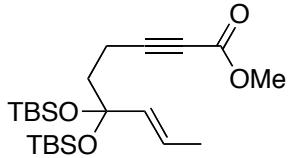
((1*E*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)penta-1,3-dien-3-yl)oxytriisopropylsilane:

Derived from (*E*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)pent-1-en-3-one to provide the corresponding diene as a 88:12 *Z,E:E,E* mixture of isomers which was determined by ¹H NMR. ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 4.83 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H (*Z,E*)), 5.01 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H (*E,E*)) (507 mg, 91% yield). R_f = 0.8 (100% hexanes); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 7.08 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.99 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.27-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.18-1.17 (m, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 151.2, 136.4, 133.4, 129.5, 129.4, 128.2, 125.8, 110.3, 18.6, 14.6, 12.5; IR (neat): 2943, 2865, 1489; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 351.1904 [(M+H)⁺ requires 351.1905].



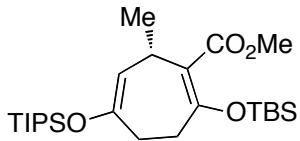
Methyl 2,5-bis((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-methylcyclohepta-1,diene-1,6-carboxylate(13a):

Prepared *via* Procedure A. Derived from (*E*)-tert-butyldimethyl(penta-1,3-dien-2-yloxy)silane (300 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (30 mg, 23% yield). $R_f = 0.10$ (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 5.07 (dd, 1H, $J = 6.0, 12.0$ Hz), 3.64 (p, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.69-2.64 (m, $J = 1$ Hz, 1H), 2.37-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.97 (s, 9H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.14 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 159.3, 150.7, 116.8, 111.9, 51.2, 32.5, 30, 25.7, 21.1, 18.2, 17.9, -3.9, -4.0, -4.3, -4.6; IR (neat): 2954, 2929, 2857, 1716, 1694, 836, 778; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 427.2694 [(M+H)⁺ requires 427.2689]. HPLC analysis: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexanes, 0.5 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 12.82 min (minor) and 16.35 min (major), 87 % ee.



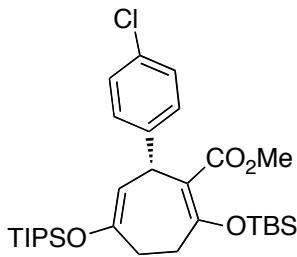
(E)-methyl 6,6-bis((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)non-7-en-2-yneate (14a):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from (*E*)-tert-butyldimethyl(penta-1,3-dien-2-yloxy)silane (300 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the alkynoate product as colorless oil (54 mg, 42% yield). $R_f = 0.14$ (98:2 Pentane:Et₂O); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 5.67 (dq, 1H, $J = 6.6, 13.2, 15.0$ Hz), 5.40 (dd, $J = 1.8, 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H), 2.38 (app dd, $J = 8.4, 10.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.93 (app dd, $J = 6.6, 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.47 (dd, $J = 1.8, 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 0.94 (s, 18H), 0.13 (s, 6H), 0.10 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 154.5, 135.4, 126.3, 98.6, 89.7, 74.2, 52.2, 42, 26.6, 18.8, 17.6, 14.6, 1.82, 2.04; IR (neat): 2954, 2929, 2857, 2240, 1718, 1247; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 427.2697 [(M+H)⁺ requires 427.2694].



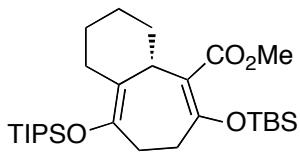
Methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-methyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (13c):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from (*E*)-triisopropyl(penta-1,3-dien-2-yloxy)silane (363 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (84 mg, 59% yield). R_f = 0.10 (98:2 Pentane:Et₂O); [α]_D²⁰: 26.3 (c. 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 5.10 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.65 (p, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.68 (ddd, J = 15.0, 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (ddd, J = 14.4, 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.09 (ddd, J = 14.4, 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (bs, 21H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 168.7, 159.6, 152, 117.7, 111.3, 51.1, 33.1, 30.8, 30.7, 26.3, 21.7, 18.9, 18.6, 13.4, -3.44; IR (neat): 2944, 2865, 1719, 1626, 1178; HRMS-(ESI) m/z 491.2986 [(M+Na)⁺ requires 491.2983]. HPLC: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexane, 0.5 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 12.24 min (minor) and 14.36 min (major), 96 % ee.



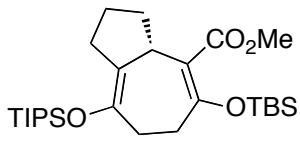
Methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (16a):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from (*E*)-((4-(4-chlorophenyl)buta-1,3-dien-2-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (51.0 mg, 0.151 mmol, 1.00 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (66 mg, 77 % yield). $R_f = 0.10$ (98:2 pentane/Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20}: 42.1$ (*c.* 0.49, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 7.78 (dd, 2H, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz), 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.32 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 2.50 (app t, *J* = 28, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (app t, *J* = 16.8, 31.2 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (d, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (app dt, *J* = 2.4, 2.4, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 1.09 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 21H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.10 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 168.7, 163.6, 154, 144.5, 132.3, 129.7, 128.7, 117.4, 107, 51.5, 38.7, 32.3, 30.6, 26.2, 18.9, 18.6, 13.33, 3.4, 3.3; IR (neat): 2945, 2864, 1687, 1185; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 565.2949 [(M+H)⁺ requires 565.2930]. HPLC: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexane, 0.5 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 28.14 min (minor) and 32.29 min (major), 95 % ee.



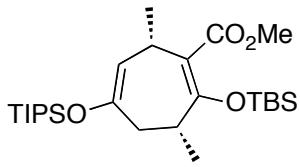
Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-9-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-2,3,4,4a,7,8-hexahydro-1*H*-benzo[7]annulene-5-carboxylate (16b):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from ((1-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (423 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (58 mg, 38 % yield). $R_f = 0.13$ (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20}: 72.8$ (*c.* 0.60, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 3.5 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 1H), 2.84 (ddd, *J* = 1.8, 12.6, 12.6 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (ddd, *J* = 2.4, 13.8, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.11-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.77 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 1.67-1.57 (m, 3H), 1.45-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.10-1.09 (m, 21H), 0.99 (s, 9H), 0.17 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 168.9, 161.5, 143.2, 120.6, 115.9, 51.2, 42.7, 35.7, 34.9, 33.5, 31.9, 28.9, 28.7, 26.3, 18.9, 18.7, 13.9, -3.51; IR (neat): 2927, 2864, 1715, 1194; HRMS-(ESI) m/z 509.3476 [(M+H)⁺ requires 509.3476]. HPLC: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 26.55 min (minor) and 29.51 min (major), 90 % ee.



Methyl 5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-8-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-1,2,3,3a,6,7-hexahydroazulene-4-carboxylate (16c):

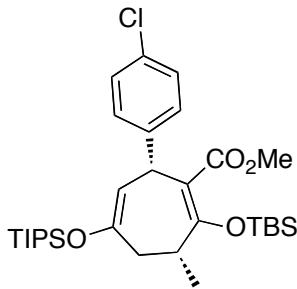
Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from ((1-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (402 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (74 mg, 50 % yield). $R_f = 0.10$ (98:2 Pentane:Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20}: 23.0$ (*c.* 1.08, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 3.49 (s, 3H), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.43-3.36 (m, 1H), 2.34-2.30 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.13 (m, 1H), 2.10 (ddd, *J* = 5.4, 7.2, 24.6 Hz, 1H), 1.68-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.61-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.95 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.35-1.08 (m, 21H), 0.97 (s, 9H), 0.18 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 169.2, 151.7, 143.6, 123.4, 119.4, 51, 39.4, 34.4, 31.9, 31.5, 31.2, 26.2, 25.4, 18.7, 14.1, -3.3, -3.5; IR (neat): 2945, 2864, 1723, 155; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 495.3321 [(M+H)⁺] requires 495.3320. HPLC: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV:210 nm retention time of 20.68 min (minor) and 18.24 min (major), 92 % ee.



(3*R*,7*S*)-methyl 2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3,7-dimethyl-5-

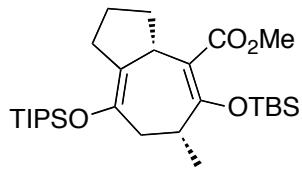
((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (18a):

Prepared *via* procedure B. Derived from ((1*E*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)penta-1,3-dien-3-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (43 mg, 0.151 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (*Z*)-methyl 3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate. Purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (43 mg, 59 % yield). R_f = 0.15 (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); [α]_D²⁰: 21.9 (c. 0.7, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 4.98 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 3.53-3.49 (m, 1H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.55 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.51-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.19 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.12 (s, 21H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.16 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 170.5, 156.2, 150.9, 119.8, 111, 51.2, 38.2, 37, 30.7, 26.3, 21.5, 19.5, 18.8, 18.6, 13.3, -3.3, -3.5; IR (neat): 2945, 2865, 1720, 1251; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 483.3324 [(M+H)⁺ requires 483.3320]. HPLC: (OD-H, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 17.66 min (minor) and 16.81 min (major), 99 % ee.



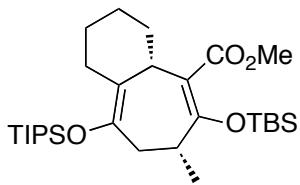
(3*R*,7*R*)-methyl 2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (18b):

Prepared via procedure B. Derived from (*E*)-((4-(4-chlorophenyl)buta-1,3-dien-2-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (51 mg, 0.151 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (*Z*)-methyl 3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate. Purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (49 mg, 57 % yield). $R_f = 0.11$ (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18.5$ (*c*. 0.9, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 7.24 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.44 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 2.55-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.21 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 15.0 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 15.0 Hz, 1H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.09-1.07 (m, 21H), 0.99 (s, 9H), 0.165 (d, *J* = 31.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 170.7, 160.8, 154.5, 143.8, 132.3, 130, 128.7, 117.3, 109.4, 51.6, 40.7, 38.1, 37.9, 26.3, 20.7, 18.8, 18.6, 13.2, -3.4, -3.8; IR (neat): 2945, 2864, 1716, 1175; HRMS- (ESI) m/z 579.3089 [(M+H)⁺ requires 579.3087]. HPLC: (ADH, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 31.14 min (minor) and 24.86 min (major), 99 % ee.



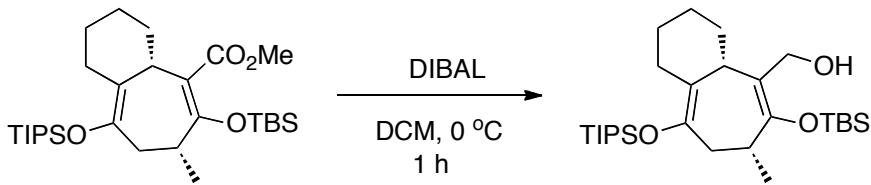
(3aS,6R)-methyl 5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-6-methyl-8-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-1,2,3,3a,6,7-hexahydroazulene-4-carboxylate (18c):

Prepared *via* procedure B. Derived from ((1-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (51 mg, 0.151 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (*Z*)-methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate. Purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinyllogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (49 mg, 52 % yield). R_f = 0.11 (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); [α]_D²⁰: 68.9 (c. 1.4, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.36 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.27 (m, 1H), 3.03-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.17 (dd, J = 4.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.71-1.68 (m, 3H), 1.63-1.57 (m, 1H), 1.39 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.13-1.11 (m, 2H), 1.00 (s, 9H), 0.20 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 170.5, 158.8, 139.3, 118.1, 117.9, 51.4, 42.1, 39.6, 39.4, 35.4, 30, 28, 27.6, 26.3, 18.7, 18.6, 14, -3.4; IR (neat): 2924, 2864, 1720, 1462, 1192; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 509.3479 [(M+H)⁺ requires 509.3476]; HPLC: (DACHDNB, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 61.38 min (minor) and 50.81 min (major), 99 % ee.



(4aS,7R)-methyl 6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-methyl-9-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-2,3,4,4a,7,8-hexahydro-1H-benzo[7]annulene-5-carboxylate (18d):

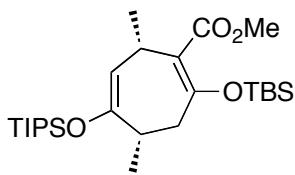
Prepared *via* procedure B. Derived from ((1-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (51 mg, 0.178 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (*Z*)-methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate. Purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (74 mg, 80 % yield). R_f = 0.10 (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 3.54-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.51 (s, 3H), 2.73 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.46-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.30 (m, 5H), 1.12-1.11 (m, 22H), 1.00 (s, 9H), 0.19 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 170.5, 158.8, 139.3, 118.1, 117.9, 51.4, 42.1, 39.6, 39.4, 35.4, 30, 28, 27.6, 26.3, 18.7, 18.6, 14, -3.4; IR (neat): 2928, 2864, 1719, 1189; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 523.3636 [(M+H)⁺ requires 523.3633].



((4aS,7R)-6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-methyl-9-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-2,3,4,4a,7,8-hexahydro-1H-benzo[7]annulen-5-yl)methanol:

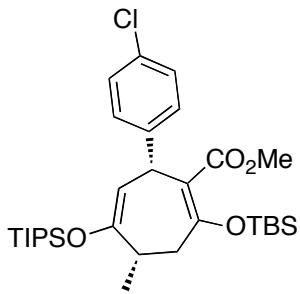
To a round-bottom flask was added ((4aS,7R)-methyl 6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-methyl-9-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)-2,3,4,4a,7,8-hexahydro-1H-benzo[7]annulene-5-carboxylate (**18d**) (125 mg, 0.239 mmol, 1.0 eq) and DCM (14 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Once cool, DIBAL 1M in DCM (1.1 mL, 1.07 mmol, 4.5 eq) was slowly added to the reaction over 5 minutes. The reaction was allowed to stir, at 0 °C, for 1 hour. The reaction was then stopped by diluting with Et₂O followed by addition of saturated aqueous solution of Rochelle's salt. The mixture was aggressively stirred for 1 h. The mixtures was then transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with H₂O (100 mL). The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was washed with Et₂O (3 x 50 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a glass frit and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purified by flash chromatography (95:5 hexanes/EtOAc) on silica gel to provide the reduced product as colorless oil (99 mg, 84 % yield). R_f = 0.43 (90:10 Hexanes/EtOAc); [α]_D²⁰: 88.7 (c. 0.81, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 4.31 (dd, 1H, J = 4.8, 11.4 Hz), 3.99 (dd, J = 5.4, 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (dd, J = 3.0, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.53-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.22 (dd, J = 4.8, 16.2 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.48-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.37 (m, 5H), 1.16-1.13 (m, 21H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.13 (d, J = 29.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 153.4, 138.9, 122.5, 118.4, 63.3, 44.2, 40.3, 38.7, 35.3, 30.7, 28.7, 28.3, 26.3, 18.8, 18.7, 14.1, -3.3, -3.6; IR (neat): 3440, 2927, 2864, 1169; HRMS-(NSI)

m/z 495.3687 [(M+H)⁺ requires 495.3684]; HPLC: (S,S-Whelk, 100 % hexane, 0.5 ml/min),
UV: 230 nm, retention time of 36.24 min (minor) and 43.36 min (major), 92 % ee.



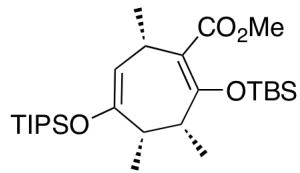
Methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-4,7-dimethyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (20a):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from ((2 Z ,4 E)-hexa-2,4-dien-3-yloxy)triisopropylsilane (384 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (100 mg, 68 % yield). R_f = 0.18 (98:2 Pentane:Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: 36.8 (*c.* 0.50, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 5.04 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz), 3.69 (p, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 2.67 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.60-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.15 (dd, *J* = 3.0, 14.4 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.11-1.09 (m, 21H), 1.00 (s, 9H), 0.23 (s, 3H), 0.18 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 168.3, 158.7, 155.2, 117.7, 110.9, 51.1, 41.1, 34.9, 30.6, 26.4, 21.1, 20.5, 18.9, 18.7, 13.5, -3.4, -3.3; IR (neat): 2945, 2865, 1719, 1179; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 483.3334 [(M+H)⁺ requires 483.3320]. HPLC: AD-H, 100 % hexane, 1.0 ml/min), UV: 254nm, retention time of 6.08 min (minor) and 5.26 min (major), 96 % ee.



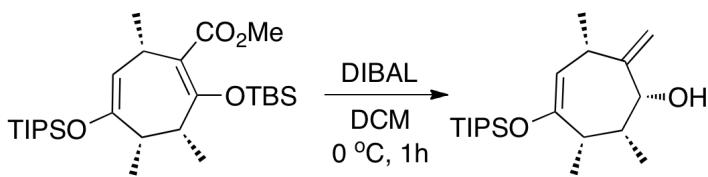
(4S,7R)-methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-7-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (20b):

Prepared *via* procedure A. Derived from ((1*E*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)penta-1,3-dien-3-yl)oxy)triisopropylsilane (529 mg, 1.51 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (124 mg, 71 % yield). $R_f = 0.16$ (98:2 Pentane/Et₂O); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = 43.4$ (*c.* 0.58, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆C₆) δ 7.39 (d, 2H, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.30 (dd, $J = 1.2, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, $J = 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 2.57-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.48 (app t, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.79 (dd, $J = 3.0, 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.17 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.12-1.09 (m, 21H), 0.95 (s, 9H), 0.15 (s, 3H), 0.13 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆C₆) δ 167.9, 162.6, 156.7, 144, 131.8, 129.1, 128.2, 117.5, 105.8, 50.9, 40, 38.2, 34.9, 25.7, 20.1, 18.1, 12.9, 12.2, -3.8; IR (neat): 2945, 2865, 1687, 1184; HRMS-(APCI) m/z 579.3102 [(M+H)⁺ requires 579.3087]. HPLC: (S,S-Whelk-O 1, 100 % hexane, 0.5 ml/min), UV: 254 nm, retention time of 20.70 min (minor) and 25.10 min (major), 96 % ee.



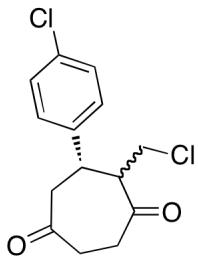
(3R,4S,7S)-methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3,4,7-trimethyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (21):

Prepared *via* procedure B. Derived from ((2Z,4E)-hexa-2,4-dien-3-yloxy)triisopropylsilane (100 mg, 0.393 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (*Z*)-methyl 3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-diazopent-3-enoate (212 mg, 0.786, mmol, 2.00 equiv). Purified by flash chromatography (98:2 pentane/Et₂O) on silica gel to provide the vinylogous [4+3] product as colorless oil (141 mg, 72% yield). $R_f = 0.14$ (98:2 pentane:diethyl ether); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: 26.1 (*c.* 0.2, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 4.73 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 3.52-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 2.96 (app q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.27-2.22 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 1.12-1.10 (m, 21H), 1.05 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (s, 9H), 0.23 (s, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 169.3, 153.5, 152.8, 118.3, 108.5, 50, 41.9, 36.9, 28.1, 25.3, 20.5, 17.7, 14.8, 13.2, 12.5, -4.07, -4.6; IR (neat): 2944, 2865, 1721, 1158; HRMS- m/z 439.3432 (M+H)⁺ requires 439.3422).



(1R,2R,3S,6S)-2,3,6-trimethyl-7-methylene-4-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohept-4-enol (22):

To a round-bottom flask was added (3R,4S,7S)-methyl 2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3,4,7-trimethyl-5-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)cyclohepta-1,5-dienecarboxylate (**21**) (132 mg, 0.266 mmol, 1.0 eq) and DCM (14 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Once cool, DIBAL 1M in DCM (1.1 mL, 1.07 mmol, 4.5 eq) was slowly added to the reaction over 5 minutes. The reaction was allowed to stir, at 0 °C, for 1 hour. The reaction was then stopped by diluting with Et₂O followed by addition of saturated aqueous solution of Rochelle's salt and was aggressively stirred for 1 h. The mixtures was then transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with H₂O (100 mL). The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was washed with Et₂O (3 x 50 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a glass frit and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purified by flash chromatography (90:10 hexanes/EtOAc) on silica gel to provide the reduced product as colorless oil (19 mg, 21% yield). R_f = 0.31 (90:10 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz; C₆D₆) δ 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 2.63 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (q, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (s, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.12-1.11 (m, 21H), 0.92 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.42 (bs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 153.4, 151.4, 108.3, 103.7, 79.8, 42.5, 38.7, 33, 19.5, 18.4, 16.3, 13.1, 7.5; IR (neat): 3384, 2964, 2943, 2866, 1645; HRMS- m/z 339.2716 [(M+H)⁺ requires 339.2713]; HPLC: (S,S-Whelk, 100 % hexane, 0.25 ml/min), UV: 230 nm, retention time of 53.24 min (minor) and 56.11 min (major), 85 % ee.



(6S)-5-(chloromethyl)-6-(4-chlorophenyl)cycloheptane-1,4-dione (derivative of 16a):

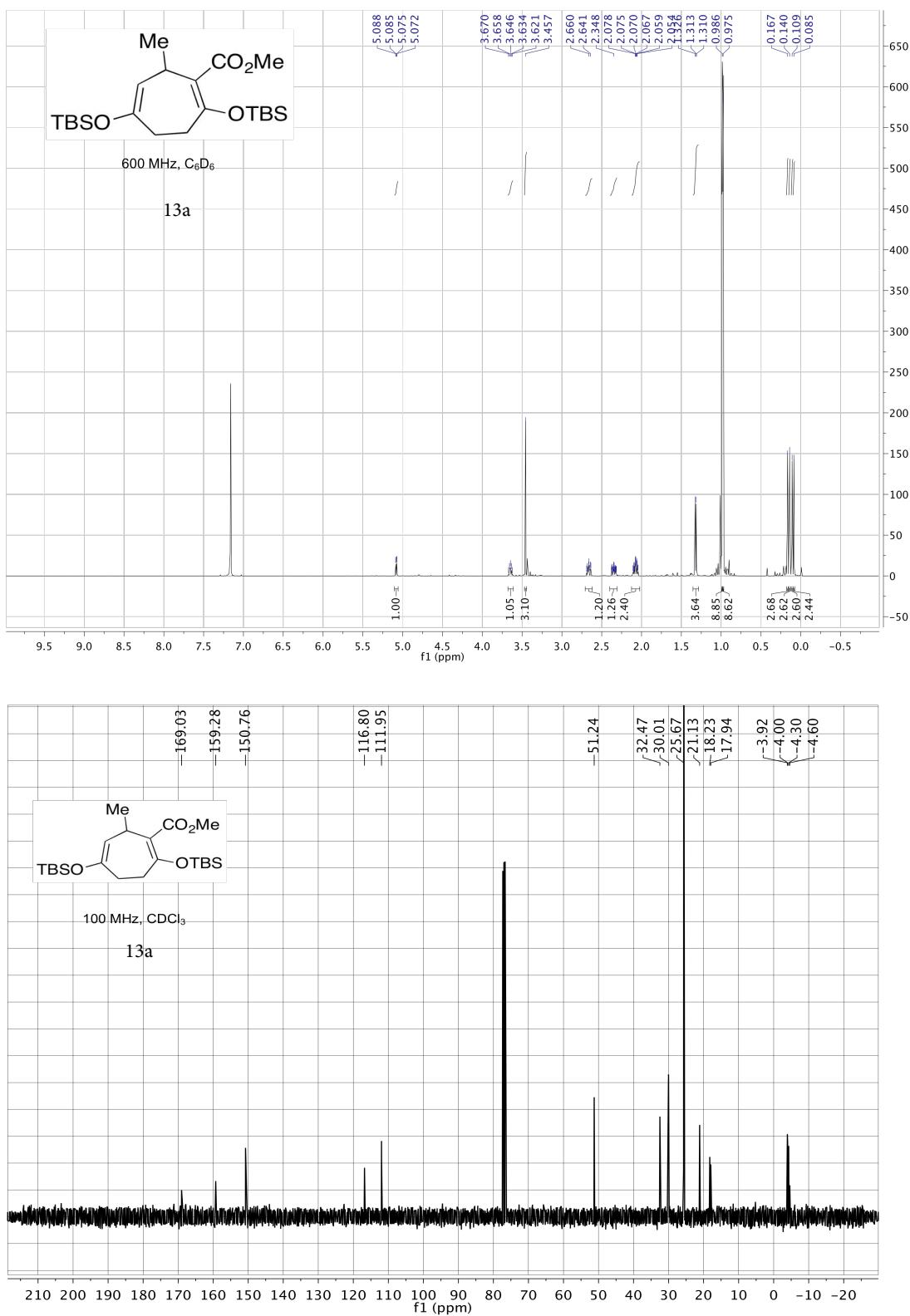
To a round-bottom flask was added **16a** (1.00 g, 1.77 mmol, 1.0 eq) and DCM (70 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Once cool, DIBAL 1M in DCM (5.31 mL, 5.31 mmol, 3.0 eq) was slowly added to the reaction over 5 minutes. The reaction was allowed to stir, at 0 °C, for 1 hour. The reaction was then stopped by diluting with Et₂O followed by addition of saturated aqueous solution of Rochelle's salt. The mixture was aggressively stirred for 1 h. The mixture was then transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with H₂O (100 mL). The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was washed with Et₂O (3 x 50 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a glass frit and concentrated under reduced pressure. To a round bottomed flask was added anhydrous THF (12 mL) and cooled to 10 °C. Once cool, 2 M HCl (4 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to stir and gradually warm to room temperature overnight. The reaction was then cooled to 0 °C and quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution. The mixture was then transferred to a separation funnel and diluted with Et₂O. The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was washed with Et₂O (3 x 25 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a glass frit and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a 64:36 mixture of diastereomers which was determined by ¹H NMR of the crude material. Purification by flash chromatography (75:25 hexanes/EtOAc) on silica gel provided the reduced product as white solid (22 mg, 5 % yield). R_f = 0.17 (75:25 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (600 MHz; C₆D₆) Selected chemical shifts for major

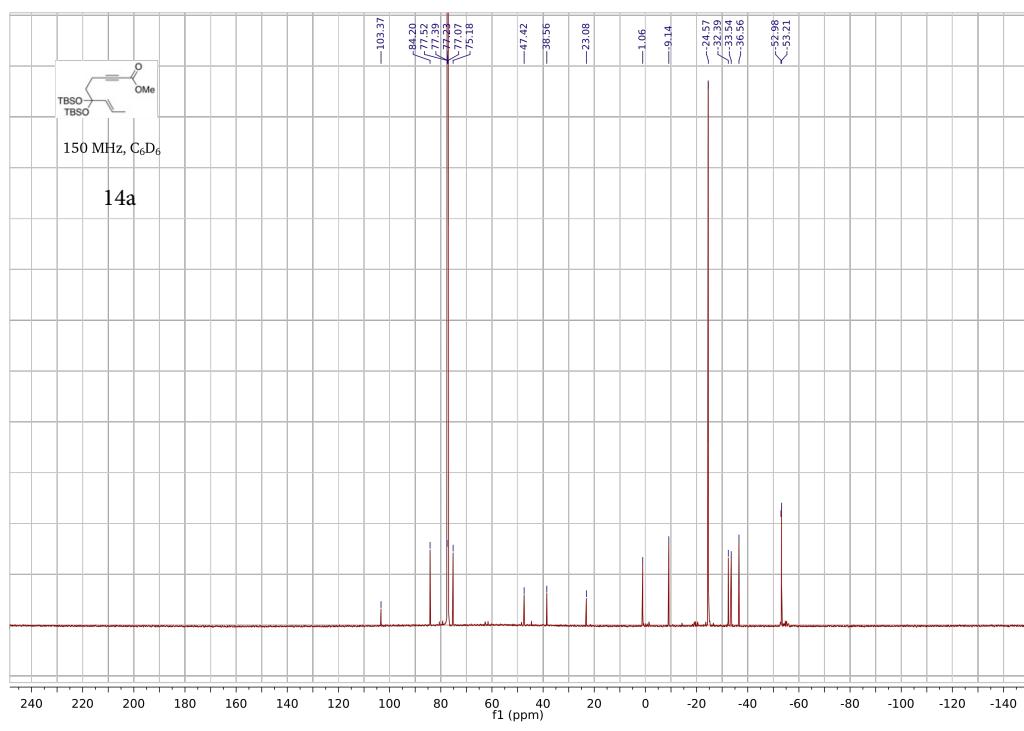
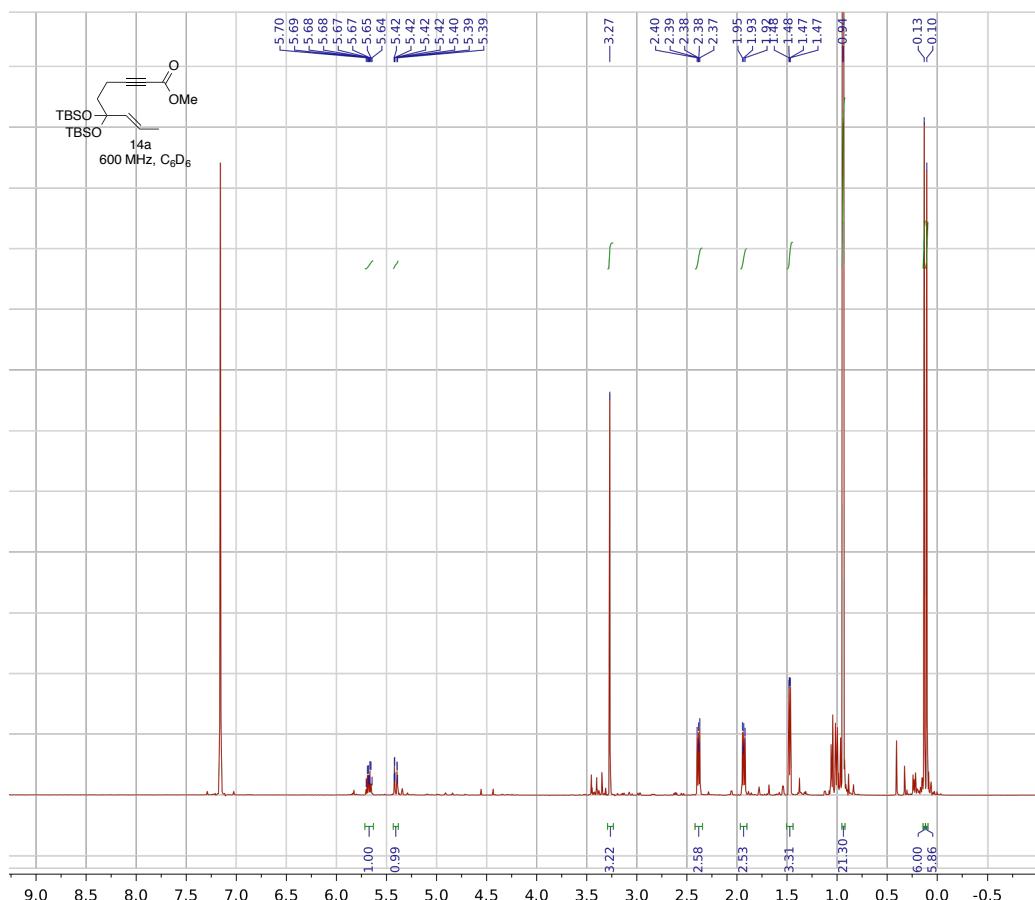
diastereomer: δ 6.995 (dd, J = 1.8, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.35 (dd, J = 1.8, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (app t, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (dd, J = 2.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.74-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.42 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) chemical shifts for major diastereomer: δ 208.7, 207.6, 129.8, 129.6, 129.3, 128.5, 59.7, 49.7, 42.6, 41.8, 38.9, 38.5; IR (neat): 2959, 2920, 2852, 1700; HRMS- m/z 285.0437 [(M+H)⁺ requires 285.0443].

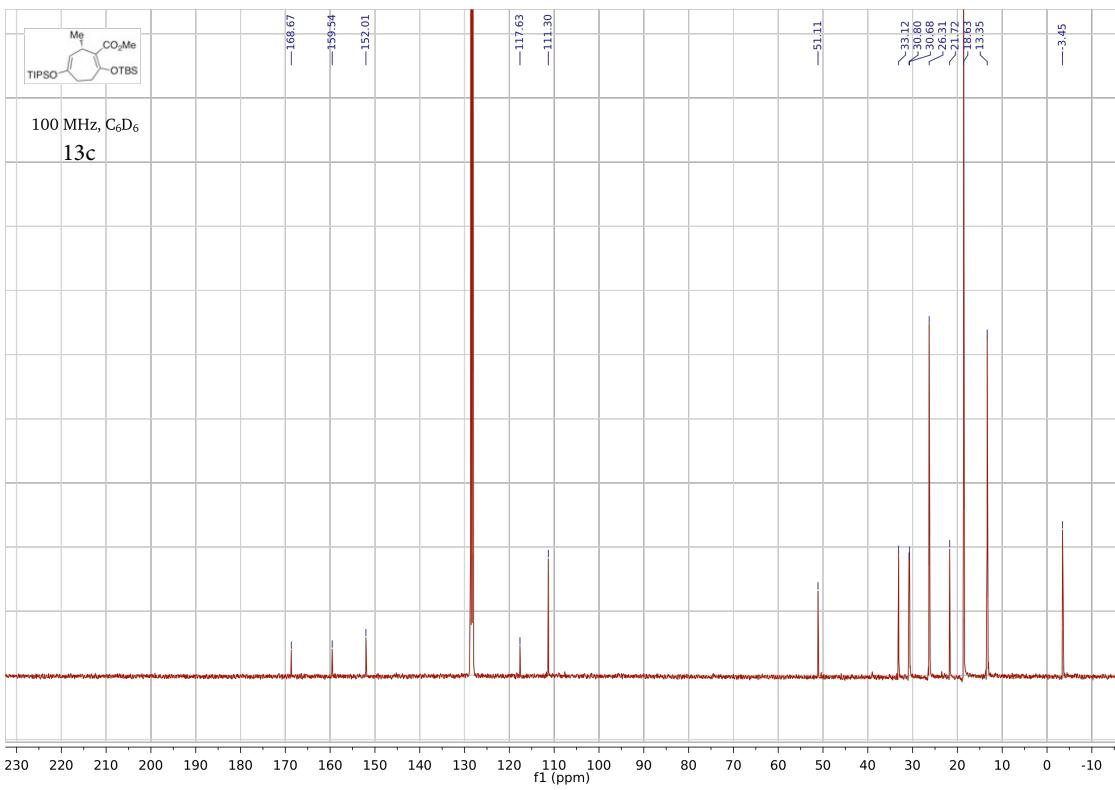
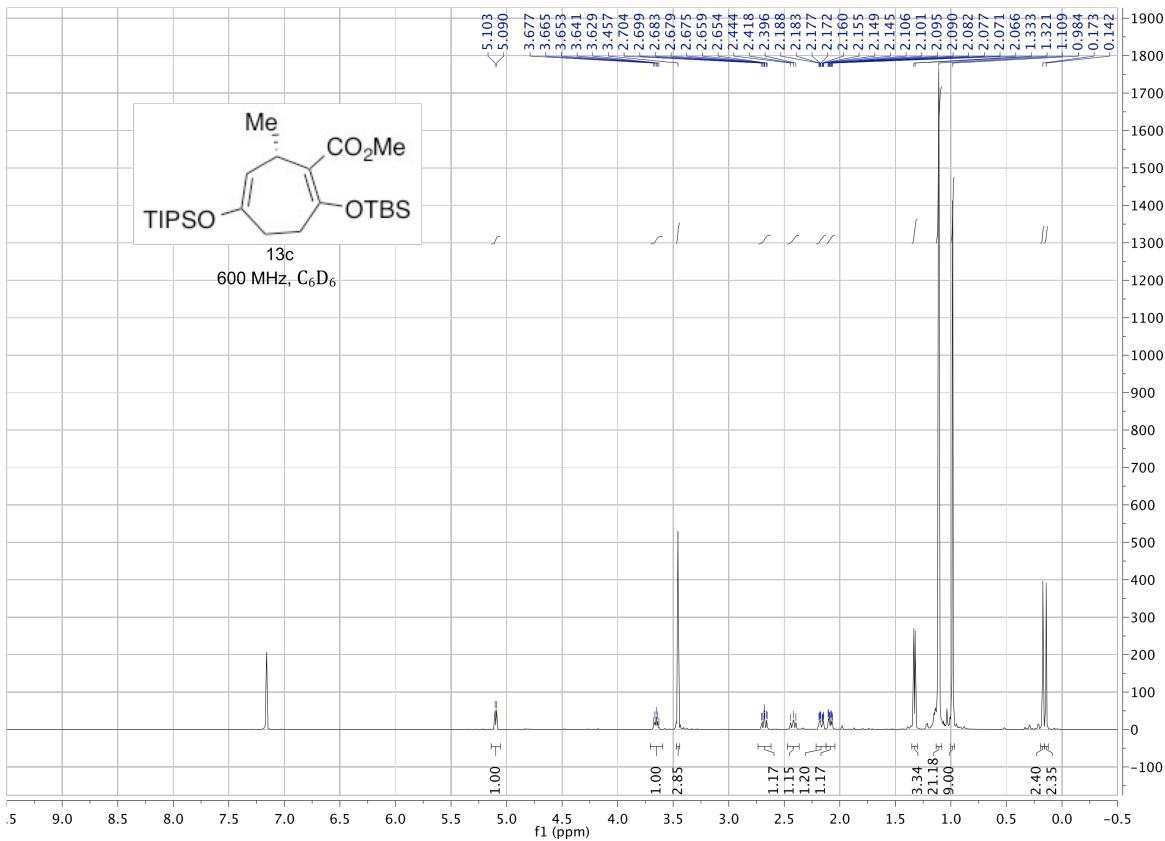
3.0 References

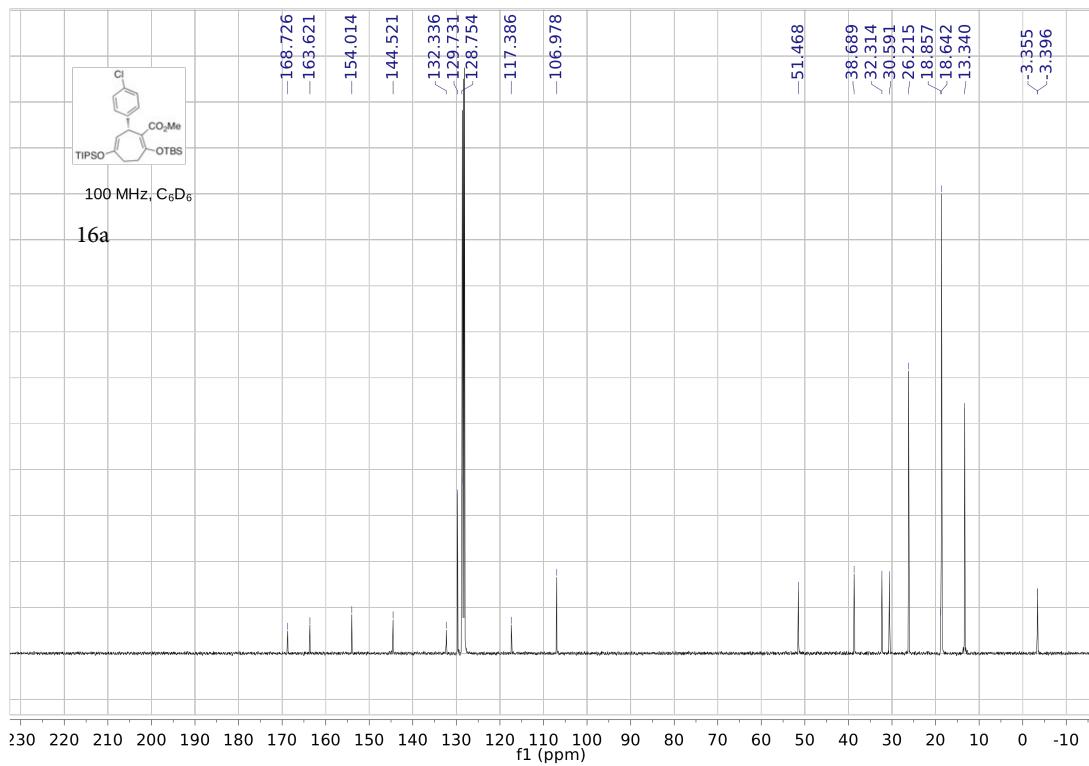
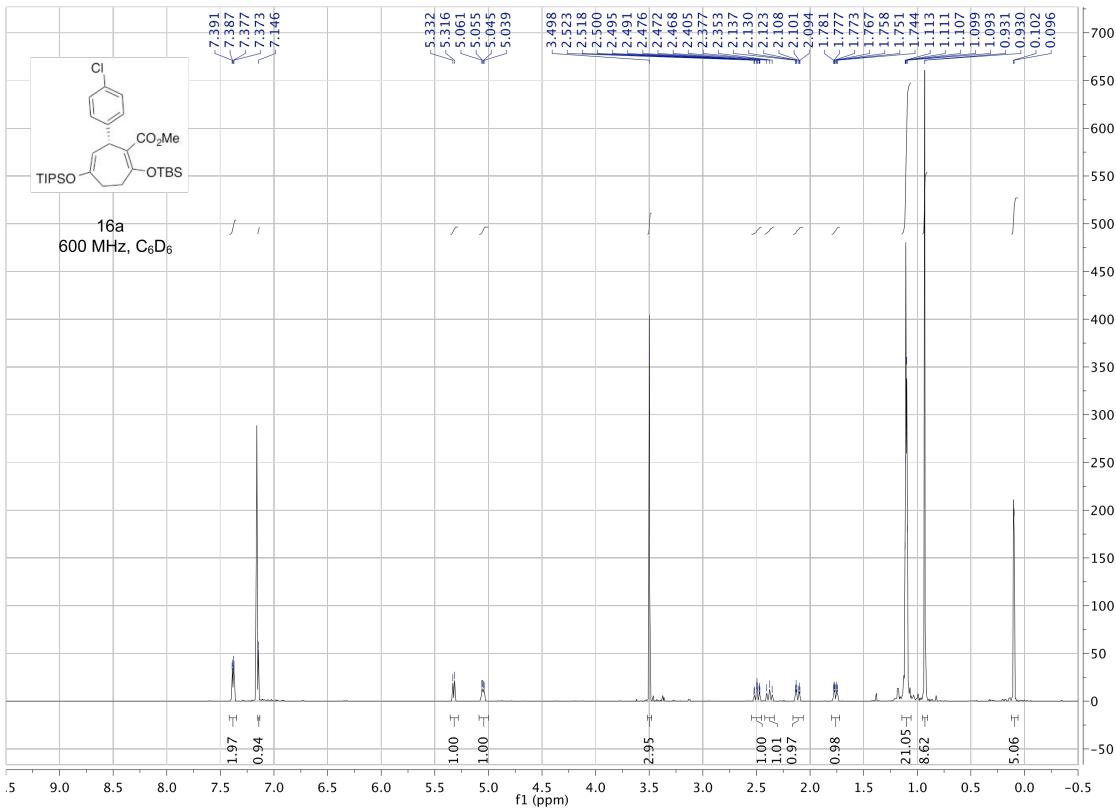
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- (4) Nakashima, D; Yamamoto, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 9626-9627.

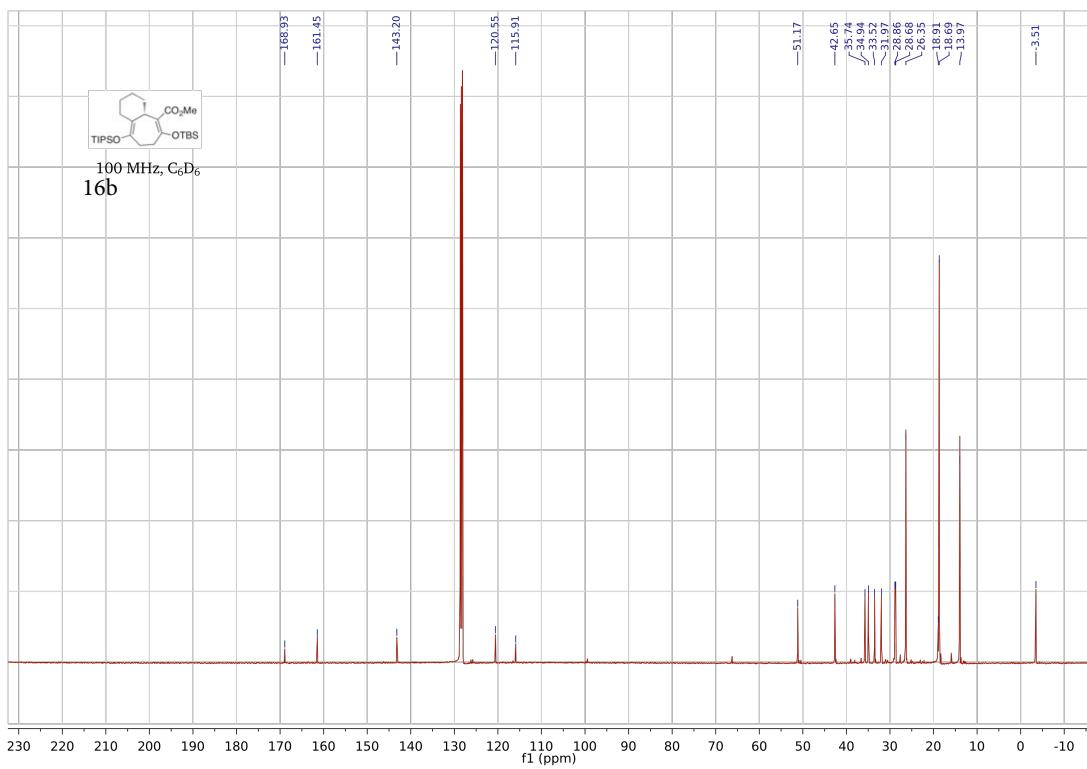
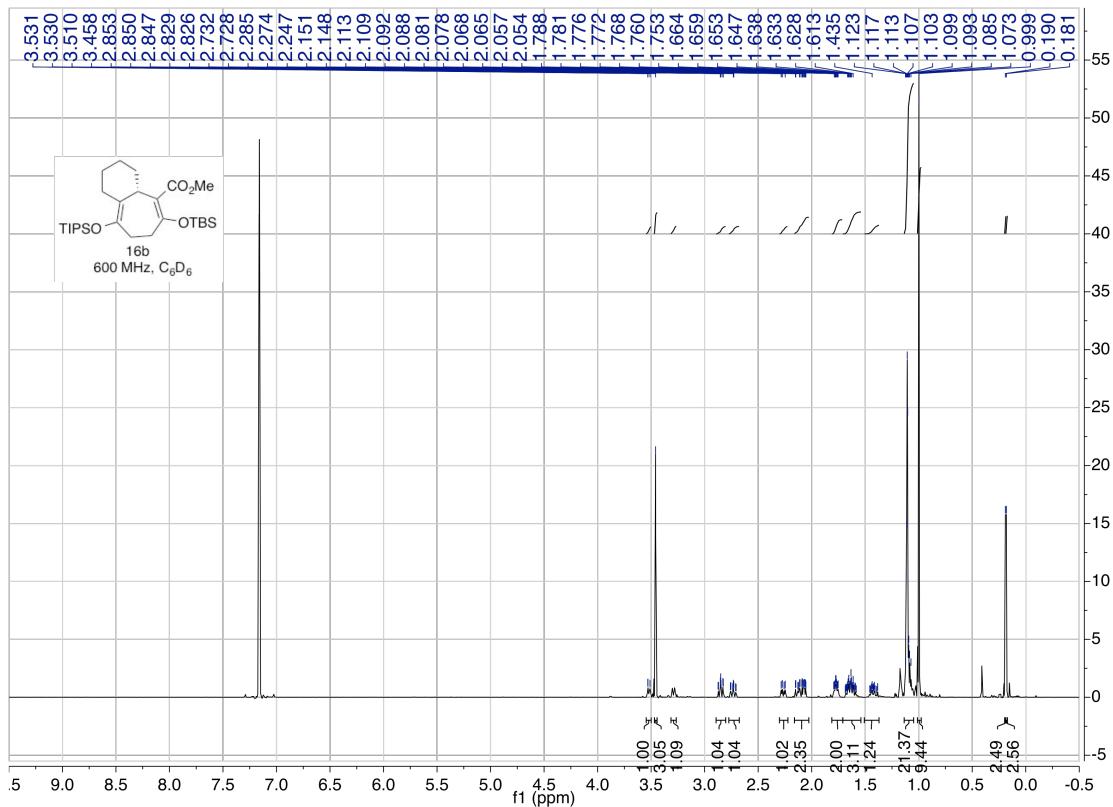
4.0 Proton and Carbon NMR Spectra

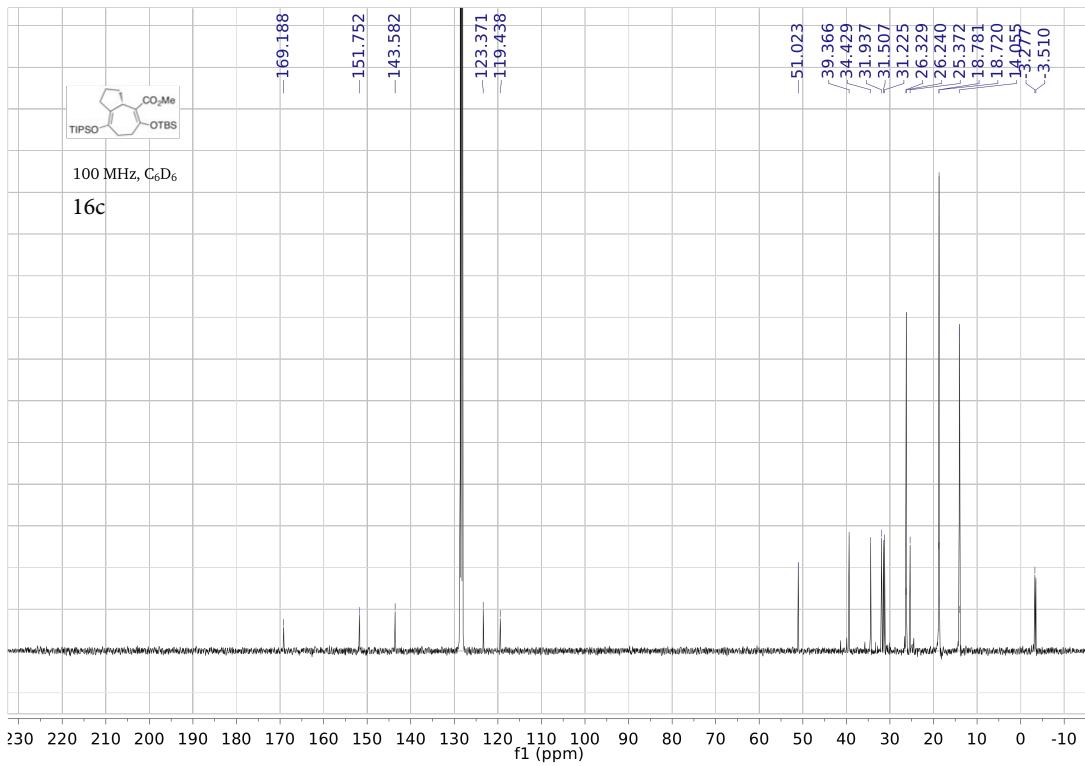
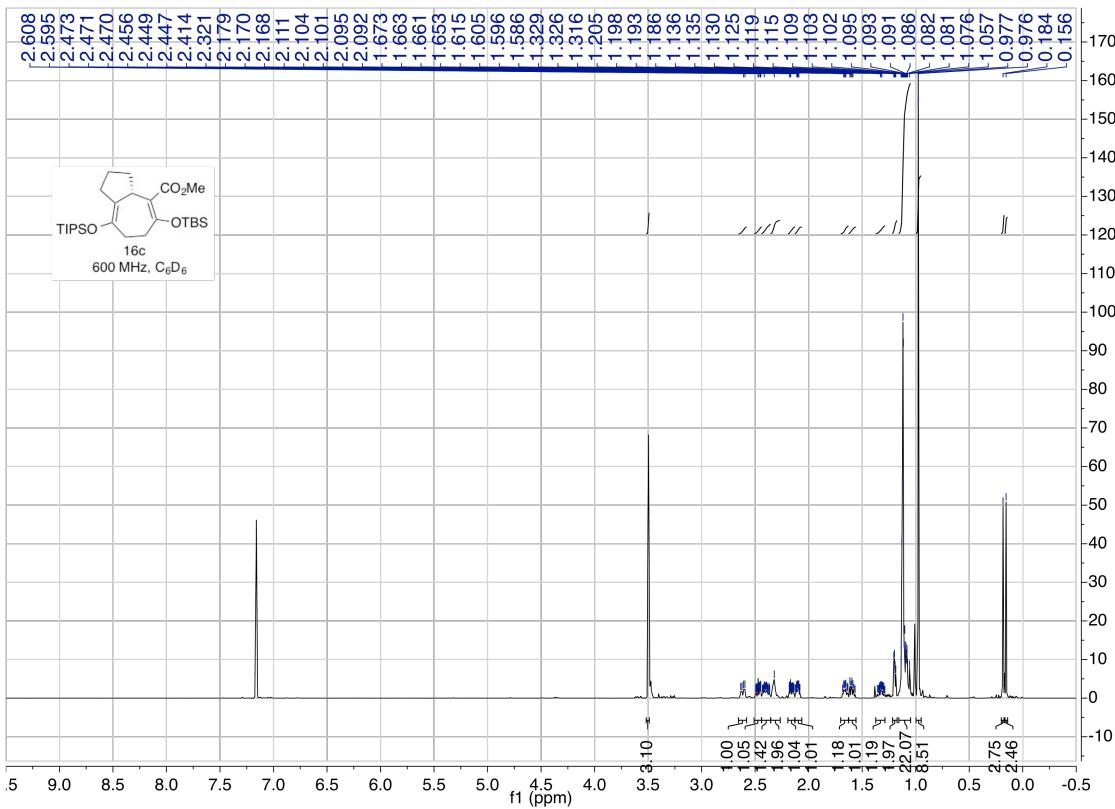


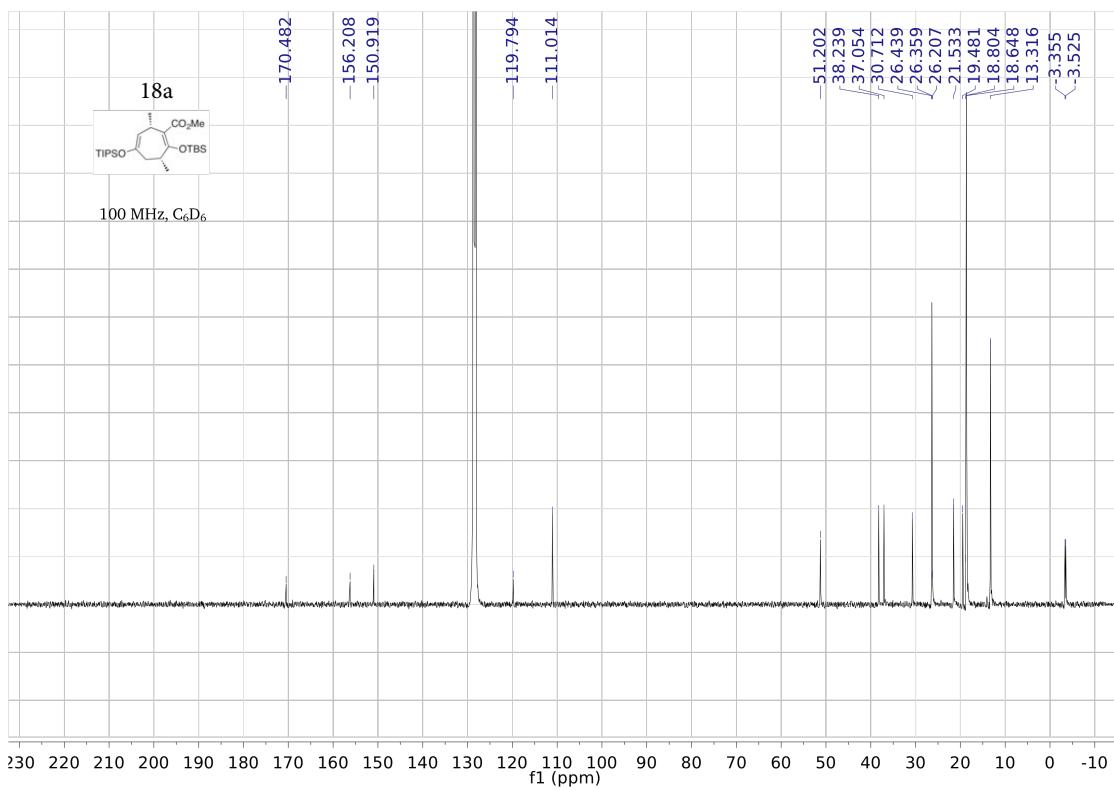
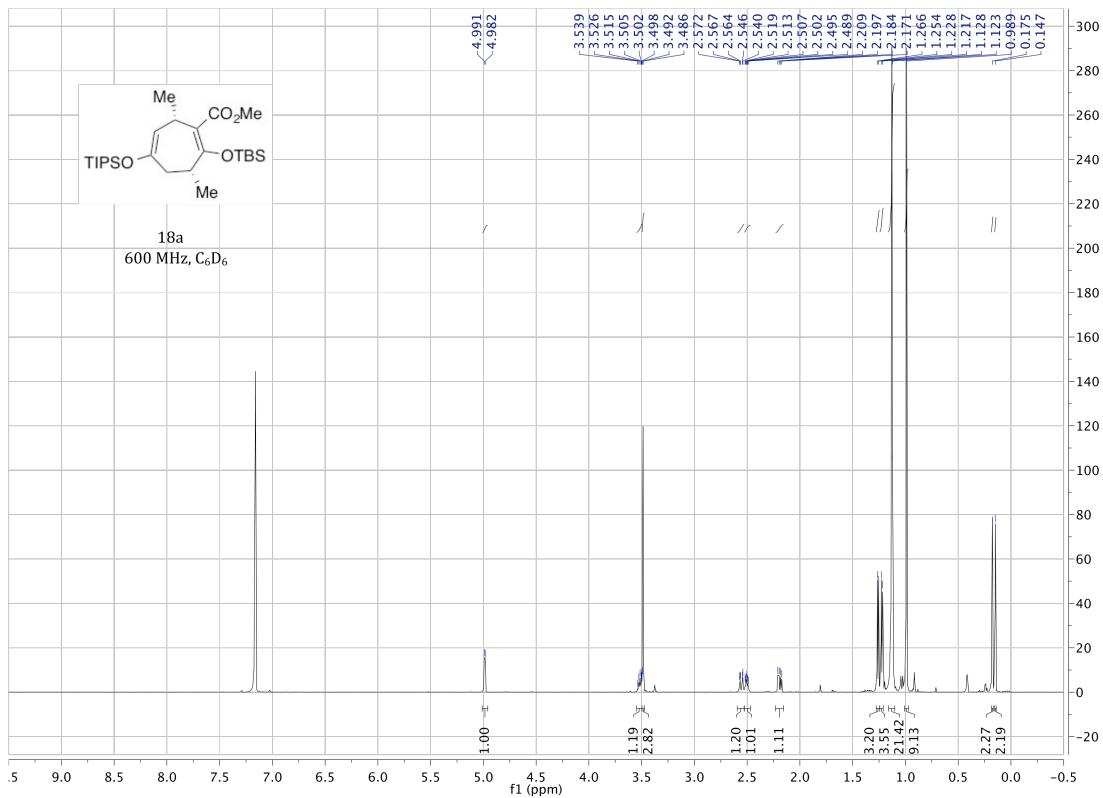


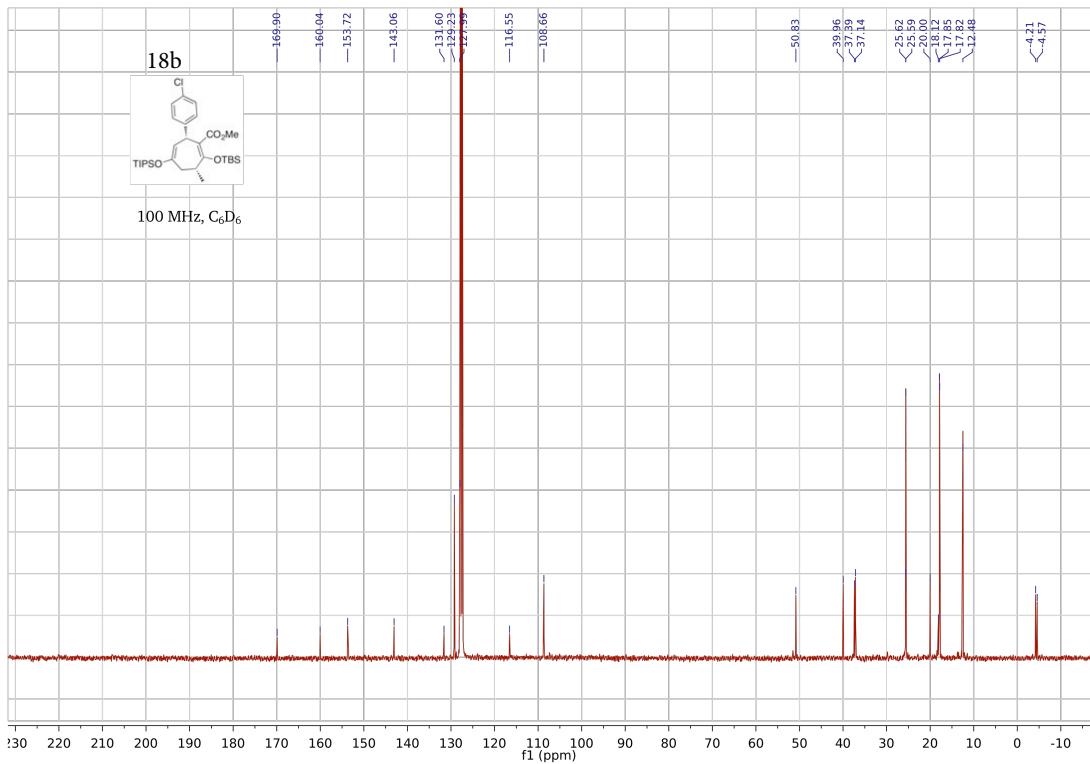
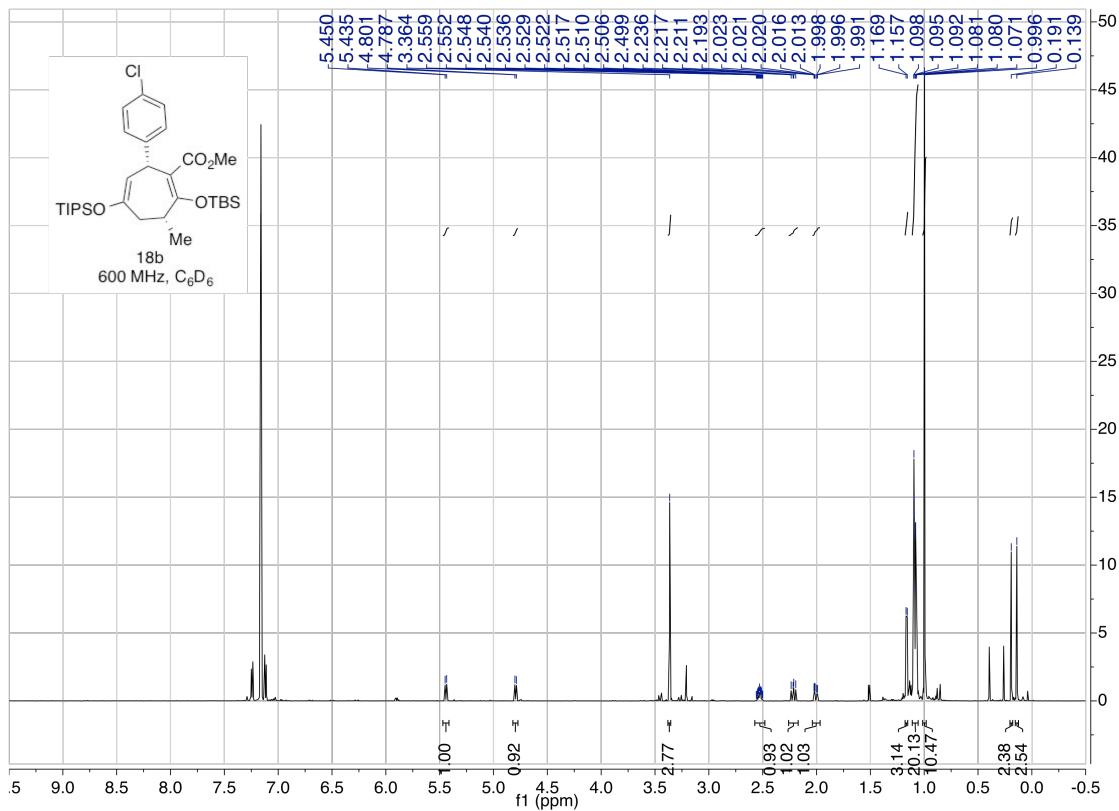


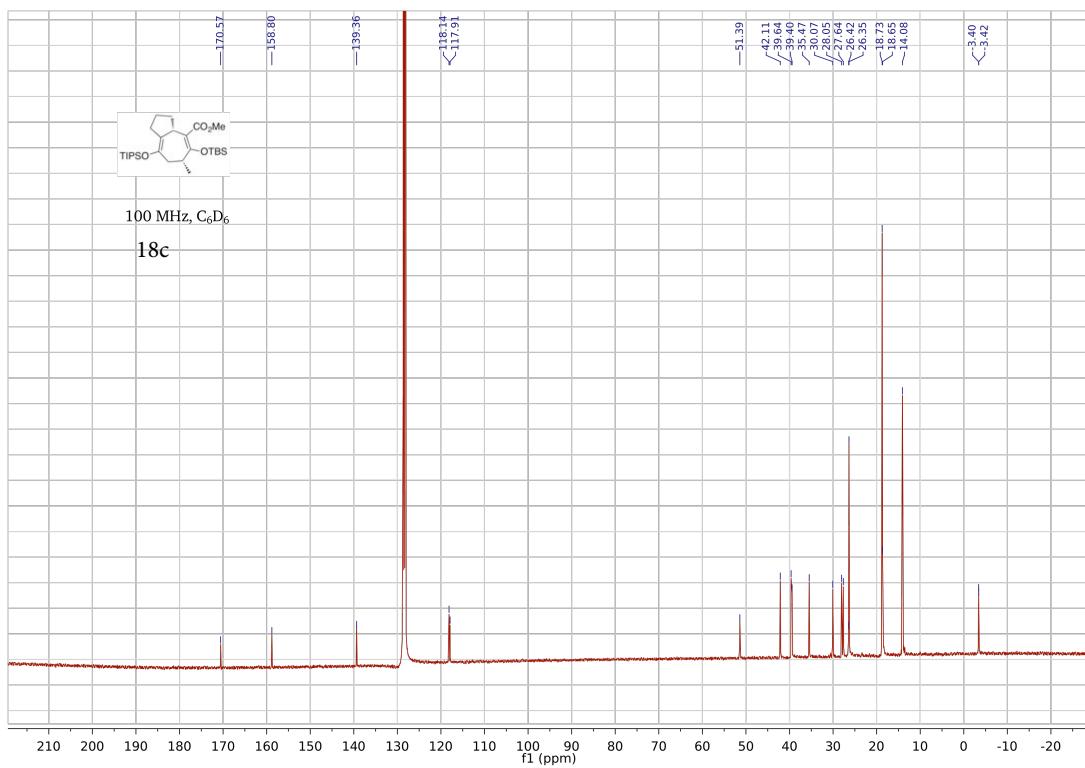
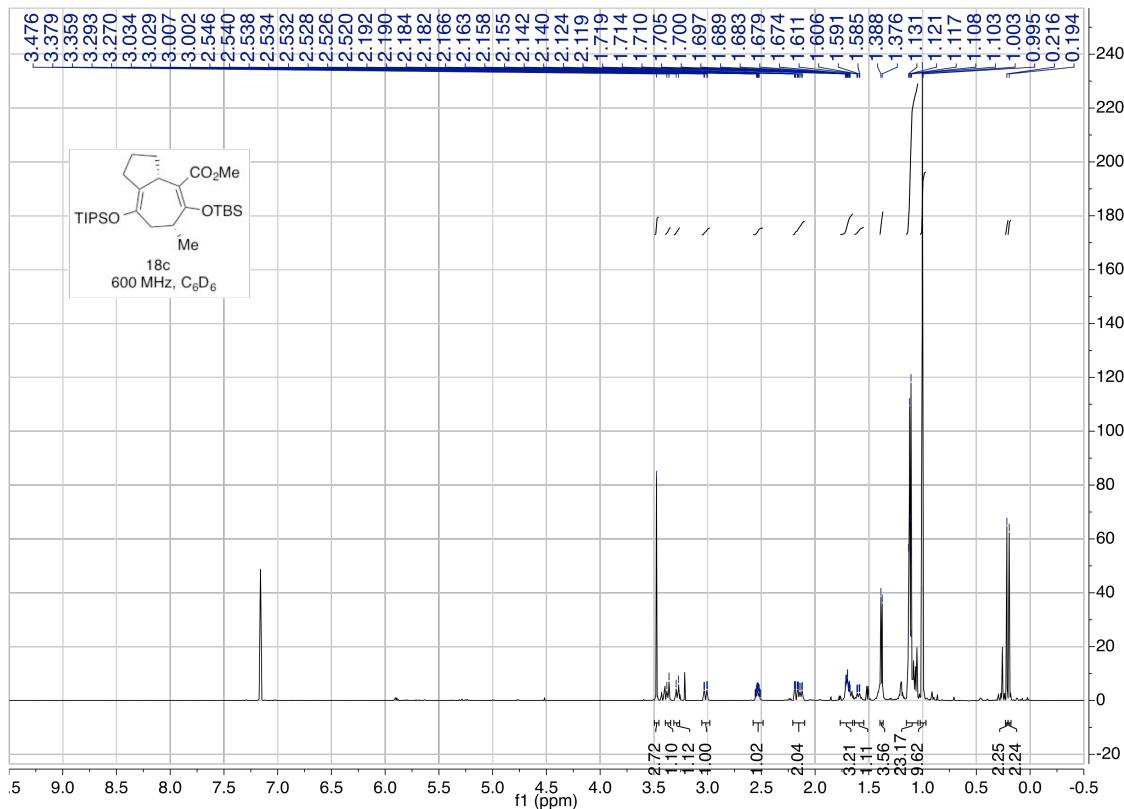


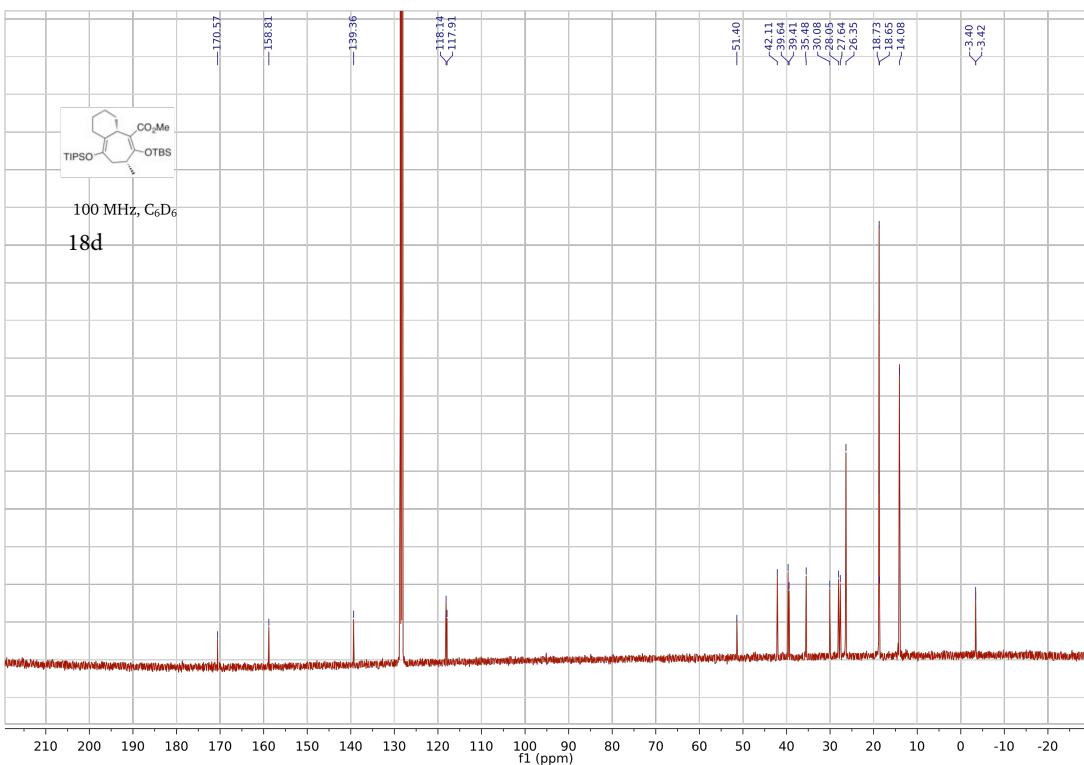
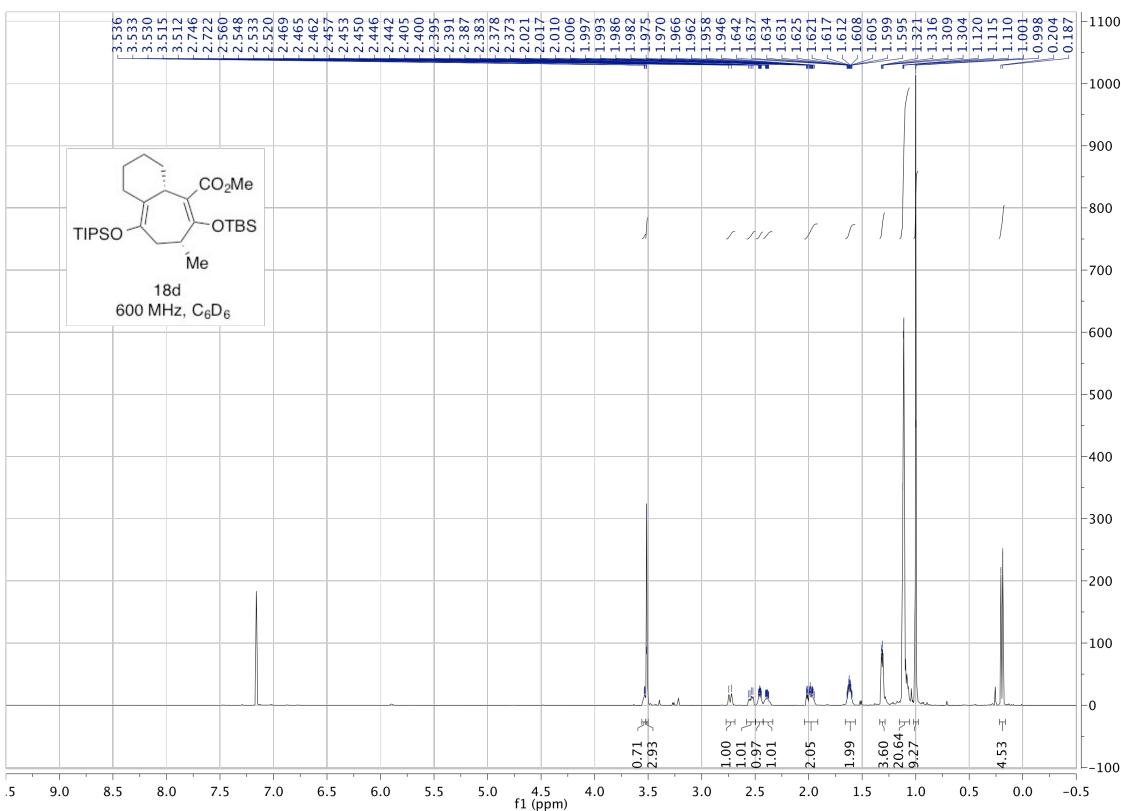


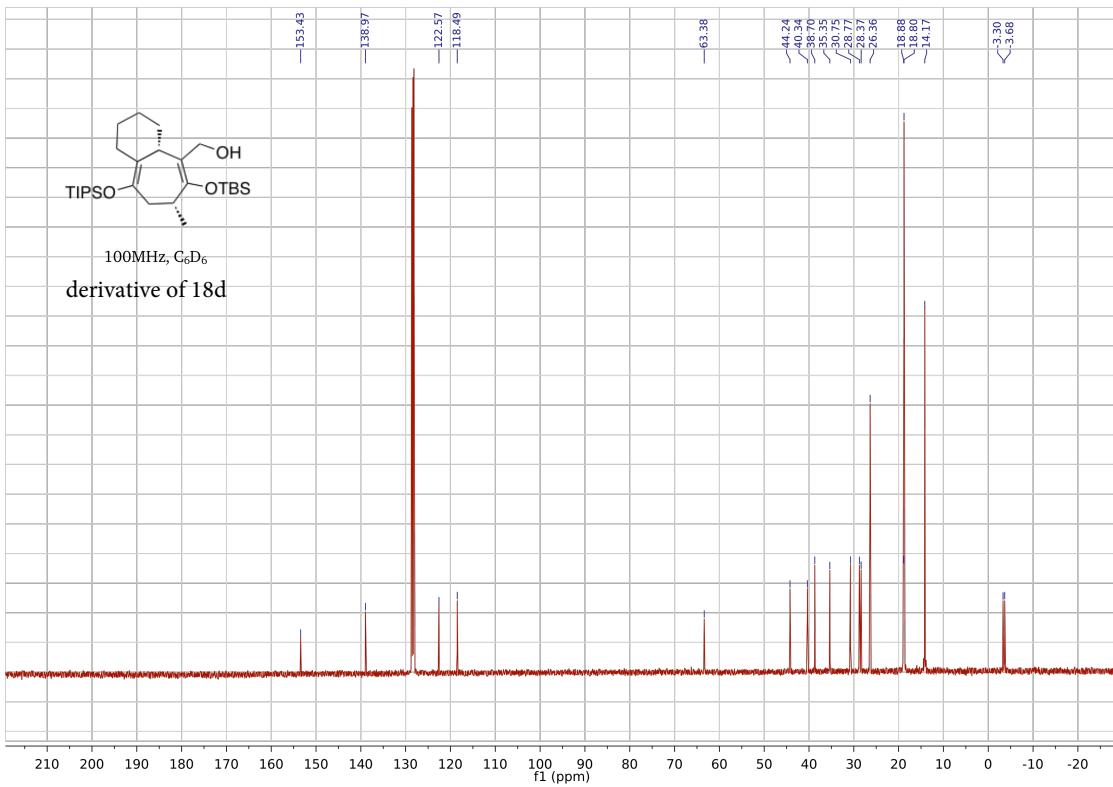
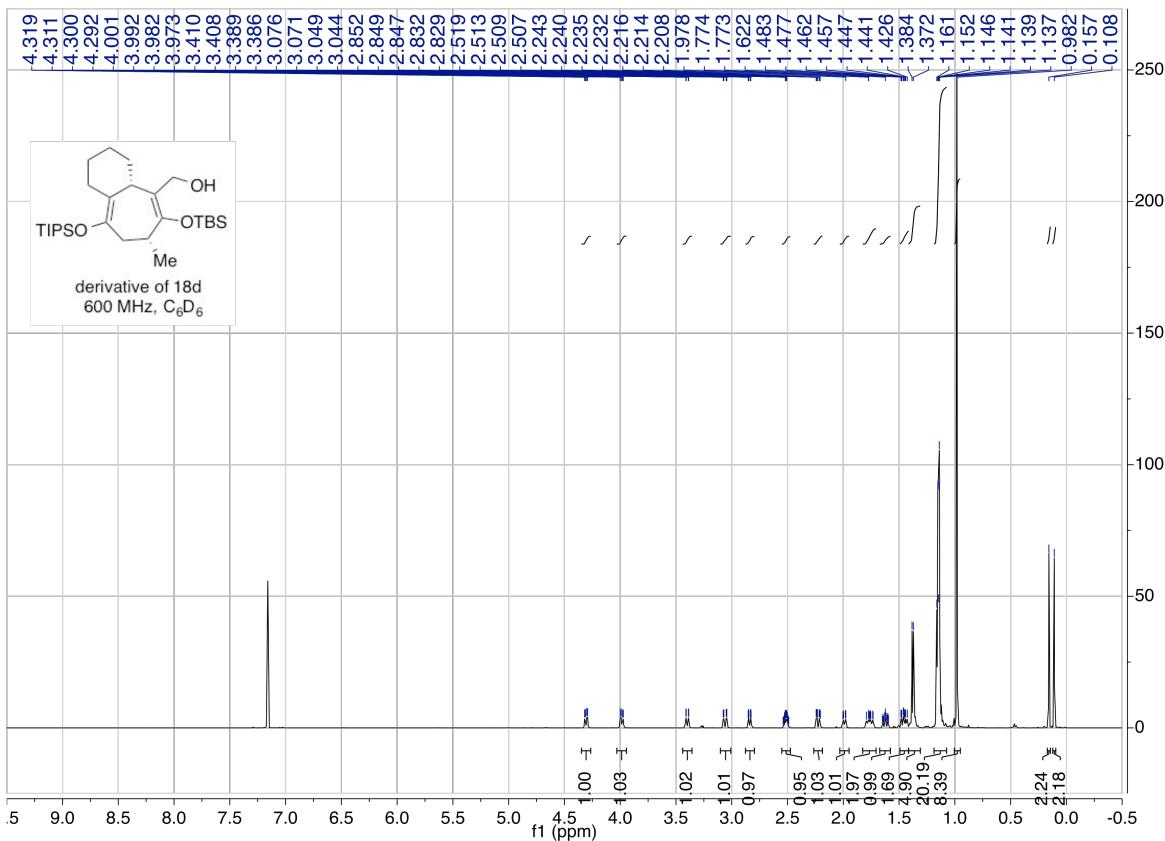


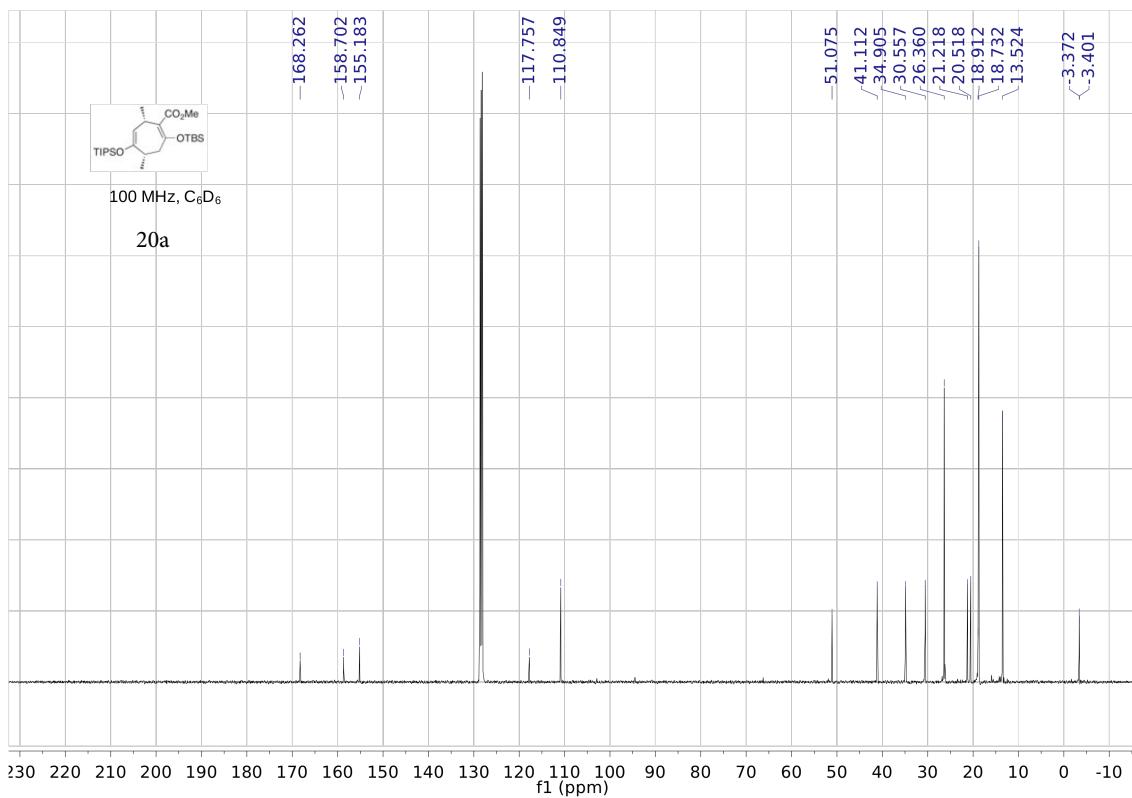
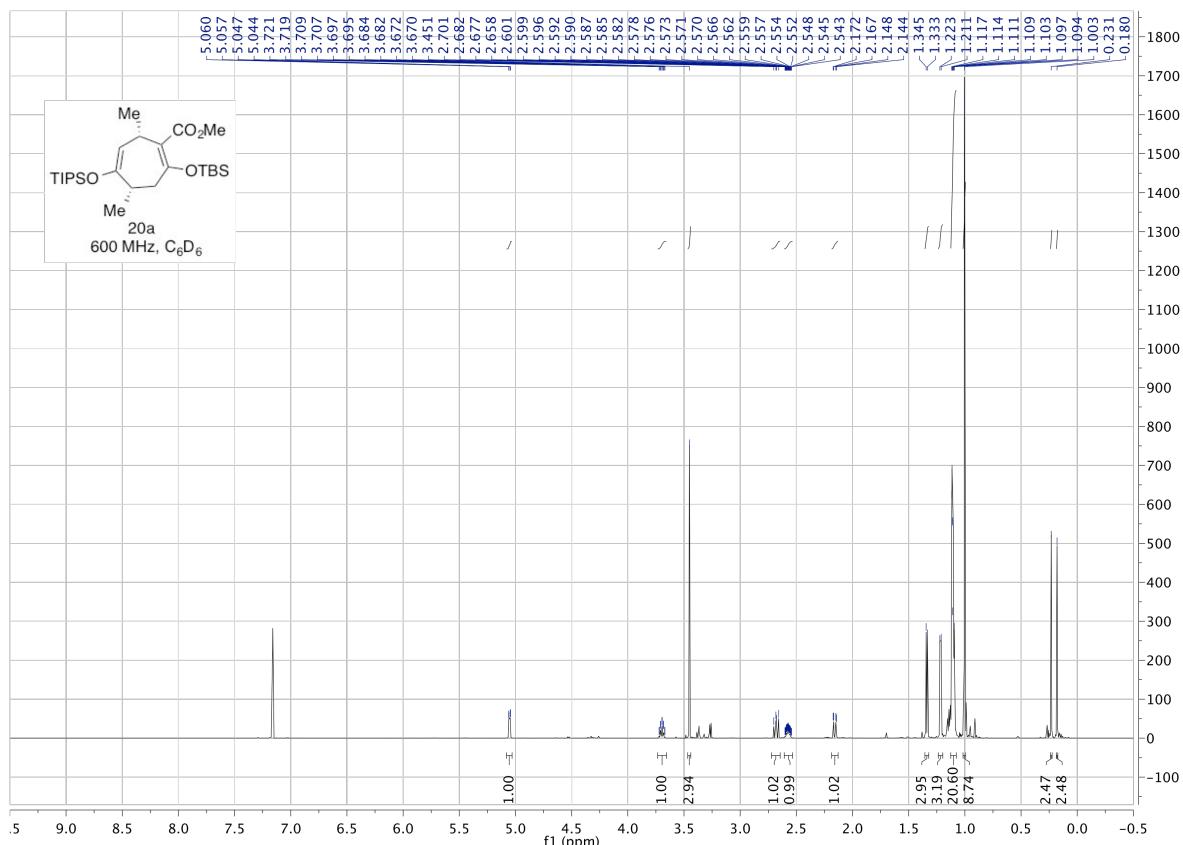


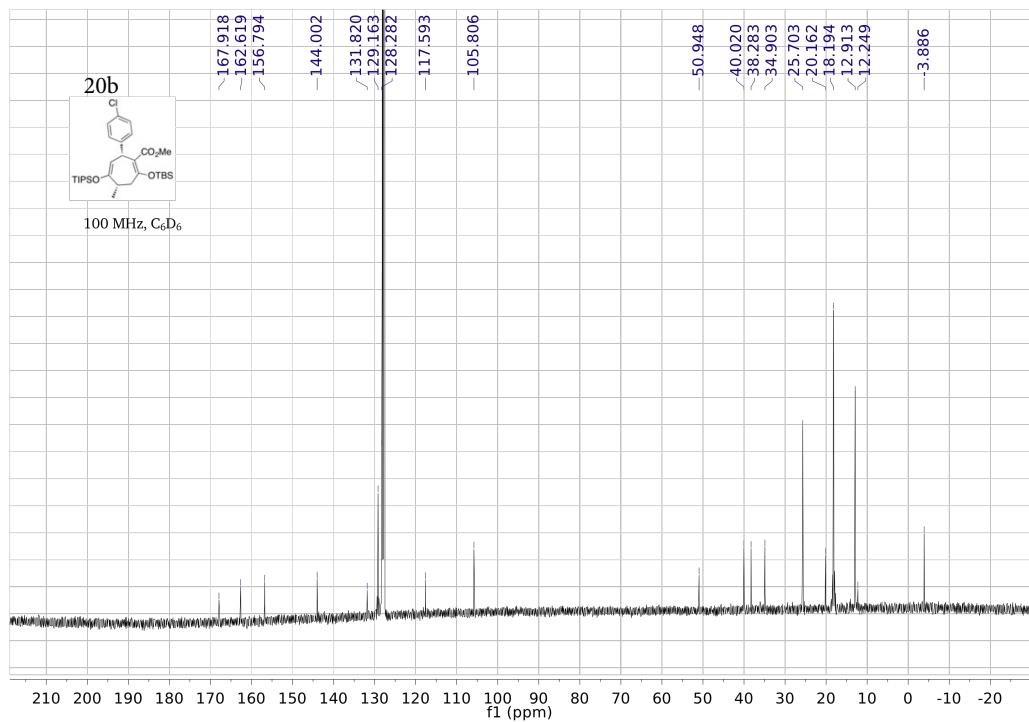
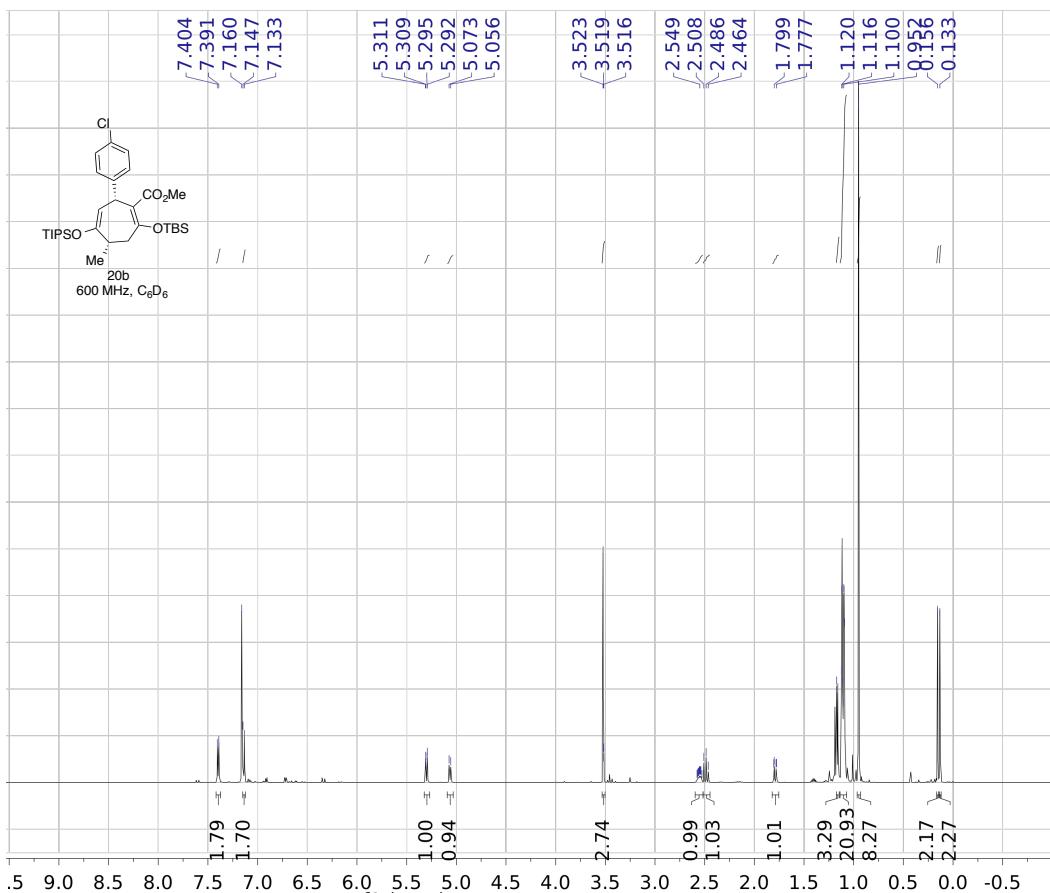


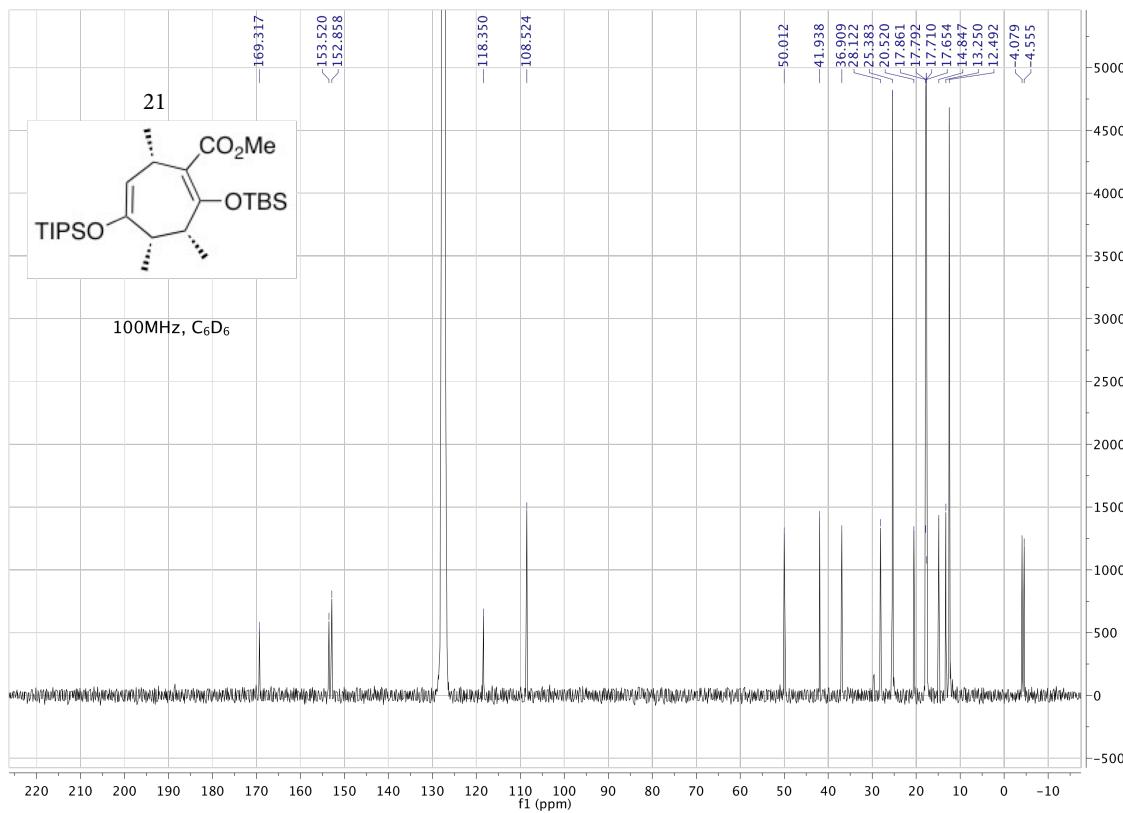
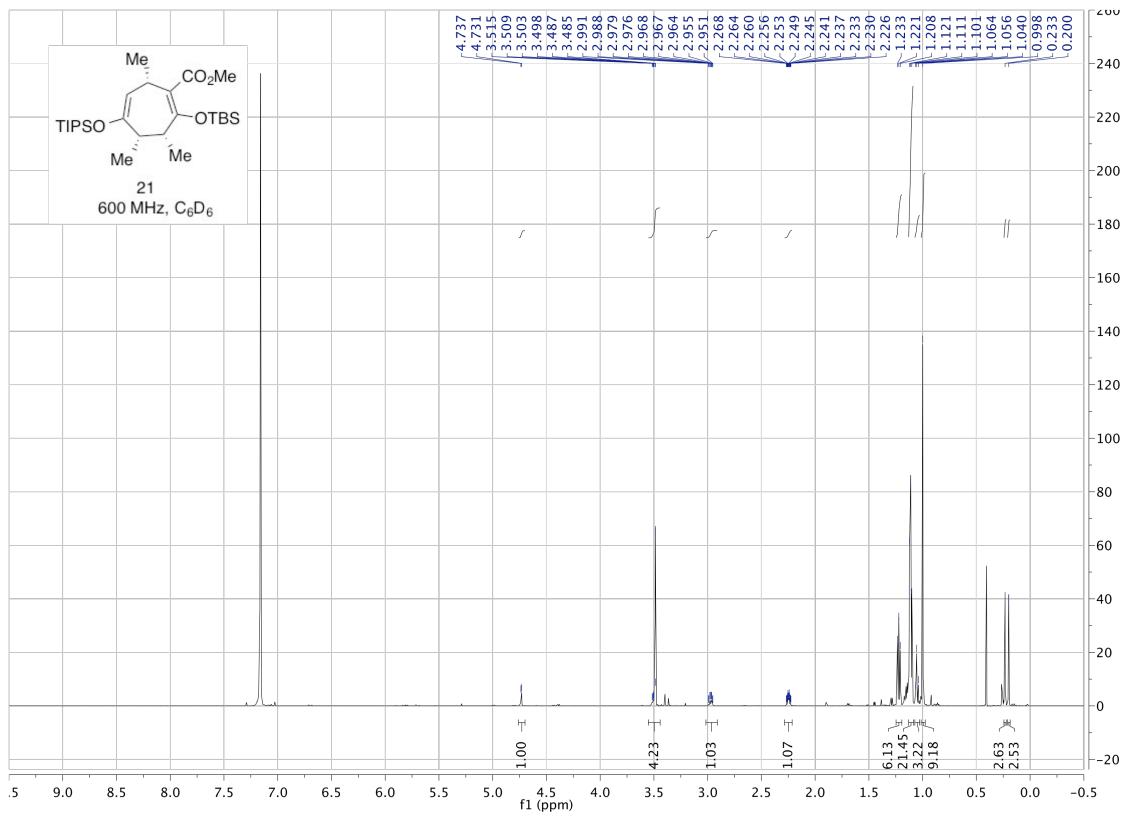


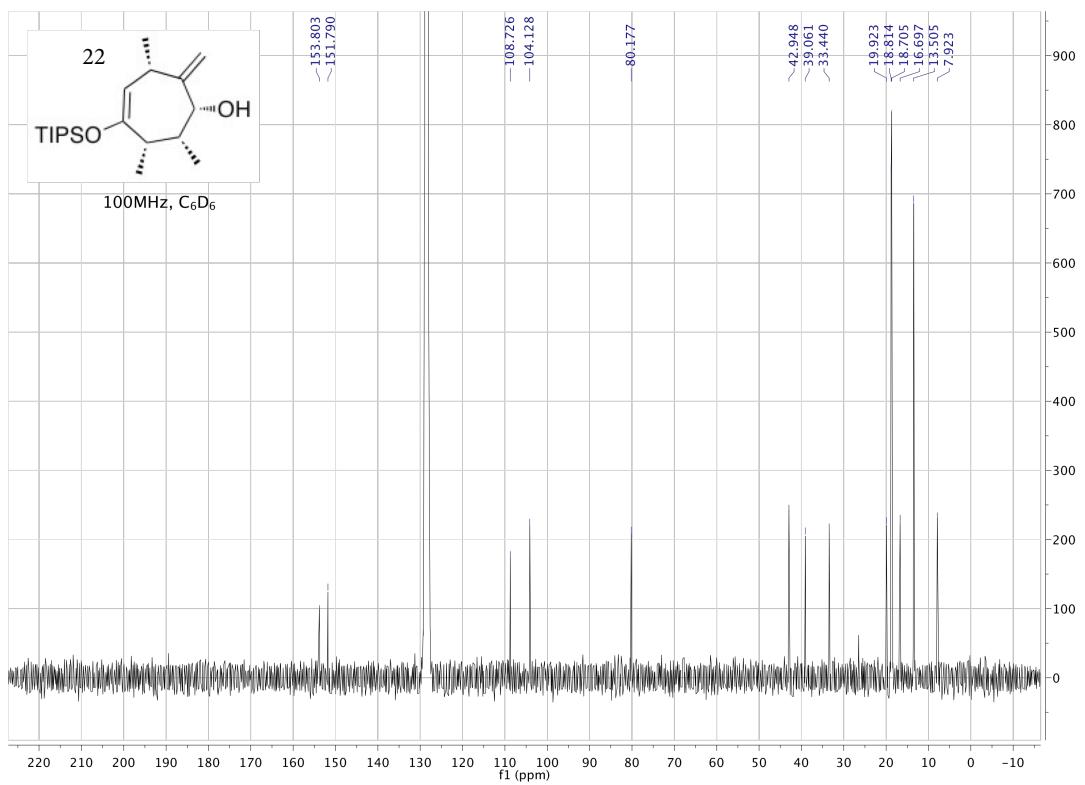
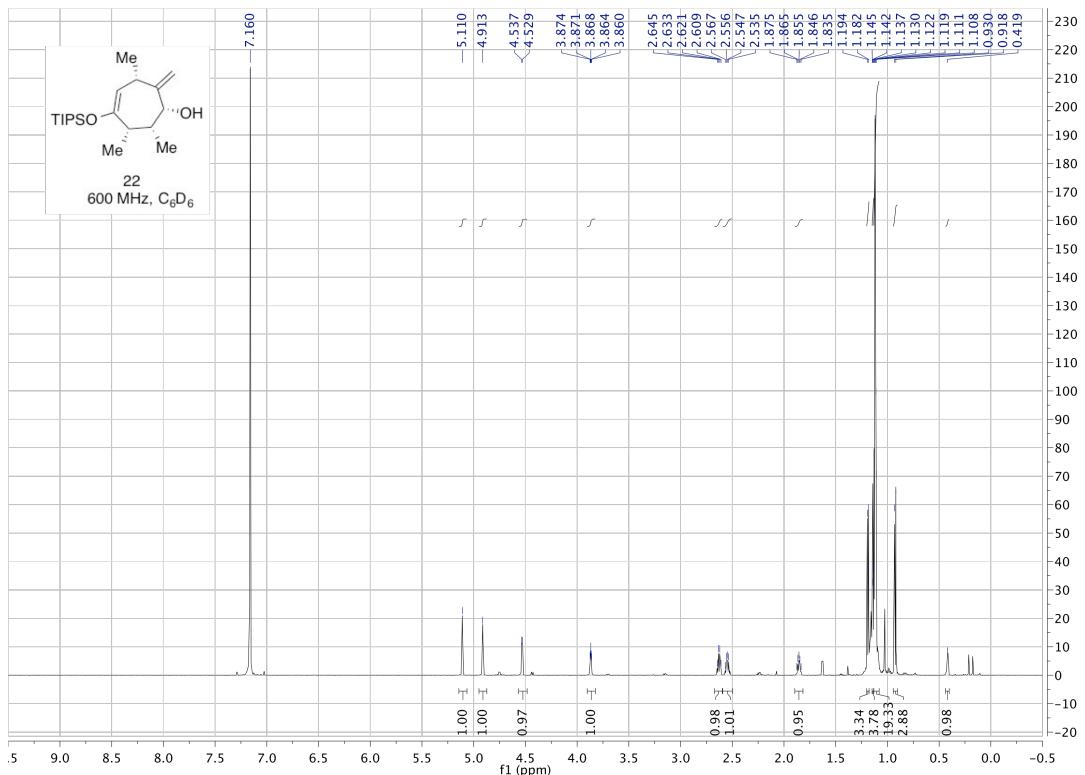


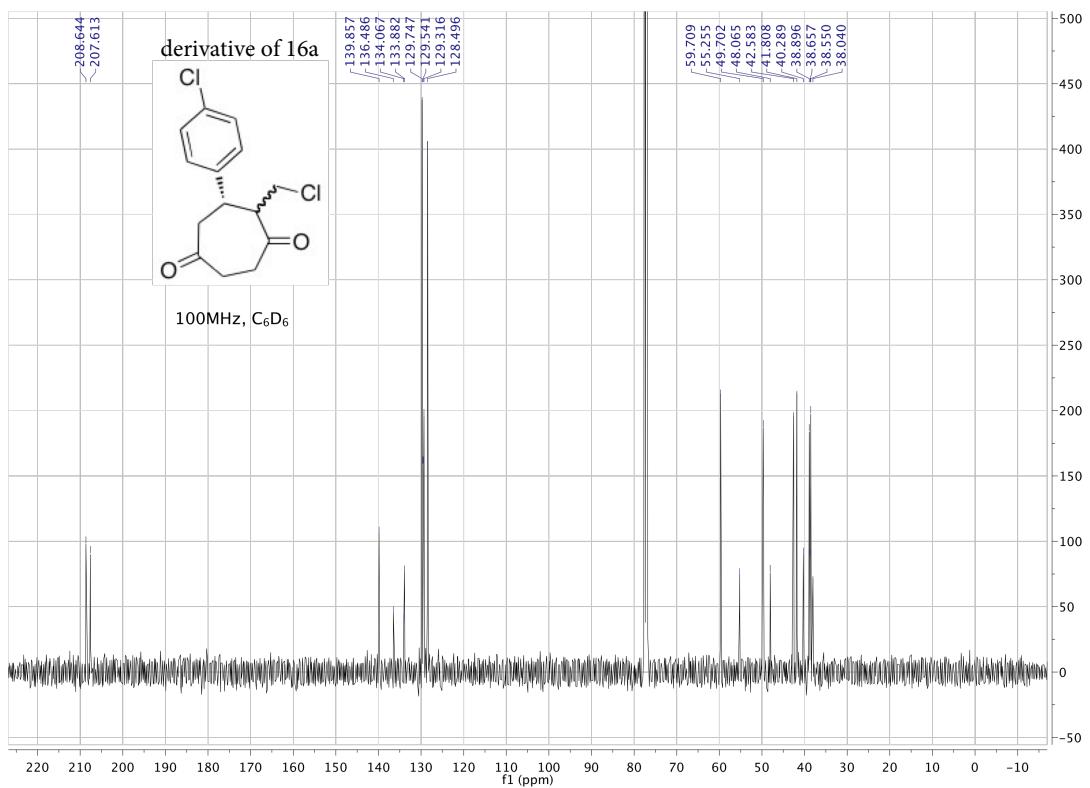
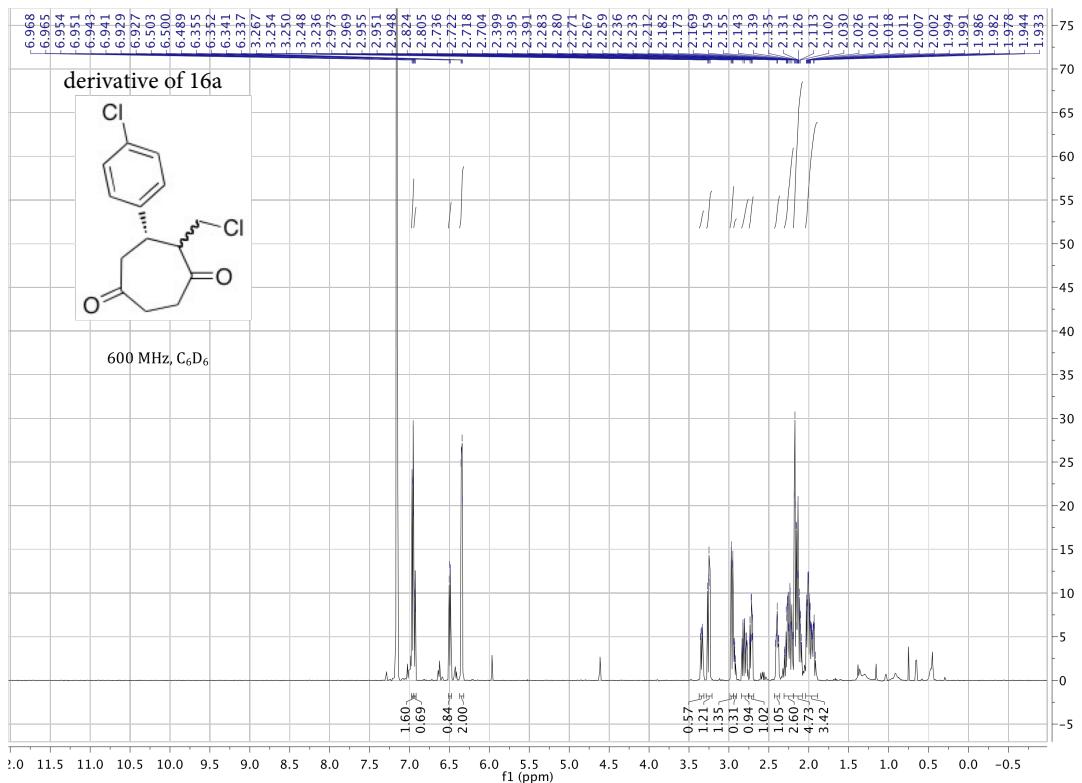




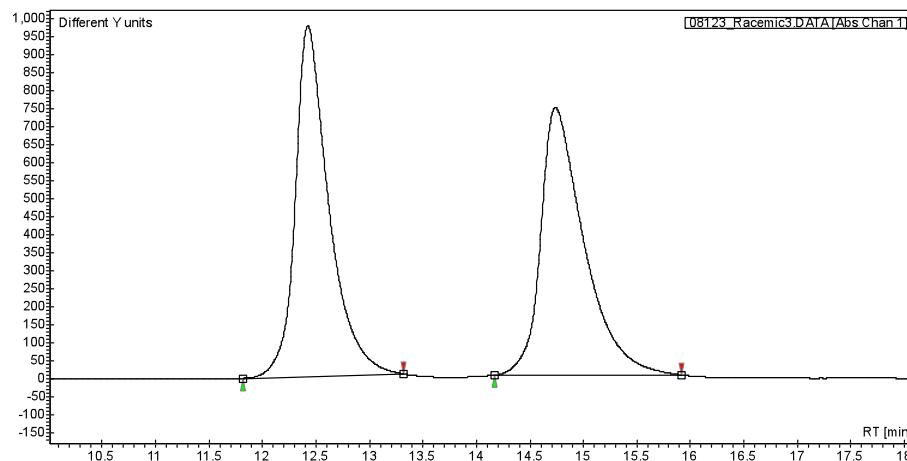
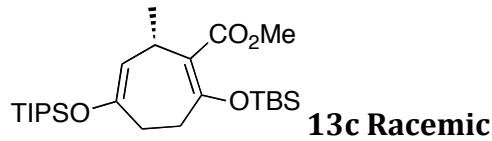




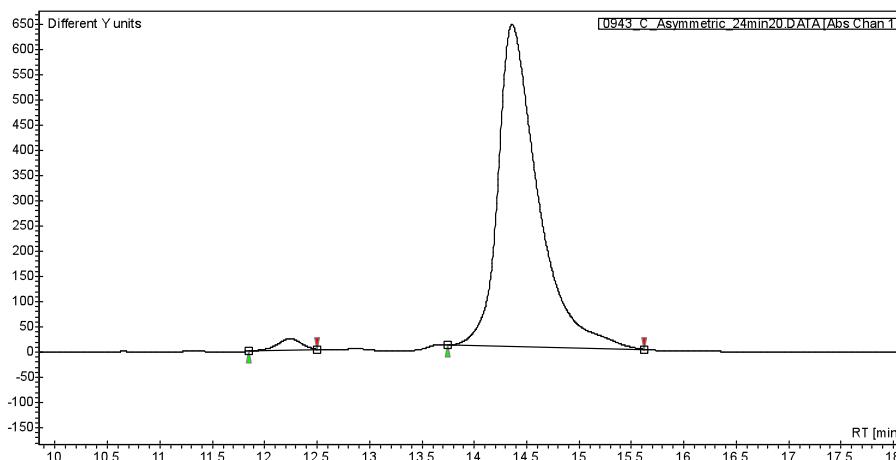


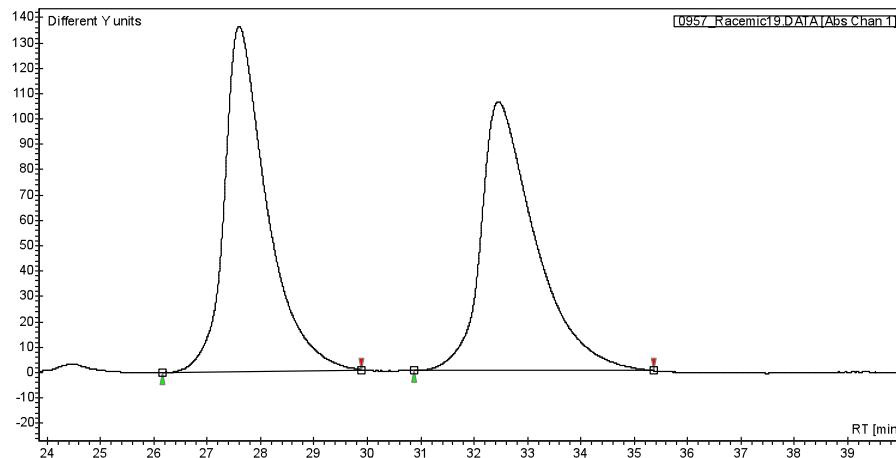
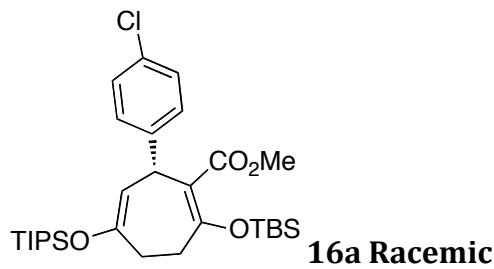


5.0 Analytical HPLC Chromatograms

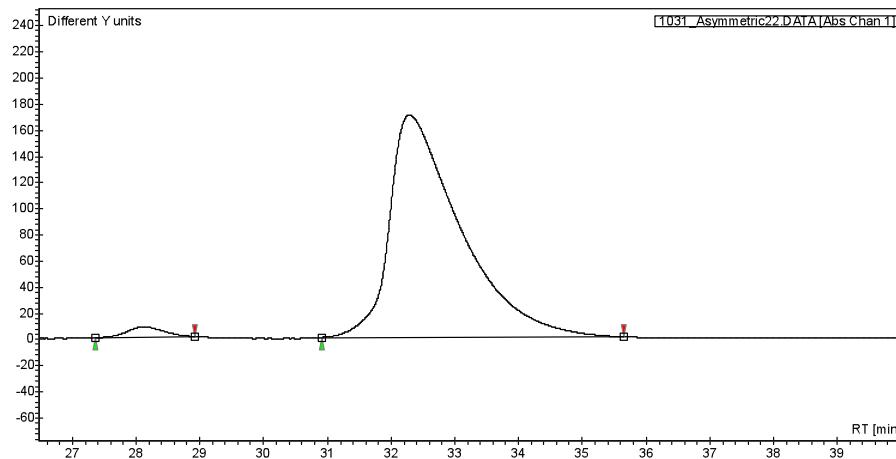


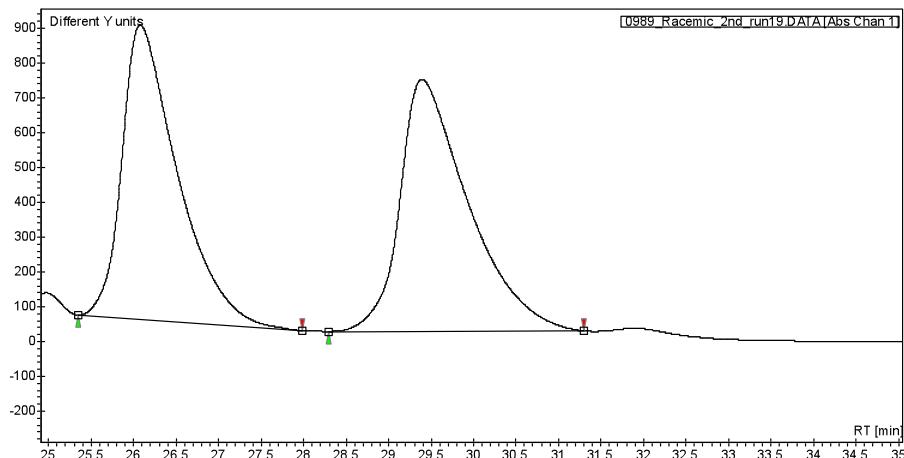
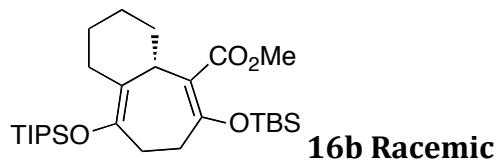
13c Asymmetric





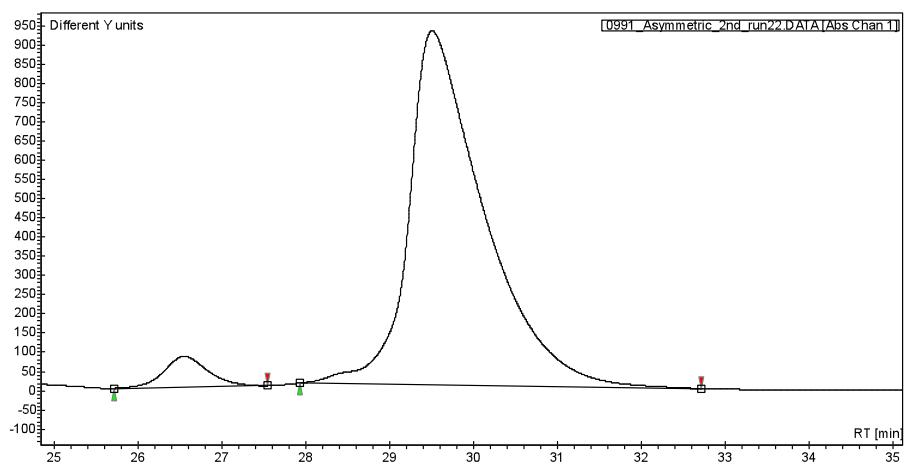
16a Asymmetric



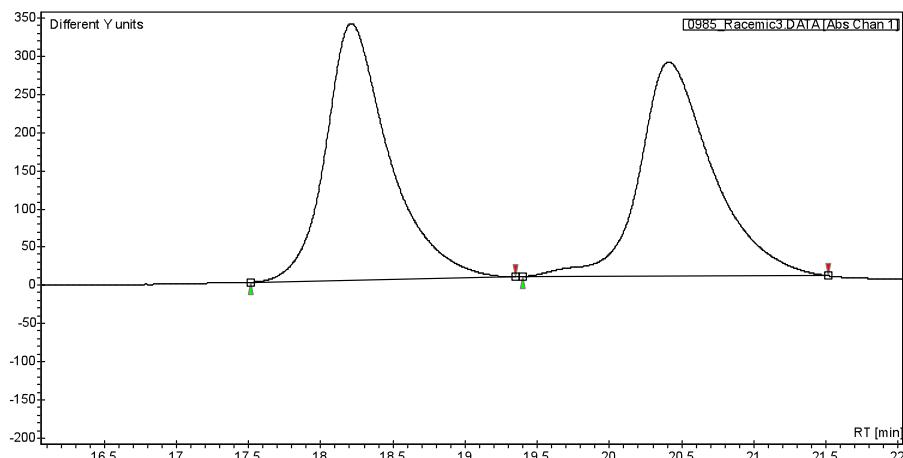
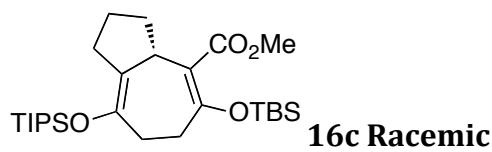


#	Time [Min]	Area %
1	26.08	48.802
2	29.39	51.198

16b Asymmetric

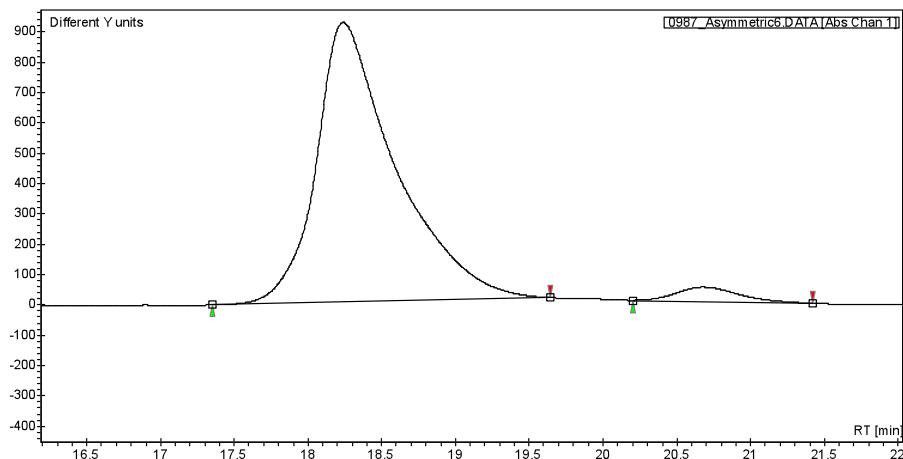


#	Time [Min]	Area %
1	26.55	4.812
2	29.51	95.188

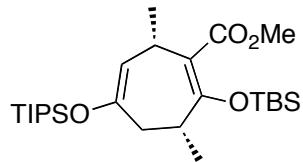


<u>#</u>	<u>Time [Min]</u>	<u>Area %</u>
1	18.21	50.868
2	20.41	49.132

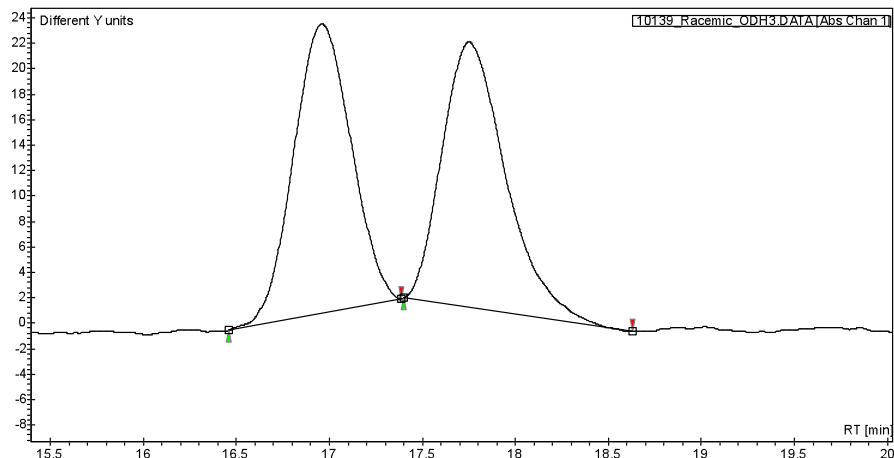
16c Asymmetric



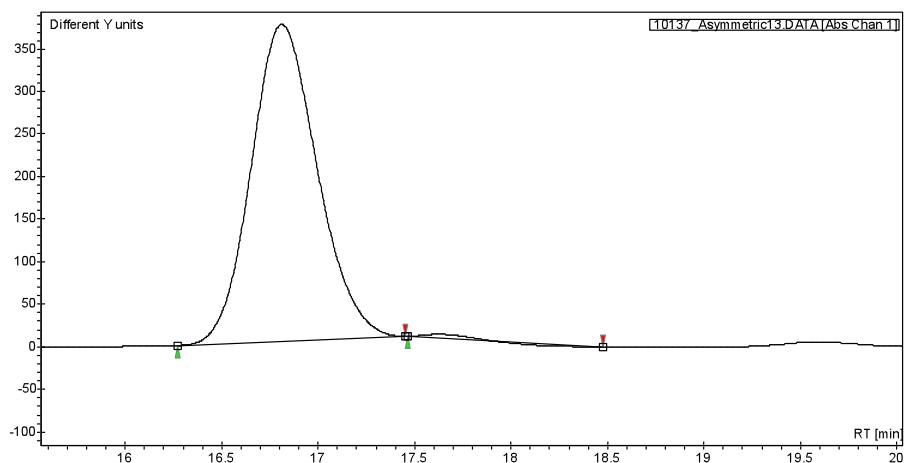
<u>#</u>	<u>Time [Min]</u>	<u>Area %</u>
1	18.24	96.080
2	20.68	3.920

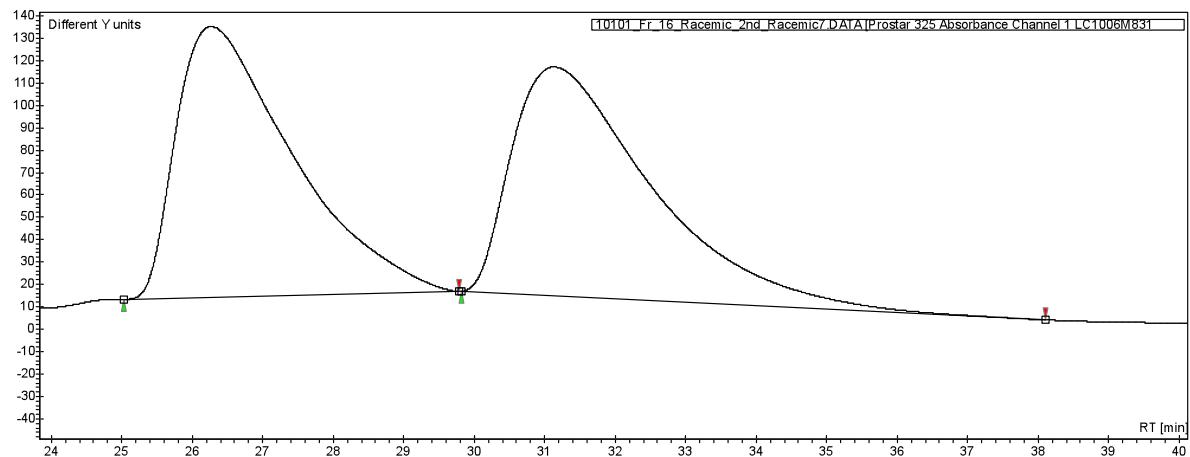
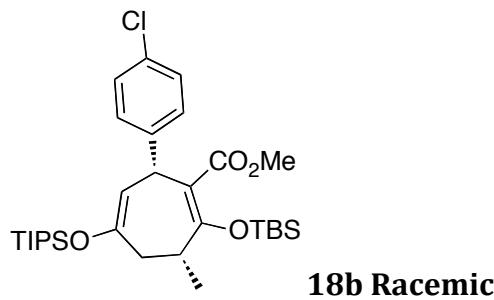


18a Racemic

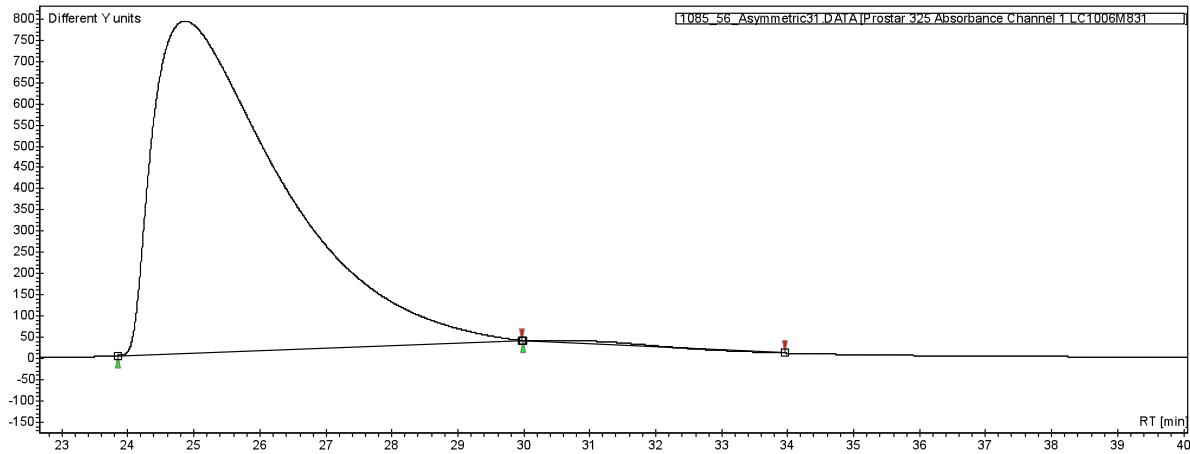


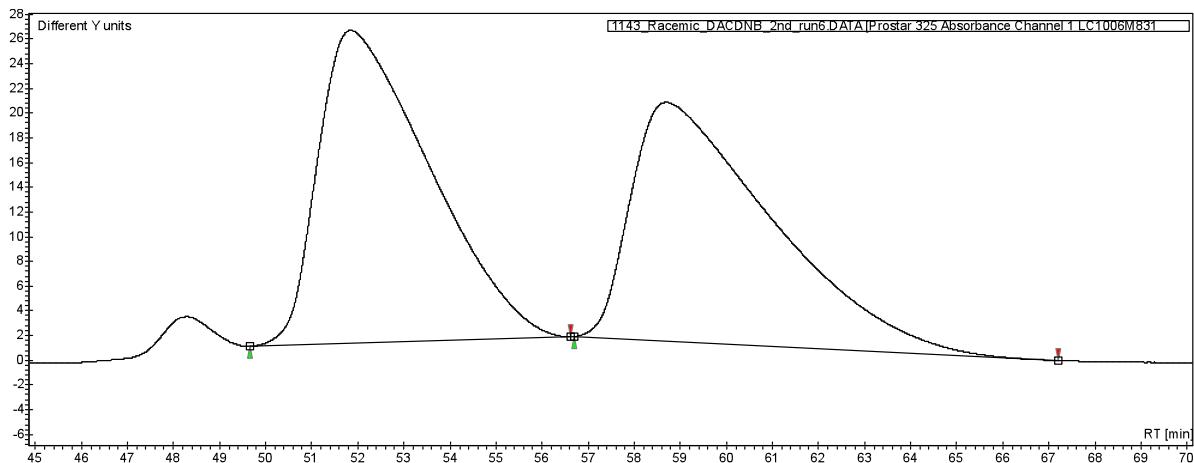
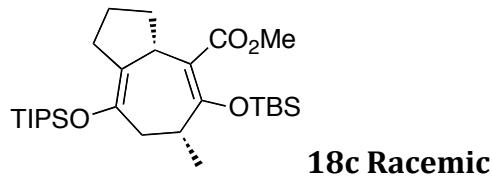
18a Asymmetric



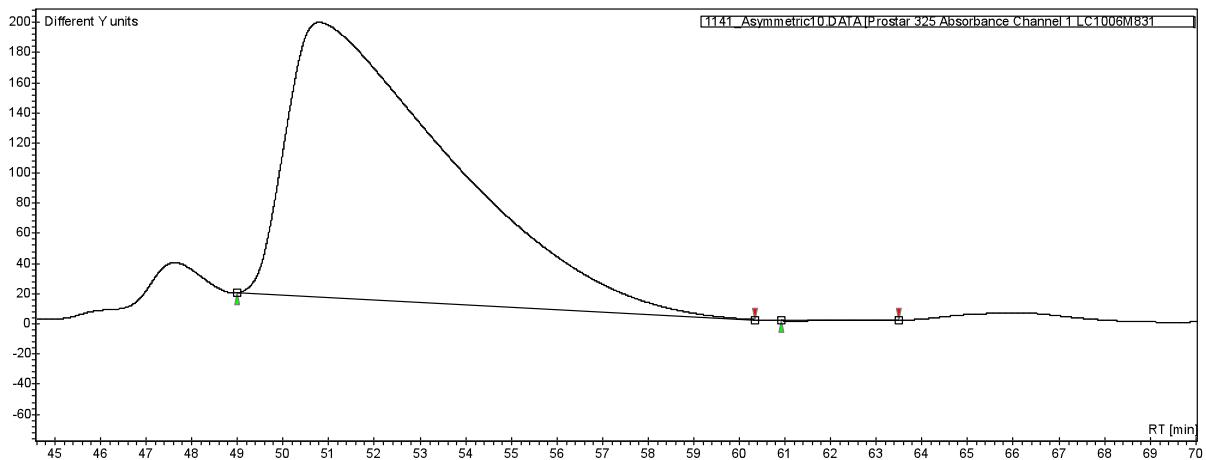


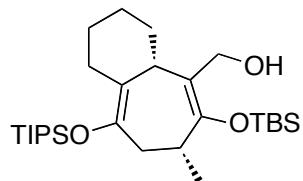
18b Asymmetric



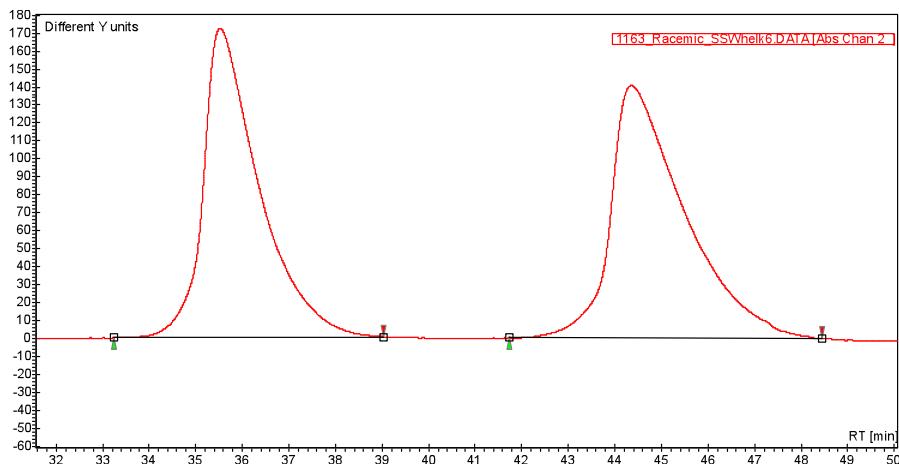


18c Asymmetric



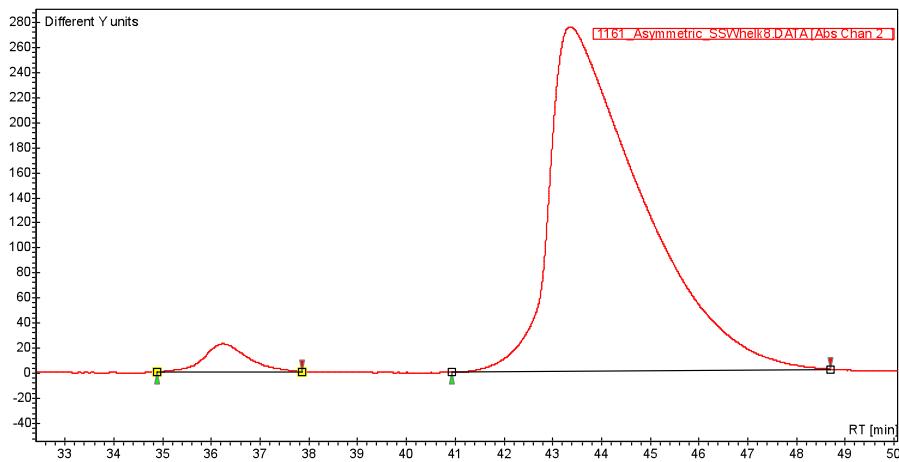


Corresponding allylic alcohol of 18d Racemic

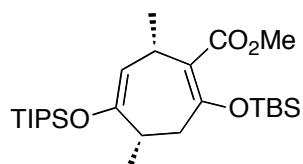


#	Time [Min]	Area %
1	35.52	48.035
2	44.35	51.965

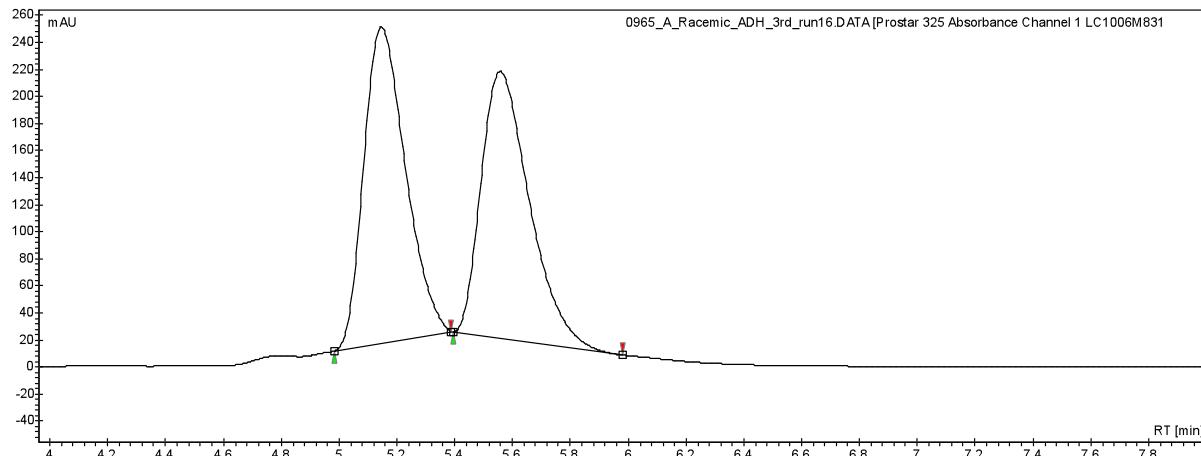
Corresponding allylic alcohol of 18d Asymmetric



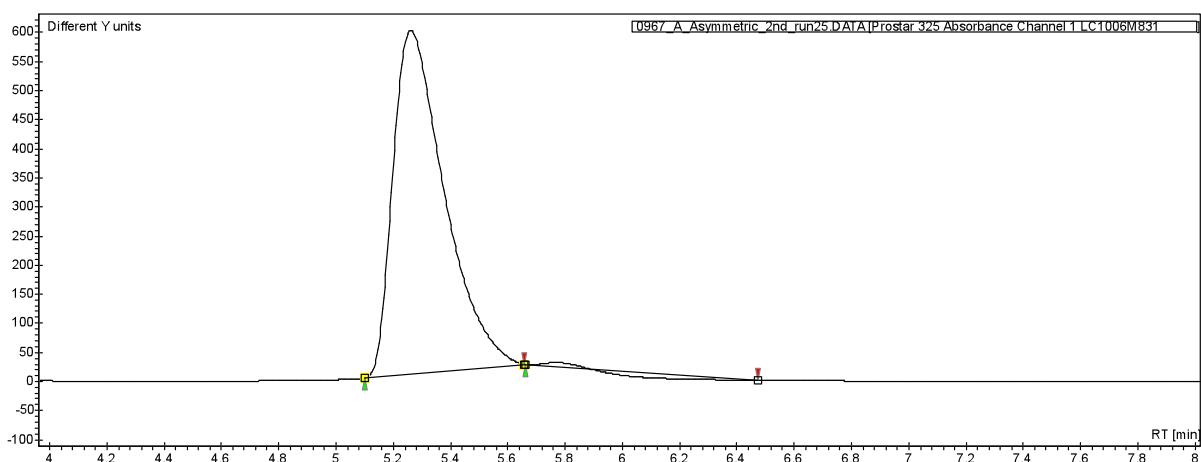
#	Time [Min]	Area %
1	36.24	3.763
2	43.36	96.237

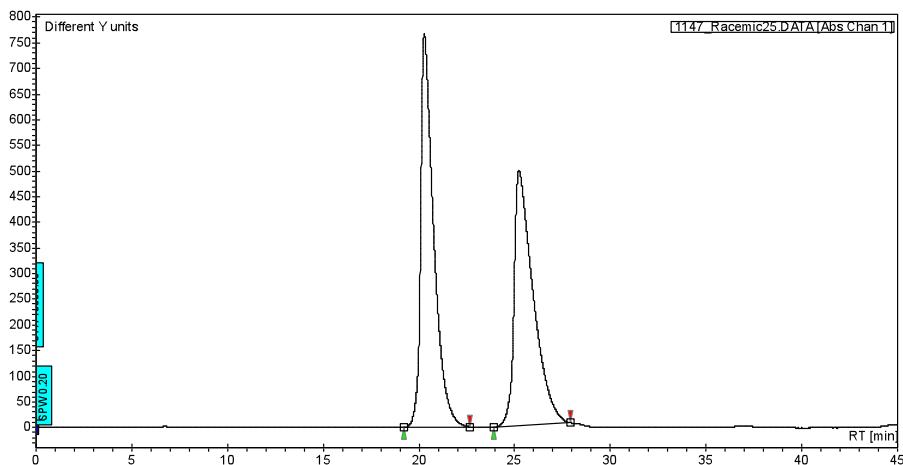
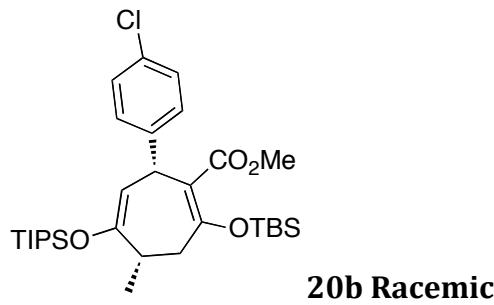


20a Racemic

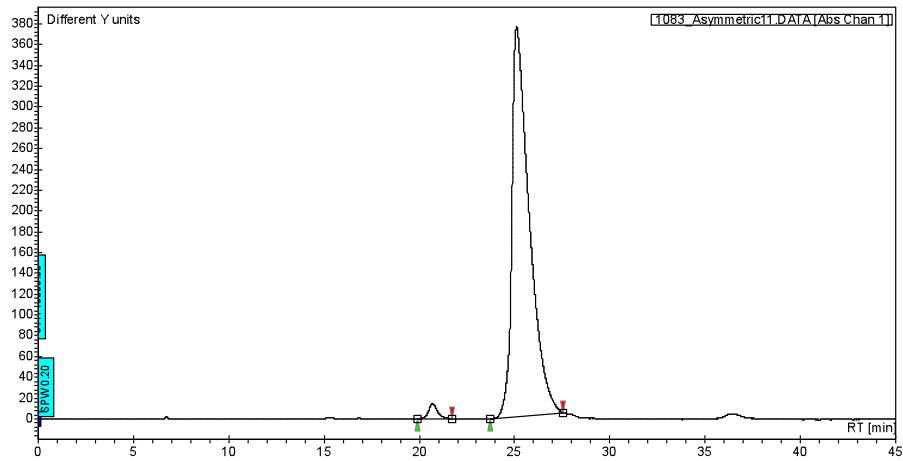


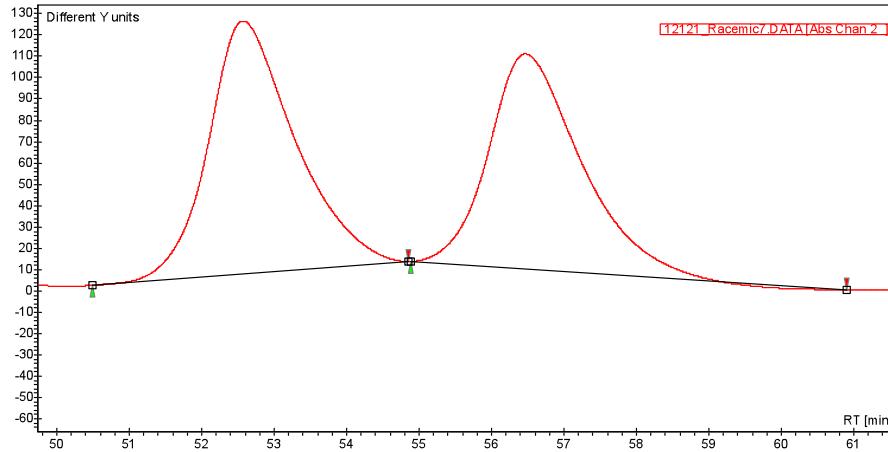
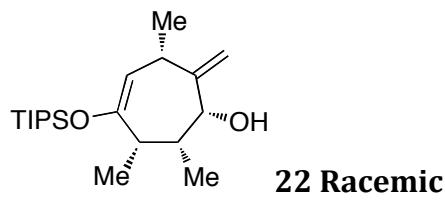
20a Asymmetric



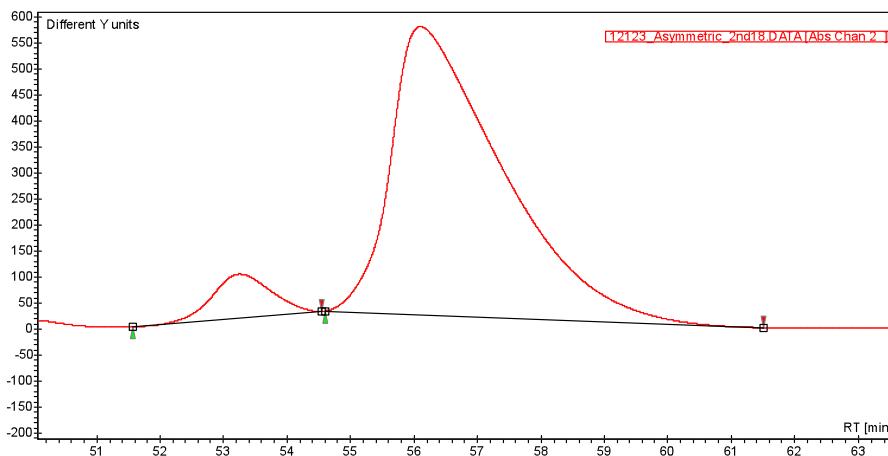


20b Asymmetric





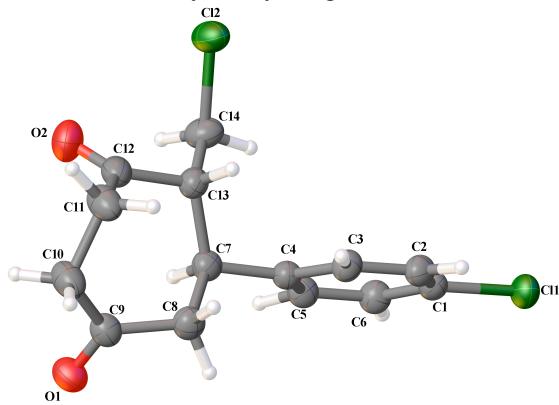
22 Asymmetric



6.0 X-Ray Crystallographic Data

Crystal Data and Experimental

Crystal Submitted by: Pablo Guzman
Structure solved by: Kelly Kluge



Crystal Data. $C_{14}H_{14}Cl_2O_2$, $M = 285.15$, orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ (No. 19), $a = 5.8584(3)$ Å, $b = 7.5562(4)$ Å, $c = 30.2791(16)$ Å, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$, $V = 1340.37(12)$ Å 3 , $T = 173(2)$ K, $Z = 4$, $\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha) = 4.284$, 7124 reflections measured, 2386 unique ($R_{int} = 0.0433$) which were used in all calculations. The final wR_2 was 0.1287 (all data) and R_1 was 0.0472 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$).

Experimental. Single crystals of $C_{14}H_{14}Cl_2O_2$ (peg1121) were recrystallised from a mixture of DCM and hexane.. A suitable crystal ($0.142 \times 0.140 \times 0.069$ mm 3) was selected and mounted on a loop paratone oil on a Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 173(2) K during data collection. Using Olex2 [1], the structure was solved with the XM [2] structure solution program, using the Dual Space solution method. The model was refined with the ShelXL [3] refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

References

- [1] Olex2 (Dolomanov et al., 2009)
- [2] SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 2008)
- [3] SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 2008)

Compound	peg1121
CCDC	
Formula	$C_{14}H_{14}Cl_2O_2$
$D_{calc.}$ / g cm $^{-3}$	1.413
μ / mm $^{-1}$	4.284
Formula Weight	285.15
Colour	colourless
Shape	prism
Size/mm 3	0.142 \times 0.140 \times 0.069
T/K	173(2)
Crystal System	orthorhombic
Space Group	$P2_12_12_1$
$a/\text{\AA}$	5.8584(3)
$b/\text{\AA}$	7.5562(4)
$c/\text{\AA}$	30.2791(16)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90
$\beta/^\circ$	90
$\gamma/^\circ$	90
$V/\text{\AA}^3$	1340.37(12)
Z	4
$\Theta_{min}/^\circ$	2.919
$\Theta_{max}/^\circ$	68.931
Measured Refl.	7124
Independent Refl.	2386
Reflections Used	2135
R_{int}	0.0433
Parameters	176
Restraints	4
Largest Peak Largest Peak	0.328
Deepest Hole	-0.360
GooF	1.031
wR_2 (all data)	0.1287
wR_2	0.1237
R_1 (all data)	0.0533
R_1	0.0472

Table 1: Fractional Atomic Coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **peg1121**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalised U_{IJ} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
C1	7283(7)	-25(6)	2436.7(12)	42.1(8)
C2	6231(7)	715(6)	2803.2(15)	44.8(9)
C3	7289(7)	617(6)	3210.2(14)	42.9(9)
C4	9411(6)	-244(5)	3256.3(13)	38.7(8)
C5	10421(7)	-930(6)	2879.9(15)	43.9(9)
C6	9388(8)	-841(6)	2470.4(14)	45.6(9)
C7	10526(7)	-450(5)	3705.0(14)	41.9(8)
C8	11010(8)	1404(6)	3911.2(15)	48.5(10)
C9	12672(8)	1281(6)	4291.9(15)	46.1(9)
C10	11786(9)	986(9)	4750.2(17)	60.0(13)
C11	9620(8)	-147(9)	4761.1(15)	59.5(12)
C12	9934(8)	-1769(7)	4476.5(16)	51.2(11)
C13	9033(7)	-1675(6)	4002.4(14)	43.8(9)
C14	8902(10)	-3492(7)	3797.6(17)	56.1(11)
Cl1	5931.1(18)	89.3(15)	1923.0(3)	51.9(3)
Cl2	6699(2)	-4800.3(18)	4051.4(4)	62.9(4)
O1	14700(6)	1390(5)	4224.8(13)	57.6(9)
O2	10896(8)	-3065(6)	4610.1(15)	74.4(12)

Table 2: Anisotropic Displacement Parameters ($\times 10^4$) **peg1121**. The Anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2[h^2a *^2 U_{11} + \dots + 2hka \times b \times U_{12}]$

Atom	U₁₁	U₂₂	U₃₃	U₂₃	U₁₃	U₁₂
C1	45.9(18)	41.5(18)	38.9(18)	4.4(17)	-4.4(14)	-5.9(18)
C2	39.1(19)	47(2)	48(2)	5.8(17)	-0.2(16)	3.2(17)
C3	41.9(19)	47(2)	39.4(19)	2.9(16)	3.0(16)	4.7(16)
C4	38.5(17)	38.5(18)	39.1(18)	1.4(16)	-0.2(14)	-2.0(16)
C5	39.6(19)	45(2)	47(2)	-2.1(18)	1.6(16)	3.7(17)
C6	50(2)	46(2)	41(2)	-4.3(17)	1.1(17)	2.6(19)
C7	38.1(17)	44(2)	43(2)	0.8(17)	1.4(15)	2.2(15)
C8	50(2)	46(2)	49(2)	-0.4(18)	-2(2)	2.0(19)
C9	43(2)	49(2)	47(2)	-5.4(18)	-0.7(17)	1.4(17)
C10	48(2)	86(4)	46(2)	-7(3)	0(2)	-10(3)
C11	51(2)	87(4)	41(2)	-5(3)	4.2(17)	-14(3)
C12	41(2)	64(3)	48(3)	10(2)	-2.7(18)	-8(2)
C13	44(2)	48(2)	40(2)	3.6(17)	-1.3(17)	-0.7(17)
C14	65(3)	54(2)	50(2)	3(2)	12(2)	-8(2)
Cl1	57.3(5)	56.8(6)	41.7(5)	3.8(5)	-11.9(4)	-5.6(5)
Cl2	76.7(7)	63.0(7)	49.1(6)	5.9(5)	-2.5(5)	-22.7(6)
O1	45.3(18)	68(2)	60(2)	-0.4(17)	-0.8(15)	-7.2(15)
O2	68(2)	83(3)	72(3)	19(2)	-21(2)	4(2)

Table 3: Bond Lengths in Å for **peg1121**.

Atom	Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Atom	Length/Å
C1	C2	1.387(6)	C8	C9	1.512(6)
C1	C6	1.383(6)	C9	C10	1.498(7)
C1	C11	1.748(4)	C9	O1	1.208(6)
C2	C3	1.381(6)	C10	C11	1.531(7)
C3	C4	1.410(6)	C11	C12	1.509(8)
C4	C5	1.385(6)	C12	C13	1.531(6)
C4	C7	1.515(5)	C12	O2	1.200(7)
C5	C6	1.381(6)	C13	C14	1.508(6)
C7	C8	1.560(6)	C14	Cl2	1.798(5)
C7	C13	1.560(6)			

Table 4: Bond Angles in ° for **peg1121**.

Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°	Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°
C2	C1	C11	119.4(3)	C9	C8	C7	111.5(4)
C6	C1	C2	121.1(4)	C10	C9	C8	119.5(4)
C6	C1	C11	119.5(3)	O1	C9	C8	120.1(5)
C3	C2	C1	119.5(4)	O1	C9	C10	120.4(5)
C2	C3	C4	120.6(4)	C9	C10	C11	113.0(4)
C3	C4	C7	121.1(3)	C12	C11	C10	109.9(4)
C5	C4	C3	117.9(4)	C11	C12	C13	117.1(4)
C5	C4	C7	121.0(4)	O2	C12	C11	121.8(5)
C6	C5	C4	122.3(4)	O2	C12	C13	121.1(5)
C5	C6	C1	118.6(4)	C12	C13	C7	112.1(4)
C4	C7	C8	110.2(3)	C14	C13	C7	109.3(4)
C4	C7	C13	109.7(3)	C14	C13	C12	111.1(4)
C8	C7	C13	113.8(4)	C13	C14	Cl2	111.2(3)

Table 5: Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA} \times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **peg1121**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H7	12028	-1051	3660	50
H8A	11645	2197	3682	58
H8B	9560	1926	4017	58
H10A	11458	2147	4888	72
H10B	12984	399	4928	72
H11A	9289	-509	5069	71
H11B	8309	553	4651	71
H13	7454	-1173	4012	53
H14A	10390	-4097	3832	67
H14B	8586	-3377	3478	67
H2	4810(50)	1370(70)	2765(18)	52(7)
H5	11960(40)	-1390(70)	2922(18)	52(7)
H3	6480(90)	1190(70)	3451(12)	52(7)
H6	10270(80)	-1240(70)	2215(12)	52(7)