Stem Cell Reports
Supplemental Information

Cloning-free CRISPR

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Figure S1

a. Sanger sequencing analysis of genomic DNA from two *Hist1h3a*-GFP⁻ clones produced through scCRISPR with sgPal and sgGFP1, showing short deletions surrounding the expected CRISPR cut site. b. Histograms showing flow cytometric HIST1H2BJ-GFP fluorescence (x-axis) after electroporation with Cas9 and sgPal alone (left panel), sgPal and sgGFP homology fragment (middle panel), or sgGFP plasmid (right panel). c. Histograms showing flow cytometric *Hist1h3a*-GFP fluorescence (x-axis) after electroporation with Cas9, sgRNA plasmid, and homology fragment. Co-electroporation of a non-palindromic sgRNA plasmid (sgnonPal) exhibits substantially less GFP loss than sgPal1 (Figure 1), indicating that self-cleavage is an important factor in scCRISPR efficiency. A homology fragment with 30 bp of homology shows substantially less GFP loss than the standard homology arms (Figure 1), indicating that homology arm length is important in scCRISPR efficiency. Taken together, these results argue that scCRISPR functions through homologous recombination. d Histograms showing flow cytometric *Hist1h3a*-GFP fluorescence (x-axis) after electroporation with Cas9, palindromic sgRNA plasmids, and homology fragment. Palindromic sgRNA plasmids (sgPal2-10) all exhibit substantial GFP loss, but differ widely in their relative efficiency. sgPal7 induces the highest degree of GFP loss among the ten palindromic sgRNA's. e. Histograms showing flow cytometric Hist1h3a-GFP fluorescence (x-axis, a) or DsRed fluorescence (x-axis, b) after electroporation with Cas9, sgRNA plasmid, and homology fragment. In these plots, sgPal is combined with homology fragments targeting two additional sites within the GFP gene (sgGFP2 and sgGFP3) as well as two locations within the dsRed gene (sgDsRed1 and sgDsRed2), producing >55% loss of fluorescence in all cases. Additionally, multiplexing sgGFP2 and sgGFP3 in *Hist1h3a*-GFP cells, or sgDsRed1 and sgDsRed2 in dsRed positive cells increases the fraction of cells with loss of fluorescence. Multiplexing sgGFP2 and sgDsRed1 in single positive Hist1h3a-GFP mouse ESCs cells only minimally decreases the fraction of cells with loss of GFP fluorescence, indicating that scCRISPR can lead to efficient and specific multiplexed mutation.f. Sanger sequencing analysis of a gel-isolated deletion band from bulk genomic DNA of Hist1h3a-GFP cells after multiplexed scCRISPR with sgPal1, sgGFP2, and sgGFP3. This band shows a 134 bp deletion with junctions at the predicted CRISPR cut sites.g. Multiplexed mutation of GFP (x-axis) and dsRed (y-axis) in Hist1h3a-GFP Rosa26-dsRed mouse ESCs (left panel) after cointroduction of Cas9, sgPal plasmid, and sgGFP2 and sgDsRed1 standard length homology fragments.



Autofluorescence→

Figure S2

a. Flow cytometric analysis shows efficient generation of Nanog-GFP knock-in mouse ESCs (y-axis) after scCRISPR, gBlock-CRISPR, and plasmid-based CRISPR using a PCR-amplified GFP fragment with 80 bp Nanog homology arms. b. Genomic DNA PCR analysis using a forward primer in the *Hist1h3a* coding region and a reverse primer in the GFP coding region that will produce a 166 band only if GFP is inserted into the *Hist1h3a* locus. scCRISPR and gBlock-CRISPR-based knock-in using PCR-amplified GFP fragments with 80 bp *Hist1h3a* homology arms show robust bands indicating successful knock-in. c. Flow cytometric analysis shows efficient generation of GFP knock-in at four loci in mouse ESC (y-axis) using a PCR-amplified GFP fragment with 80 bp homology arms. Top row Nfya, Rpp25, and Sox2 lines are C-terminal GFP fusion proteins and Zfp42 is a GFP replacement. Middle and bottom row show flow cytometric analysis of nine clonal mouse ESC knock-in lines, all generated using PCR-amplified 80 bp homology arms. All are C-terminal GFP fusion cell lines except *Tdgf1* and Zfp42, which are GFP replacements. All lines have clonal knock-in in every cell, but GFP fluorescence intensities vary based on the native gene expression levels. Bulk measurements of GFP fluorescence were only performed for the four loci in the top row. d. Copies of GFP called by quantitative-PCR using Taqman Copy Number Assay. GFP integrations were assed by comparing CT amplification values of GFP and *Tfrc* as a reference gene, using eGFP FAM-labeled probes and VIC-labeled TAMRA probes, respectively. Copies per cell were calculated using CopyCaller software.e. PCR amplification spanning the appropriate GFP integration sites for *Hist1h3a*, *Nanog*, *Nfya*, *Tdgf1*, and Zfp42 heterozygous GFP cell lines. Upper bands in Hist1h3a, Nanog, and Nfya cell lines indicate insertion of ±750bp GFP sequence. The integrated sequence in *Tdqf1* and *Zfp42* cell lines encodes GFP with an extended poly-A tail, and is ±1150bp long. The lower bands show amplification of the endogenous loci.f. Fluorescence imaging of Sox2-GFP cells and histograms showing flow cytometry of Sox2-GFP fluorescence (x-axis) prior to, and 96 hours after mouse ESC incubation with serum-reduced media. Stem cell differentiation leads to substantial loss of SOX2 expression and a loss of GFP fluorescence in 63% of cells is observed accordingly, indicating GFP reports faithfully on Sox2 gene expression. g. Histograms showing flow cytometric Sox2-GFP fluorescence (x-axis) after electroporation with Cas9 with sgPal1 alone, or in combination with an sgRNA fragment targeted to the Sox2 promoter region (sgSox2Pro). sgPal1 alone does not affect Sox2-GFP expression while combined sgPal1 with sgSox2Pro fragment induces a loss of measurable GFP fluorescence, indicating GFP signal is regulated by Sox2 regulatory elements. h-i. Flow cytometric and fluorescence microscopy analysis show efficient loss of Hist1h3a-GFP after co-electroporation of Cas9 with GFP-targeting gBlock sgRNA. j-k. Fluorescence microscopy of nuclear GFP expression in mouse and human ESCs after targeted GFP insertion into *Hist1h3a* or *HIST1H2BJ* loci, respectively. Cells were targeted by co-electroporation of Cas9, sgHist1h3a or sgHIST1H2BJ PCR amplified gBlocks, along with PCR-amplified GFP fragments with 80 bp overhangs homologous to the respective regions. I. Flow cytometric analysis of HEK293T shows efficient generation of HIST1H2BJ-GFP knock-in cells (y-axis) after, gBlock-CRISPR using a PCR-amplified GFP fragment with 80 bp *HIST1H2BJ* homology arms.

Supplemental Table 1: Comparison of time, cost, and efficiency of CRISPR/Cas9 mutation and gene knock-in using different methods of sgRNA introduction

							Cost in USD	Mutation Rate	Gene Knock-In
sgPal	- Order oligo's	- PCR amplify - Target Cells					± 15	≥ 85%	± 0.5%
gBlock sgRNA	- Order gBlock		4 days	- PCR amplify - Target Cells			± 90	≥ 90%	± 3%
conventional plasmid sgRNA	- Order oligo's	- Anneal - Digest Vector - Transformation	1 day - Colony Picking	2 days - Miniprep - Sequence verification	1 day - Amplify bacterial colony	- Midiprep - Target Cells	± 85 - 100	≥ 90%	± 1%

Nomo	Samuanaa		Missmatches		21
Name	Sequence	BLAST HILS	Overall	Last 11nt	SIIL
sgPal1	GCTCTGTGACT AGTCACAGAG	Human cr.2	4	2	GGG
		Human cr.8	4	1	AGG
		Human cr.10	4	2	GGG
		Human cr.20	4	2	AGG
		Human cr.22	4	2	GGG
		Mouse cr.11	4	2	GGG
		Mouse cr.9	4	2	AGG
sgPal2	GCGGAACACA TGTGTTCCG	Human cr.22	4	2	GGG
		Mouse cr.5	4	2	GGG
		Mouse cr.17	4	1	CGG
sgPal3	TCGATCGTCG CGACGATCGA	none	-	-	-
sgPal4	CGACGATCGA TCGATCGTCG	none	-	-	-
sgPal5	GCAGTACTTTG CAAAGTACTG	Human cr.1	4	2	GGG
		Human chr.2	4	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.2	3	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.6	4	1	TGG
		Mouse chr.15	4	2	GGG
		Mouse chr.19	4	1	GGG
sgPal6	GTCCCATCCTT AAGGATGGGA	Human cr.6	4	2	TGG
		Human chr.9	4	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.2	4	2	CGG
		Mouse chr.5	4	2	AGG
		Mouse chr.11	4	2	GGG
		Mouse chr.11	4	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.12	4	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.16	4	2	AGG
sgPal7	GGCTTAGTACT AGTACTAAGC	Human cr.16	4	1	AGG
		Mouse chr.1	4	1	AGG
sgPal8	GGCCTTTCGAC GTCGAAAGGC	Human chr.2	4	2	CGG
		Human chr.2	4	2	GGG
		Human chr.4	4	1	AGG
		Mouse chr.1	4	2	AGG
sgPal9	GCGACCTGCAT ATGCAGGTCG	Human chr.1	4	1	GGG
		Human chr.17	4	2	AGG
		Human chr.18	4	2	GGG
		Mouse chr.11	4	2	TGG
sgPal10	GAATCTGCCAG CTGGCAGATT	Human chr.1	4	2	GGG
		Human chr.9	4	2	AGG
		Human chr.11	4	2	GGG
		Human chr.15	4	2	AGG
		Human chr.22	4	1	AGG
		Human chr.22	4	2	TGG
		Mouse chr.2	4	2	GGG
		Mouse chr.12	4	2	GGG
		Mouse chr.13	4	1	TGG
		Mouse chr.17	4	2	TGG

Experimental Procedures Supplemental Table: Predicted off-target effects of scCRISPR palindromic sgRNAs

Palindromic sgRNA sequences				
sgPal1	GCTCTGTGACTAGTCACAGAG	Among most efficient, used for the majority of experiments		
sgPal2	GCGGAACACATGTGTTCCG			
sgPal3	GTCGATCGTCGCGACGATCGA			
sgPal4	GCGACGATCGATCGTCG			
sgPal5	GCAGTACTTTGCAAAGTACTG			
sgPal6	GTCCCATCCTTAAGGATGGGA			
sgPal7	GGCTTAGTACTAGTACTAAGC	Most efficient		
sgPal8	GGCCTTTCGACGTCGAAAGGC	Among most efficient		
sgPal9	GCGACCTGCATATGCAGGTCG			
sgPal10	GAATCTGCCAGCTGGCAGATT	Among most efficient		

Experimental Procedures Supplemental Tables: Oligonucleotides used in this work

sgRNA sequences for plasmid control tests				
sgGFP3	GCTGAAGCACTGCACGCCGT			
sgHist1h3a	GTTAATTCCGTAGAACTGTA			
sgNanog	GTATGAGACTTACGCAACATC			

scCRISPR primer sequences					
	TGTTTTAAAATGGACTATCATATGCTTACCGTAACTTGAAAGTA				
	TTTCGATTTCTTGGCTTTATATATCTTGTGGAAAGGACGAAACA	Use in first PCR of all			
scCRISPR_homology_fw	CC	scCRISPR oligos			
	GTTGATAACGGACTAGCCTTATTTAAACTTGCTATGCTGTTTCC	Use in first PCR of all			
scCRISPR_homology_rv	AGCATAGCTCTTAAAC	scCRISPR oligos			
	GTACAAAATACGTGACGTAGAAAGTAATAATTTCTTGGGTAGTT				
scCRISPR_homology_ext	TGCAGTTTTAAAATTATGTTTTAAAATGGACTATCATATGCTTA	Use in second PCR of all			
ension_fw	CC	scCRISPR oligos			
	ATTTTAACTTGCTATTTCTAGCTCTAAAACAAAAAGCACCGAC				
scCRISPR_homology_ext	TCGGTGCCACTTTTTCAAGTTGATAACGGACTAGCCTTATTTAA	Use in second PCR of all			
ension_rv	AC	scCRISPR oligos			
	CGATACAAGGCTGTTAGAGAGATAATTAGAATTAATTTGACTGT				
scCRISPR_homology_do	AAACACAAAGATATTAGTACAAAATACGTGACGTAGAAAGTAAT	Use to produce long			
ubleextension_fw	АА	scCRISPR homology arms			
scCRISPR_homology_do	TCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGCTCGATTTTAACTTGCTATTTCT	Use to produce long			
ubleextension_rv	AGCTCTAAAACAAAA	scCRISPR homology arms			

scCRISPR sgRNA sequences				
All scCRISPR oligonucleotides were ordered using format described in the methods				
sgGFP1	GGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCACCG			
sgGFP2	GAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAA			
sgGFP3	GCTGAAGCACTGCACGCCGT			
sgHist1h3a	GTTAATTCCGTAGAACTGTA			
sgNanog	GTATGAGACTTACGCAACATC			
sgDsRed1	GAACTCCTTGATGACGTCCT			
sgDsRed2	GCCAAGCTGAAGGTGACCAA			
sgHIST1H2BJ	GCGCTAAGTAAACAGTGAGT			
sgEsrrb	GTGATGGCCCAGCACATGGA			
sgFam25c	GGCCAGCCATGCTGGTAGGC			
sgGata6	GCCTGAGCTGGTGCTACCAAG			
sgKlf4	GCACTTTTAAATCCCACGTAG			
sgNfya	GTTTCCTAACCACAGGAGGG			
sgRpp25	GCTCAGAGGCGAGAATTCTC			
	GTGAGGGCTGGACTGCGAAC			
sgSox2				
sgTdgf1	GAGATGGGGTACTTCTCATCC			
sgZfp42	GAATGAACAAATGAAGAAAA			
sgXrcc6	GGGCGAGGAAGAGGAAGAGG			
sgXrcc5	GCATCACCCTTGTCACCATG			
sgXrcc4	GATGACATGGCTATGGAGAA			
sgPrkdc	GAGAGTAATGCATAACCTTC			
sgDclre1c	GCAGATATCTTTAGTTGATG			
sgLig4	GAAAGAGAGAGGATGGCTTA			
sgParp1	GTGGCCCACCTTCCAGAAGC			
sgXrcc1	GTCCGCCTTGAGAAGATTTT			
sgNhej1	GCCAGGCTCACACCCATCAG			
sgPnkp	GACACTGTCCTCTACCGAGA			
sgRif1	GAGACAAACCTTTATTACTT			
sgTdp1	GTCAGCATCCTCTCACCCCC			
sgTrp53bp1	GAATCTTCTATTATCAGGCA			

gBlock-CRISPR							
		Use in PCR of all					
gBlock-CRISPR_fw	TGAGTATTACGGCATGTGAGGGC	gBlock-CRISPR gBlocks					
		Use in PCR of all					
gBlock-CRISPR _rv	TCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGCTCGA	gBlock-CRISPR gBlocks					
	Homologous recombination primers						
	GGACATCCAACTGGCCCGCCGCATCCGCGGGGAGAGGGGCG						
Hist1h3aHDR_GFP_fw	GTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT						
	AAATCGTGTGTGGCTCTGAAAAGAGCCTTTGGTTAATTCC						
Hist1h3aHDR_GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG						
Hist1h3aHDR_Extension	TGTGCGCCATCCACGCCAAGCGTGTCACCATCATGCCCAAGGACA						
_fw	TCCAACTGGCCCGCC						
Hist1h3aHDR_Extension	TTCGTTTAAGGATGGAGTAAATTACAGCCATTTTACTTGAAATC						
_rv	GTGTGTGGCTCTGAAA						
	ATTATTCCTGAACTACTCTGTGACTCCACCAGGTGAAATA						
NanogHDR_GFP_fw	GTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT						
	GAAGGAACCTGGCTTTGCCCTGACTTTAAGCCCAGATGTT						
NanogHDR_GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG						
NanogHDR_Extension_f	CCATGCGCATTTTAGCACCCCACAAGCCTTGGAATTATTCCTGAA						
W	CTACTCTGTGACTCC						
NanogHDR_Extension_r	aataaatctttaaaaaaaaTATGAAAATATTTGGAAGAAGGAAGGAACC						
V							
	CGAGGGTACTAAGGCCGTCACCAAGTACACCAGCGCTAAG						
HIST1H2BJHDR_GFP_fw							
	GGTGGCTCTTAAAAGAGCCGTTAGGGTTGAGAGTTTGCAA						
HISTIH2BJHDR_GFP_rv							
HIST IHZBJHDK_EXTENSI							
UILIW							
on ry	CTCTTAAACACCCCCT						
011_1 V							
Fsrrh GFP fw	GCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT						
	CGAGGCTGGTGGCTGTGGAGGTCTCCACTTGGATCGTGTC						
<i>Esrrb_</i> GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG						
	ACACTTCTACAGTGTGAAACTGCAGGGCAAGGTGCCCATGCACA						
	AACTCTTCCTGGAGAT						
<i>Esrrb</i> _Extension_fw							
	CTGGGACAGCTCAGAGCCCCCGATGCGGGTGTGAAAAAAGTCGAG						
Esrrb_Extension_rv							
Environ CED (m							
Fam25C_GFP_IW							
Eam2Ea CED wy							
Fum25C_GFP_IV							
Fam25c Extension fw							
	ATTCCATCCAAACAGAGGTAAACTCAGGACTCTGTTCACGTTTC						
Fam25c_Extension_rv	ACACTCTTTATTGACC						
	CTCCGTGCGACAGGATTCTTGGTGTGCTCTGGCCCTGGCC						
Gata6_GFP_fw	GTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT						
Cata (CED and	AATATCAGACACAAGTGGTATGAGGCCTTCAGAGCCCTCC						
Gata6_GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG						

	CATAGGTGTCAGTCTGTCCTCCCCTGCCGAAGTCACATCCTCCGT	
Gata6 Extension fw	GCGACAGGATTCTTG	
	GTCTGCATTTTTGCTGCCATCTGGACTGCTGGACAATATCAGAC	
Gata6 Extension rv	ACAAGTGGTATGAGGC	
	CAGGTCGGACCACCTTGCCTTACACATGAAGAGGCACTTTGTGA	
Klf4 GFP fw	GCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT	
<i>Klf4_</i> GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG	
	ACCGGCCCTTTCAGTGCCAGAAGTGTGACAGGGCCTTTTCCAGGT	
Klf4_Extension_fw	CGGACCACCTTGCCT	
	TCCCCTCGTGGGAAGACAGTGTGAAAGGTTAGAAAAAAAA	
Klf4 Extension rv	TGAACTCTCTCCTG	
)	AGCTGACGAAGAAGCCATGACACAGATCATCCGAGTTTCCGTGA	
Nfva GFP fw	GCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT	
	CCATTTCCAGAACAGTGGAGAGGACCGTGACTGATCAGCT	
<i>Nfya_</i> GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG	
	AGGACTGTTGTGCTGTCTCTCTGTAGGATCCAAACCAAGCTG	
Nfva Extension fw	ACGAAGAAGCCATGAC	
	AGTGAGACTGTCAGTGCCCCACTGGAAGTCAGTCCATTTCCAGA	
Nfva Extension rv	ACAGTGGAGAGGACCG	
	TCAGCCTGAGCCAGAGGCTGAGAATGAGGACAGGACCGCC	
Rnn25 GFP fw	GTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT	
10020_011_10	GTGTTGAAGATATATGATTCAGTCGGTCTGGGTGGCTCAG	
Rnn25 GEP ry	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG	
10025_011_1		
Pnn25 Extension fu		
hpp25_Extension_iw		
Dun 25 Extension w		
Kpp25_Extension_iv		
Sox2 GFP fw		
	CCTCCCAATTCCCTTGTATCTCTTTGAAAATCTCTCCCCT	
Sox2_GFP_rv	TGAGGAGTGAATTGCGGCCG	
	GACTGCACATGGCCCAGCACTACCAGAGCGGCCCGGTGCCCGGCA	
Sox2_Extension_fw	CGGCCATTAACGGCA	
	ATTATCAGATTTTTCCTACTCTCCTCTTTTTGCACCCCTCCCAAT	
Sox2_Extension_rv	TCCCTTGTATCTCTT	
	TTGTCTTTTCCTCCAACGTTTTTACGAGCCGTCGAAGATG	
<i>Tdgf1_</i> GFP_fw	GCTAGCAAAGGAGAAGAACT	
	AAGTGGCTATCTCCAGCAACCAAAAAGTCAAGGTTA	
<i>Tdgf1_</i> GFP_rv	TCGCGATTTTACCACATTTGTAGA	
	TGGCTTTATGAACTAAAGCCATCTGCTAATATTGTGTTTCTTGT	
Tdgf1_Extension_fw	CTTTTCCTCCAACGTT	
	GCAAGACAAAAATCAGAGCGTCATAGAACGTGATTTTCCGAAGT	
Tdgf1_Extension_rv	GGCTATCTCCAGCAAC	
	AGGAAGCAGCTAAGACAACATGAATGAACAAAAAATGAAT	
<i>Zfp42_</i> GFP_fw	GTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCT	
	GGGCTCTTCCGCCCGGCCCTTTCTGGCCACTTGTCT	
<i>Zfp42_</i> GFP_rv	TCGCGATTTTACCACATTTGTAGA	
	GATCAGTGCCCCCTGGAAGTGAGTCATAGGCATTGTTCAAGAAG	
Zfp42_Extension_fw	GAAGCAGCTAAGACAA	
	ACTGGCCTTGCCTCGTCTTGCTTTAGGGTCAGTCTGTCGAGGGCT	
Zfp42_Extension_rv	CTTCCGCCCGGCCCT	

Primers for sequencing				
Hist1h3a-GFP_fw	CCTTGTGGGTCTGTTTGAGGA			
GFP_rv	GTCTTTGCTCAGGGCGGACT			