

Figure S1 Effect of deleted genes on T4-induced host mRNA degradation. MH1 (wild-type) cells were grown in M9C medium until the OD $_{600}$  reached 0.5 at 37°, and infected with T4 wild type,  $\Delta(39-56)_6$ ,  $\Delta daa-daa.1$ ,  $\Delta motB.2$ ,  $\Delta dexA$ ,  $\Delta modA$ ,  $\Delta dexA.1$ -dexA.2 or  $\Delta srd$  mutant phage. Total RNAs were extracted at the indicated times after infection and then analyzed by northern blotting with a probe for Ipp. An arrowhead and an asterisk indicate full-length and a decay intermediate of Ipp mRNA, respectively. Ethidium bromide-stained 5S rRNA or 23S/16S rRNA as a loading control is shown at the bottom of each panel. The  $\Delta srd$  mutant demonstrated that Ipp mRNA was stabilized and that the decay intermediate was strongly accumulated, as with  $\Delta(39-56)_6$  mutant.

D. Qi *et al.* **3 SI**