Thamer et al, AJKD, "Predicting Early Death Among Elderly Dialysis Patients: Development and Validation of a Risk Score to Assist Shared Decision Making for Dialysis Initiation"

Item S1: Mortality probability calculators

The risk of mortality at 3 and 6 months can be estimated from the following formula:

1. Using the comprehensive model

Probability (dying within 3 months) = 1/[1+exp(-xb)], with xb= -5.0985+I(male)*0.1647+(Age in years)*0.0351+I(white)*0.2766+I(catheter)*0.6111+I(no or late nephrology care)*0.2559+(albumin in g/dI)*(-0.2821)+(serum creatinine in mg/dI)*(-0.0312)+I(need assistance)*0.3587+I(nursing home)*0.5870+I(cancer)*0.3931+I(PVD)*0.1292+I(alcohol problem)*0.5059+I(CHF)*0.2861+(# of hospitalizations)*0.0912. Here I(x) is an indicator function, =1 if x is true; 0 otherwise, and all other variables are continuous.

Probability (dying within 6 months) = 1/[1+exp(-xb)], with xb= -4.7498+I(male)*0.1558+(Age in years)*0.0381+I(white)*0.2912+I(catheter)*0.5694+I(no or late nephrology care)*0.2332+(albumin in g/dI)*(-0.2555)+(serum creatinine in mg/dI)*(-0.0380)+I(need assistance)*0.3745+I(nursing home)*0.5950+I(cancer)*0.4341+I(PVD)*0.1773+I(alcohol problem)*0.4635+I(CHF)*0.3217+(# of hospitalizations)*0.0992.

2. Using the simple model

Probability (dying within 3 months) = 1/[1+exp(-xb)], with xb= -3.4003+I(Age in 70-74)*0.2404+I(Age in 75-79)*0.3968+I(Age in 80-84)*0.5533+I(Age in 85-89)*0.7356+I(Age>=90)*1.044+ I(albumin<3.5g/dl)*0.5571+I(album unavailable)*0.5342+I(need assistance)*0.3878+I(nursing home)*0.6722+I(cancer)*0.4474+I(CHF)*0.3450+I(hospitalized?)*0.3353, where I is an indicator function.

Probability (dying within 6 months) = 1/[1+exp(-xb)], with xb= -2.7737+I(Age in 70-74)*0.2071+I(Age in 75-79)*0.4030+I(Age in 80-84)*0.5686+I(Age in 85-89)*0.7857+I(Age>=90)*1.0711+ I(albumin<3.5g/dI)*0.5043+I(album unavailable)*0.4666+I(need assistance)*0.4028+I(nursing home)*0.6750+I(cancer)*0.4835+I(CHF)*0.3927+I(hospitalized?)*0.3624.