

Supplementary information

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Rac-mediated actin remodeling and myosin II are involved in K_{ATP} channel trafficking in pancreatic β -cells

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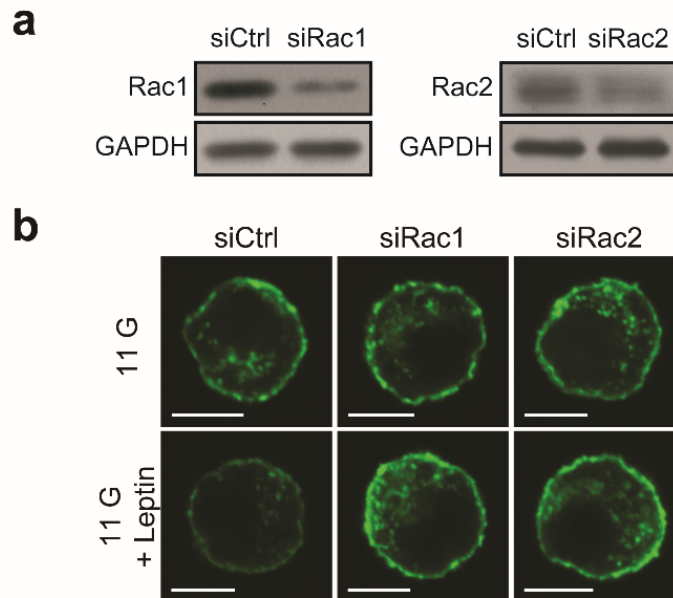
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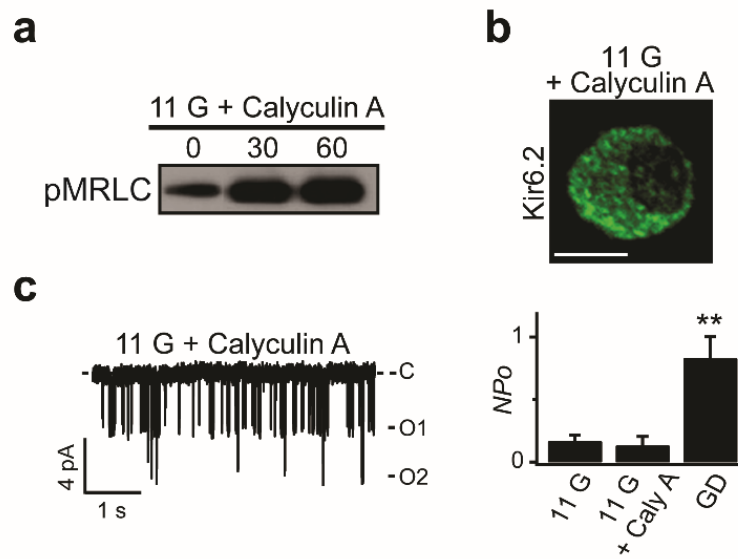
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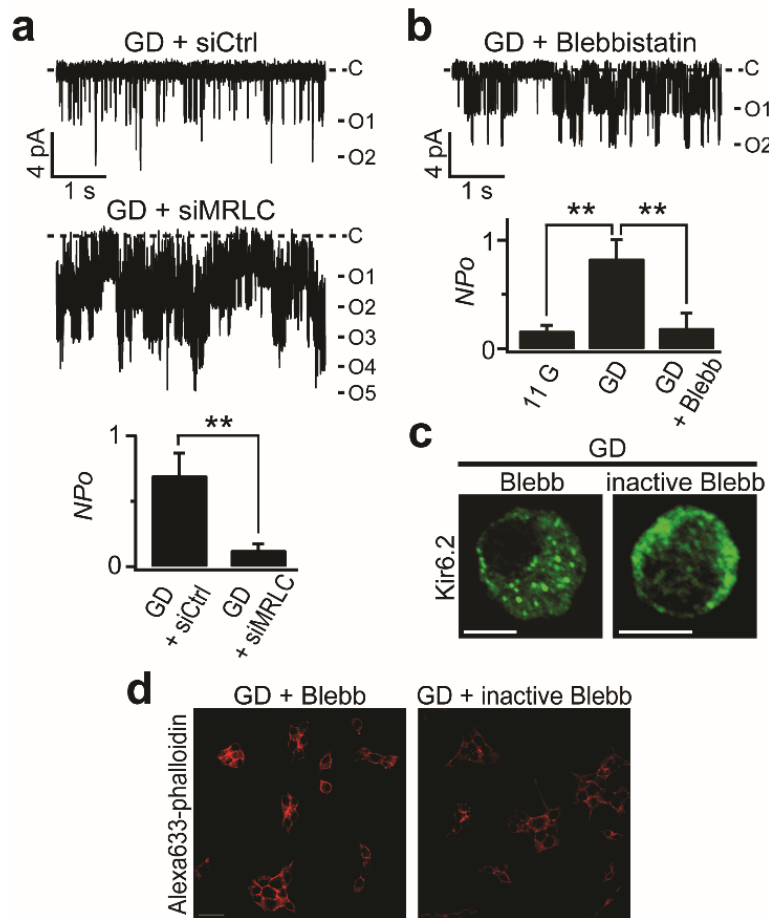
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Supplementary Figure 1 AMPK-induced actin disruption is mediated by Rac. **(a)** Knockdown of endogenous Rac1 or Rac2 in siRac1 or siRac2-transfected INS-1 cells. GAPDH was detected as a loading control. **(b)** Confocal fluorescent images taken by F-actin staining with Alexa 488-phalloidin in siCtrl-, siRac-, or siRac2-transfected INS-1 cells pretreated with or without 10 nM leptin. Scale bar, 5 μ m.

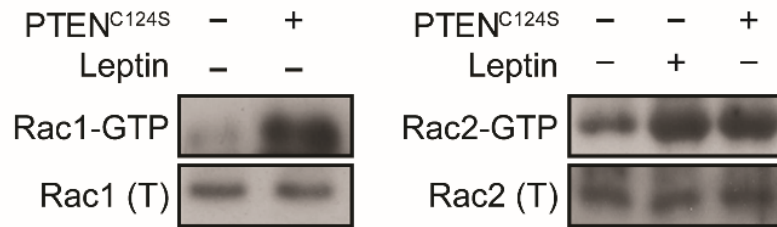


Supplementary Figure 2 Effects of calyculin A, a MLCP inhibitor, on K_{ATP} channel trafficking and activity. **(a)** Time dependence of MRLC phosphorylation after stimulation with MLCP inhibitor (calyculin A, 50 nM) **(b)** Confocal fluorescent images obtained from pancreatic β -cells immunolabeled with Kir6.2 antibody in 11G + Calyculin A. Scale bar, 5 μ m. **(c)** Single K_{ATP} channel currents obtained from pancreatic β -cells pretreated with calyculin A (Caly A) in 11.1 mM glucose solution. The data are expressed as the mean \pm S.E.M. (11G, $n = 14$; 11G + Caly A, $n = 3$; GD, $n = 14$). ** $P < 0.01$ compared with 11G + Caly A.



Supplementary Figure 3 The inhibition of MyoII signaling blocks the AMPK-induced increases in K_{ATP} channel trafficking and actin remodeling. **(a, b)** The inside-out patches were recorded at -60 mV. C: closed level. O: opened level. The cells after excision were exposed to 0.25 mM diazoxide in the presence of $1\mu\text{M}$ MgATP to open K_{ATP} channels. **(a)** Representative single K_{ATP} channel currents of GD-treated INS-1 cells transfected with siCtrl or siMRLC. Mean values for NPo; 0.70 ± 0.17 ($n = 5$) in GD + siCtrl and 0.12 ± 0.05 ($n = 7$) in GD + siMRLC. The data are expressed as the mean \pm S.E.M. ($n = 3$). $**P < 0.01$ compared as indicated. **(b)** Representative

single K_{ATP} channel currents of pancreatic β -cells pretreated with 50 μ M blebbistatin (Blebb) for 30 min in GD. Mean value for *NPo*; 0.19 ± 0.14 ($n = 3$) in GD + Blebbistatin, and it is compared to 11G or GD. The data are expressed as the mean \pm S.E.M. ($n = 3$). $**P < 0.01$ compared as indicated. (c) Representative immunocytochemical images of pancreatic β -cells pretreated with 50 μ M blebbistatin (Blebb) or 50 μ M inactive blebbistatin (inactive Blebb) in GD. Scale bar, 5 μ m. (d) Representative immunofluorescence images for F-actin staining with Alexa 633-phalloidin in INS-1 cells. The cells were pretreated with 50 μ M blebbistatin (Blebb) or 50 μ M inactive blebbistatin (inactive blebb) for the 30 min before fixation in GD. Scale bar, 20 μ m.



Supplementary Figure 4 Activation of Rac by PTEN inhibition. Western blot analysis of Rac1 or Rac2 activity in lysates from INS-1 cells transfected with PTEN^{WT} or PTEN^{C124} construct in the presence or absence of 10 nM leptin.