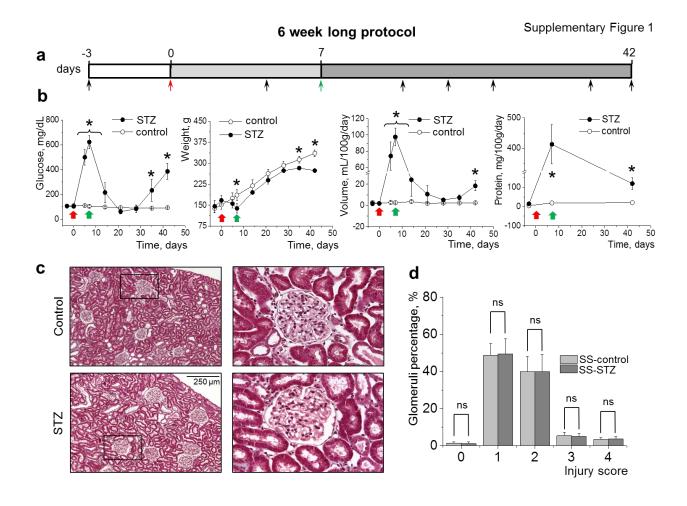
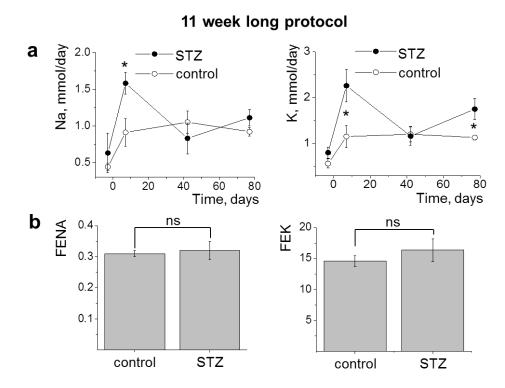
SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL
Podocyte Injury in Diabetic Nephropathy: Implications of Angiotensin II – Dependent
Activation of TRPC Channels
Daria V. Ilatovskaya, Vladislav Levchenko, Andrea Lowing, Leonid S. Shuyskiy, Oleg Palygin,
and Alexander Staruschenko



Supplementary Figure 1. (**A**) 6 week long protocol for diabetes induction. (**B**) Blood glucose, weight, urine output and protein content in control and STZ rats. (**C**) Histological characterization of the kidney. (**D**) Glomerular injury presented as a percentage of glomeruli for each score; 4 rats and 100 glomeruli per animal were evaluated per group.



Supplementary Figure 2. (**A**) Urinary sodium and potassium excretion during the course of DN development, and fractional excretion values for sodium and potassium (**B**, terminal point, day 77). Asterisk denotes difference from the corresponding value in control rats (p<0.05), ns – not significant.