

Document S3. Relative conservation of *Bartonella* TrwG, VirB8 and VbhB8 proteins.

Intra-genome sequence conservation of VirB8 family proteins from five *Bartonella* species

Fourteen VirB8 family proteins were aligned across five *Bartonella* species: *B. grahamii* str. as4aup (VirB8, TrwG, VbhB8-1, VbhB8-2), *B. tribocorum* str. CIP 105476 (VirB8, TrwG, VbhB8), *B. birtlesii* str. LL-WM9 (VirB8, TrwG, VbhB8), *B. henselae* str. Houston-1 (VirB8, TrwG), and *B. quintana* str. Toulouse (VirB8, TrwG). Complete proteins were aligned using MUSCLE (default parameters) (Edgar 2004), with TMHMM v.2.0 (Krogh et al. 2001) used to demarcate the boundaries between the cytoplasmic/TMS region (N-terminal domain) and periplasmic C-terminal domain of all proteins. Percent identity matrices (calculated by MUSCLE) were used to provide estimates of divergence across full-length sequences, as well as the NT and CT domains (Table 1). NCBI GenBank accession numbers for all proteins are provided in Document S1.

Conservation of the N-terminal/TMS region of *Bartonella* TrwG, VirB8 and VbhB8 proteins

Multiple sequence alignment of the NT sequences and complete TMS regions for fourteen VirB8 family proteins across five *Bartonella* species (fig 1). Sequences are those analyzed in Table 1 above. Predicted TMS regions are colored blue. Highlighting as follows: yellow, conserved across TrwG, VirB8 and VbhB8 proteins; orange, conserved in TrwG and VirB8 proteins; green, conserved in VirB8 and VbhB8 proteins.

REFERENCES

- Edgar RC. 2004. MUSCLE: Multiple sequence alignment with high accuracy and high throughput. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 32:1792–1797.
- Krogh A, Larsson B, von Heijne G, Sonnhammer EL. 2001. Predicting transmembrane protein topology with a hidden Markov model: application to complete genomes. *J. Mol. Biol.* [Internet] 305:567–580. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11152613>

Table 1 (Document S3)

Table 1 (Document S3). Intra-genome sequence conservation of VirB8 family proteins from five *Bartonella* species.

	VirB8 vs. TrwG ¹			TrwG vs. VbhB8 ¹			VirB8 vs. VbhB8 ¹			VbhB8-1 vs. VbhB8-2 ¹		
	AII ²	NTD ³	CTD ⁴	AII ²	NTD ³	CTD ⁴	AII ²	NTD ³	CTD ⁴	AII ²	NTD ³	CTD ⁴
<i>B. grahamii</i>	29.4	15.4	35.3	28.8	15.4	34.5	57.7	42.3	62.4	88.8	94.2	87.1
<i>B. tribocorum</i>	29.4	15.4	35.3	28.8	17.3	33.9	59.0	40.4	64.1	-----	-----	-----
<i>B. birtlesii</i>	25.3	7.7	32.3	30.2	17.3	35.7	57.2	30.8	64.7	-----	-----	-----
<i>B. henselae</i>	28.1	13.5	34.1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<i>B. quintana</i>	27.2	11.5	33.5	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

¹ % amino acid identity, as calculated from a percent identity matrix across alignments.

² Entire protein.

³ NT-domain, which includes cytoplasmic region and predicted transmembrane-spanning region.

⁴ CT-domain, which includes short unstructured periplasmic region and globular domain.

TrwG

B. quintana
B. henselae
B. birtlesii
B. grahamii
B. tribocorum

MKKKEVKPVKAERLNSYYEESRGLERELIGEFIRSRTAWRVACVVGIFGLFGMCGVVG
MTKKQVKPIKAEQLNSYYEESRGLERELISEFIKSRKTAWRVAGVVGVFGLFGMCGVVG
MKKQQAQVTAEKLSYYEESRGLERELINEFVRSRRTAWRVANVVGIFGLFGMICGVVG
MKTQVKPVKAEQLSSYYEESRGLERDLINEFIRSRTAWRVASTVGLFGLFGMICGVVG
MKTQAKPVKAEQLSSYYEESRGLERDLINEFIRSRTAWRVASAVGLFGLFGMICGVVG

VirB8

B. quintana
B. henselae
B. birtlesii
B. grahamii
B. tribocorum

-----MKSDAFDEVKEARSFDIDRMHSLQQRMRIAMTLTVLFGMTIALALAVAAL
-----MKINEFNEYIKEARSFDIDRMHGMQRMRIAMALTVLFGMTIALALAVAAL
-----MKSNEFDEYIKEARSFDIDRMHSMRVRMKVSMALTVLFGMTIALALAVAAL
-----MKSDALEEYIKEARSFDIDRMHSMRVRMKISMALTVLFGMTIALALAVAAL
-----MKSDALEEYIKEARSFDIDRMHGMVRMKISMALTVLFGMTIALALAVAAL

VbhB8

B. birtlesii
B. tribocorum
B. grahamii
B. grahamii

-----MKEKDVEQYIAEARLFDQDRILASRRITRASLTIAAIVIVATLSSIAVITL
-----MKQKDIEQYIAEARLFDQDRMLASRRITRASLAIAAISVIVALISSLAVITL
-----MKEKDIEQYIAEARLFDQDRMLASRRITRVSLAIAAGIAVAVAIMSSLAVITL
-----MKENAVEQYIAEARLFDQDRMLASRRITRVSLAIAAGIAVAVAIMSSLAVITL

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Fig. 1 (Document S3)