

Supporting Information

Ruthenium-Catalyzed meta-Selective C-H Bromination

Christopher J. Teskey, Andrew Y. W. Lui, and Michael F. Greaney*

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Supporting Information

General remarks

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on 500 or 400 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometers in CDCl₃ at 298 K (unless stated otherwise). All chemical shift values are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to the solvent signal (1 H NMR: $\delta = 7.26$ ppm, 13 C NMR: $\delta = 77.16$ ppm) with coupling constant (J) values reported to the nearest 0.1 Hz. Splitting patterns are abbreviated as follows: singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), quartet (q), quintet (quin.), multiplet (m), broad singlet (br s) and combinations thereof.

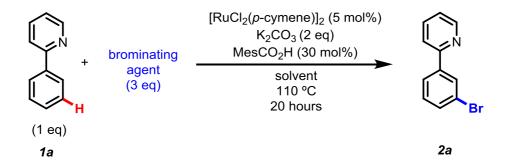
Reactions were carried out under N_2 using pre-dried glassware which was cooled under vacuum. All reactions were carried out in schlenk tubes purchased from Sigma Aldrich and heated in oil baths with a thermocouple temperature control. 1,4-dioxane was purchased in anhydrous quality and used as received. Reagents were either purchased directly from commercial suppliers or prepared according to literature procedures. Potassium carbonate was dried under vacuum before being weighed. Yields of all the compounds refer to isolated compounds. TLC: Macherey-Nagel, TLC plates Alugram® Sil G/UV254. Detection under UV light at 254 nm. Chromatography: Separations were carried out on Silica gel (Sigma Aldrich, 40-63 μ m, 60 Å). High resolution mass spectrometry was performed on a Waters QTOF with ESI/APCI ionisation and a Thermo Finnigan MAT95XP (EI). Melting points were determined using a Buchi M565 melting point apparatus. SmI₂ was prepared according to literature procedure.

Substrates for the *meta*-bromination were typically synthesised using the following procedure: To the boronic acid (3.0 mmol, 1.5 eq), palladium acetate (6.7 mg, 0.030 mmol, 0.015 eq) and potassium carbonate (553 mg, 4.0 mmol, 2.0 eq) was added ethanol (9 ml), water (3 ml) and 2-bromopyridine (191.5 μ l, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 eq). After heating at 80 °C for 20 hours, water was added and the mixture extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate, hexane mixtures). All data for the synthesised compounds was in accordance with known literature values.

Reaction discovery and optimisation

Ratios of starting material to product were taken from the ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture after standard work up procedure.

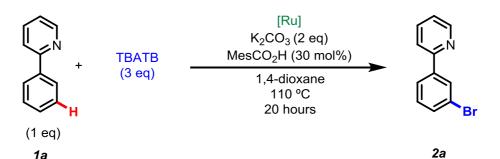
Brominating agent



Entry	Brominating agent	Solvent	1a:2a
1	NBS	MeCN	>99:1
2	NBS	1,4-dioxane	>95:5
3	Br_2	MeCN	>99:1
4	Br_2	1,4-dioxane	>99:1
5	TBATB	MeCN	>99:1
6	TBATB	1,4-dioxane	5:95

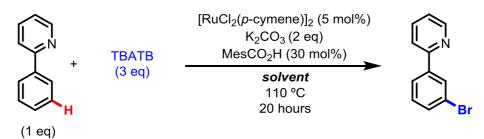
Ruthenium loading

1a



Entry	[Ru]	1a:2a
1	$[RuCl_2(p ext{-cymene})]_2$ (5 mol%)	5:95
2	$[RuCl_2(p\text{-cymene})]_2$ (2.5 mol%)	40:60
3	$[RuCl_2(p ext{-cymene})]_2 (1 \text{ mol}\%)$	70:30
4	-	100:0
5	Ru ₃ (CO) ₁₂ (3 mol%)	90:10

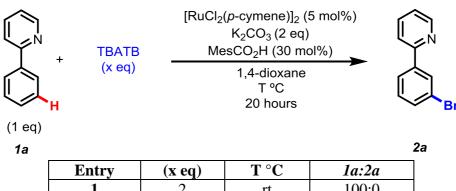
Solvent screen



1a 2a

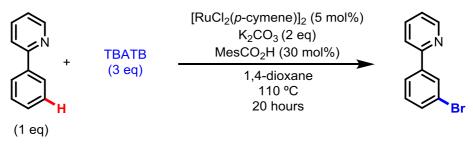
Entry	Solvent	1a:2a	
1	MeCN	>99:1	
2	DMF	>99:1	
3	Water	>99:1	
4	1,4-dioxane/water (1:1)	>99:1	
5	1,4-dioxane	5:95	

Temperature and TBATB loading



Entry	(x eq)	T °C	1a:2a
1	2	rt	100:0
2	2	90	60:40
3	2	110	30:70
4	3	110	5:95

Control experiments



1a 2a

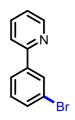
Entry	[RuCl ₂ (p-cymene)] ₂	K_2CO_3	MesCO ₂ H	1a:2a
1	N	Y	Y	100:0
2	Y	N	Y	50:50
3	Y	Y	N	10:90
4	Y	Y	Y	5:95

Experimental procedures and data

Bromination procedure

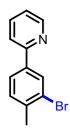
A schlenk tube was charged with [RuCl₂(p-cymene)]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol, 5 mol%), potassium carbonate (138 mg, 1.0 mmol, 2.0 eq), MesCO₂H (24.6 mg, 0.15 mmol, 0.3 eq) and TBATB (723 mg, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq) before being evacuated and then back-filled with nitrogen three times. Dry 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) was added and then 2-phenylpyridine (71.5 µl, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dioxane (1 ml) before the flask was sealed and the reaction mixture heated to 110 °C for 20 hours. After cooling, sodium thiosulphate (~20 ml, 10 wt%) was added before extracting the aqueous layer with EtOAc (× 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and then dried over MgSO₄. After concentration in vacuo, the crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (typically ethyl acetate:hexane (2:98 to 10:90) although dichloromethane:hexane mixtures were used in some cases where separation from starting material was much clearer).

2-(3-bromophenyl)pyridine², 2a



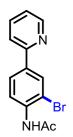
Yellow oil, average of three yields: 76%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.72 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (app t, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (app td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J == 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 156.0, 149.9, 141.5, 137.0, 132.0, 130.4, 130.2, 125.5, 123.2, 122.8, 120.7; HRMS (EI): calculated for C₁₁H₈NBr, theoretical 232.9835, measured 232.9831.

2-(3-bromo-4-methylphenyl)pyridine, 2b



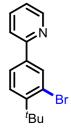
Yellow oil, average of two yields: 86%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.68 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 - 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 156.0, 149.8, 138.9, 138.8, 137.0, 131.2, 130.8, 125.7, 125.6, 122.5, 120.4, 22.9; HRMS (EI): calculated for $C_{12}H_{10}NBr$, theoretical 246.9991, measured 246.9993.

N-(2-bromo-4-(pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)acetamide, 2c



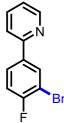
Off- white solid, 143.1 mg, 98%. %; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.48 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J =8.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.72 (br s, 1H), 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 168.4, 155.3, 149.8, 137.0, 136.3, 136.2, 130.7, 126.7, 122.5, 121.6, 120.3, 113.7, 25.1. HRMS (EI): calculated for C₁₃H₁₁BrN₂O, theoretical 290.0049, measured 290.0047; m.p. 132 − 135 °C.

2-(3-bromo-4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)pyridine, 2d



Yellow oil, 47.0 mg, 32%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.71 – 8.69 (m, 1H), 7.75 (app td, J = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (app dt, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.1, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.1, 1H), 7.48 (dd, J = 8.1, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.1, 1H), 7.48 (dd, J = 8.1,1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 158.4, 153.5, 149.4, 138.3, 135.9, 131.2, 130.4, 124.9, 124.9, 122.4, 121.7, 34.9, 31.3; HRMS (EI): calculated for C₁₅H₁₆NBr, theoretical 289.0461, measured 289.0451.

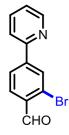
2-(3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)pyridine, 2e



White solid, 102.0 mg, 81%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.68 (d, J =4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (dd, J = 6.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.92 - 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.78 -7.74 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 (app t, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.8 (d, J_{C-F} = 249.6 Hz), 155.1, 149.9, 137.1, 137.0 (d, $J_{C-F} = 3.7$ Hz), 132.3, 127.5 (d, $J_{C-F} = 7.6$ Hz), 122.7, 120.4, 116.8 (d, J = 22.5 Hz), 109.7 (d, J = 21.3 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -104.22 – -110.57 (m); HRMS (APCI+):

calculated for C₁₁H₈NBrF (M + H⁺), theoretical 251.9824, measured 251.9835; m.p. 47 - 49 °C.

2-bromo-4-(pyridin-2-yl)benzaldehyde, 2f



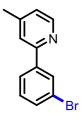
Off-white solid, 36.7 mg, 28%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.41 (s, 1H), 8.76 - 8.70 (m, 1H), 8.37 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.07 - 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.86 - 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.34 (ddd, J = 6.7, 4.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H); 13 C NMR (100) MHz, CDCl₃): δ 191.8, 154.5, 150.3, 146.0, 137.3, 133.4, 132.4, 130.3, 127.77, 126.2, 123.8, 121.4; HRMS (APCI+), calculated for C₁₂H₉NOBr $(M + H^{+})$, theoretical 261.9868, measured 261.9863; m.p. 95 – 97 °C.

2-(3-bromo-4-chlorophenyl)pyridine, 2g



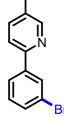
Off-white solid, 79.0 mg, 59%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.69 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.79 - 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.69 - 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28 -7.25 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 154.9, 150.0, 139.4, 137.2, 135.2, 132.2, 130.6, 126.8, 123.1, 123.0, 120.5; HRMS (EI): calculated for $C_{11}H_7ClBrN$, theoretical 266.9445, measured 266.9455; m.p. 60 - 62

2-(3-bromophenyl)-4-methylpyridine³, 2h



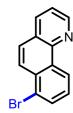
Yellow oil, 98.0 mg, 79%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.54 (dd, J =5.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (app t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (app dt, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 - 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.33 (app t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.12 - 7.06(m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 155.8, 149.6, 148.1, 141.6, 131.8, 130.3, 130.1, 125.5, 123.8, 123.1, 121.7, 21.4; HRMS (APCI+), calculated for $C_{12}H_{11}NBr$ (M + H⁺), theoretical 248.0075, measured 248.0083.

2-(3-bromophenyl)-5-methylpyridine⁴, 2i



Yellow oil, 90.6 mg, 73%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.52 (m, 1H), 8.14 (*app* t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.32 (*app* t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 153.3, 150.4, 141.6, 137.6, 132.5, 131.6, 130.3, 129.9, 125.3, 123.2, 120.2, 18.4.; HRMS (EI): calculated for $C_{12}H_{10}$ NBr, theoretical 246.9991, measured 246.9986.

7-bromobenzo[h]quinolone, 2j



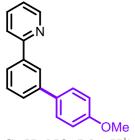
Off-white solid, 67.4 mg, 52%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.34 – 9.30 (m, 1H), 9.02 (dd, J = 4.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.52 (m, 2H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 149.5, 146.1, 136.1, 133.3, 132.4, 132.2, 127.6, 126.9, 126.3, 126.2, 124.3, 122.9, 122.5; HRMS (EI): calculated for $C_{13}H_8NBr$, theoretical

256.9835, measured 256.9830; m.p. 84 – 86 °C.

One-pot bromination-Suzuki-Miyaura reactions

A schlenk tube was charged with [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene)]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol, 5 mol%), potassium carbonate (276 mg, 2.0 mmol, 4.0 eq), MesCO₂H (24.6 mg, 0.15 mmol, 0.3 eq) and TBATB (723 mg, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq) before being evacuated and then back-filled with nitrogen three times. Dry 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) was added and then 2-phenylpyridine (71.5 μl, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dioxane (1 ml) before the flask was sealed and the reaction mixture heated to 110 °C for 20 hours. After cooling, water (1 ml), Pd(OAc)₂ (3.4 mg, 0.015 mmol, 3 mol%), PPh₃ (7.9 mg, 0.03 mmol, 6 mol%) and the boronic acid (1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq) were added under a stream of nitrogen. After resealing the vial and heating at 110 °C for 15 hours, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool and sodium thiosulphate (~20 ml, 10 wt%) was added. The reaction mixture was then extracted with EtOAc (× 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and then dried over MgSO₄. After concentration *in vacuo*, the crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (typically ethyl acetate:hexane (4:96 to 20:80)).

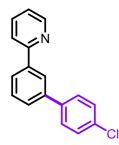
2-(4'-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine, 3a



Yellow solid, 75.5 mg, 58%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.75 – 8.70 (m, 1H), 8.21 (*app* t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (ddd, J = 7.6, 1.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.81 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.65 – 7.59 (m, 3H), 7.53 (*app* t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.03 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.4, 157.7, 149.8, 141.5, 140.0, 136.9, 133.7, 129.3, 128.4, 127.5, 125.6, 125.4, 122.3, 120.9, 114.3, 55.5; HRMS (APCI+) calculated for

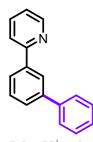
 $C_{18}H_{16}NO (M + H^{+})$, theoretical 262.1232, measured 262.1237; m.p. 65 – 67 °C.

2-(4'-chloro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine, *3b*



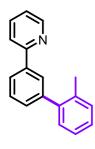
Yellow oil, 91.2 mg, 69%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.76 – 8.69 (m, 1H), 8.21 (app t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.63 - 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.55 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.2, 149.8, 140.6, 140.1, 139.5, 136.9, 133.6, 129.4, 129.0, 128.6, 127.6, 126.2, 125.7, 122.5, 120.8; HRMS (APCI+), calculated for $C_{17}H_{13}NCl$ (M + H⁺), theoretical 266.0737, measured 266.0736.

$2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine^5, 3c$



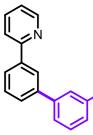
Yellow oil, 68.7 mg, 59%; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.75 – 8.70 (m, 1H), 8.25 (app t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.99 - 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.81 - 7.75(m, 2H), 7.71 - 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.67 - 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.56 (app t, J = 7.7)Hz, 1H), 7.47 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (app tt, J = 7.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃); δ 157.5, 149.8, 141.9, 141.2, 140.0, 136.9, 129.3, 128.9, 127.9, 127.5, 127.4, 126.0, 126.0, 122.4, 120.8.; HRMS (APCI+), calculated for C₁₇H₁₄N $(M + H^{+})$, theoretical 232.1126, measured 232.1120.

2-(2'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine, 3d



Yellow oil, 84.1 mg, 69%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.73 – 8.68 (m, 1H), 7.99 (ddd, J = 7.8, 1.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (app t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.78 - 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.53 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (app dt, J $= 7.6, 1.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 7.31 - 7.22 \text{ (m, 5H)}, 2.29 \text{ (s, 3H)}; ^{13}\text{C NMR (100)}$ MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.5, 149.8, 142.5, 141.8, 139.4, 136.9, 135.5, 130.4, 129.9, 129.9, 128.6, 127.9, 127.5, 125.9, 125.5, 122.3, 120.8, 20.7; HRMS (APCI+), calculated for C₁₈H₁₆N (M + H⁺), theoretical 246.1283, measured 246.1278.

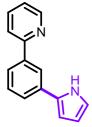
2-(3'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine, 3e



Yellow oil, 50.8 mg, 41%; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.77 – 8.69 (m, 1H), 8.22 (app t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 - 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.82 - 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.68 - 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.55 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52 - 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.36 (app t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 - 7.24(m, 1H), 7.21 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.6, 149.8, 142.0, 141.2, 140.0, 138.5, 137.0, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 126.0, 125.9, 124.5, 122.4, 120.9, 21.7;

HRMS (APCI+) calculated for $C_{18}H_{15}N$ (M + H^+), theoretical 246.1283, measured 246.1271.

2-(3-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)phenyl)pyridine, 3f



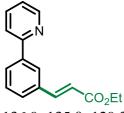
Brown oil, 70.6 mg, 64%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.93 (br s, 1H), 8.76 – 8.64 (m, 1H), 8.14 (*app* t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 – 7.71 (m, 3H), 7.55 (*app* dt, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (*app* t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 6.88 – 6.84 (m, 1H), 6.63 – 6.58 (m, 1H), 6.34 – 6.30 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.4, 149.7, 139.9, 137.1, 133.4, 132.0, 129.4, 124.8, 124.7, 122.5, 122.3, 120.9, 119.2, 110.1, 106.4; HRMS (APCI): calculated for $C_{15}H_{13}N_2$ (M + H $^+$),

theoretical 221.1079, measured 221.1077.

One-pot bromination-Heck reactions

A schlenk tube was charged with [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene)]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol, 5 mol%), potassium carbonate (276 mg, 2.0 mmol, 4.0 eq), MesCO₂H (24.6 mg, 0.15 mmol, 0.3 eq) and TBATB (723 mg, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq) before being evacuated and then back-filled with nitrogen three times. Dry 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) was added and then 2-phenylpyridine (71.5 μl, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 eq) in dioxane (1 ml) before the flask was sealed and the reaction mixture heated to 110 °C for 20 hours. After cooling, Pd(OAc)₂ (3.4 mg, 0.015 mmol, 3 mol%) and the olefin (1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq) were added under a stream of nitrogen. After resealing the vial and heating at 110 °C for 15 hours, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool and sodium thiosulphate (~20 ml, 10 wt%) was added. The reaction mixture was then extracted with EtOAc (× 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and then dried over MgSO₄. After concentration *in vacuo*, the crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (typically ethyl acetate:hexane (4:96 to 20:80))

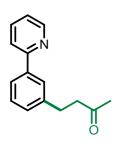
ethyl (E)-3-(3-(pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)acrylate, 4a



Yellow solid, 71.4 mg, 56%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.74 – 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.18 (*app* t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 – 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.80 – 7.71 (m, 3H), 7.57 (*app* dt, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (*app* t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 167.0, 156.6, 149.8, 144.4, 140.1, 128.6, 128.5, 126.7, 122.6, 120.6, 118.8, 60.6, 14.4; HPMS (ED):

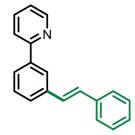
136.9, 135.0, 129.3, 128.6, 128.5, 126.7, 122.6, 120.6, 118.8, 60.6, 14.4; HRMS (EI): calculated for $C_{16}H_{15}NO_2$, theoretical 253.1097, measured 253.1101; m.p. 63 – 65 °C.

4-(3-(pyridin-2-yl)phenyl)butan-2-one, 4b



Yellow oil, 61.7 mg, 55%; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.70 (dd, J = 4.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (app t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81 – 7.68 (m, 3H), 7.39 (app t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 2.99 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 208.1, 157.5, 149.7, 141.7, 139.7, 137.0, 129.2, 129.1, 127.0, 124.9, 122.3, 120.9, 45.4, 30.3, 29.9; HRMS (APCI+): calculated for $C_{15}H_{16}NO$ (M + H $^{+}$), theoretical 226.1232, measured 226.1225.

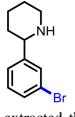
(E)-2-(3-styrylphenyl)pyridine, 4c



Yellow solid, 63.0 mg, 49%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.75 - 8.70 (m, 1H), 8.18 (app t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.89 - 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.81 - 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.60 - 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.56 - 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.48 (*app* t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.4, 149.8, 139.9, 138.0, 137.4, 137.0, 129.2, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 127.8, 127.2, 126.7, 126.2, 125.2, 122.4, 120.8;

HRMS (APCI+): calculated for $C_{19}H_{16}N$ (M + H⁺), theoretical 258.1289, measured 258.1275; m.p. 98 – 100 °C.

2-(3-bromophenyl)piperidine, 5



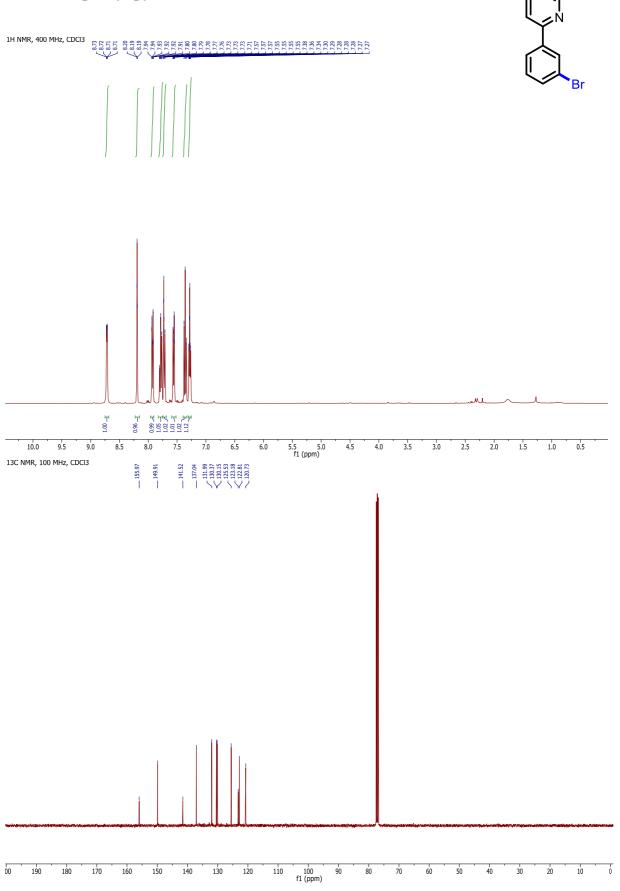
A solution of 0.1M SmI₂ in THF (15 ml, 1.5 mmol, 6.0 eq) was added to 2-(3-bromophenyl)pyridine (58.5 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 eq) under argon. To this, degassed water was added (0.25 ml, 56 mmol, 14 eq) and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 45 minutes until the colour changed from blue to yellow. 10% aqueous HCl was added to the reaction and it was further stirred for 10 mins. The reaction mixture was then extracted three times with diethyl ether before the aqueous layer was then basified with 10% aqueous NaOH. This was saturated with NaCl and then extracted three times with diethyl ether. After drying the second set of combined organic layers over MgSO₄ and concentration in vacuo, the crude product was purified by preparative TLC (90% EtOAc: 10% MeOH). The compound was collected as a pale yellow oil (31.2 mg, 52%).

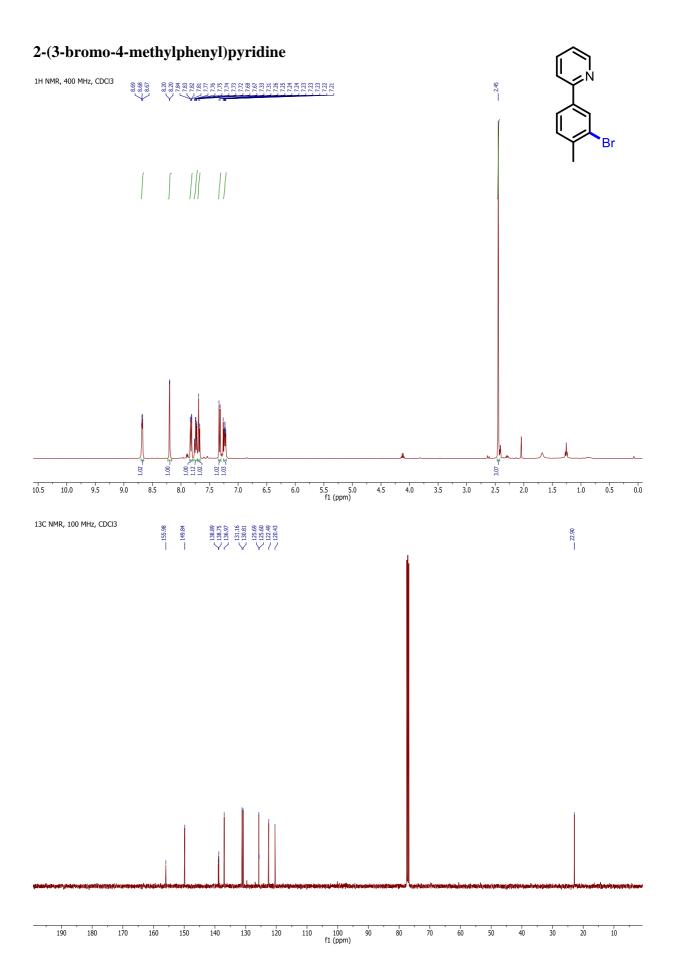
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.54 (app t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.17 (app t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.58 - 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.18 (app dt, J = 11.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (app td, J = 11.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (br s, 1H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.65 (ddd, J = 12.0, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 1.59 – 1.43 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 147.8, 130.3 (CH), 130.1 (CH), 129.9 (CH), 125.5 (CH), 122.6, 61.9 (CH), 47.7 (CH₂), 35.0 (CH₂), 25.8 (CH₂), 25.4 (CH₂); HRMS (EI): calculated for C₁₁H₁₄NBr, theoretical 239.0304, measured 239.0294.

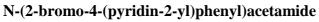
References

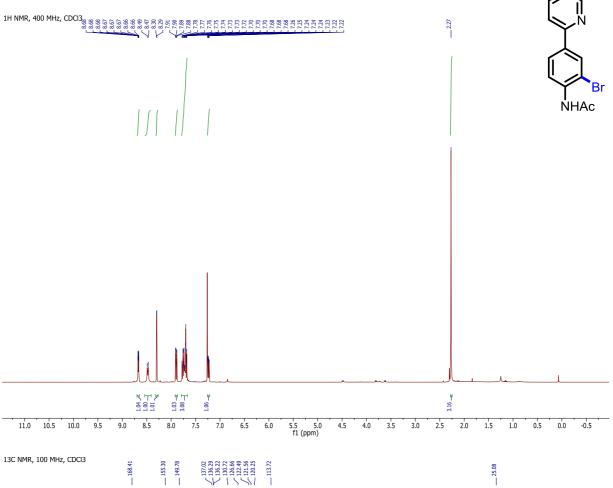
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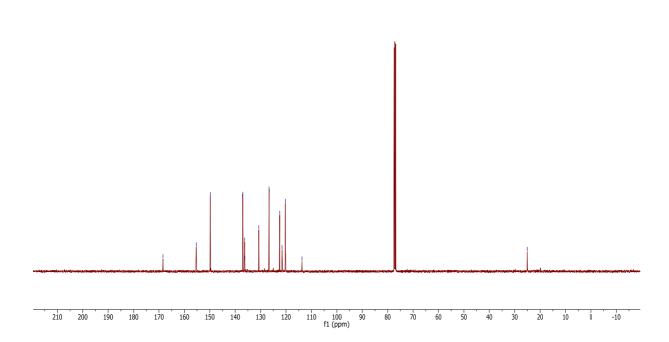
2-(3-bromophenyl)pyridine

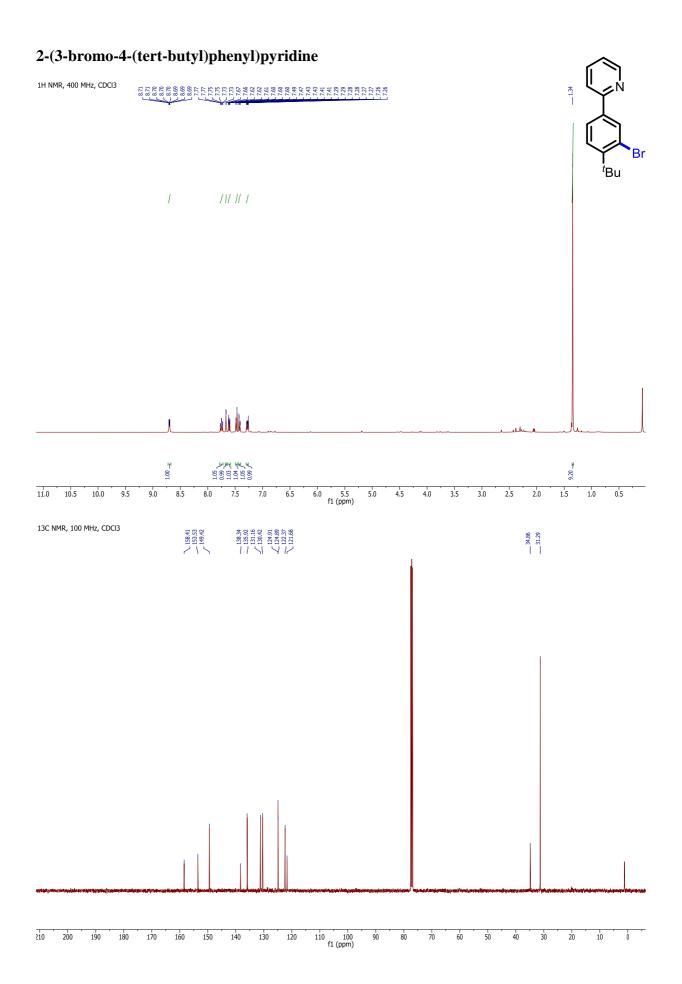


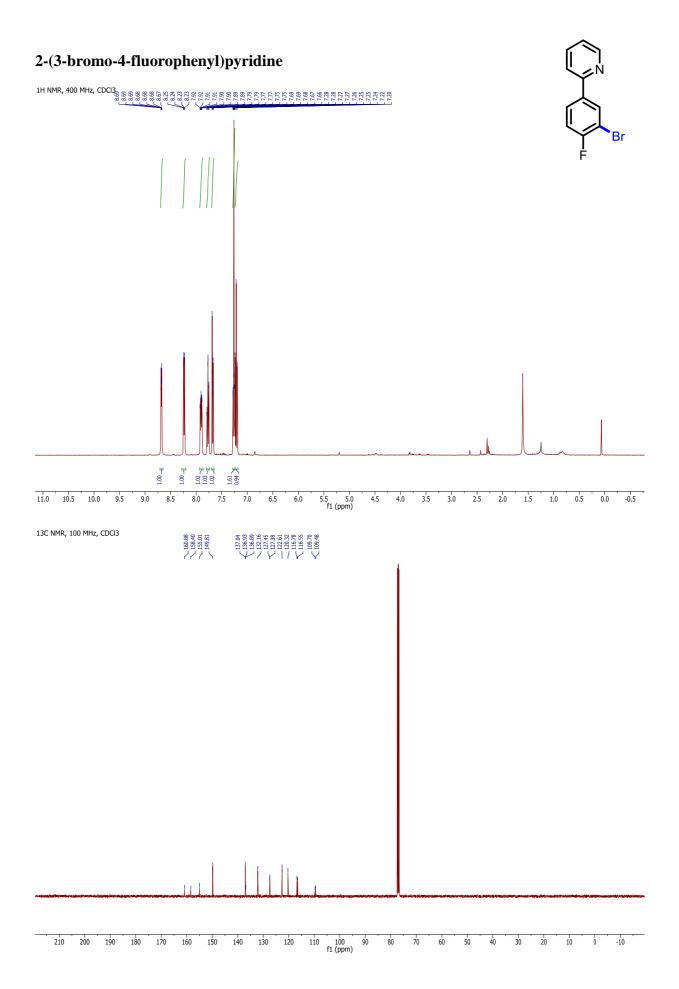


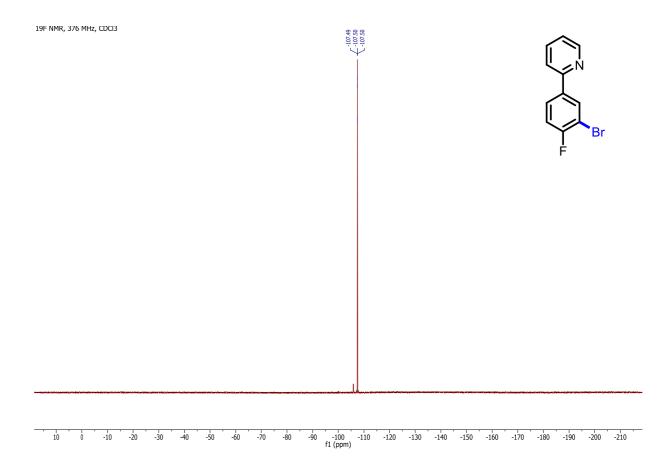


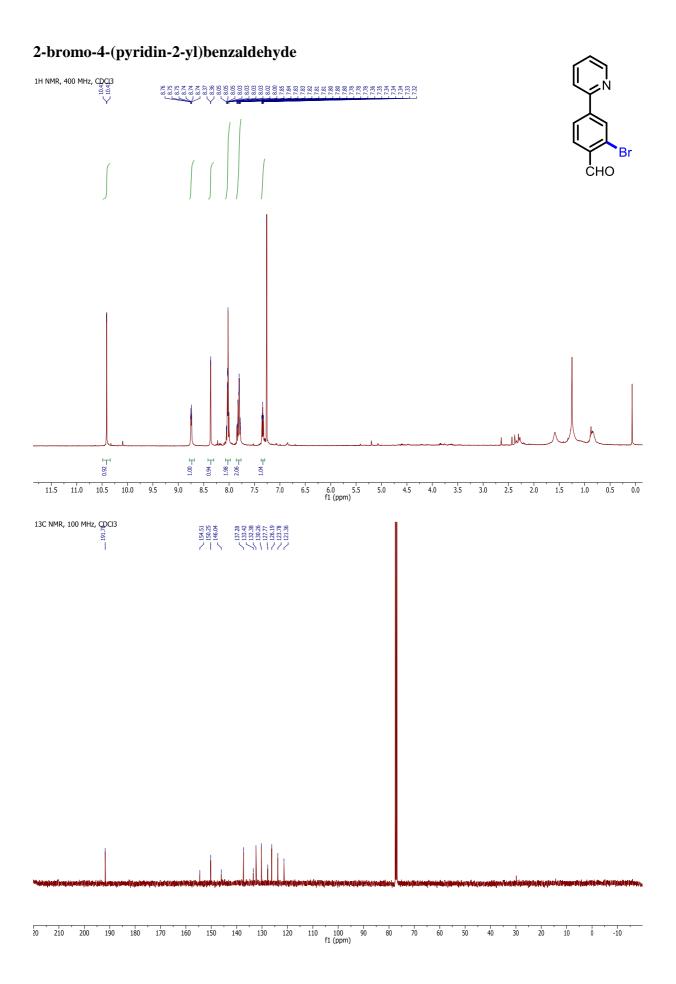


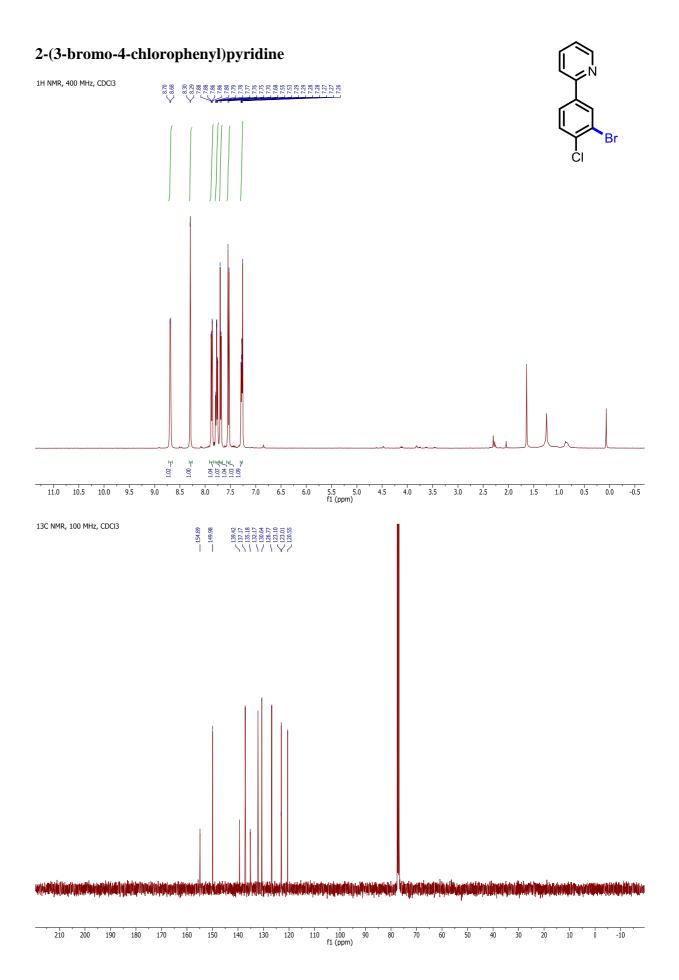


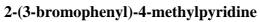


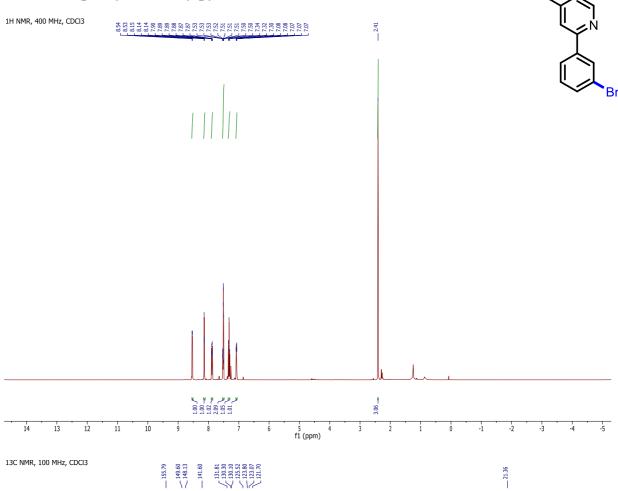


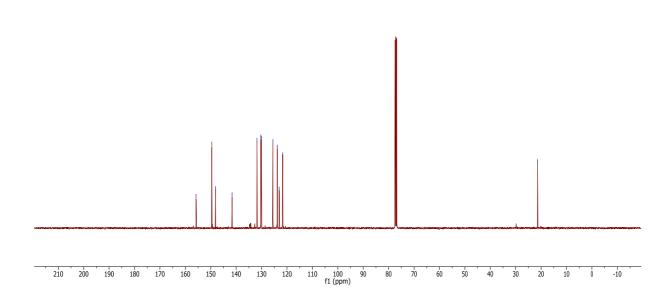


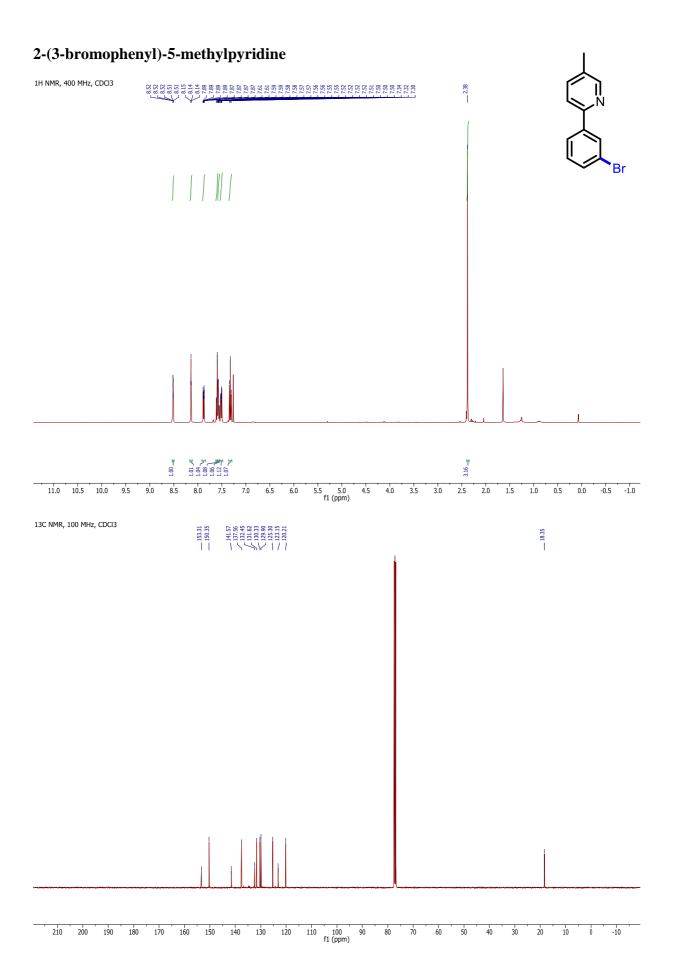


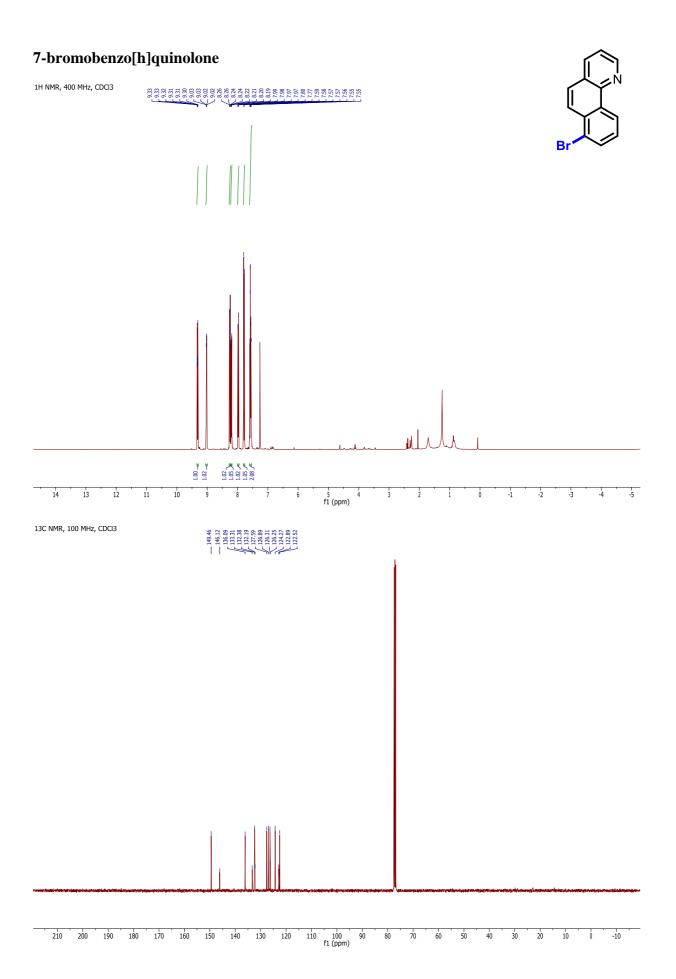


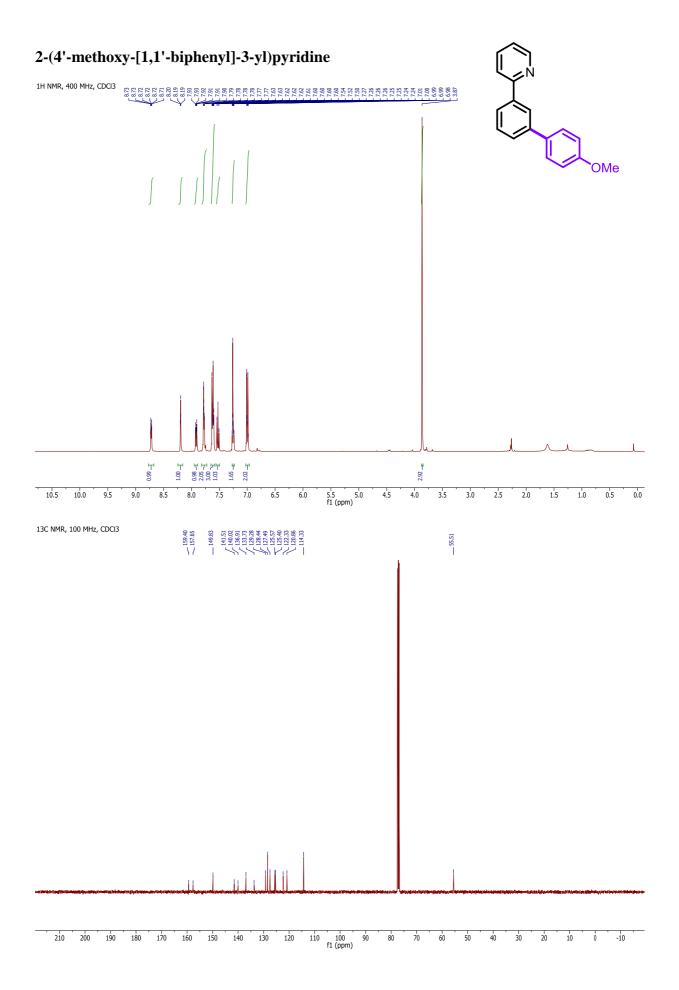


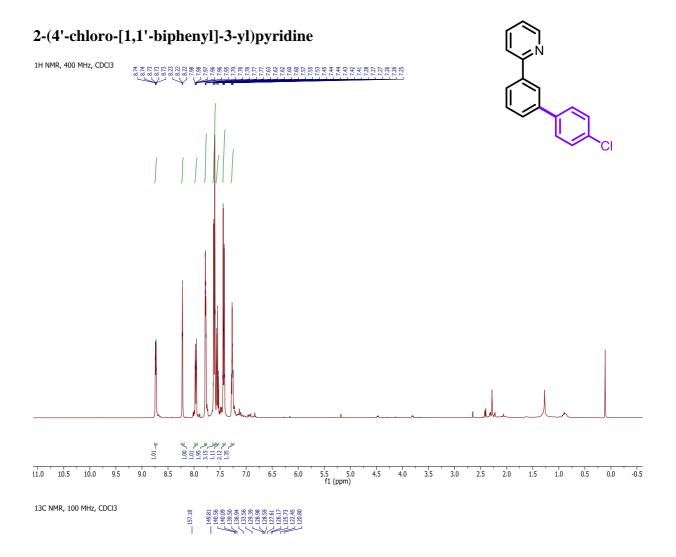


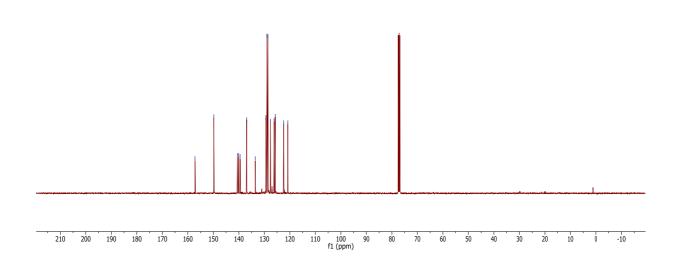


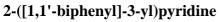


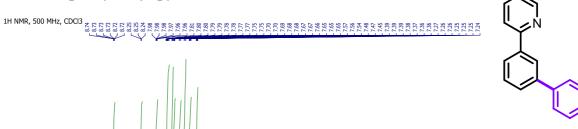


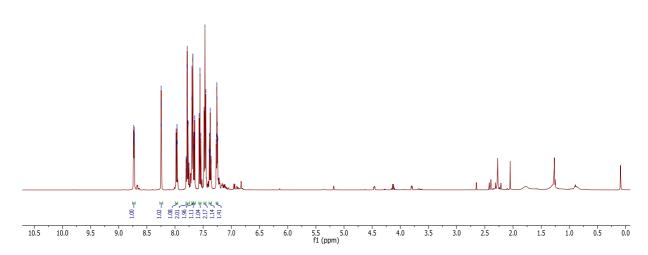






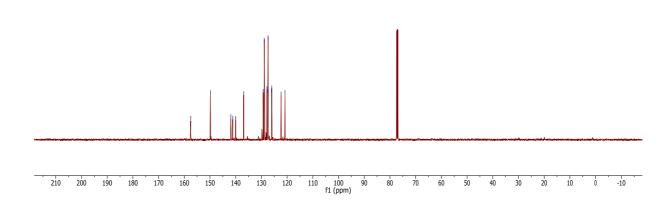


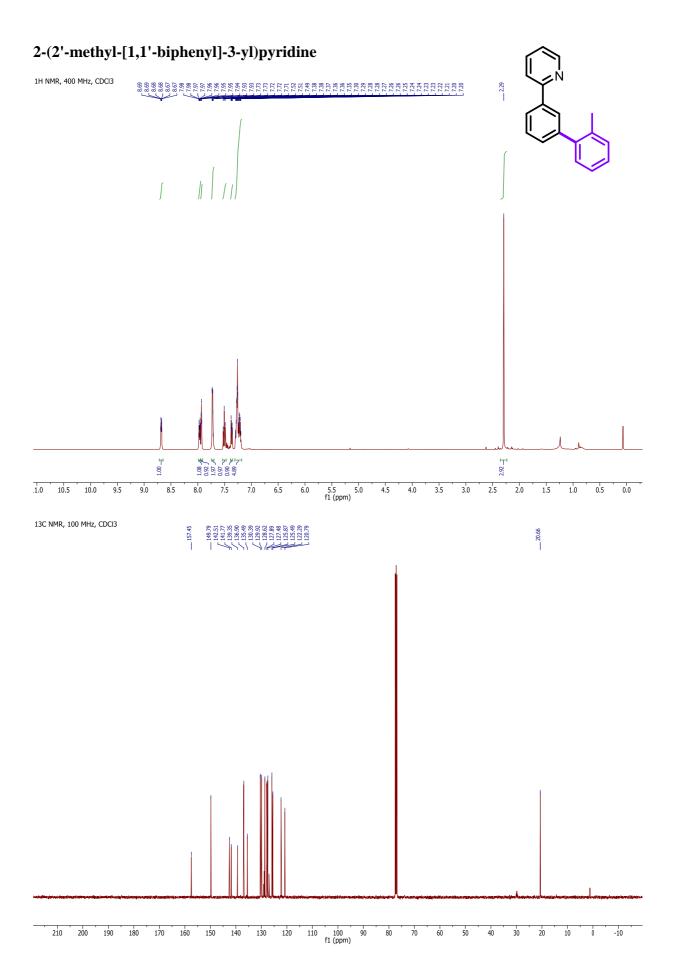




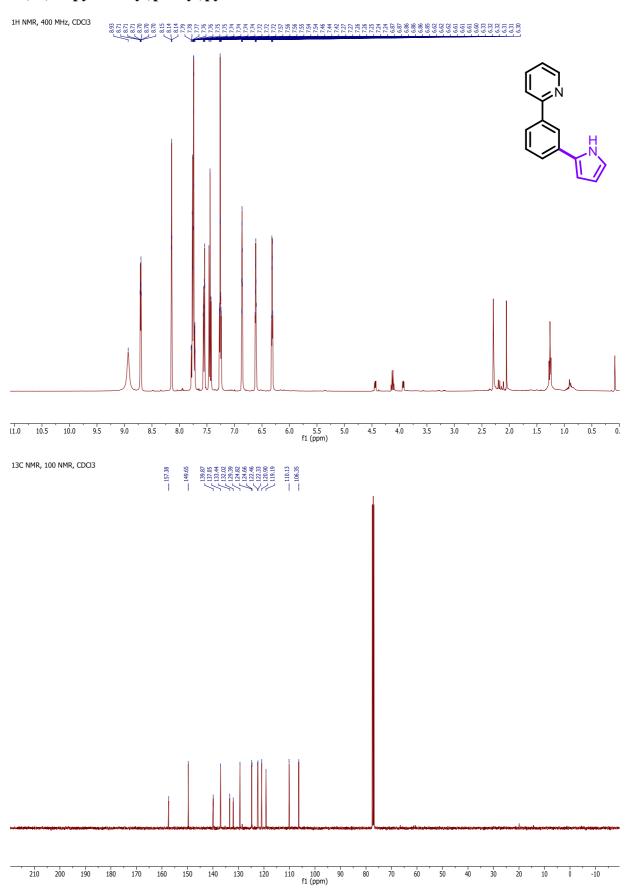
13C NMR, 125 MHz, CDCl3



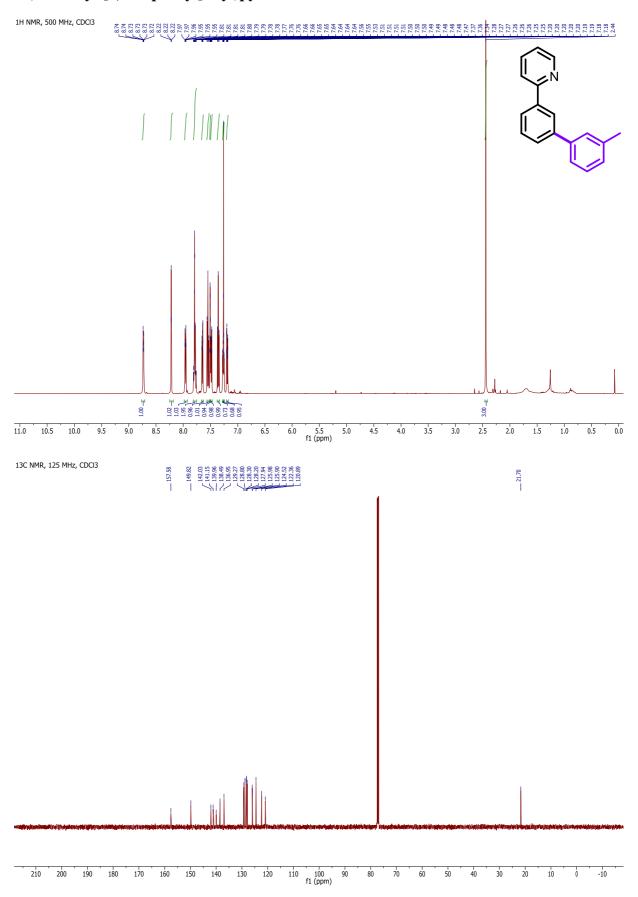




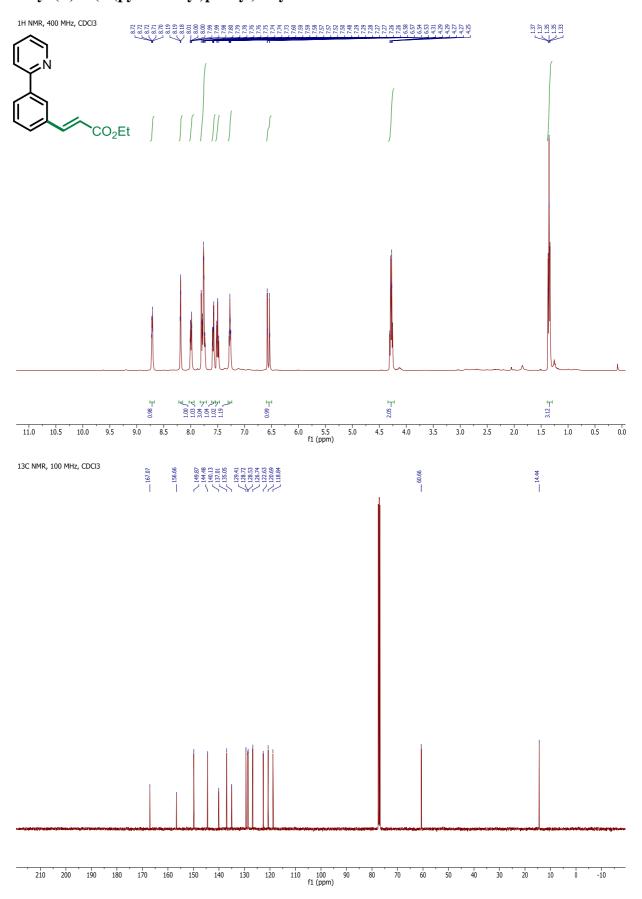
2-(3-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)phenyl)pyridine



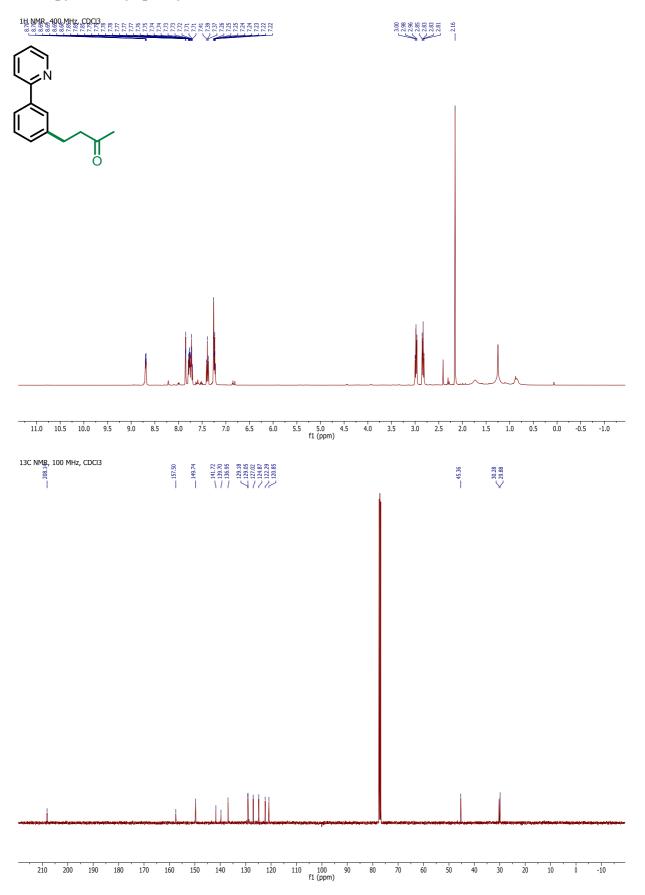
2-(3'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)pyridine



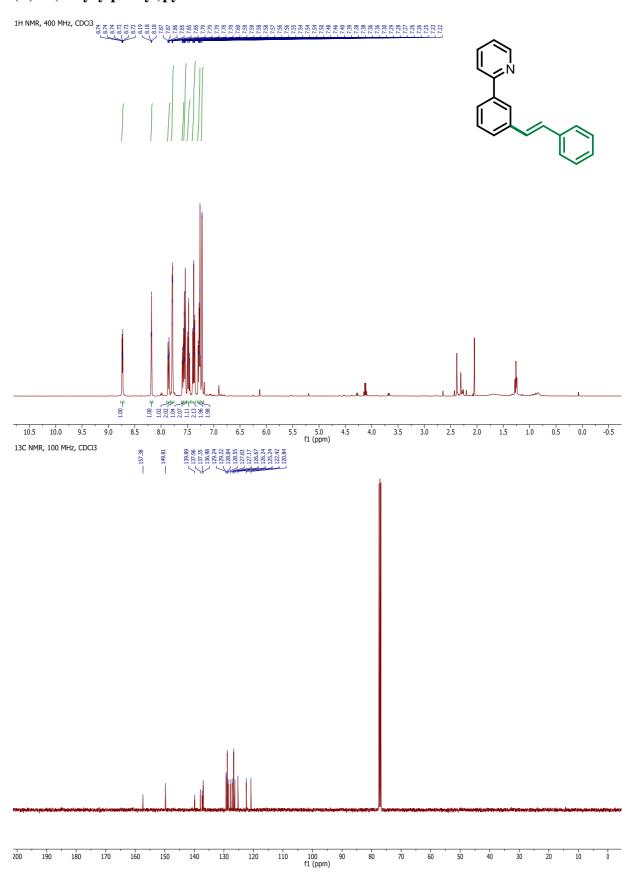
$ethyl\ (E)\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}(3\hbox{-}(pyridin-2\hbox{-}yl)phenyl) acrylate$



$\hbox{4-}(3-(pyridin-2-yl)phenyl) but an \hbox{-}2-one$



$(E)\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}(3\hbox{-}styrylphenyl) pyridine$



2-(3-bromophenyl)piperidine

