

Supporting Information

Direct Catalytic Enantio- and Diastereoselective Ketone Aldol Reactions of Isocyanoacetates**

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1 General Experimental

1.1 Solvents and Reagents

All reagents bought from commercial supliers were used as sold. Organic solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure using a Büchi rotary evaporator. Syringes and needles were oven dried at 90 °C. Anhydrous dichloromethane and tetrahydrofuran were dried by filtration through activated alumina (powder \approx 159 mesh, pore size 58 A, basic, Sigma aldrich) columns.

1.2 Chromatography

Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using Merck silica gel 60 F254 plates and visualized by fluorescence quenching under UV light. In addition, TLC plates were stained with a dipping solution of vanillin (15 g vanillin + 250 mL ethanol + 2.5 mL conc. H₂SO₄). Chromatographic purification was performed on VWR 60 silica gel 40-60 μ m using HPLC grade solvents that were used as supplied.

1.3 Melting points

Melting points were obtained on a Leica Galen III Hot-stage melting points apparatus and microscope and are uncorrected.

1.4 Mass spectra

High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on Bruker Daltonics MircroTOF mass spectrometer. High-resolution mass spectra (EI) were recorded on a Bruker FT-ICR Apex III mass spectrometer.

1.5 Infrared spectra

Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 FT-IR spectrometer as a thin film. Only selected maximum absorbances are reported.

1.6 NMR spectra

NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker Avance 200 MHz or 400 MHz spectrometer, chemical shifts (δ) are quoted per million referenced to the residual solvent peak. The multiplicity of each signal is designated using the following abbreviation: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet. Coupling constants (*J*) are reported in Hertz (HZ).

1.7 Determination of enantiomeric excess

Enantiomeric excess were determined using analytical high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) performed on an Agilent Technologies 1200 Series or 1260 Infinity Series systems (column and solvent conditions are given with the compound).

1.8 Optical rotations

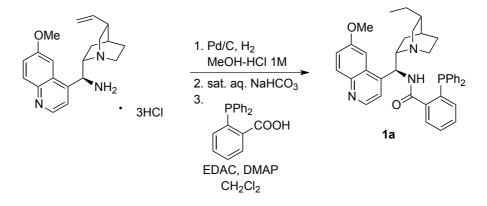
Optical rotations were recorded using Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter; specific rotation (SR) ($[\alpha]_D$) are reported in 10⁻¹ deg.cm².g⁻¹; concentrations (*c*), are quoted in g/100mL; *D* refers to the D-line of sodium (589 nm); temperatures (*T*) are given in degree Celsius (°C).

2 Synthesis and Characterizacion details

2.1 Starting Materials

Compounds $2a^1$, $3r^2$, $3s^3$ and pre-catalyst $1c^4$ were prepared according to literature procedures. Compounds 2b, 2c were acquired commercially.

2.1.1 Synthesis and characterization of 2-(diphenylphosphino)-*N*-((*S*)-((1*S*,2*S*,4*S*,5*R*)-5-ethylquinuclidin-2-yl)(6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)methyl)benzamide 1a



9-amino-9-deoxyepiquinine triple hydrochloride salt (6.2 g, 14.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was dissolved in 75 mL of a mixture of 2:1 MeOH/HCl_{aq} 1M and 10% Pd/C (939 mg) was added. The reaction mixture was stired under hydrogen atmosphere for 12 h at room temperature and then filtered through Celite washing with water and MeOH. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and neutralized with sat. NaHCO₃. The resultant solution was extracted several times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined CH₂Cl₂ extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield a colourless oil (3.5 g of the reduced free amine, 10.5 mmol) which was dissolved in 300 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂. 2-(diphenylphosphino)benzoic acid (3.88g, 12.7 mmol, 1.2 equiv), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (155 mg, 1.2 mmol, 0.12 equiv) were added. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.2 g, 11.6 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added and the ice bath was removed and the resultant solution was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. CH₂Cl₂ was then removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc

¹ N. Elders, Rob F. Schmitz, Frans J. J. de Kanter, Eelco Ruijter, Marinus B. Groen, and Romano V. A. Orru, *J. Org. Chem.* **2007**, *72*, 6135-6142.

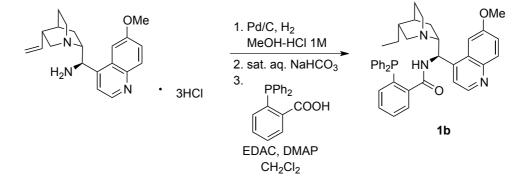
² A. Cuetos, F. R. Bisogno, I. Lavandera, V. Gotor, *Chem. Commun* **2013**, *49*, 2625-2627.

³ P. N. D. Singh, S. Muthukrishnan, R. S. Murthy, R. F. Klima, S. M. Mendel, M. Hawk, N. Yarbrough, A. D. Gudmundsdottir *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2003**, *44*, 9169-9171.

⁴ F. Sladojevich, A. Trabocchi, A. Guarna, D. J. Dixon, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2011, 133, 1710-1713.

and washed with water, 10% NaHCO₃, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by flash column chromatography (EtOAc/MeOH 9:1). Impure fractions were purified by flash column chromatography (EtOAc/Et₃N 99:1 to 95:5) to yield 3.24 g (50%) of **1a**. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -15.5 (c 0.4, CHCl₃); M.p.: 104-105 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 8.70 (1H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 8.05 (1H, d, J = 10.0 Hz), 7.69-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.35 (m, 8H), 7.17-7.24 (m, 4H), 6.94-6.97 (m, 1H), 5.46 (br s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 3H), 3.12-3.174 (m, 2H), 3.01 (br s, 1H), 2.61-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.31 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.20-1.33 (m, 3H), 0.92-0.94 (m, 1H), 0.85 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz, P-C coupling not removed): δ 12.0, 14.2, 15.3, 21.1, 25.2, 25.9, 27.4, 28.5, 37.2, 41.1, 55.7, 57.6, 60.4, 65.9, 102.3, 121.6, 128.4, 128.5, 128.6, 128.7, 128.8, 130.2, 131.6, 133.5, 133.6, 133.7, 133.8, 134.3, 135.5, 136.9, 137.0, 137.3, 137.4, 141.4, 141.6, 144.7, 157.7, 168.9; ³¹P-NMR (CDCl₃, 162 MHz): δ -10.4; IR: v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2930, 1646, 1509, 1240, 746; HRMS (ESI, MeOH) calcd C₃₉H₄₁N₃O₂P (M+H⁺) 614.2931, found 614.2925

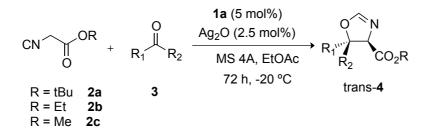
2.1.2 Synthesis and characterization of 2-(diphenylphosphino)-*N*-((1*R*)-((2*S*,5*R*)-5-ethylquinuclidin-2-yl)(6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)methyl)benzamide 1b



9-amino-9-deoxyepiquinidine triple hydrochloride salt (3.00 g, 6.93 mmol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in a 2:1 mixture MeOH/ 1M HCl (45 mL) and 10% (w/w) Pd/C (369 mg, 0.346 mmol, 0.05 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon) at room temperature for 7 h, then filtered through Celite washing with MeOH. Evaporation of the filtrate gave a yellow solid, which was taken up with 0.5 M KOH (80 mL) and extracted with a 3:1 mixture of CHCl₃/i-PrOH (8 times). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to afford a thick orange oil (2.17g of the reduced free amine, 6.65 mmol, 96%). The crude was dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ (150 mL) and 2-(diphenylphosphino)benzoic acid (2.20 g, 6.98 mmol, 1.05 equiv) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (81.0 mg, 0.665 mmol, 0.1 equiv) were added in sequence. After cooling the solution to 0 °C, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.37 g, 6.98 mmol, 1.05 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 h, then the solvent was evaporated. The residual orange foam was taken up in EtOAc and washed with water, 10% NaHCO₃, brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography (first column: EtOAc to EtOAc/MeOH 9:1; second column EtOAc/Et₃N 99:1 to 95:5) to yield 2.04 g (50%) of 1b as a fluffy white solid. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: +89.8 (c 0.500, CHCl₃); M.p.: 103-105 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ 8.59 (1H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 7.99 (1H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.65 (1H, br s), 7.61 (1H, d, J = 2.5 Hz), 7.47-7.33

(3H, m), 7.30-7.26 (8 H, m), 7.21 (2H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 7.17 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.91 (1H, m), 5.30 (1H, br s), 3.97 (3H, s), 2.90-2.65 (4H, m), 2.50 (1H, m), 1.76 (1H, br s), 1.51 (1H, br s), 1.45-1.35 (5H, m), 1.22 (1H, m), 0.92 (1H, m), 0.88 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz);¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz, P-C coupling not removed): δ 169.1, 157.2, 147.3, 144.8, 141.6, 141.4, 137.6, 137.5, 137.2, 137.1, 135.8, 135.7, 134.4, 134.1, 133.9, 133.8, 133.7, 131.8, 130.3, 128.9, 128.9, 128.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.6, 121.9, 101.8, 55.6, 49.3, 37.6, 27.6, 26.2, 25.8, 25.2, 12.2; ³¹P-NMR (CDCl₃, 162 MHz): δ -10.4; IR: $v_{max}/cm^{-1}2933$, 1621, 1433, 1227, 1151, 744,; HRMS (ESI, MeOH) calcd C₃₉H₄₁N₃O₂P (M+H⁺) 614.2931, found 614.2940

2.2 General procedure for the preparation of oxazolines 4

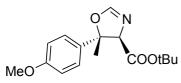


Pre-catalyst **1a** (11.8 mg, 0.017 mmol) and Ag₂O (2.1 mg, 0.008 mmol) were dissolved in 2.0 mL of EtOAc in presence of powdered 4A MS and the ketone **3** (0.386 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added. The heterogeneous mixture was cooled at -20 °C in a fridge and stirred for 30 min. After that, the isocyanate **2** (0.351 mmol, 1.0 equiv) previously dissolved in 2.0 mL of EtOAc and cooled at -20 °C, was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 72 h (time needed to the total consumption of the isocyanacetate, according with the TLC). The reaction mixture was then quickly filtered through a short pad of celite (in a glass pipette) and eluted with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $(9/1\rightarrow 3/1\rightarrow 1/1)$ to yield oxazolines **4** as pure compounds.

2.2.1 Synthesis and characterization of (4S,5S)-tert-butyl 5-methyl-5-phenyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4a. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a colorless oil in 84% yield (77 mg, trans:cis=94:6; data for the trans diastereoisomer). The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 6.95 min., t (major) = 7.58 min (94:6). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -72.6$ (c

1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.31 (s, 9H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.48 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.7 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.5 (CH), 81.3 (C), 87.3 (C), 124.1 (2xCH), 127.5 (CH), 128.6 (2xCH), 146.1 (C), 154.8 (C), 168.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1742, 1633, 1369, 1150, 700; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₂₀NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 262.1438, found 262.1444.

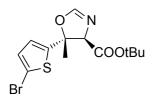
2.2.2 Synthesis and characterization of (4*S*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4b. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 73% yield (75 mg, trans:cis=92:8; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 8.59 min., t (minor) = 10.45 min. (94:6). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$

= -61.87 (*c* 0.8, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.32 (s, 9H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (app d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (app d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.6 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 54.5 (CH₃), 78.7 (CH), 81.2 (C), 87.2 (C), 113.9 (2xCH), 125.4 (2xCH), 137.9 (C), 154.7 (CH), 159.2 (C), 168.4 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1744, 1633, 1149, 834. HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₆H₁₂₁NNaO₄ [M+Na]⁺ 314.1363, found 314.1363.

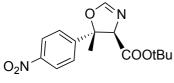
2.2.3 Synthesis and characterization of (4*S*,5*R*)-*tert*-butyl 5-(5-bromothiophen-2-yl)-5-methyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4c. The general procedure was followed. The desired product



was obtained as a colorless oil in 78% yield (94 mg, trans:cis=88:12; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 6.09 min., t (major) = 8.30 min. (93:7). [α]_D²⁰ = -71.7 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.27 (s, 9H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz,

1H), 6.40-6.44 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 23.7 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.5 (CH), 81.5 (C), 85.1 (C), 111.7 (C), 123.5 (CH), 129.8 (CH), 150.3 (C), 154.2 (CH), 167.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1745, 1632, 1149; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₃H₁₆BrNNsO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 367.9926, found 367.9936.

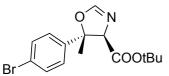
2.2.4 Synthesis and characterization of (4*S*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-methyl-5-(4-nitrophenyl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4d. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 60% yield (64 mg, trans:cis=90:10; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 12.27 min., t (major) = 15.06 min (95:5); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -86.5 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.32 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 3H),

4.54 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.2 (CH₃), 27.6 (3xCH₃), 78.1 (CH), 81.8 (C), 86.6 (C), 123.6 (2xCH), 124.7 (2xCH), 147.3 (C), 151.7 (C), 154.8 (CH), 168.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1743, 1635, 1522, 1350, 1149, 846; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₂Na [M+Na]⁺ 329.1108, found 329.1112.

2.2.5 Synthesis and characterization of (4S,5S)-tert-butyl 5-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-4,5-



dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4e. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a colorless oil in 71% yield (85 mg, trans:cis=89:11; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-

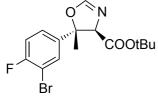
propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 6.87 min., t (minor) = 8.13 min. (95:5). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -102 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.30 (s, 9H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.3 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.3 (CH), 81.5 (C), 86.8 (C), 121.6 (C), 125.9 (2xCH), 131.6 (2xCH), 144.8 (C), 154.4 (CH), 167.9 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1739, 1630, 1148, 1060; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₁₉BrNO₃ [M+H]⁺ 340.0543, found 340.0548.

2.2.6 Synthesis and characterization of (4*S*,5*S*)-tert-butyl 5-(4-cyanophenyl)-5-methyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4f. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was

obtained as a colorless oil in 80% yield (80 mg, trans:cis=90:10; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The ee was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 11.90 min., t (major) = 14.80 min (96:4). [α]_D²⁰

= -33.7 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.30 (s, 9H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.1 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.1 (CH), 81.7 (C), 86.6 (C), 111.8 (C), 124.6 (2xCH), 132.1 (2xCH), 149.9 (C), 154.2 (CH), 167.7 (C), 118.2 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1739, 1366, 1216; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₆H₁₈N₂O₃Na [M+Na]⁺ 309.1210, found 309.1217.

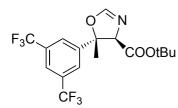
2.2.7 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-(3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-5methyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4g. The general procedure was followed. The desired



product was obtained as a colorless oil in83% yield (104 mg, trans:cis=85:15; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.93 min., t (minor) = 6.48 min. (89:11). [α]_D²⁰ = -50.78 (*c* 1.28, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.30 (s, 9H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 6.46 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.46 (d

1H), 6.60 (app t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (ddd, J = 8.5 Hz, J = 6.3 Hz, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 6.5 Hz, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.6 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.2 (CH), 81.7 (C), 86.2 (C), 109.2 (d, ² $_{JCF} = 22.0$ Hz, C), 116.4 (d, ² $_{JCF} = 21.0$ Hz, CH), 124.9 (d, ³ $_{JCF} = 7.6$ Hz, CH), 129.6 (s, CH), 143.2 (d, ⁴ $_{JCF} = 4.0$ Hz, C), 154.2 (CH), 158.4 (d, ¹ $_{JCF} = 254.0$ Hz, C), 167.7 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1724, 1369, 1216; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₁₇BrFNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 380.0268, found 380.0274.

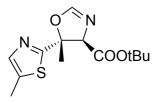
2.2.8 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-5methyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4h. The general procedure was followed. The desired



product was obtained as a colorless oil in 82% yield (114 mg, trans:cis=86:14; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.81 min., t (minor) = 6.41 min. (88:12). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -26.6$ (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.29 (s, 9H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 4.54 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H),

6.41 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95-6.98 (m, 2H), 7.54 (app d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 24.4 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 78.1 (CH), 81.7 (C), 86.2 (C), 123.6 (CH), 126.4 (CH), 130.6 (CH), 131.7 (C), 132.8 (C), 145.9 (C), 154.2 (CH), 167.7 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1736, 1666, 1370, 1155; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₇H₁₇F₆NNaO₃ [M+H]⁺ 420.1008, found 420.1005.

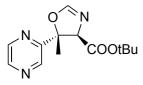
2.2.9 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*R*)-*tert*-butyl 5-methyl-5-(5-methylthiazol-2-yl)-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4i. The general procedure was followed. The desired product



was obtained as a colorless oil in 55% yield (54 mg, trans:cis=91:9; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 7.60 min., t (minor) = 9.37 min. (93:7). [α]_D²⁰ = -101 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.27 (s, 9H), 1.87 (s, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 5.42

(d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 16.7 (CH₃), 22.5 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 77.1 (CH), 81.5 (C), 86.5 (C), 113.8 (CH), 153.2 (C), 154.8 (CH), 167.6 (C), 172.8 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1738, 1632, 1369, 1152; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₃H₁₈N₂NaO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 305.0930, found 305.0931.

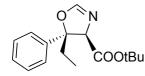
2.2.10 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*R*)-tert-butyl 5-methyl-5-(pyrazin-2-yl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4j. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 75% yield (69 mg, trans:cis=91:9; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 11.19 min., t (major) = 15.38 min. (91:9). [α]_D²⁰ = -62.4 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.30 (s, 9H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, *J*

= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, J = 2.5 Hz, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 8.69 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 22.8 (CH₃), 28.3 (3xCH₃), 77.0 (CH), 82.1 (C), 87.6 (C), 141.9 (CH), 144.1 (CH), 144.7 (CH), 155.8 (CH), 158.7 (C), 168.6 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1738, 1632, 1154; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₃H₁₇N₃NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 286.1162, found 286.1175.

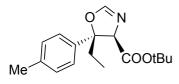
2.2.11 Synthesis and characterization of (4*S*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-ethyl-5-phenyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4k. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 73 yield (71 mg, trans:cis=90:10; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.35 min., t (minor) = 7.93 min (99:1). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -51.6$ (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.75 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.95-2.05 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.18 (m, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.47 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.3 (CH₃), 27.6 (3xCH₃), 30.0 (CH₂), 79.2 (CH), 81.2 (C), 90.2 (C), 124.1 (2xCH), 127.5 (CH), 128.6 (2xCH), 146.1 (C), 154.8 (C), 168.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1787, 1687, 1152, 701; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₂₂NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 276.1594, found 276.1597.

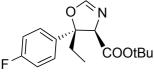
2.2.12 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-ethyl-5-(*p*-tolyl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 41. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 81% yield (82 mg, trans:cis=91:9; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 6.69 min., t (minor) = 14.12 min (98:2). [α]_D²⁰ = +80.5 (*c*

1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.81 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H), 1.99-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.13-2.21 (m, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.3 (CH₃), 20.6 (CH₃), 27.6 (3xCH₃), 30.0 (CH₂), 79.4 (CH), 81.1 (C), 90.3 (C), 124.6 (2xCH), 129.1 (2xCH), 136.7 (C), 141.2 (C), 154.5 (CH), 168.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2977, 1744, 1636, 1153; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₇H₂₄NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 290.1751, found 290.1756.

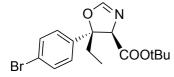
2.2.13 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-ethyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4m. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 83% yield (85 mg, trans:cis=88:12; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 4.98 min., t (minor) = 7.02 min (99:1). [α]_D²⁰ = -44.5 (*c* 1.34,

CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.69 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.84-1.93 (m, 1H), 2.02-2.11 (m, 1H), 4.70 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.65-6.75 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.25 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.3 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 30.0 (CH₂), 79.2 (CH), 81.4 (C), 89.8 (C), 115.2 (d, *J*_{CF} = 21.0 Hz, CH), 126.5 (d, *J*_{CF} = 8.0 Hz, CH), 139.6 (d, *J*_{CF} = 3.0 Hz, C), 154.4 (CH), 162.1 (d, *J*_{CF} = 243.0 Hz, C), 168.1 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2978, 1674, 1510, 1153; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₆H₂₀FNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 316.1319, found 316.1320.

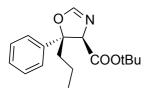
2.2.14 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4n. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 73% yield (90 mg, trans:cis=90:10; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.81 min., t (minor) = 8.97 min (99:1). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -110.8$ (*c* 1.0,

CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.67 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.81-1.90 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.09 (m, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.1 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 29.7 (CH₂), 79.0 (CH), 81.4 (C), 89.7 (C), 121.4 (C), 126.5 (2xCH), 131.6 (2xCH), 142.9 (C), 154.3 (CH), 167.9 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2970, 1739, 1368, 1216; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₆H₂₁NBrO₃ [M+H]⁺ 354.0699, found 354.0691.

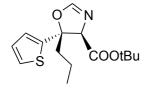
2.2.15 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-phenyl-5-propyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 40. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 79% yield (80 mg, trans:cis=87:13; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 4.93 min., t (minor) = 7.20 min (99:1). [α]_D²⁰ = +89.2 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.70 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.00-1.12 (m, 1H), 1.37

(s, 9H), 1.40-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.98-2.17 (m, 2H), 4.85 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.07 (m, 1H), 7-14-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.49 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 13.8 (CH₃), 17.5 (CH₂), 27.6 (3xCH₃), 39.5 (CH₂), 79.4 (CH), 81.3 (C), 89.8 (C), 124.5 (2xCH), 127.2 (CH), 128.4 (2xCH), 144.6 (C), 154.5 (CH), 168.3 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2962, 1635, 1153

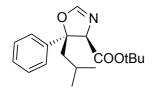
2.2.16 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*R*)-tert-butyl 5-propyl-5-(thiophen-2-yl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4p. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 81% yield (84 mg, trans:cis=84:16; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.93 min., t (minor) = 8.22 min (96:4). [α]_D²⁰ = -29.8 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.73 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.12-1.32 (m, 1H), 1.35

(s, 9H), 1.44-1.53 (m, 1H), 2.02-2.16 (m, 2H), 4.89 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J = 5.0 Hz, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 5.0 Hz, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J = 3.5 Hz, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 13.8 (CH₃), 17.6 (CH₂), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 39.6 (CH₂), 79.8 (CH), 81.3 (C), 88.7 (C), 122.9 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 126.9 (CH), 148.1 (C), 154.4 (CH), 167.7 (C); IR ν_{max}/cm^{-1} 2969, 1742, 1634, 1368, 1153; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₂₁NNaO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 318.1134, found 318.1135.

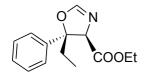
2.2.17 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-isobutyl-5-phenyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4q. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 75% yield (80 mg, trans:cis=96:4; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 5.77 min., t (major) = 7.10 min (97:3). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -69$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H)

3H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.48-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.99 (dd, J = 14.0 Hz, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (dd, J = 14.0 Hz, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 1H), 7-13-7.16 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.47 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 22.9 (CH₃), 24.1 (CH₃), 24.6 (CH₃), 27.6 (3xCH₃), 45.3 (CH₂), 80.7 (CH), 81.2 (C), 90.0 (C), 124.4 (2xCH), 127.2 (CH), 128.5 (2xCH), 144.6 (C), 154.7 (CH), 168.2 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2956, 1637, 1150; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₈H₂₅NNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 326.1727, found 326.1729.

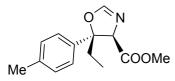
2.1.18 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-ethyl 5-ethyl-5-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4carboxylate 4r. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a



colorless oil in 81% yield (70 mg, trans:cis=90:10; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 7.51 min., t (minor) = 10.19 min (99:1). [α]_D²⁰ = -89.0 (*c* 0.76, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400

MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.72 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.87-1.96 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.08 (m, 1H), 3.93-3.99 (m, 2H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.06 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.43 (m, 2H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.2 (CH₃), 13.8 (CH₃), 30.1 (CH₂), 60.7 (CH₂), 78.7 (CH), 90.2 (C), 124.6 (2xCH), 127.3 (CH), 128.5 (2xCH₂), 143.8 (C), 154.8 (CH), 169.1 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2956, 1637, 1150; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₄H₁₈NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 248.1281, found 248.1289.

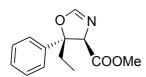
2.2.19 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-methyl 5-ethyl-5-(*p*-tolyl)-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4s. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 82% yield (71 mg, trans:cis=91:9; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 7.74 min., t (minor) = 9.16 min (98:2). [α]_D²⁰ = -49.0 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.73 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.81-

1.88 (m, 1H), 1.90-2.01 M, 1H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 4.90 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.2 (CH₃), 20.6 (CH₃), 30.0 (CH₂), 51.2 (CH₃), 78.8 (CH), 90.2 (C), 124.5 (2xCH), 129.2 (2xCH), 136.8 (C), 140.8 (C), 154.9 (CH), 169.6 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1744, 1635, 1153; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₄H₁₇NNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 270.1101, found 270.1102.

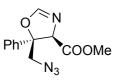
2.2.20 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-methyl 5-ethyl-5-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4t. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a



colorless oil in 77% yield (71 mg, trans:cis=91:9; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determinated by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 8.27 min., t (minor) = 10.84 min (99:1). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -54.3$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400

MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.68 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.78-1.87 (m, 1H), 1.91-2.00 (m, 1H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 4.87 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.39 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.1 (CH₃), 30.1 (CH₂), 51.2 (CH₃), 78.7 (CH), 90.1 (C), 124.6 (2xCH), 127.3 (CH), 128.5 (2xCH), 143.7 (C), 154.8 (CH), 169.5 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1738, 1368, 1228, 1216; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₃H₁₆NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 234.1125, found 234.1129.

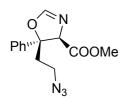
2.1.21 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*R*)-methyl 5-(azidomethyl)-5-phenyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4u. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 83% yield (75 mg, trans:cis=77:23; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 14.03 min., t (minor) = 26.64 min (98:2). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -30.3$ (c 0.61, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400

MHz, C_6D_6) δ 3.15 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.44 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 51.8 (CH), 56.0 (CH₂), 76.0 (CH), 89.2 (C), 124.7 (2xCH), 127.9 (CH), 128.7 (2xCH), 141.5 (C), 154.1 (CH), 169.4 (C); IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1738, 1436, 1216; HRMS (ES) calcd $C_{12}H_{12}N_4O_3Na$ [M+Na]⁺ 283.0801, found 283.0795.

2.1.22 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-methyl 5-(2-azidoethyl)-5-phenyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4v. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



obtained as a colorless oil in 79% yield (63 mg, trans:cis=76:24; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 13.10 min., t (minor) = 17.17 min (97:3). [α]_D²⁰ = -43.60 (*c* 0.83, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 2.02-2.14 (m, 2H), 2.61-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.87-2.94 (m, 1H), 3.26 (s,

3H), 4.75 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.24 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 35.9 (CH₂), 46.7 (CH₂), 51.4 (CH₃), 79.1 (CH), 87.7 (C), 124.1 (2xCH), 127.8 (CH), 128.8 (2xCH), 142.6 (C), 154.6 (CH), 169.1 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2970, 1739, 1368, 1215; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₃H₁₅N₄O₃ [M+H]⁺ 275.1138, found 235.1135.

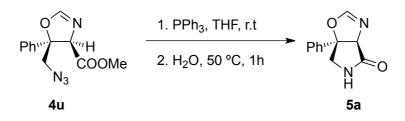
2.3 General procedure for the preparation of racemic oxazolines

Ag₂O (6.1 mg, 0.026 mmol), PPh₃ (9.2 mg, 0.03 mmol) were dissolved in 2.0 mL of EtOAc in presence of powdered 4A MS. After that, Et₃N (24 μ L, 0.17mmol) and the ketone **3** (0.386 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added. The heterogeneous mixture was cooled at -20 °C in a fridge and stirred for 30 min. After that, the isocyanate **2c** (50 mg, 0.351 mmol, 1.0 equiv) previously dissolved in 2.0 mL of EtOAc and cooled at -20 °C, was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 72 h (time needed to the total consumption of the isocyanacetate, according with the TLC). The reaction mixture was then quickly filtered through a short pad of celite (in a glass pipette) and eluted with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under reduce pressure and purified by flash column chromatography purified on silica gel using mixtures of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (9/1→3/1→1/1) to yield racemic oxazolines **4** as pure compounds.

The racemic samples of **4**l, **4**q, **4**r, **4**p, **4**t, **4**u, **4**v, **5**a and **5**b were prepared by mixing equimolar of both enantiomers. The other enantiomer was synthesised in analogous fashion using the ligand 1b (the pseudoenantiomer of **1**a) following the general procedure for the preparation the oxazolines **4**.

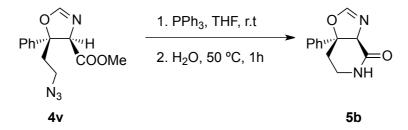
2.4 Synthesis and characterization of compounds 5

2.4.1 Syntesis and characterization of (3a*S*,6a*S*)-6a-phenyl-6,6a-dihydro-3a*H*-pyrrolo[3,4*d*]oxazol-4(5*H*)-one 5a



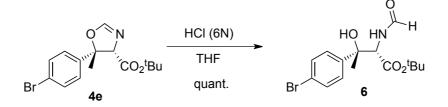
Oxazoline **4u** (146 mg, 0.56 mmol) was dissolved in 5 mL of dry THF and PPh₃ (147 mg, 0.56 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirring at room temperature for the time necessary to form the iminophosphorane product (following by mass spectrum). Then H₂O (20 µL, 1.12 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was heating at 50 °C for 1 h. After that, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduce pressure and purified by chromatography column on silica gel using mixtures of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $(3/1\rightarrow1/1\rightarrow1/2)$ to yield the bycyclic product **5a** (94 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil compound. The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 70:30, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 8.85 min., t (minor) = 23.06 min (98:2). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: +47 (c 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.05 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 6.44-6.60 (m, 5H), 7.22 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 54.9 (CH₂), 76.4 (CH), 88.8 (C), 123.4 (2xCH), 127.9 (CH), 128.4 (2xCH), 139.2 (C), 154.7 (CH), 172.8 (C); IR ν_{max}/cm^{-1} 3262, 1708, 762; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₁H₁₁N₂O₂ [M+H]⁺ 203.0815, found 203.0809.

2.4.2 Syntesis and characterization of (3aS,7aR)-7a-phenyl-5,6,7,7a-tetrahydrooxazolo[4,5c]pyridin-4(3aH)-one 5b



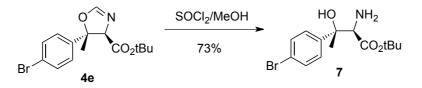
Oxazoline **4v** (95 mg, 0.35 mmol) was dissolved in 8 mL of dry THF and PPh₃ (92 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirring at room temperature for the time necessary to form the iminophosphorane product (following by mass spectrum). Then H₂O (12.6 μ L, 0.7 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was heating at 50 °C for 1 h. After that, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by chromatography column on silica gel using mixtures of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (3/1 \rightarrow 1/1 \rightarrow 1/2) to yield the bycyclic product **5b** (55 mg, 73%) as a colorless oil. The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 80:20, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 11.64 min., t (major) = 23.76 min (97:3). [α]_D²⁰: -5.00 (c 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 2.13-2.28 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.32-3.38 (m, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.35 (m, 5H), 7.78 (s, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 35.9 (CH₂), 37.1 (CH₂), 74.7 (CH), 87.5 (C), 124.3 (2xCH), 128.3 (CH), 128.9 (2xCH), 142.9 (C), 156.2 (CH), 169.0 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3258, 1670, 759; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₂H₁₃N₂O₂ [M+H]⁺ 217.0967, found 217.0971.

2.5 Synthesis and characterization of compound 6



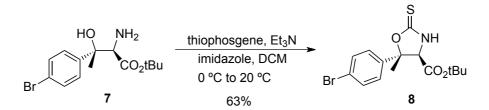
Oxazoline **4e** (50 mg, 0.2 mmol) was dissolved in 3 mL of THF and 5 pipette drops of HCl (6N) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. Removal of volatiles under reduced pressure yielded the corresponding opened product **6** in quantitative yield. The er was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol (80:20, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (major) = 5.31 min., t (minor) = 8.01 min (95:5). [α]_D²⁰ = -48.0 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 3.68 (brs, 1H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 10 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.1 (CH₃), 59.4 (CH₃), 75.5 (C), 84.2 (C), 121.96 (C), 127.4 (2xCH), 131.8 (2xCH), 143.00 (C), 161.2 (CH), 170.6 (C); IR ν_{max}/cm^{-1} 1728, 1243; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₂₀NNaBrO₄ [M+Na]⁺ 380.0467, found 380.0461.

2.6 Synthesis and characterization of compound 7



Oxazoline **4e** (281 mg, 0.82 mmol) was dissolved in 8 mL of dry MeOH. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and 8 mL of 1M solution of SOCl₂ in MeOH (2M HCl) were added dropwise. The solution was stirred 1h 45' at 0 °C and then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resultant oil was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and few drops of sat. NaHCO₃ solution were added under vigorous stirring until P_H 8 (PH paper). The mixture was further diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and dried with Na₂SO₄. The precipites were filtered off and the resultant solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude was purified by FCC (AcOEt/PE 2:1) to yield the amino-ester 7 (138 mg, 73%) as an oil compound. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.31 (s, 9H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 3.45 (brs, 1H), 4.03 (brs, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 10 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 25.2 (3xCH₃), 27.9 (CH₃), 53.5 (C), 63.4 (C), 82.3 (CH), 121.1 (C), 127.6 (2xCH), 131.1 (2xCH), 144.2 (C), 172.8 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2978, 1725, 1368, 1156; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₄H₂₀NNaBrO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 352.0518, found 352.0513.

2.6 Synthesis and characterization of compound 8



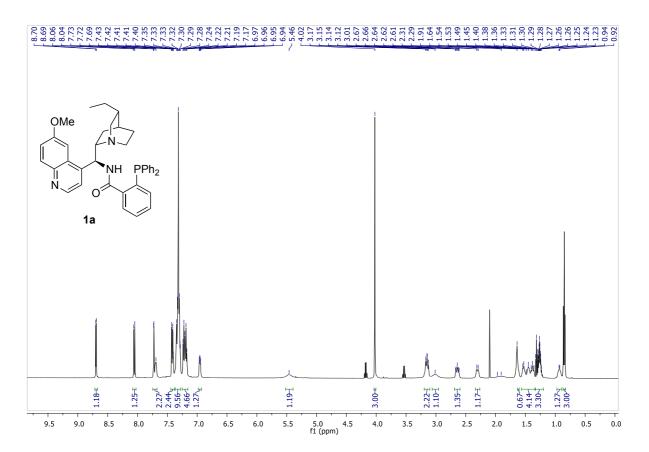
Amino-ester 7 (485 mg, 1.47 mmol) was dissolved in 40 mL of CH_2Cl_2 and the solution was cooled to 0 °C. Then Et₃N (0.20 mL, 1.44 mmol), imidazole (98.35 mg, 1.44 mmol) and thiophosgene (0.122 mL, 1.54 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred 12 h at 20 °C and then was washed with water (10 mL) and brine (10 mL) and finally dried with Na₂SO₄. The reaction mixture was filtered and the resultant solution

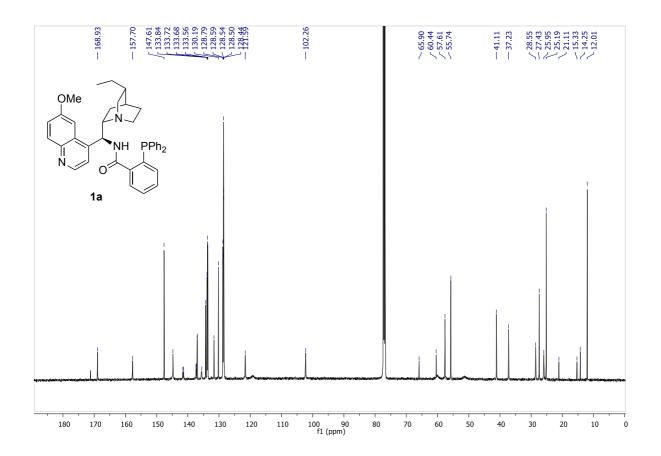
concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by chromatography column on silica gel using mixtures of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $(3/1\rightarrow 1/1\rightarrow 1/2)$ to yield the ciclic product **8** (344 mg, 63%) as a solid compound. The product was recrystallized using EtOAc. The er after recrystallization was determined by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 9.73 min., t (major) = 21.58 min (99:1). [α]_D²⁰: 82 (c 0.25, CHCl₃); Mp = 175-177 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 24.3 (CH₃), 28.0 (3x CH₃), 68.2 (CH), 84.9 (C), 91.4 (C), 122.7 (C), 126.1 (2xCH), 132.0 (2xCH), 141.5 (C), 166.1

(C), 188.1 (C); IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2979, 1743, 1491, 1230, 1152; HRMS (ES) calcd $C_{15}H_{19}NO_3BrS$ $[M+H]^+$ 372.0263, found 372.0260.

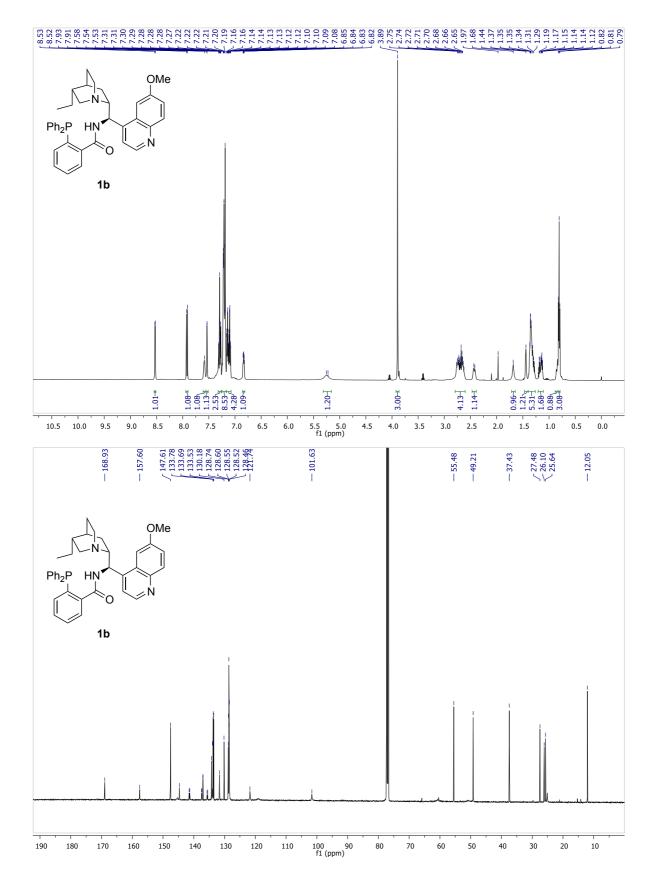
3 ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra of pre-catalysts

3.1 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra of compound 1a



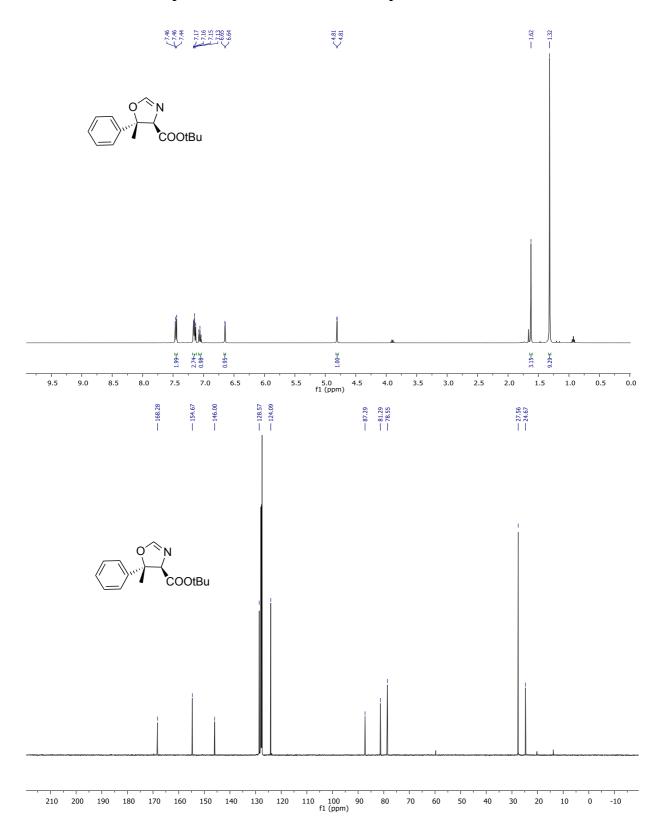


3.2 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra of compound 1b

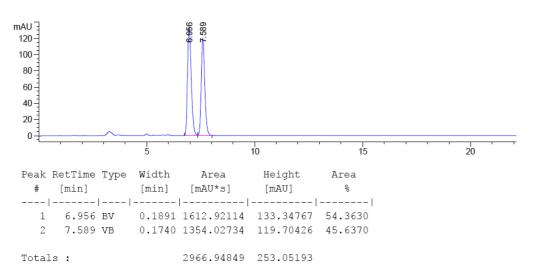


4 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of Oxazolines and hydrolyzed derivates

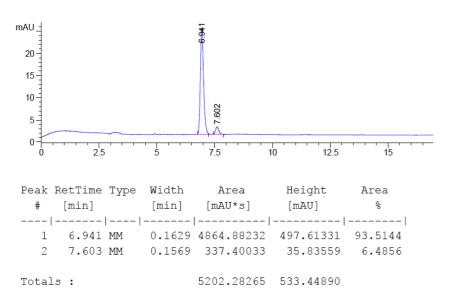
4.1 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4a



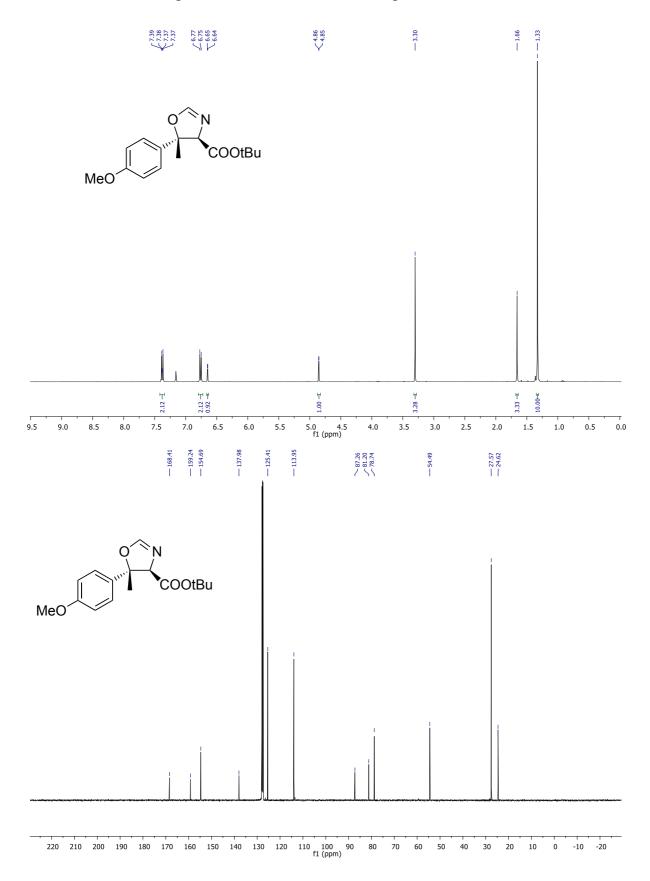
HPLC traces of racemic compound

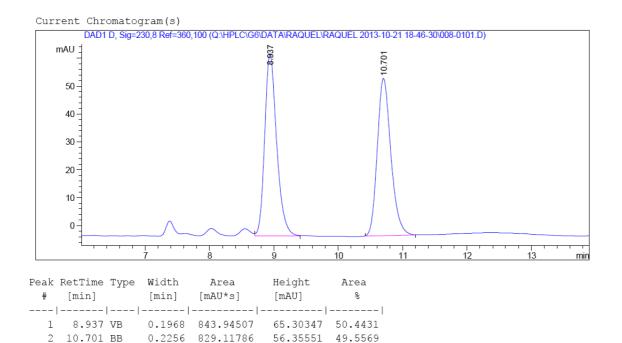




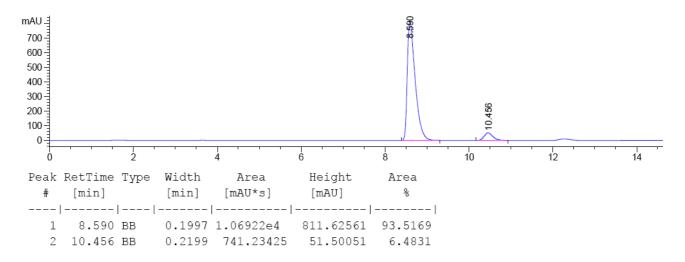


4.2 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4b

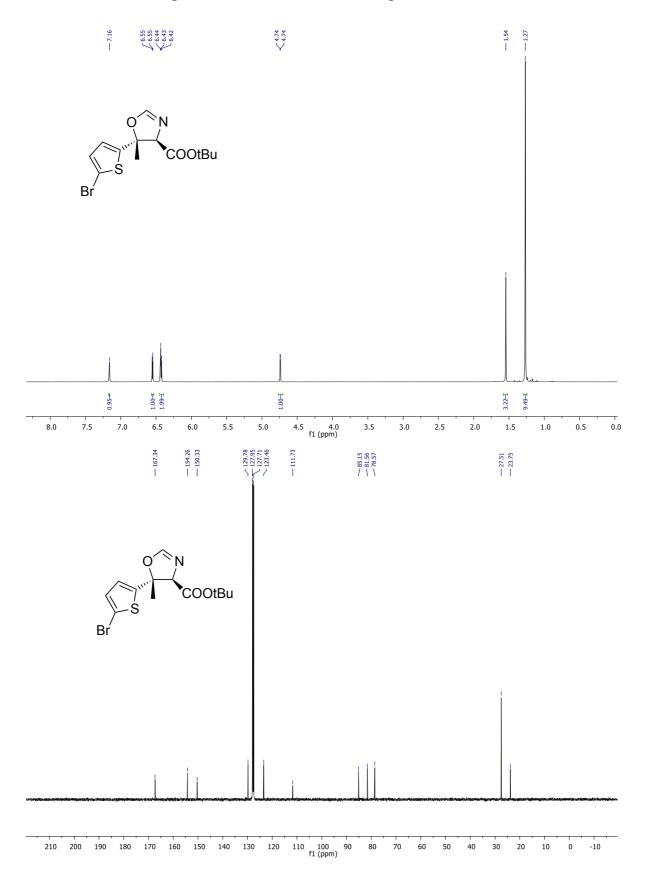


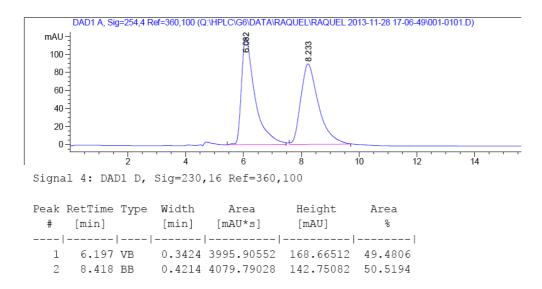


HPLC traces of 4b

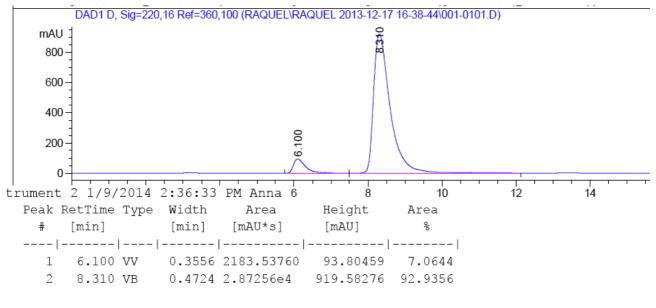


4.3 ^{1}H and $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4c



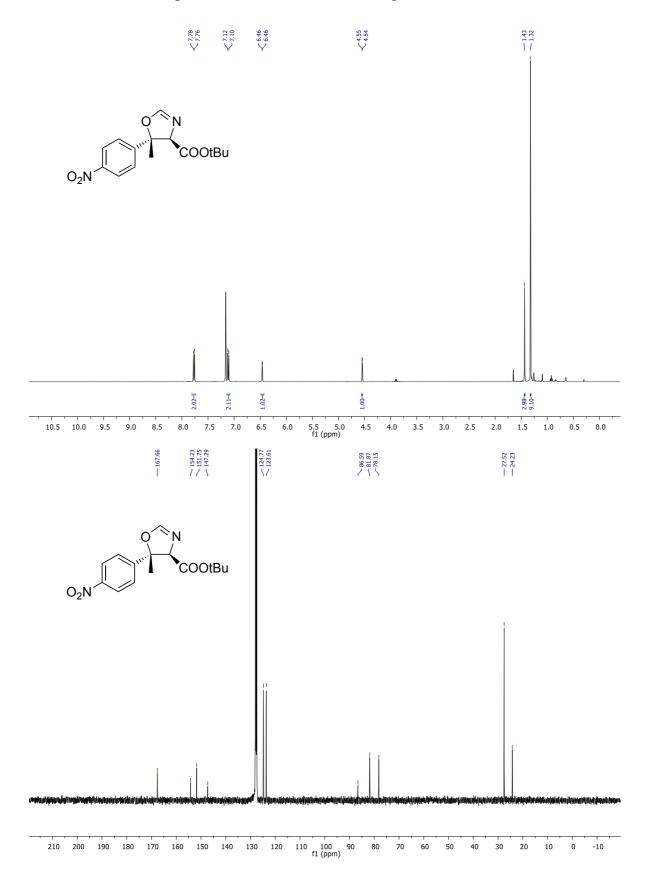


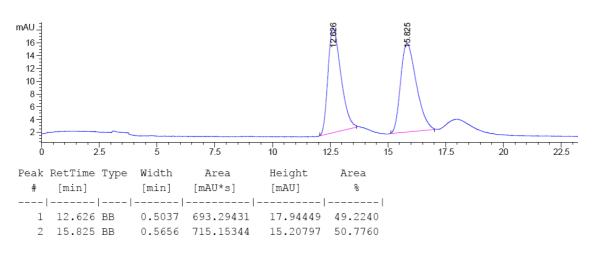
HPLC traces of 4c



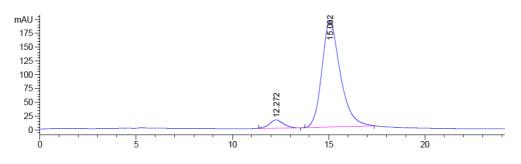
Totals: 3.09091e4 1013.38735

4.4 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4d





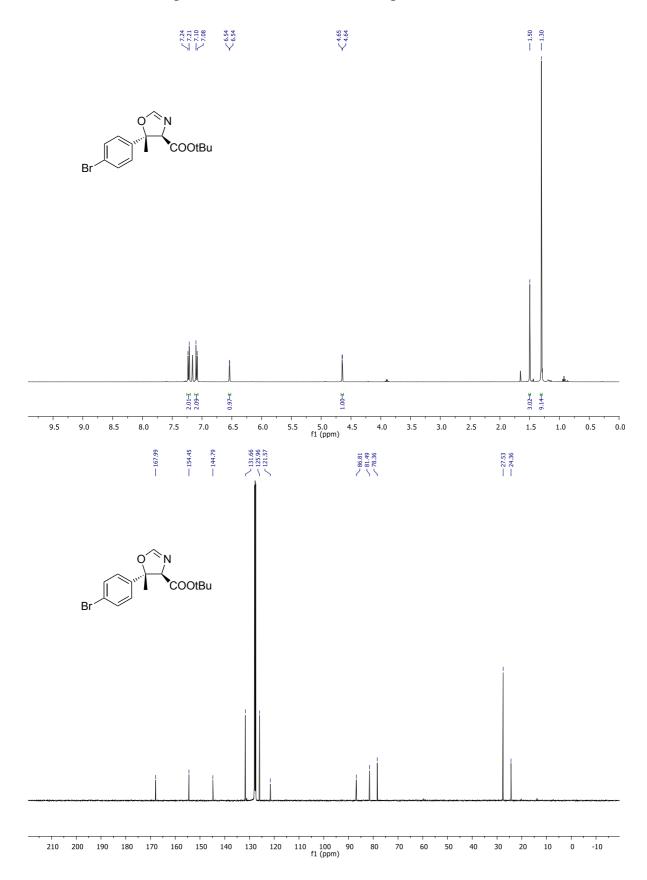


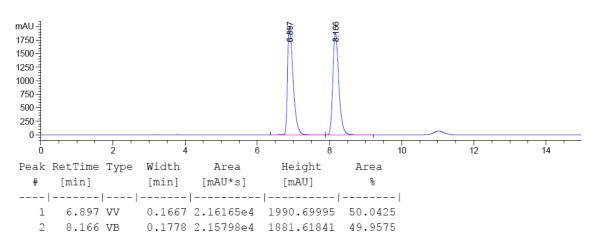


Signal 3: DAD1 C, Sig=210,8 Ref=360,100

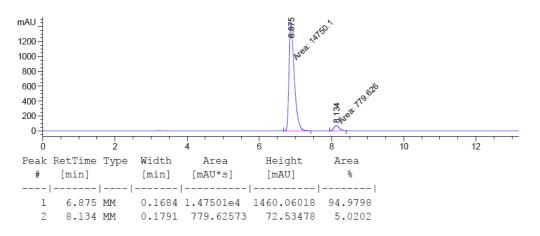
Peak RetTime # [min]	Type Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1 12.276	BB 0.6423	622.91516	12.74217	5.3785
2 15.062	BB 0.9564	1.09587e4	166.38773	94.6215

4.5 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4e

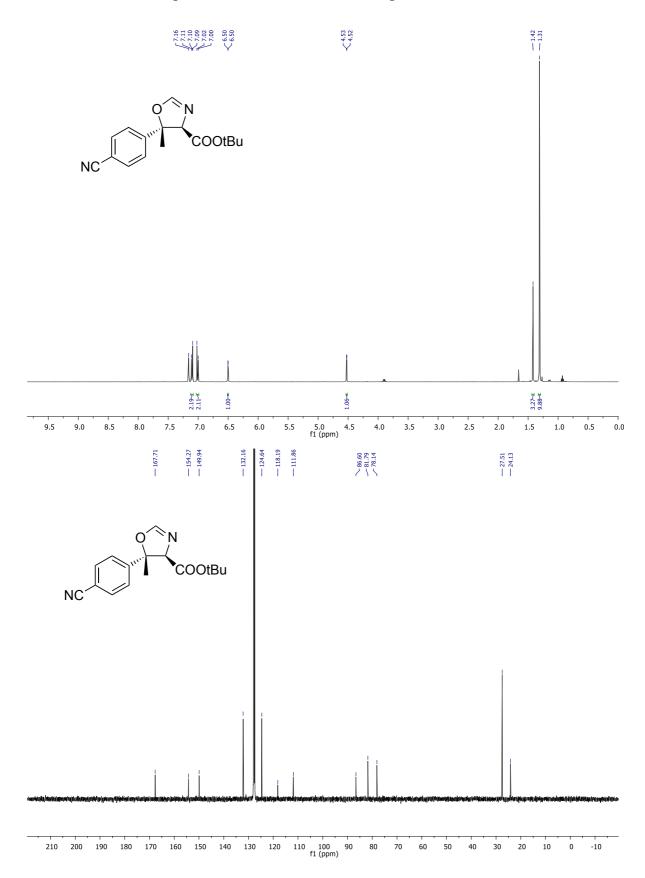


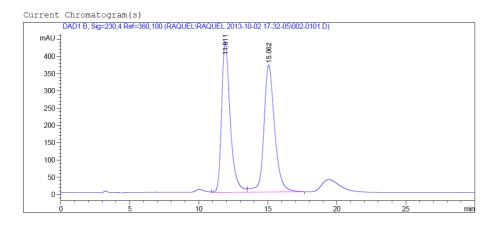






4.6 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4f

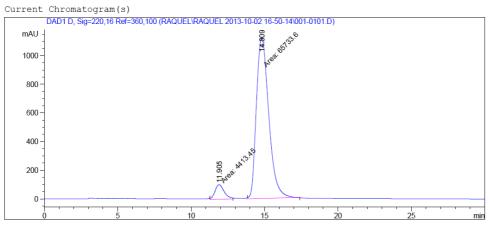




Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=230,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type # [min]			Height [mAU]	Area %
1 11.911 VB	0.6518	1.88464e4	436.43103	48.5579
2 15.062 BB	0.8082	1.99659e4	368.47104	51.4421
Totals :		3.88123e4	804.90207	

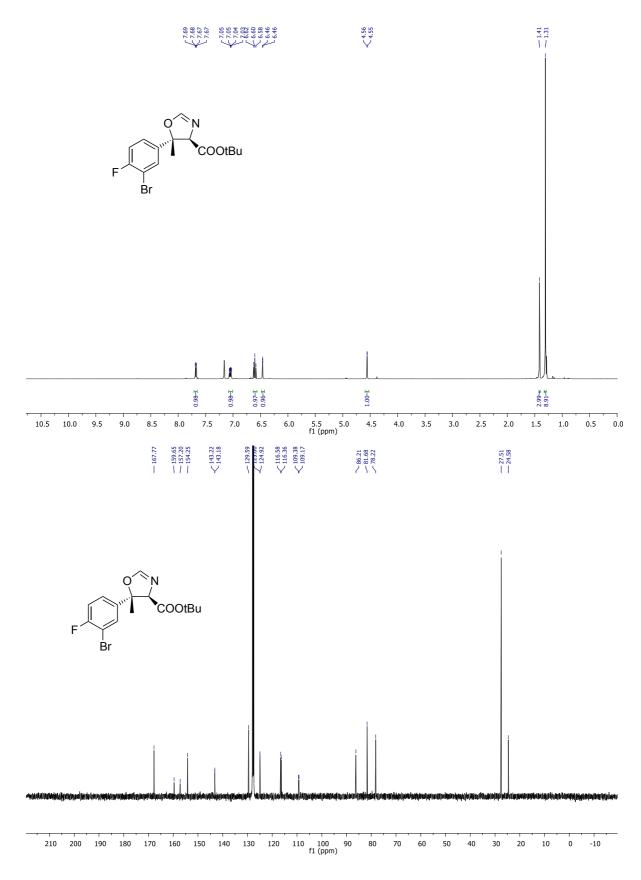
HPLC traces of 4f



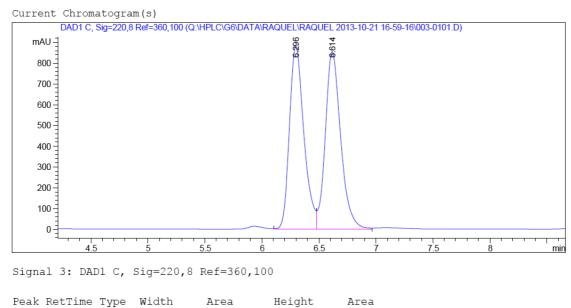
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Peak	RetTime Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]	[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	90
1	11.908 BB	0.4533	103.90916	2.71035	4.4185
2	14.837 BB	0.8107	2247.79614	34.98069	95.5815
Total	s :		2351.70530	37.69103	

4.7 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4g



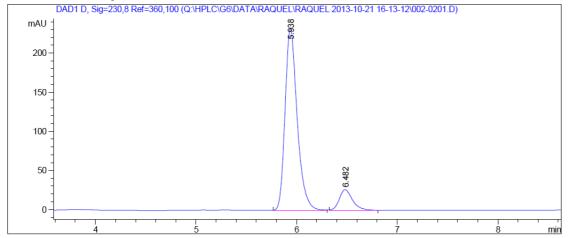
HPLC traces of racemic compound



Peak R	etTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
-		-				
1	6.296	VV	0.1347	7754.74414	881.13116	49.2245
2	6.614	VV	0.1411	7999.07861	855.15680	50.7755
Totals	:			1.57538e4	1736.28796	

HPLC traces of 4g

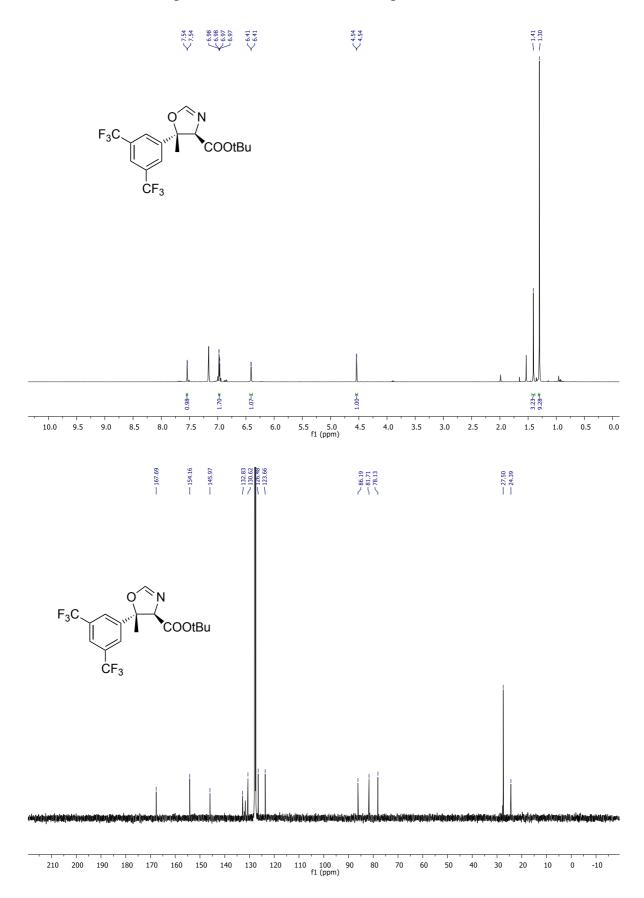
Current Chromatogram(s)

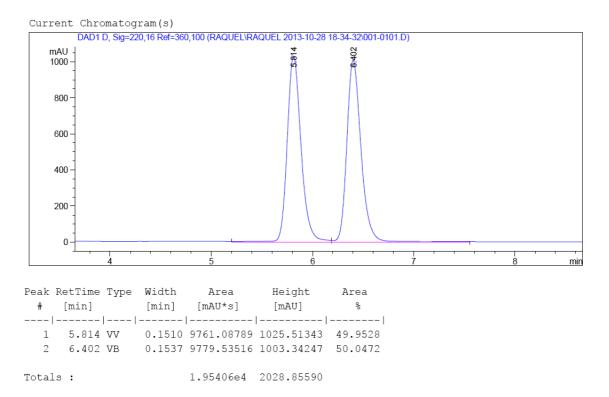


Signal 4: DAD1 D, Sig=230,8 Ref=360,100

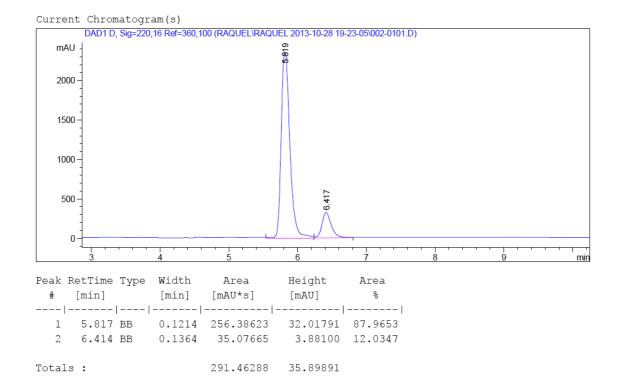
Peak 1	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	5.938	BB	0.1273	1945.37500	233.21146	89.0379
2	6.482	BB	0.1378	239.50926	26.40556	10.9621

4.8 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4h

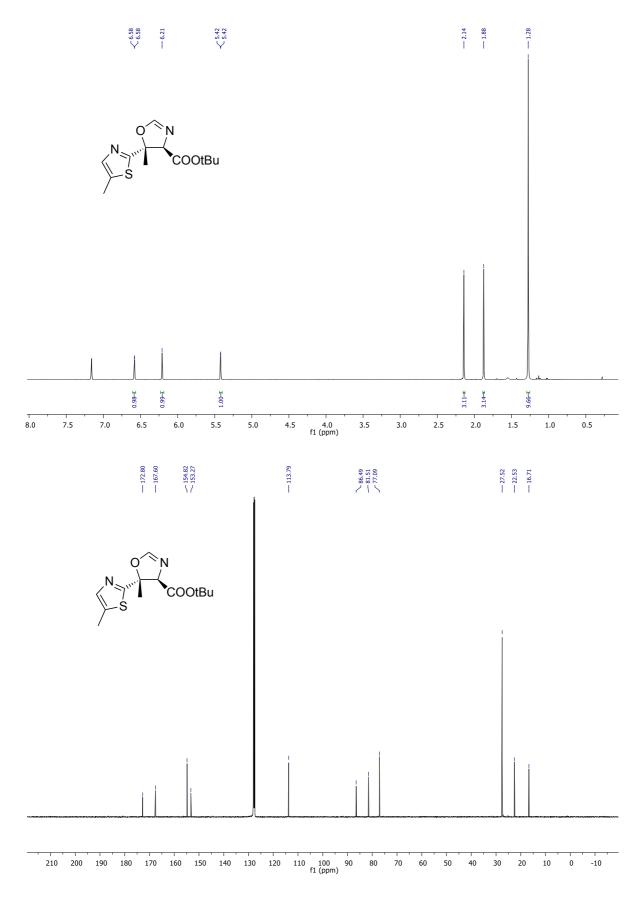




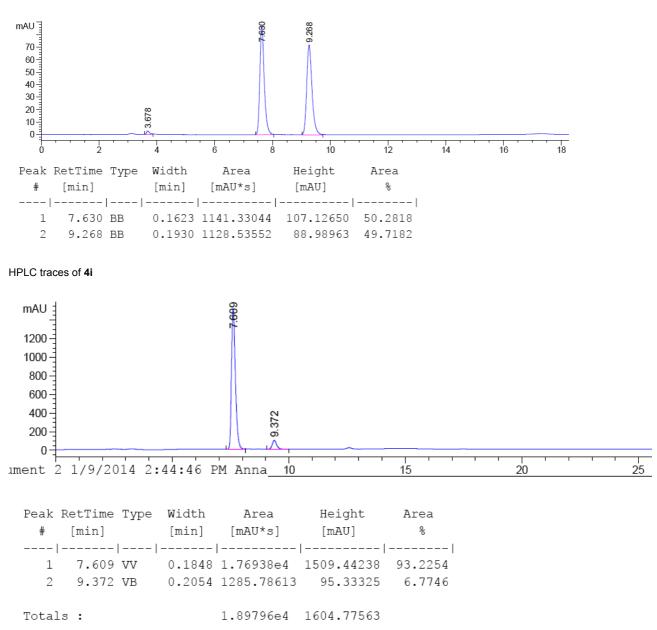
HPLC traces of 4h



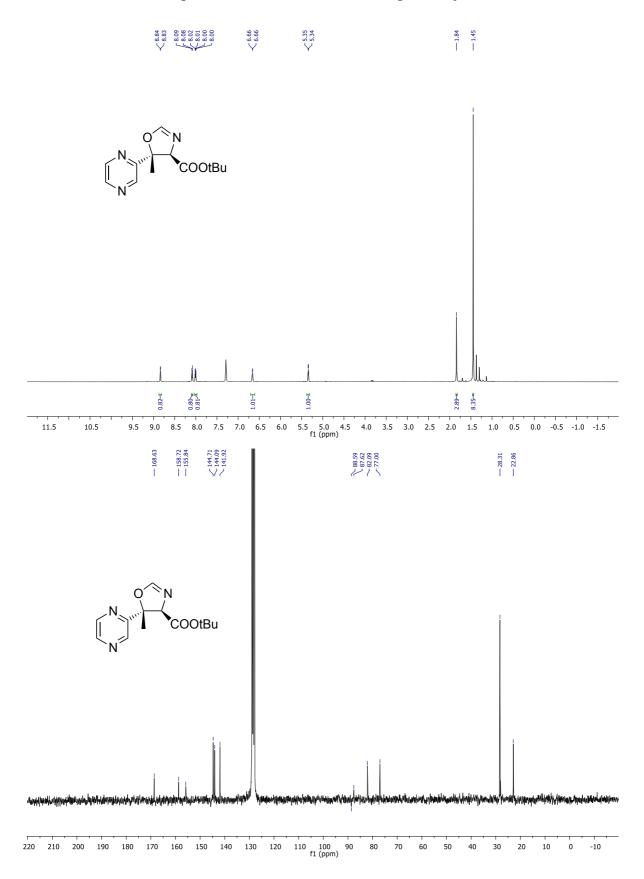
4.9 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4i



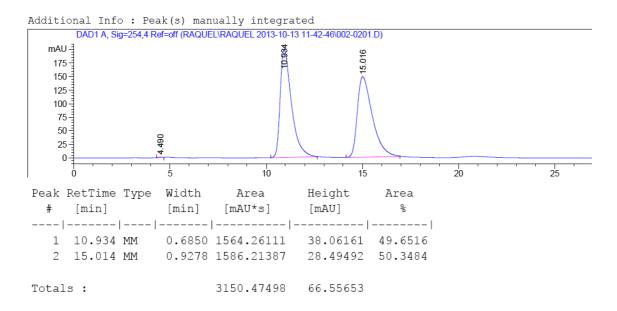
HPLC traces of racemic compound



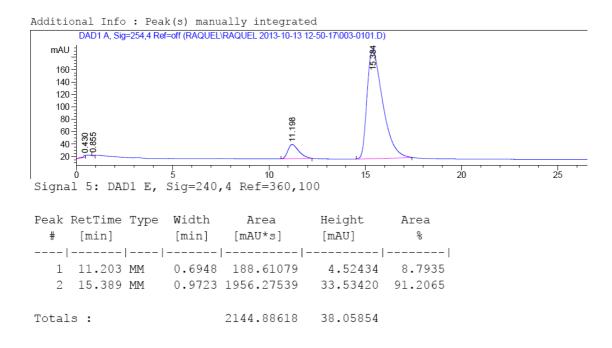
4.10 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4j



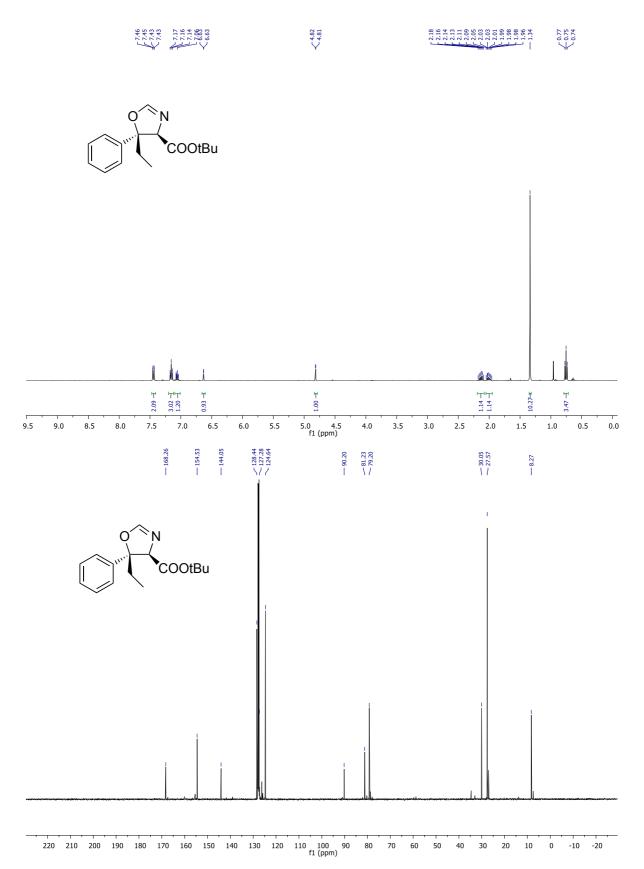
HPLC traces of racemic compound



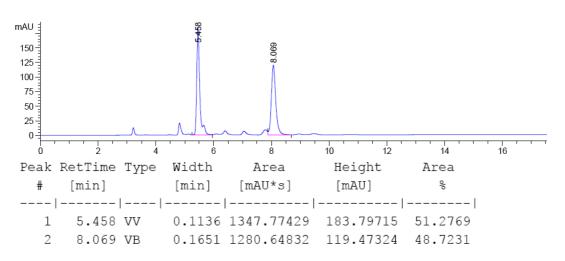
HPLC traces of 4j



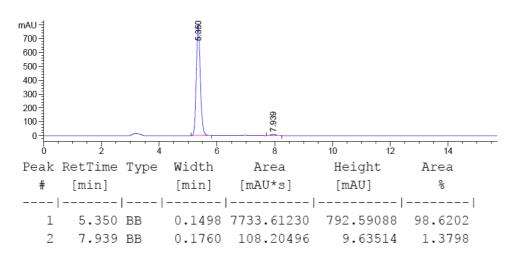
4.11 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4k

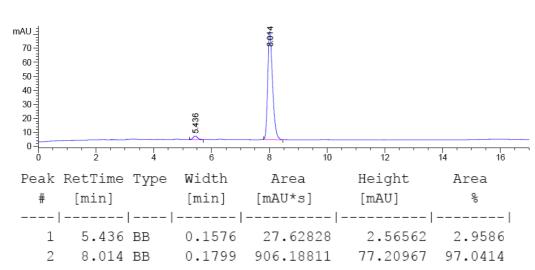


HPLC traces of racemic compound

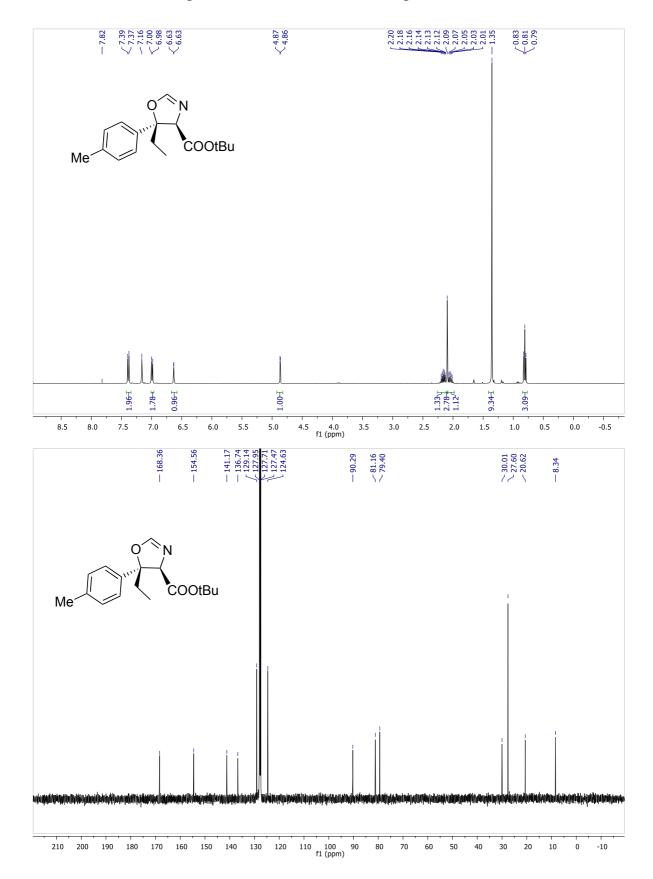






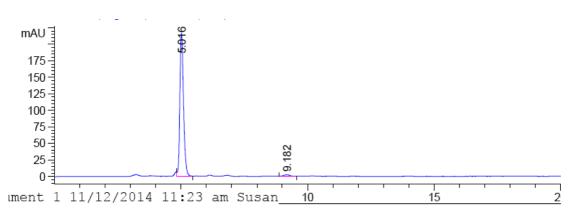


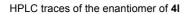
HPLC traces of enantiomer of 4k

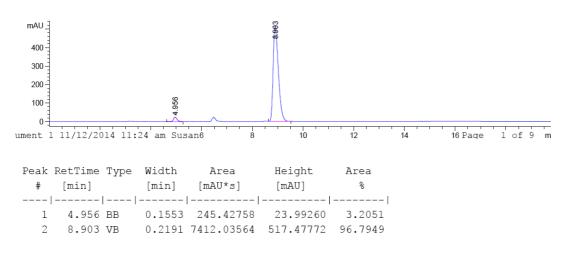


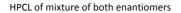
4.12 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4l

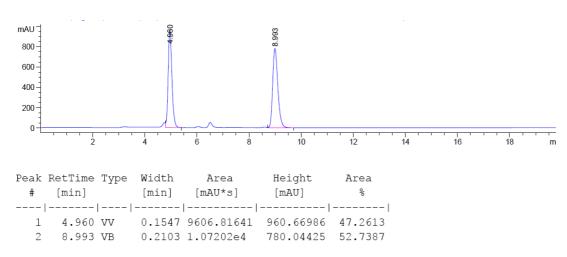
HPLC traces of 4I

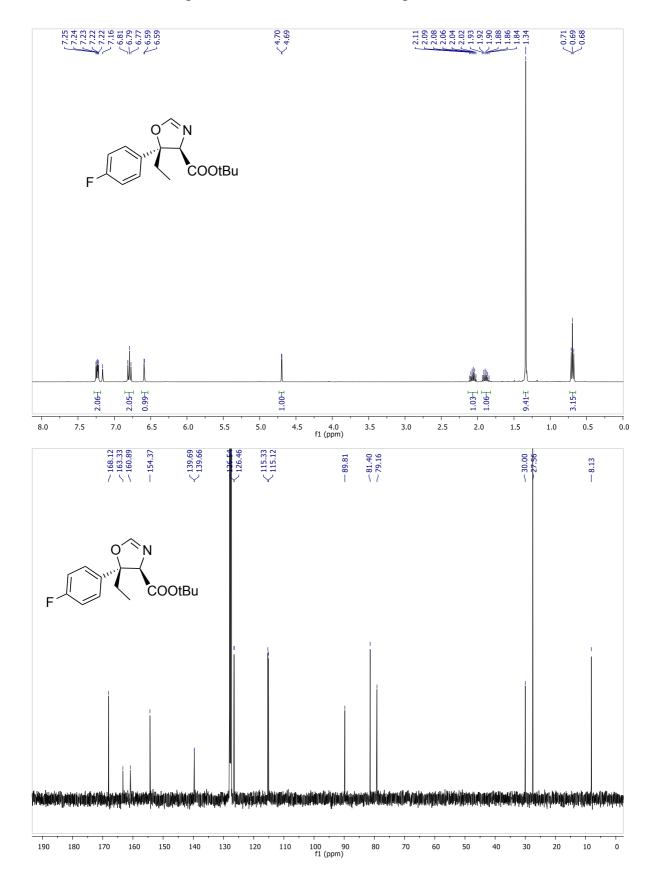






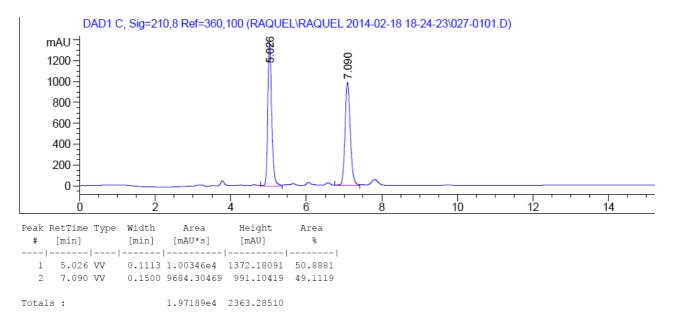




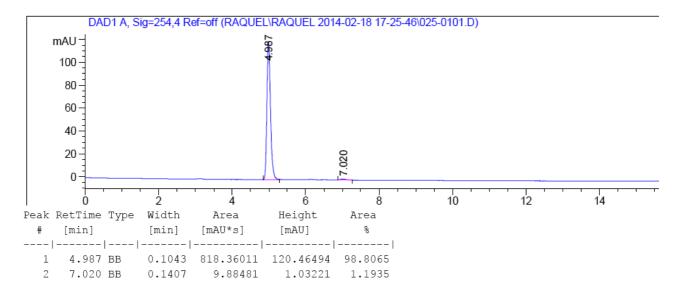


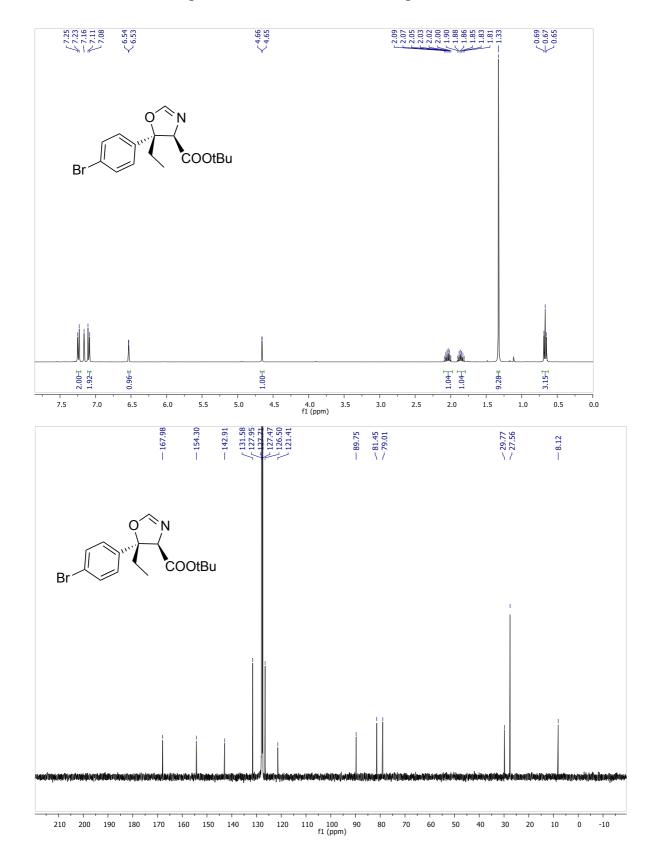
4.13 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4m

HPLC traces of racemic compound

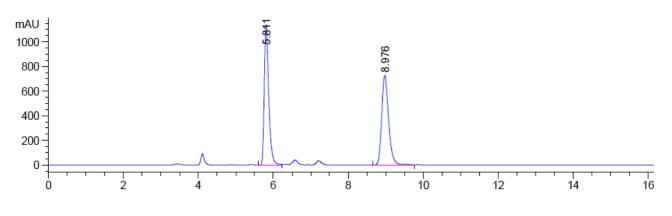


HPLC traces of 4m



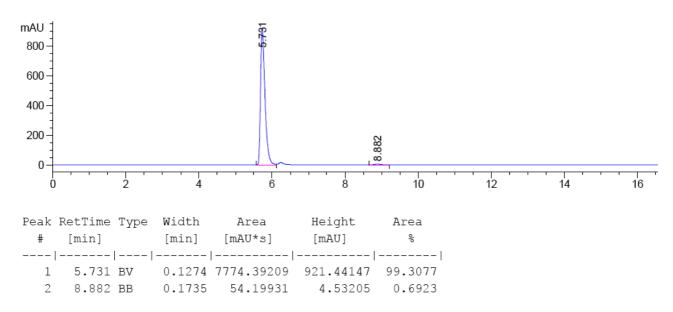


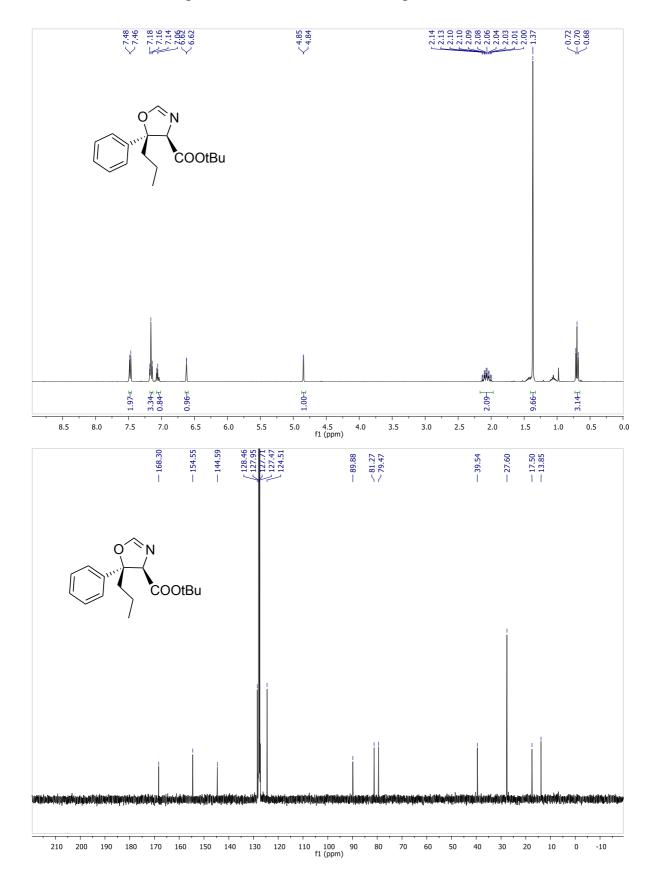
4.14 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4n



Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	5.811	VV	0.1285	9434.42578	1140.90820	50.2442
2	8.976	VV	0.1979	9342.73047	727.04376	49.7558

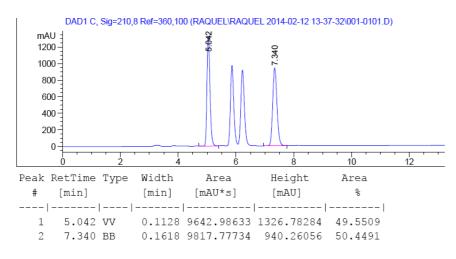




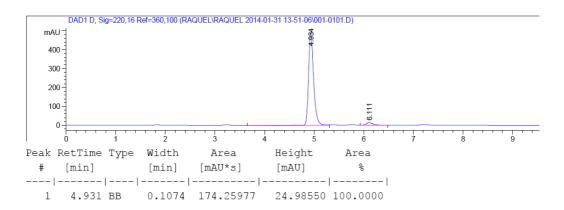


4.15 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 40

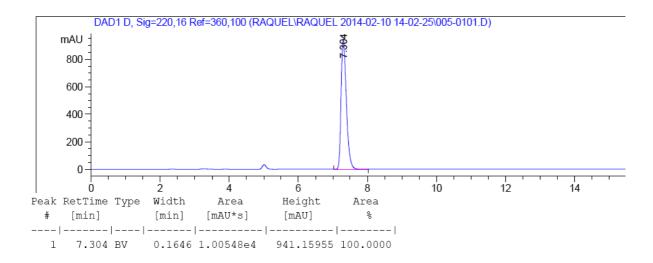
HPLC traces of racemic compound



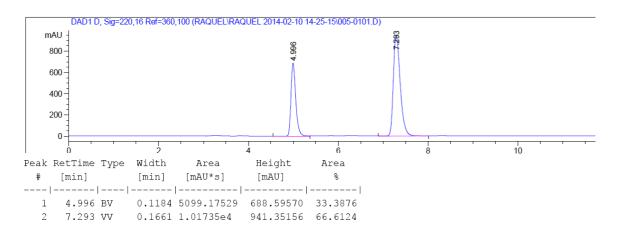
HPLC traces of 40

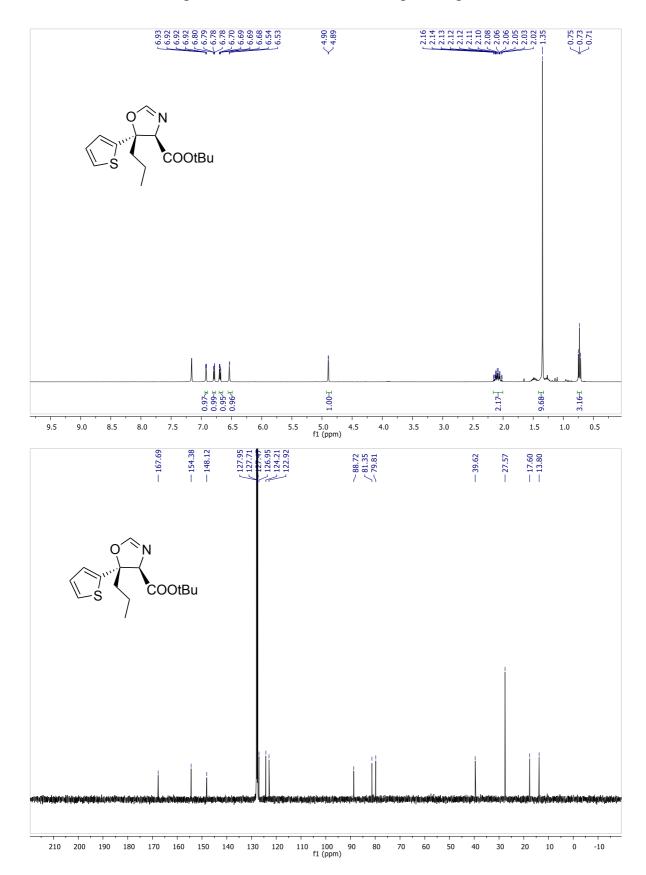


HPLC traces of the enantiomer of 40



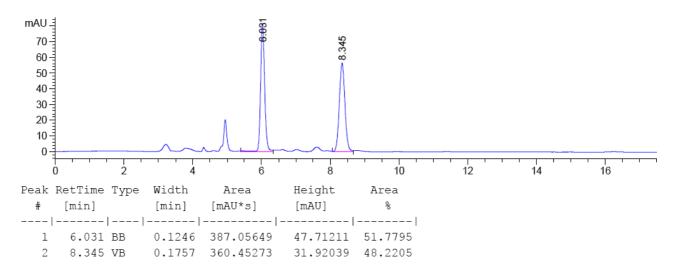
HPLC traces of mixture of both enantiomers



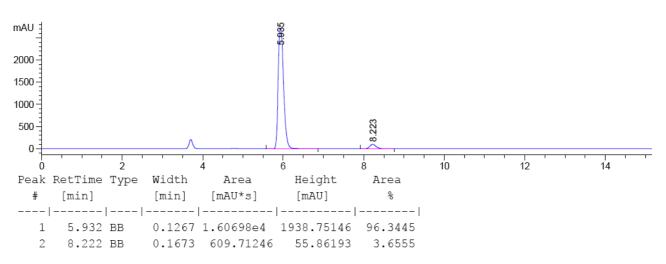


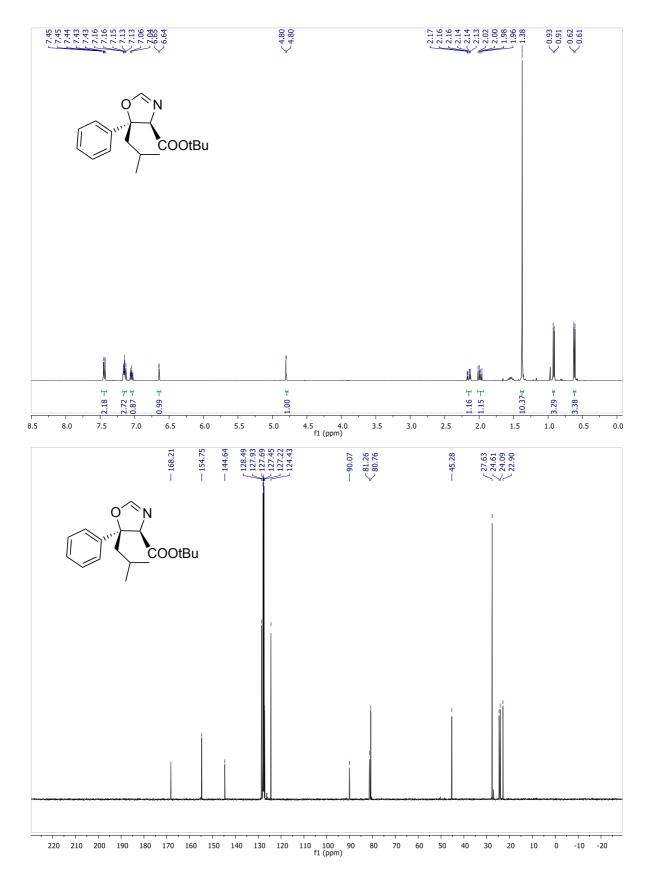
4.16 $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}\text{-NMR}$ spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4p

HPLC traces of racemic compound



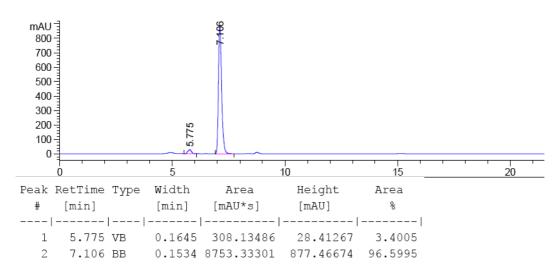


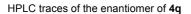


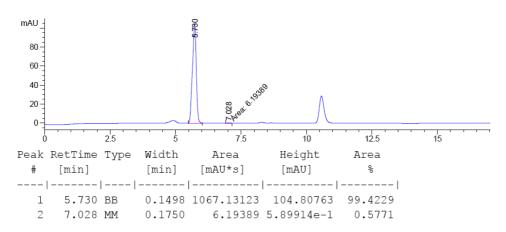


4.17 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4q

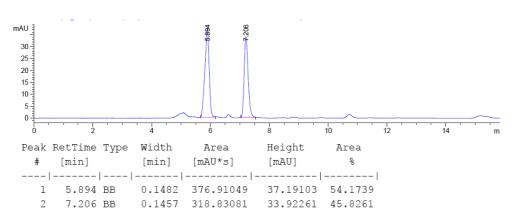
HPLC traces of 4q

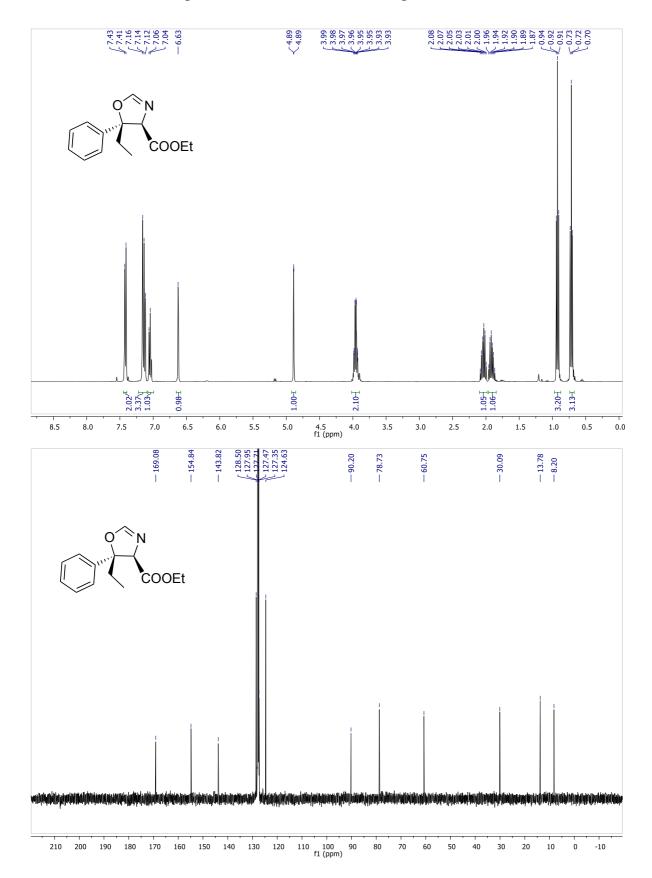






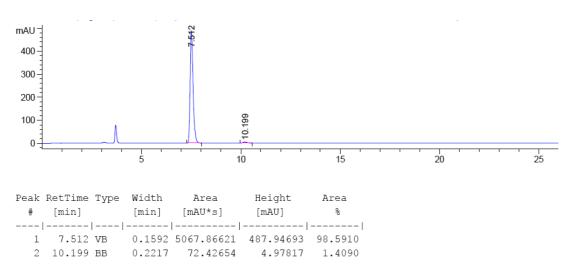


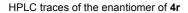


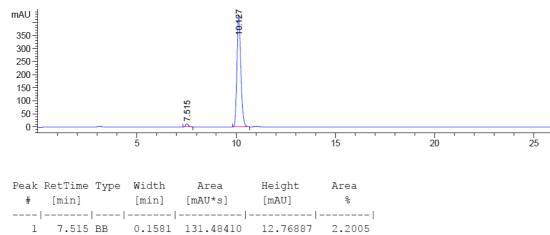


4.18 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4r

HPLC traces of 4r

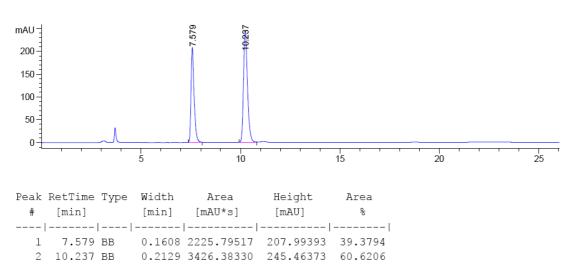


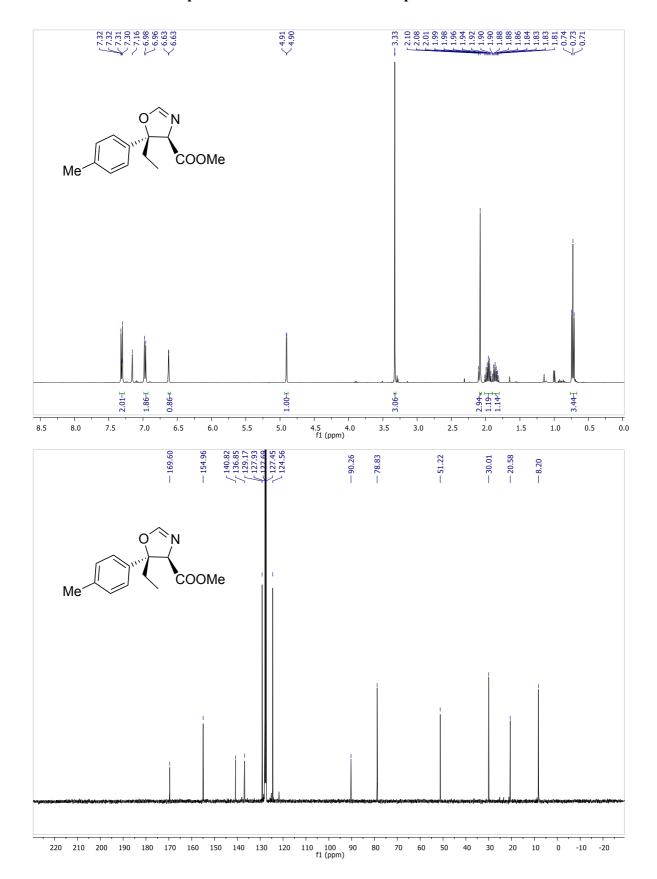






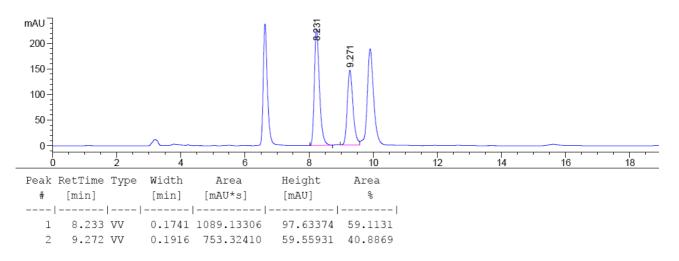




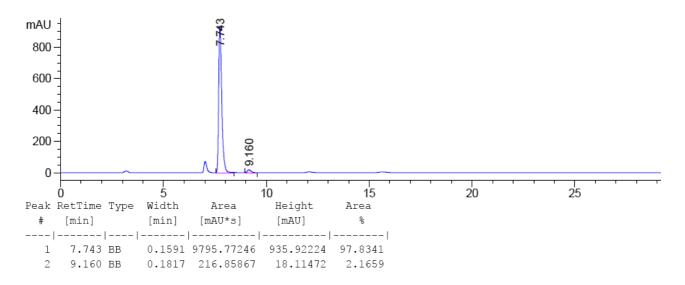


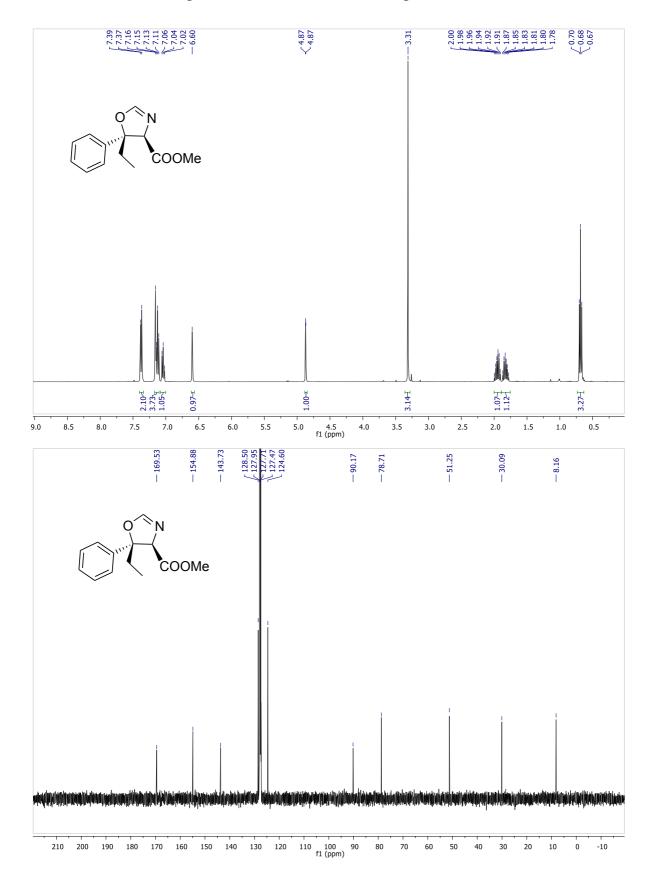
4.19 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4s

HPLC traces of racemic compound



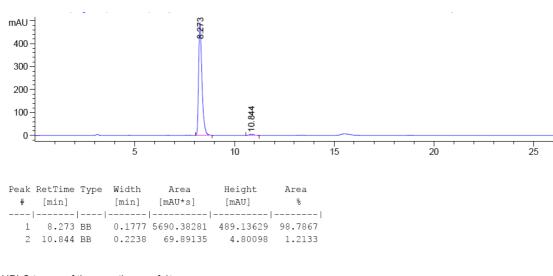
HPLC traces of 4s



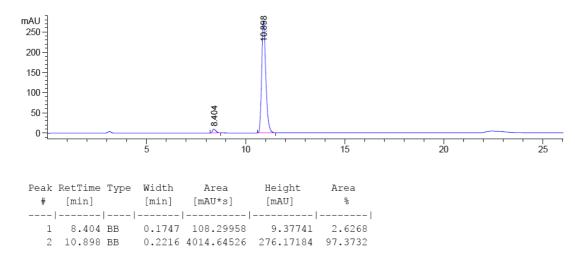


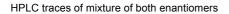
4.20 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4t

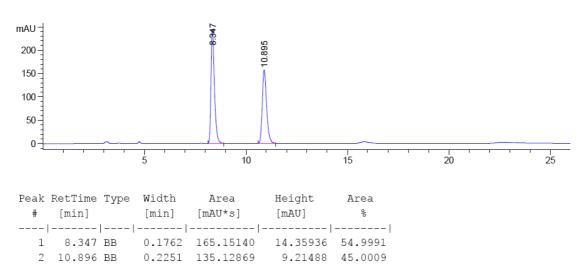
HPLC traces of 4t

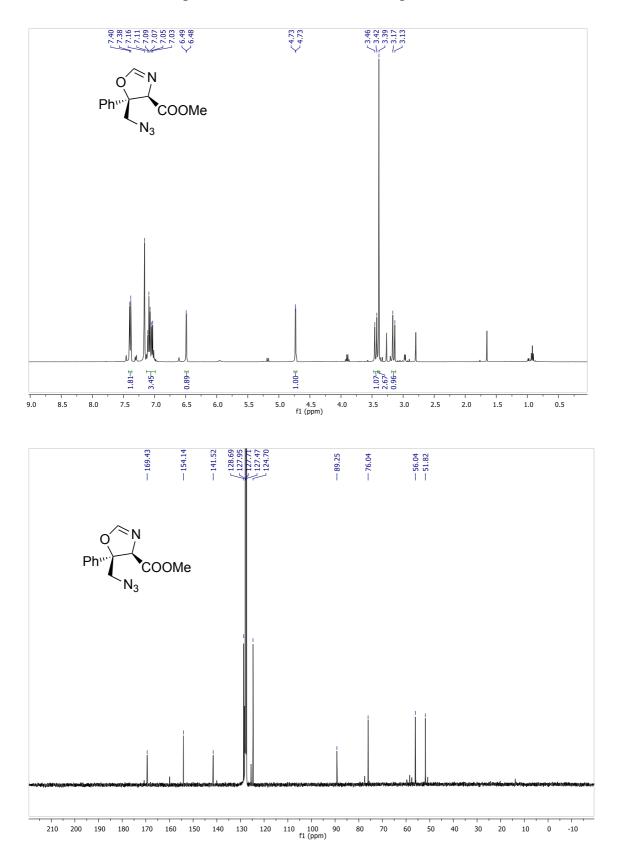


HPLC traces of the enantiomer of 4t



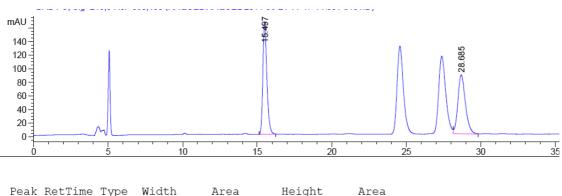






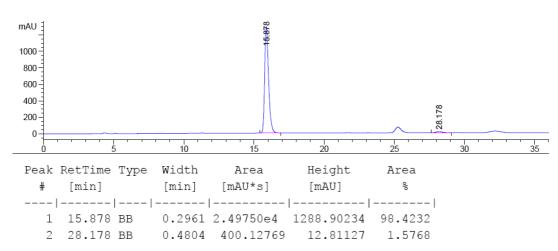
4.21 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4u

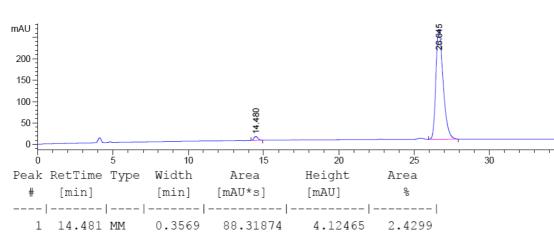
HPLC traces of racemic compound



				5		
#	[min]	[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	e.	
		-				
1	15.497 BB	0.2845	3086.36938	164.79169	50.3756	
2	28.685 VB	0.5328	3040.34692	86.75761	49.6244	

HPLC traces of 4u

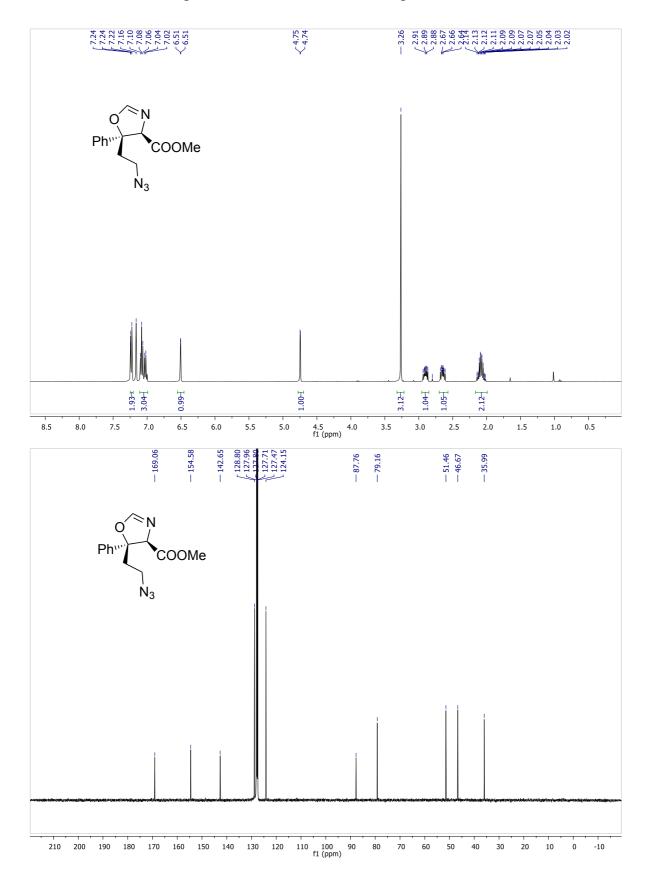




HPLC traces of the enantiomer of ${\bf 4u}$

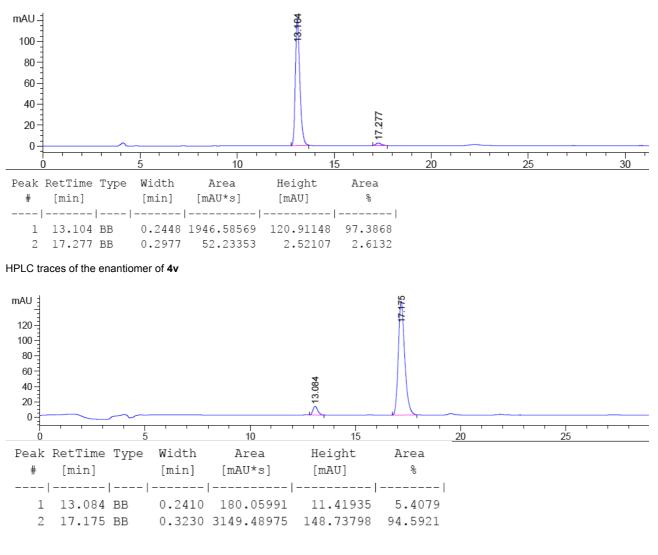
2 26.645 VB 0.5111 3546.35156 105.79105 97.5701

3

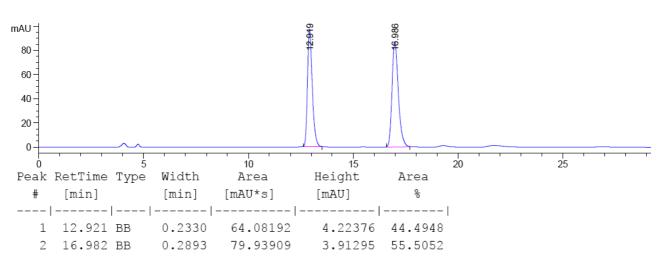


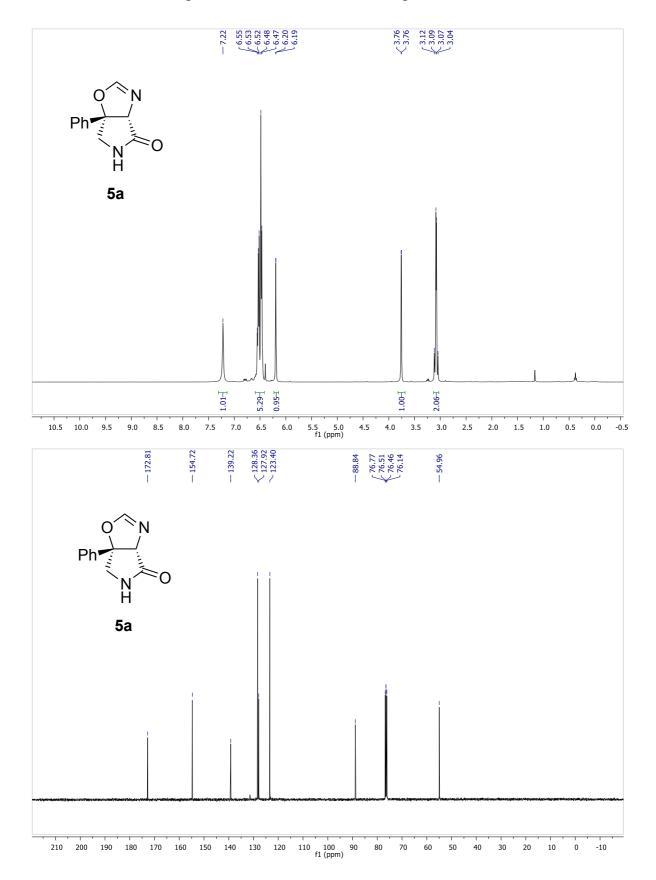
4.22 $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}\text{-}\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4v

HPLC traces of of 4v



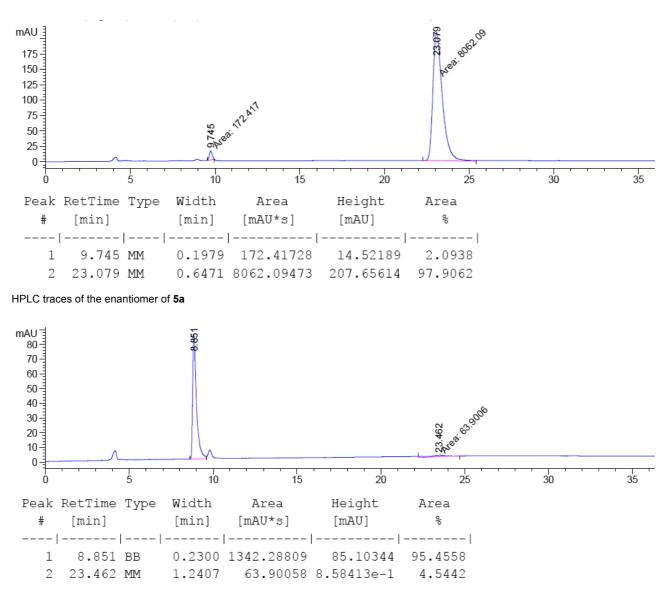




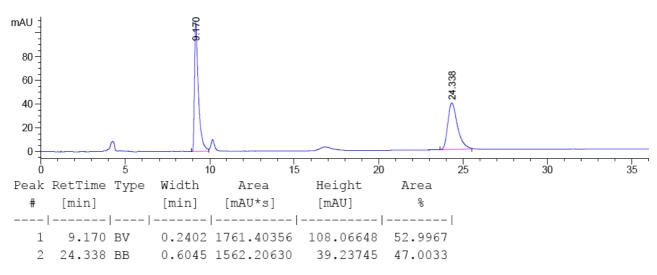


4.23 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 5a

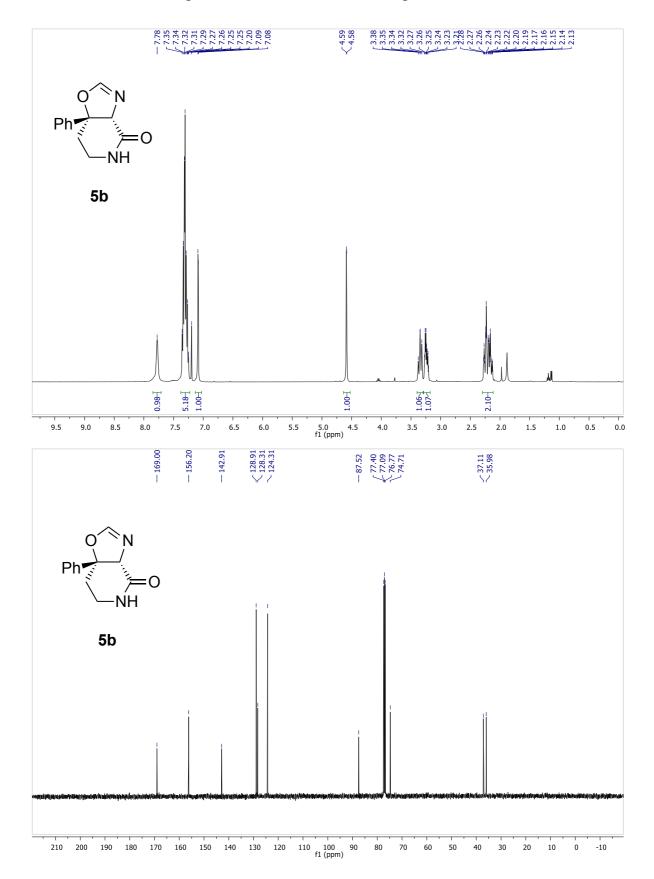
HPLC traces of of 5a



HPLC traces of mixture of both enantiomers

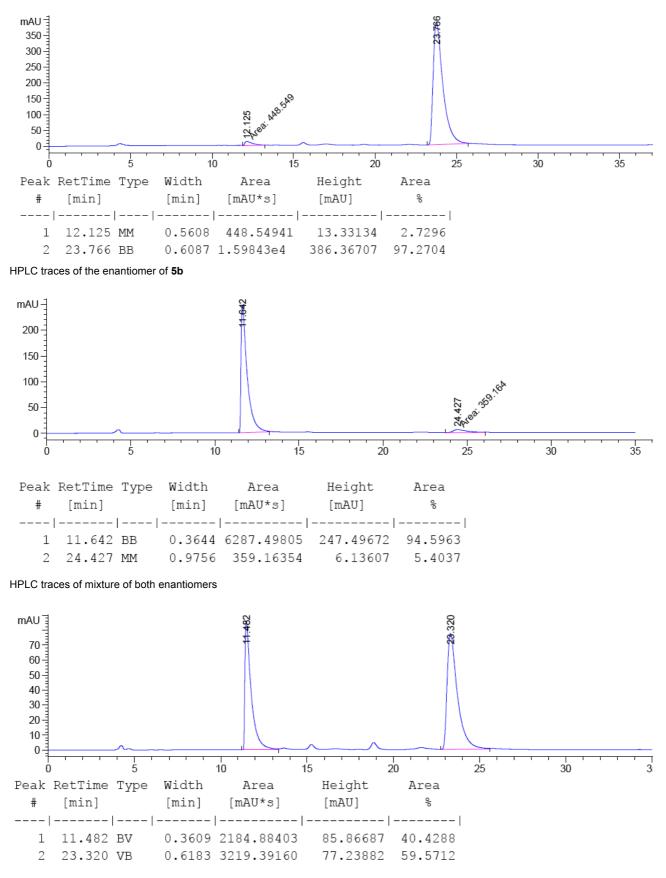


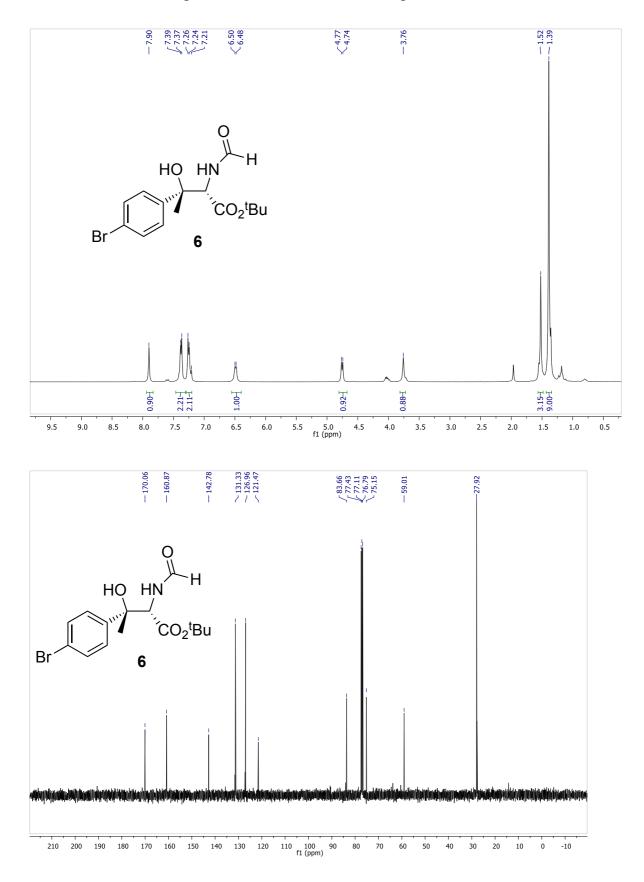
67



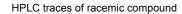
4.24 $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}\text{-}\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra and HPLC traces of compound 5b

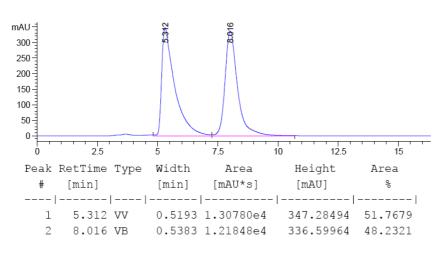
HPLC traces of of 5b



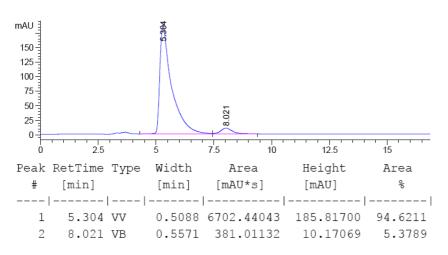


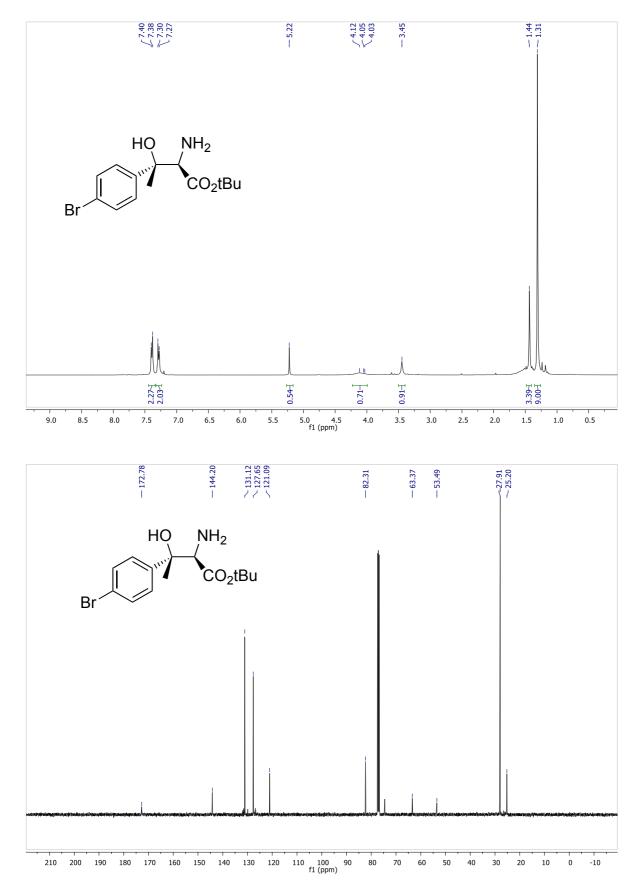
4.25 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 6



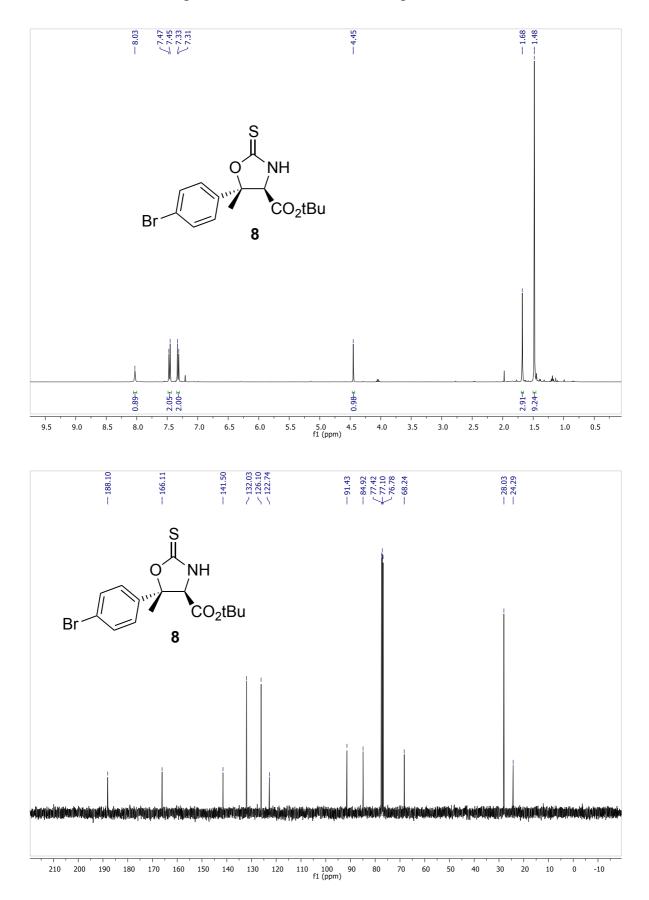






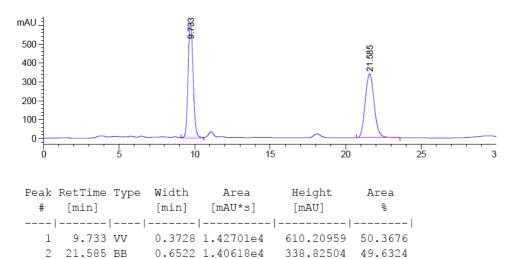


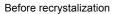
4.26 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 7

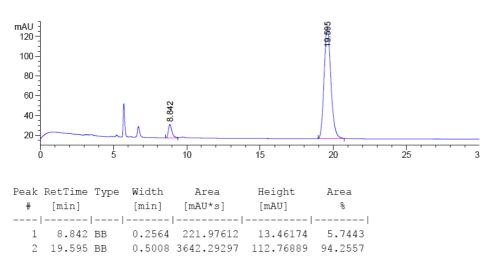


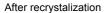
4.27 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 8

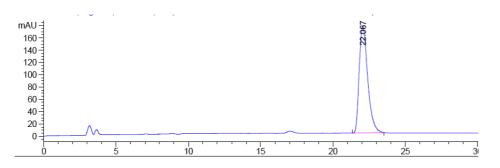
HPLC traces of racemic compound











Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
1	22.067	BB	0.6358	7138.50342	174.28699	100.0000

5. X-Ray data of compound 8

Low temperature single X-ray diffraction data were collected for **8** using a Nonius KCCD diffractometer. Data were reduced using DENZO-SMN⁵ and solved using SIR92.⁶ Structures were refined using CRYSTALS⁷. For **8**, the Flack x parameter⁸ refined to 0.015(5). Full crystallographic data (in CIF format) is available as ESI and has been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (reference code **CCDC 1036558**).

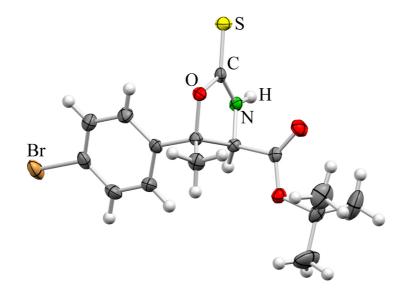
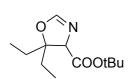


Figure S1. XRD molecular structure of compound 8 (thermal ellipsoids set at 60 % probability).

6. ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4x, 4y and 4z.

6.1 Synthesis and characterization of tert-butyl 5,5-diethyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate



4x. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a colorless oil in 32% yield (25 mg); The er was determinated by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 4.48 min., t (major) = 5.35 min. (61:39). [α]_D²⁰ = +4.96 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H

⁵ Otwinowski & Minor, Processing of X-ray Diffraction Data Collected in Oscillation Mode, Methods Enzymol. **1997**, 276, Eds C. W. Carter, R. M. Sweet, Academic Press.

⁶ A. Altomare, G. Cascarano, C. Giacovazzo, A. Guagliardi, M. C. Burla, G. Polidori & M. Camalli, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **1994**, *27*, 435

⁷ P. W. Betteridge, J. R. Carruthers, R. I. Cooper, K. Prout, & D. J. Watkin, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **2003**, *36*, 1487. b) R. I. Cooper, A. L. Thompson & D. J. Watkin, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **2010**, *43*, 1100-1107

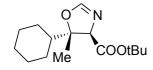
⁸ a) H. D. Flack, *Acta Cryst.* **1983**, *A39*, 876-881. b) H. D. Flack & G. Bernardinelli, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **2000**, *33*, 1143-1148.

NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.69 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H), 1.37-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.88 (m, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.9 (CH₃), 7.9 (CH₃), 25.9 (CH₂), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 30.0 (CH₂), 74.7 (CH), 80.7 (C), 89.5 (C), 155.0 (CH), 168.6 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1730, 1668, 1369, 1155; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₂H₂₁NO₃ (M⁺) 227.1521, found 227.1527.

6.2 Synthesis and characterization of *tert***-butyl 5,5-dimethyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4y.** The general procedure was followed. The desired product was obtained as a colorless oil in 40%

yield (28 mg); The er was determinated by HPLC using a Chiralpack OD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 90:10, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 4.89 min., t (major) = 6.12 min. (47:53). [α]_D²⁰ = +12.0 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 9H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 22.3 (CH₃), 27.5 (3xCH₃), 28.3 (CH₃), 76.7 (CH), 80.8 (C), 84.2 (C), 155.1 (CH), 168.4 (C); IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 1738, 1368, 1216, 1104; HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₀H₁₇NNaO₃ (M+Na⁺) 222.1101, found 222.1103.

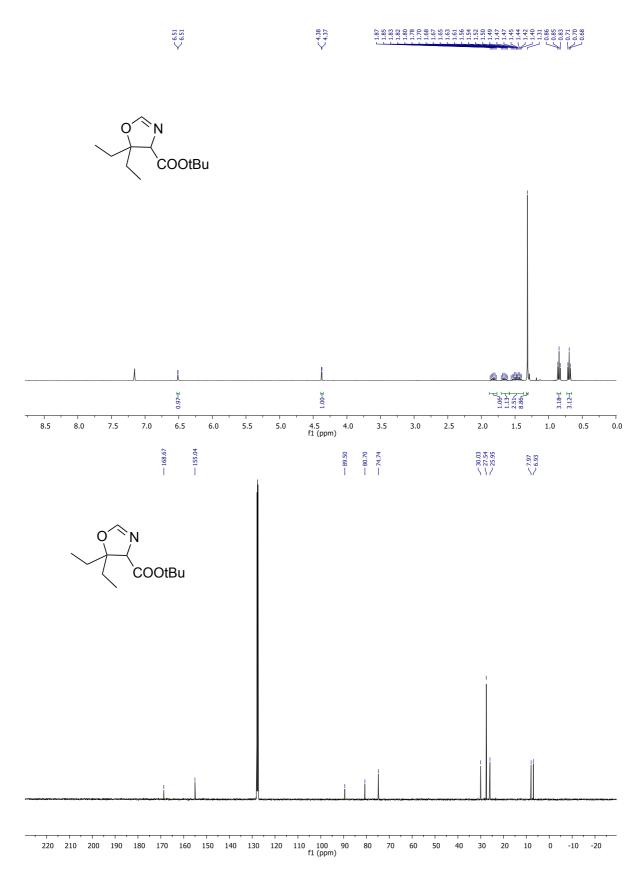
6.3 Synthesis and characterization of (4*R*,5*S*)-*tert*-butyl 5-cyclohexyl-5-methyl-4,5dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate 4z. The general procedure was followed. The desired product was



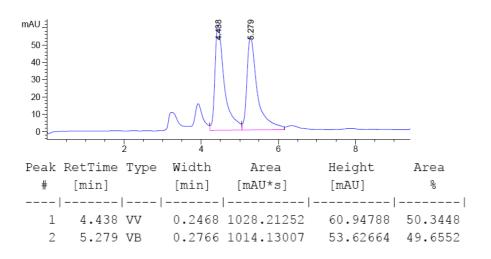
obtained as a colorless oil in 78% yield (70 mg, trans:cis=85:15; data for the trans diastereoisomer); The er was determinated by HPLC using a Chiralpack AD-H [hexane/iso-propanol 95:5, λ 220, 1 mL/min] t (minor) = 12.76 min., t (major) = 13.62 min. (67:33). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18.5$ (*c* 0.68, CHCl₃);

¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 0.73-0.85 (m, 1H), 1.01-1.03 (m, 2H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 9H), 1.51-1.76 (m, 6H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 18.4 (CH₃), 26.1 (CH₂), 26.2 (CH₂), 26.4 (CH₂), 26.6 (CH₂), 27.6 (3xCH₃),47.7 (CH), 73.8 (CH), 80.6 (C), 89.0 (C), 154.8 (CH), 168.9 (C); HRMS (ES) calcd C₁₅H₂₆NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 268.1907, found 268.1906.

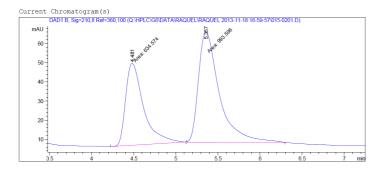
6.4 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4x



HPLC traces of racemic product



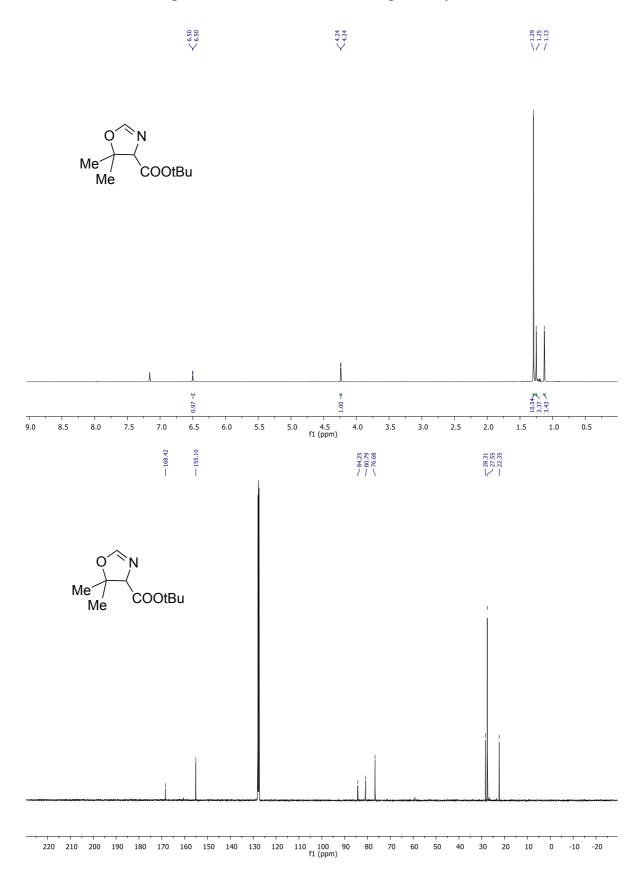
HPLC traces of 4x



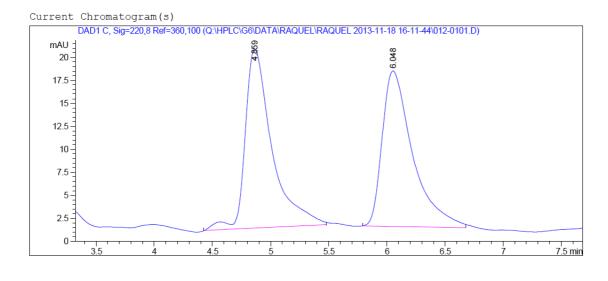
Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=210,8 Ref=360,100

				Area [mAU*s]	2	
				[IIIA0~5]		
				634.57391		
2	5.357	MM	0.2879	993.59576	57.51864	61.0253
Totals	:			1628.16968	100.28104	

6.5 ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4y

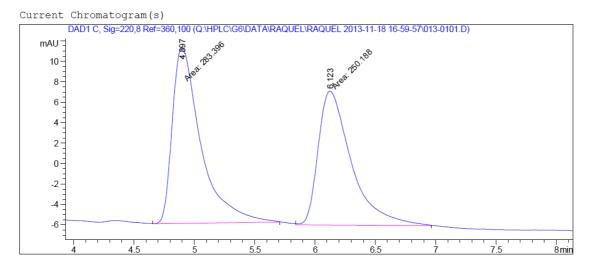


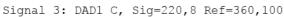
HPLC traces of racemic product



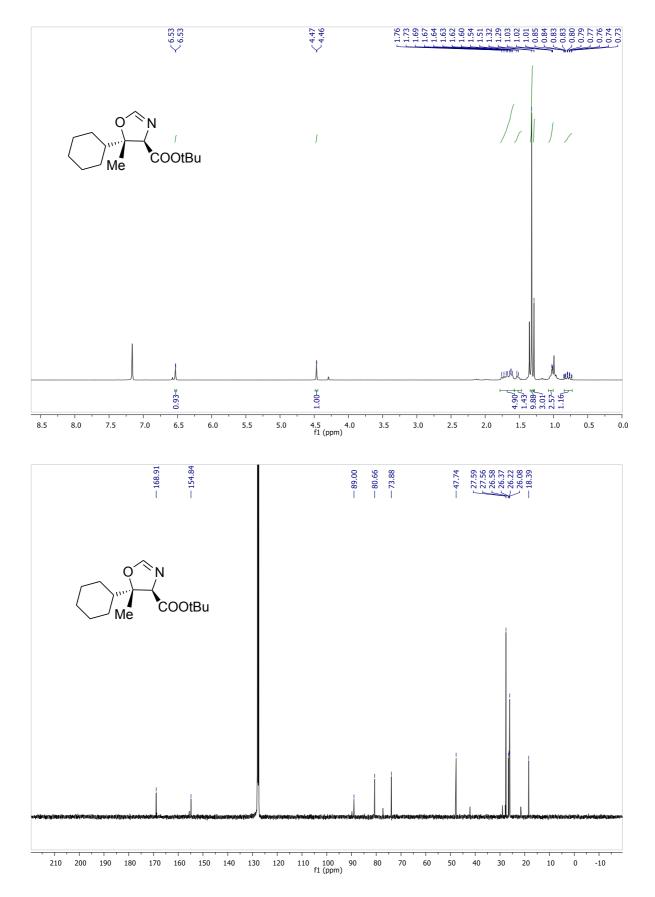
Peak Re	etTime 7	Гуре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	olo
	-	-	-		-	
1	4.859 H	BB	0.2372	312.04694	19.45072	50.4168
2	6.048 H	BB	0.2698	306.88721	16.90664	49.5832
Totals	:			618.93414	36.35736	

HPLC traces of 4y



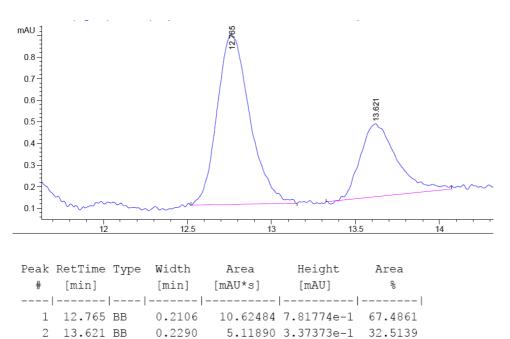


				Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	
1	4.897	MM	0.2748	283.39566	17.18750	53.1117
2	6.123	MM	0.3188	250.18811	13.08142	46.8883
Total	s:			533.58377	30.26892	



6.6 $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}\text{-}\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra and HPLC traces of compound 4z

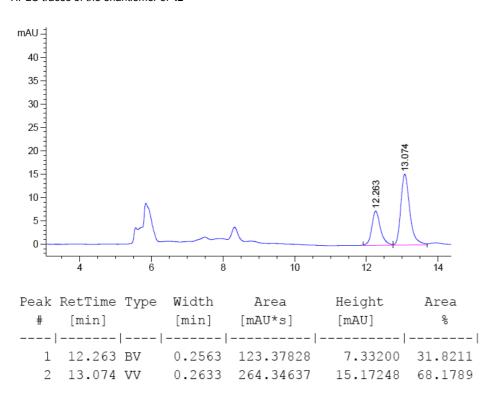
HPLC traces of 4z





0.2290

2 13.621 BB



HPLC traces of mixture of both enantiomers

