	S2 Table: Genotypes of bioreactor-adapted TGC resistant (BTR) clonal strains isolated from									
the end of adaptation										
			MIC		Now Tp016					

Run	Strain ^a	MIC _{τGC} (μg/mL)	Deletions in 5'UTR of <i>tetM</i>	New Tn916 Insertion Sites ^b	Clones ^c
N/A	S613	0.125	None	None	N/A
1	BTR87a	2.0	Δ87-bp, 51-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	yycl	2
1	BTR87b	2.0	Δ87-bp, 51-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	Intergenic site J	1
1	BTR22	2.0	Δ22-bp, 231-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	None	3
1	BTR37	1.0	Δ37-bp, 98-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	<i>yycl</i> , Sulfatase, Intergenic sites C, D, H, and I	2
1	BTR0	0.5	None	None	1
2	BTR125a	2.0	∆125-bp, 36-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	O-antigen ligase ^d	1
2	BTR125b	2.0	∆125-bp, 36-bp upstream <i>tetM</i>	None	3
2	BTR0	0.5	None	None	1

^aAll BTR strains have the S10^{R53Q-Δ54-58KTHK} allele.

^bAll strains retained the ancestral insertion of Tn916. Strains with multiple copies of Tn916 retained the wildtype sequence at the ancestral site.

^cNumber of clones sequenced with the corresponding genotype.

^dThis copy of Tn916 has an insertion of the IS204 transposon downstream of *tetM*.